

Israeli Violations' Activities in the occupied State of Palestine 10 February 2020

The daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats occupied Palestinian territory, in the the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers against Palestinian civilians violence and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

*The Violations are based on reports provided by field workers and**or news sources.*

The text is not quoted directly from the sources but is edited for clarity.

The daily report does not necessarily reflect ARIJ's opinion.



This DAILY REPORT is prepared as part of the project entitled <u>ASSESSING THE IMPEDIMENTS BEFORE THE</u> <u>TWO-STATE SOLUTION</u> which is financially supported by the EU. However, the content of this presentation is the sole responsibility of ARIJ & LRC and does not necessarily reflect those of the donors.

Violations of the Israeli occupation Army

- The Israeli Air Force fired, many missiles into several areas in Khan Younis, in southern Gaza Strip, Deir al-Balah, in central Gaza, and in Gaza city, causing excessive damage. The army fired at least ten missiles into an area, northwest of Khan Younis city, in the southern part of the Gaza Strip, causing excessive property damage, and fire, to structures and the surrounding homes. The army also fired three missiles into a site, west of Deir al-Balah city, in central Gaza Strip, also causing excessive property damage. In addition, the army fired thee mortar shells into a site near the Shuhada graveyard, east of Gaza Strip, causing damage. There have been no reports of civilian casualties. (IMEMC 10 February 2020)
- Several armored Israeli military vehicles invaded Palestinian farmlands east of the al-Maghazi refugee camp, in central Gaza, and bulldozed them. The vehicles, including five bulldozers, came from a military base across the perimeter fence and invaded the lands through Abu Safiyya gate, east of al-Maghazi. The vehicles advanced dozens of meters across the fence, bulldozed large areas of farmlands, and installed sandhills. During the invasions, military helicopters and drones were seen flying over the area, and several parts of the Gaza Strip. The invasion came hours after the army carried out <u>several airstrikes</u> targeting a few areas in the besieged and improvised coastal region.(IMEMC 10 February 2020)
- 14 Palestinians were treated for gas suffocation in Abu Dis to the east of Occupied Jerusalem after Israeli occupation Army (IOA) fired dozens of gas canisters and sound bombs into the town. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at a number of schools and al-Quds University in Abu Dis. The IOA fired the bombs from an area behind the Apartheid Wall. (PALINFO 10 February 2020)

Israeli Settler Violence

• Scores of Israeli settlers broke into the Aqsa Mosque in Occupied Jerusalem under heavy protection of Israeli special police forces. 79 settlers, including 30 students, provocatively toured the holy Islamic site.

The Israeli police, meanwhile, imposed strict restrictions on the entry of Palestinian Muslims into the site. A Jewish organization had called for mass entry into the Aqsa Mosque on Monday to commemorate their so-called "Tu Bishvat" feast. (PALINFO 10 February 2020)

Confiscation & Razing of lands

• Israeli occupation Army (IOA) pumped large amounts of rainwater into agricultural lands east of besieged Gaza. The IOA opened rainwater dams along the border with the besieged Gaza Strip, causing farmlands east of Gaza City to sink. This is the fifth time this season Israeli forces have caused damage to large amounts of crops in the already-starved Gaza. This repeated move has caused Palestinian farmers in Gaza losses estimated at half a million dollars. (PALINFO 10 February 2020)

Other

Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyhau said Monday that Israel will only • extend sovereignty to the Jordan Valley and areas of the West Bank with the agreement of Washington, taking another step back from his initial declarations that he would speedily move ahead with the measure. Many settler leaders, along with Defense Minister Naftali Bennett, have been urging Netanyahu to immediately begin the process of extending sovereignty - tantamount to annexation - ever since US President Donald Trump allowed for it in his peace plan, unveiled last month. But Washington has since made it clear it <u>wants Jerusalem to wait</u> until at least after the coming March 2 elections in Israel before taking any steps. Speaking at a tree-planting ceremony in the Mevo'ot Yeriho settlement in the Jordan Valley to mark Tu Bishvat, the Jewish new year for trees, Netanyahu said the consent of the Palestinians is not necessary. "We will do this with the agreement of the Americans, because what we are doing is not unilateral," Netanyahu told members of the Jordan Valley Regional Council. "Trump said he will recognize sovereignty in the Jordan Valley, the northern Dead Sea, and all the settlements in Judea and Samaria," he said. "It does not depend on the agreement of the Palestinians. We are, at the moment, dealing with the mapping." The prime minister said Trump has made good on previous promises to recognize Jerusalem as the capital of Israel and move the US embassy to the city in 2017, to recognize Israeli

sovereignty over the Golan Heights, and to pull out of a nuclear deal with Iran in 2018 — all moves strongly backed by Netanyahu. "Now he is saying that he will recognize sovereignty after the work, that we are in full swing of, is completed," Netanyahu said. (TOI, MFA 10 February 2020)