The daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats in the occupied Palestinian territory, the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

The Violations are based on reports provided by field workers and/or news sources.

The text is not quoted directly from the sources but is edited for clarity.

The daily report does not necessarily reflect ARIJ’s opinion.

This DAILY REPORT is prepared as part of the project entitled ASSESSING THE IMPEDIMENTS BEFORE THE TWO-STATE SOLUTION which is financially supported by the EU. However, the content of this presentation is the sole responsibility of ARIJ & LRC and does not necessarily reflect those of the donors.
Violations of the Israeli occupation Army

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the eastern area of Nablus city, in the northern part of the occupied West Bank, and injured twenty Palestinians, during protests that took place after the army accompanied hundreds of Israeli settlers in “Joseph’s Tomb” area. Several military jeeps stormed Amman Street and the vicinity of the historic site, and fired gas bombs and rubber-coated steel bullets towards dozens of young men, who protested the invasion. The IOA injured 20 Palestinians; four were shot with rubber-coated steel bullets, and 16 suffered the effects of teargas inhalation. The invasion was carried out by around 2,000 settlers, and dozens of soldiers in armored vehicles. (IMEMC 26 February 2020)

- Several Israeli military vehicles invaded Palestinian lands east of Khan Younis, in the southern part of the Gaza Strip, while navy ships opened fire on fishing boats. Three armored D9 bulldozers, a digger, and a few military jeeps, advanced dozens of meters into Palestinian farmlands before bulldozing several sections and digging trenches. In addition, Israeli navy ships opened fire, and used water cannons, against Palestinian fishing boats in Khan Younis sea, forcing the fishermen back to the shore without being able to fish and provide for their families. (IMEMC 26 February 2020)

Israeli Settler Violence

- In the latest Israeli settler attack, Jewish settlers vandalized at least eight Palestinian vehicles in Yasuf village, located to the east of Salfit city in the West Bank. A group of settlers sneaked their way into the village, where they punctured the tires of at least eight vehicles. Settlers also scrawled graffiti threatening to kill Palestinians in “Judea and Samaria”, the Jewish nationalist name Israel gives to the occupied West Bank to reinforce its bogus claims to the territory and to give them a veneer of historical and religious legitimacy. A graffiti in Hebew reading: “War would be waged [against Palestinians] in Judea and Samaria” and followed by the ‘Star of David’ was written by Settlers. (WAFA 26 February 2020)
• Scores of Israeli settlers forced their way into al-Aqsa Mosque through al-Maghareba Gate while accompanied by a large police force. Dozens of Israeli settlers broke into al-Aqsa Mosque, roamed its courtyards and carried out provocative rituals inside the compound. Meanwhile, Israeli police forces imposed tight restrictions on the Palestinian worshipers entering al-Aqsa Mosque.(PAL INFO 26 February 2020)

• A number of Palestinian citizens were injured by Israeli gunfire and tear gas bombs at dawn during confrontations after hordes of Israeli settlers forced their way into Joseph's Tomb east of Nablus City. Israeli occupation Army (IOA) forces escorted about 2000 Jewish settlers into the site, which sparked confrontations with Palestinian residents. (PAL INFO 26 February 2020)

Confiscation & Razing of lands

• Israeli bulldozers proceeded to raze Palestinian lands in the village of Huwwara, south of Nablus in the northern occupied West Bank. Israeli bulldozers began razing lands early in the morning, near the village’s military checkpoint, in preparation for building a bypass road for illegal Israeli settlers. Israel also started the construction of an 8-kilometer-long road that will connect the colonial settlements of Eli and Shilo in the Nablus district with other colonial settlements in the occupied Jordan Valley to the east. This in the greater context of Israel’s plans for building thousands of units for Israeli settlers, while at the same time demolishing the homes of Palestinian families. (IMEMC 26 February 2020)