Advocating for a Sustainable and Viable Resolution of Israeli-Palestinian Conflict

“Israeli settlement Activities in the occupied State of Palestine during the Month of November 2019”

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Brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired several artillery shells and rounds of live ammunition, east of Gaza city, causing excessive property damage. The IOA fired shells into two buildings, causing damage to the structures and some surrounding buildings. The IOA fired dozens of rounds of live fire at a site east of the al-Boreij refugee camp, in central Gaza, while military drones flew across the eastern parts of the coastal region. (IMEMC 1 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly procession in Kufur Qaddoum town, east of the northern West bank city of Qalqilia, wounding many Palestinians and international peace activists. Many Palestinians and international suffered the effects of teargas inhalation and received the needed treatment. The IOA invaded the town and fired a barrage of gas bombs on the protesters, in addition to chasing many young men. The IOA also fired gas bombs and rubber-coated steel bullets at many young men, who hurled stones at them after the army invaded the town and attacked the procession. The IOA stormed a home, and tried to use it to ambush the protesters, but their hideout was discovered, and the IOA fled the scene. (IMEMC 1 November 2019)

- At least 96 Palestinians were injured as the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked dozens of peaceful protesters taking part in the 81st Friday of the Great March of Return at the border between Gaza and Israel. The IOA shot 96 Palestinian non-violent protesters, 57 of whom were wounded with live ammunition, along the eastern border of the besieged Gaza Strip. Dozens of protesters also sustained inhalation from teargas fired by the IOA. 214 Palestinians have been killed by the IOA since the outbreak of the protests on 30 March 2018, with an additional 14,453 injured. (IMEMC 1 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded a Palestinian school in the al-'Isawiya town, in occupied East Jerusalem, and detained one child, in addition to causing many others to suffer the effects of teargas inhalation after throwing gas bombs into their school. Media sources said the soldiers abducted Saleh Tawil, in the al-'Isawiya Secondary School for Boys, and took him to an unknown destination. The IOA fired gas bombs, in addition to hurling gas grenades into the campus, causing many children to suffer the effects of teargas inhalation, the
Wadi Hilweh Information Center in Silwan (Silwanic) has reported. On Friday evening, the soldiers detained a Palestinian groom and his bride, after stopping their car at the Container military roadblock, north of Bethlehem. The groom and his bride were detained at the roadblock for more than an hour, before the soldiers allowed them to leave. The army did not provide any reason for its soldiers’ actions. (IMEMC 2 November 2019)

- One Palestinian was killed and three others were injured, in Khan Younis, in the southern part of the coastal region. The army also fired many missiles into several areas in the Gaza Strip, after alleging that “projectiles were fired from Gaza.” The killed Palestinian was identified as Ahmad Mohammad Shahri, 27. Three other Palestinians were injured. Very minor damage was reported in a wall of one home, while the windshields of a few cars were shattered. The army fired many missiles into thirteen sites across the coastal region, causing serious property damage to several buildings and homes. (IMEMC 2 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) injured several schoolchildren in the schools’ area, south of Hebron city, in the southern part of the occupied West Bank. Several army jeeps invaded the Schools’ Area and fired gas bombs at the students who were walking to their educational facilities. Many students suffered the effects of teargas inhalation. The IOA repeatedly invade the Schools’ area in southern Hebron, and frequently surround the schools or attack the students, which in some cases leads in protests and throwing stones at the army jeeps. The students in that area are also frequently attacked and harassed by the illegal colonialist settlers. (IMEMC 3 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Palestinian olive orchards between Burin and Huwwara towns, south of Nablus, and forced the Palestinians out, in addition to threatening them with “binging the settlers to attack them.” (IMEMC 3 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shot a young man at the military gate of the illegal Annexation Wall, installed on Palestinian lands in Aneen village, west of the northern West Bank city of Jenin. The Palestinian was identified as Mohammad Ahmad Jaradat, 32, with a live round in his left leg. The IOA was shot the Palestinian while trying to enter Jerusalem for work, and later handed him to its medics before he was rushed to Jenin Governmental Hospital. (IMEMC 3 November 2019)
The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) resorted to the excessive use of force against dozens of Palestinians, holding a nonviolent protest in solidarity with the hunger-striking detainees in Israeli prisons, and detained a journalist, in occupied Jerusalem. The IOA attacked dozens of Palestinians who were nonviolent protesting in Salahuddin Street, in Jerusalem. The IOA and mounted police officers, assaulted and clubbed several nonviolent protesters, and started pushing them away. The IOA also detained one journalist, identified as Ahmad Safadi, and took him to an interrogation facility. Earlier Saturday, The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the home of the detained journalist in Salahuddin Street, and searched it. The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) resorted to the excessive use of force against Palestinians, holding a nonviolent activity in solidarity with hunger-striking detainees, in Bab al-‘Amoud area in Jerusalem, and abducted three, including one lawyer. The four detainees, held under the illegal Administrative Detention orders without charges, remain on hunger strike against their indefinite incarceration without charge or trial, including one who has been consistently refusing food for 97 days in a row, the Palestinian Prisoners Commission said, today. (IMEMC 3 November 2019)

Palestinian-Jordanian detainee, Hiba al-Labadi, was moved to a hospital due to various complications, but remains determined to continue the strike. Al-Labadi was arrested upon her arrival at Allenby Bridge crossing with Jordan, on her way into the West Bank, and has been on hunger strike since then, protesting her torture and detention. (IMEMC 3 November 2019)

The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and violently searched the homes of Zakariya Skafi and Mustafa Samha, in Abu Isba’ neighborhood in ar-Ram, causing damage. (IMEMC 4 November 2019)

A young Palestinian man was injured after the Israeli occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at him, to the south of Jenin City, in the northern West Bank. A Palestinian worker from al-Yamun village, identified as Faisal Ghanama, age 24, was shot while attempting to enter the pre-1948 Palestinian territories for work, through a separation wall gate. The IOA detained Ghanama, and then handed him over to the Palestinian Red Crescent Society, who later transferred him to the hospital, for treatment. (IMEMC 6 November 2019)

The Israeli occupation forces (IOF) on Wednesday morning carried out a limited incursion into the northeast of the Gaza Strip border. Local sources said that several armored bulldozers advanced a few meters
into a border area in the east of Jabalia and embarked on leveling plots of land. The sources reported seeing some soldiers deploying barbed wire along the security fence in the area. The eastern border areas of Gaza are repeatedly exposed to Israeli military incursions and gunfire attacks, which prevents hundreds of farmers from working their lands near the security fence. (IMEMC 6 November 2019)

- Israeli navy ships attacked several Palestinian fishing boats in Gaza territorial waters in Rafah, in the southern part of the coastal region, and detained two fishermen. The navy fired several live rounds at the fishing boats, in addition to trying to capsize them with water cannons. The navy detained Abdul-Rahman Abdul-Hadi al-Qan, 27, and Mohammad Shehda Zo’rob, 23, after surrounding their boat, and took them to an unknown destination. (IMEMC 7 November 2019)

- Dozens of Palestinian citizens were injured when Israeli occupation Army (IOA) violently quelled the weekly Great March of Return protests near Gaza border. 69 Palestinians were injured by Israeli gunfire and tear gas bombs. Thousands of Palestinians marched on the 82nd Friday of the Great March of Return along the border between the Gaza Strip and the 1948 occupied Palestinian territories. The Gaza Strip Palestinians on 30 March 2018 launched the Great March of Return to demand the right of return for refugees and call for ending the 13-year-long blockade on the coastal enclave. Since the border protests started, the IOA have killed 328 Palestinians and injured around 32,000. (PALINFO 8 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded al-‘Isawiya town in occupied East Jerusalem, and shot a woman with a rubber-coated steel bullet in her head, before detaining her teenage boy. The IOA attacked many Palestinians, who were protesting the invasion into the area of a local mosque, especially after the IOA stormed and searched stores and homes. The IOA fired rubber-coated steel bullets, gas bombs and concussion grenades at random, injuring a woman with a rubber-coated steel bullet in her head, before detaining her teenage son, Amir Karim Hweih. The woman was moved to Hadassah Medical Center in Jerusalem, while her son was taken to a detention facility in the occupied city. (PALINFO, IMEMC 8 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a former political prisoner, identified as Mohammad Ibrahim Abu Mariya, 24, after stopping him at a sudden military roadblock, near the al-Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron, in southern West Bank. The detained
Palestinian is from Beit Ummar town, north of the Hebron; the soldiers took him to nearby military base. (IMEMC 8 November 2019)

- Israeli gunboats fired live ammunition and water cannons at the fishermen and their boats as they were working off the shore of Rafah last night. Naval forces aboard the gunboats detained two fishermen after encircling their boat and confiscating it. (PALINFO 8 November 2019)

- Two Israeli occupation Army (IOA) shoved and cocked a gun in the face of a Palestinian father, in the presence of his young son. The scuffle — which took place in the southern West Bank city of Hebron — starts with an IOA shouted at the man, saying that the child has been throwing rocks at the IOA. “Throwing rocks?! He’s five years old,” exclaimed the father. “Yes, throwing rocks. All your friends are throwing rocks. I don’t care [how old he is],” the IOA replied. Another IOA then joined in and both started shoving the Palestinian man. The man responded by saying “don’t raise your hands on me.” One of the IOA cocked and aimed his gun at the father’s face as he tried to move on with his child. (IMEMC 9 November 2019)

- The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) invaded the southern West Bank city of Hebron, before storming and ransacking many homes. The IOA violently searched the homes and interrogated many Palestinians while inspecting their ID cards. Owners of some of the invaded homes have been identified as Abdul-Hakim Abu Sneina, Shokri Mojahed Tamimi and Husam Abu Hussein. The IOA also installed many roadblocks on roads, north of Hebron city, in addition to the junctions of Sa’ir and Halhoul towns, before stopping and searching dozens of cars, and interrogated many Palestinians while inspecting their ID cards. (IMEMC 9 November 2019)

- 104 Palestinian civilians, including 43 children, a woman and a paramedic, were shot and injured by Israeli occupation occupation Army (IOA) fire against peaceful protestors at the 82nd Great March of Return (GMR), 08 November 2019. The IOA continued the use of excessive force against peaceful protestors, as 41 civilians sustained live-bullet-injuries – including 2 children in critical condition- in addition to other injuries by rubber bullets and tear gas canisters mainly in protestors’ upper bodies. Large crowds participated in the protest, as thousands of civilians joined across the 5 GMR encampments. The protest titled: “We Shall Carry On” and lasted from 14:00 to 17:30. Since the outbreak of GMR on 30 March 2018, 214
civilians killings by IOA, including 46 children, 2 women, 9 persons with disabilities, 4 paramedics and 2 journalists. Additionally, IOA shot and injured 14,706 civilians, including 3,691 children, 387 women, 253 paramedics and 218 journalists, noting that many sustained multiple injuries on separate occasions. (PCHR, IMEMC 9 November 2019)

- The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at a sewage truck in a border area in the east of Khan Younis, south of the Gaza Strip. A sewage truck came under fire during its presence in as-Sanati area in Abasan al-Kabira town and was forced to leave the area. Luckily, no one was hurt in the shooting attack. About a week ago, a driver of a similar truck was badly injured when the IOA showered his vehicle with bullet in the east of Khan Younis. (PALINFO 9 November 2019)

- Many Israeli army jeeps invaded the town of al-‘Isawiya in occupied East Jerusalem, and attacked the Palestinians with gas bombs and concussion grenades, causing dozens of injuries, including among many children. The invasion was carried out without a reason, especially since the situation in the town was calm, and no protests were taking place. The IOA fired a barrage of gas bombs, especially in ‘Obeid neighborhood, causing many Palestinians, including children and women, to suffer the severe effects of teargas inhalation. The army also invaded the front yard of a home, owned by members of Abu al-Hummus family, and assaulted them with batons and pepper-spray, causing many injuries, including cuts and bruises. One of the injured Palestinians is a known nonviolent activist, identified as Mohammad Abu al-Hummus, who suffered burns around his eyes. The army also assaulted and injured two young men, and detained them, before moving them to an unknown destination. During the invasions, the army also distributed demolition orders targeting many homes and buildings, and included the firing of live rounds, in addition to gas bombs, concussion grenades, and rubber-coated steel bullets. (IMEMC 10 November 2019)

- Violent confrontations broke out when Israeli occupation Army (IOA) (IOF) attacked Palestinian schools in Tuqu’ town east of Bethlehem. The IOA stormed the town and fired rubber-coated metal bullets, tear gas bombs and stun grenades at Palestinian schools. No injuries were reported. (PALINFO 11 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army carried out a limited incursion into the southern area of the Gaza Strip. Four Israeli military bulldozers rolled about 70 meters into Khan Younis City, south of Gaza. Tracts of
Palestinian lands were razed in the operation. (PALINFO 11 November 2019)

- A Palestinian youth died after being shot by Israeli occupation Army (IOA) in al-Arroub refugee camp north of Hebron city. Omar Badawi, 22, suffered a serious injury after he was shot in the chest and succumbed to his wounds about an hour later. (PALINFO 11 November 2019)

- A Palestinian youth was injured by the Israeli occupation Army (IOA) live ammunition in Dura town west of Hebron City. The IOA quelled with live bullets and tear gas bombs peaceful events and sit-ins organized by Palestinian citizens in Hebron on the 15th anniversary of the death of the first president of the Palestinian National Authority Yasser Arafat. (PALINFO 11 November 2019)

- Dozens of Palestinians suffocated, as Israeli occupation Army (IOA) attacked citizens participating in marches commemorating the 15th anniversary for the death of Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat in Beit Ummar town north of Hebron city. The IOA stormed an area adjacent to the Israeli settlement of Karmi Tzur and attacked participants who were commemorating Arafat’s death anniversary. The IOA fired rubber-coated steel bullets and tear gas canisters at locals and their homes, causing dozens to suffocate due to tear gas inhalation. (IMEMC 11 November 2019)

- An Israeli air strike killed Bahaa Abu Al-Ata, a prominent commander in the Quds Brigades, in eastern Gaza. An Israeli raid on eastern Gaza City killed Abu Al-Ata and his wife. Two other citizens were wounded in the aerial attack. Abu Al-Ata, 42, was killed in Shujaiah in eastern Gaza. The Israeli army said that the assassination was coordinated between the army and the general security and that it was endorsed by the Israeli premier Benjamin Netanyahu. (PALINFO 12 November 2019)

- Seven Palestinian citizens were killed and 30 others injured in several Israeli airstrikes on the Gaza Strip. Seven Palestinians were killed, as Israeli warplanes bombed several targets in the Gaza Strip. At dawn Israeli warplanes bombed the home of the Islamic Jihad leader Bahaa Abu Al-Ata in Gaza killing him and his wife. A number of Palestinian homes and buildings were partially damaged in the attacks, including the headquarters of a human rights group which was directly hit with an Israeli missile. (PALINFO 12 November 2019)

- Israeli war jets fired, several missiles into different parts of the Gaza Strip, killing two Palestinian and wounding several others. Twelve Palestinians have been killed by Israeli missiles. The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired missiles into central Gaza, killing one Palestinian, and wounding several others. The Palestinian was identified as Khaled
Mo’awwad Farraj, 38. The Palestinian was assassinated in the al-Mighraqa area, in central Gaza. The second Palestinian has been identified as Ala’ Jabr Esheiwi, 32, and was killed in the Zeitoun neighborhood in Gaza city. He was killed by a missile fired from an Israeli drone, directly targeting him. The Israeli missiles also struck farmlands east of Deir al-Balah, and east of Juhr ed-Deek area, in central Gaza. More missiles were fired into farmlands in Tal al-Hawa neighborhood, west of Gaza city, causing damage to nearby homes. One Palestinian home was struck and leveled by an Israeli missile in Rafah, in the southern part of the Gaza Strip. (IMEMC 13 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) has caused the deaths of ten Palestinians, with more than 45 civilians wounded by Israeli airstrikes in the Gaza Strip. In the latest spate of bombings, the victims have been identified as: Abdullah Awad Saqib al-Bilbisi, 26 Abdul Salam Ramadan Ahmad, 28. Wael Abdul Aziz Abdallah Abdul Nabi, 43. Rani Fayez Rajab Abu al-Nasr, 35. Jihad Ayman Ahmed Abu Khater, 22. These five, killed in airstrikes are in addition to the five killed earlier in the day by Israeli bombs. Israeli F16 bombers continue to circle the skies above Gaza, causing panic and shock for the 2 million residents of the Gaza Strip. The Ten slain Palestinians have been officially identified by the Health Ministry in Gaza as: Baha’ Salim Abu al-Ata, 42. Asma’ Mohammad Hasan Abu al-Ata, 39. (Baha’s wife). Mohammad Atiya Musleh Hammouda, 20. Zaki Adnan Mohammad Ghannama, 25. Ibrahim Mohammad Abdul-Latif Dabous, 26. Abdullah Awad al-Balbeesi, 26. Abdul-Salam Ramadan Ahmad, 28. Wael Abdul-Aziz Abdul-Nabi, 43. Rani Fayez Rajab Abu an-Nasr, 35. Jihad Ayman Ahmed Abu Khater, 22. 45 Palestinians were injured, some suffered life-threatening wounds. The Israeli missiles have also caused excessive damage to many homes, apartment buildings, and other structures, in addition to infra-structure damage in various parts of the Gaza Strip. (IMEMC 13 November 2019)

- In Bethlehem, south of occupied Jerusalem, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked many Palestinians, nonviolently marching in solidarity with the Gaza Strip amidst the ongoing Israeli military escalation, and fired a barrage of gas bombs and concussion grenades at them. (IMEMC 13 November 2019)

- The ongoing Israeli bombardment of the Gaza Strip has resulted in the death of at least fifteen Palestinians, including a father and two of his sons, and injured at more than ten others, in several parts of the coastal
region, raising the number of slain Palestinians to twenty-three in two days, while more than 69 Palestinians have been injured. The Palestinians were killed and injured in 50 Israeli airstrikes and 21 incidents of artillery shells targeting various areas of the Gaza Strip. The IOA killed Mohammad Abdullah Sharab, 28, and Haitham Hafeth al-Bakri, 22, after firing a missile at them in Khan Younis, in southern Gaza. Both are members of the Al-Quds Brigades, the armed wing of the Islamic Jihad. Two Palestinians were killed, when the Israeli army fired missiles into an area east of Gaza city. A Palestinian father, identified as Rafat Mohammad Awwad, and two of his children, Islam and Amir, were killed, and several others were injured, by Israeli missiles in the Tuffah neighborhood, east of Gaza city, in an earlier attack, and a fourth was also killed after the army fired a missile at him while driving his motorcycle in the Zeitoun neighborhood, south of Gaza city. The IOA killed Ala’ Eshteiwi, 32, in the Zeitoun neighborhood, and Khaled Awad Farraj, 38, was killed in the al-Mighraqa area, south of Gaza city, while many Palestinians were injured when the soldiers fired shells into farmlands, in addition to another Palestinian who was injured by Israeli shells in a playground in the Zeitoun neighborhood. The IOA also fired many shells into farmlands, east of the al-Boreij refugee camp, in central Gaza Strip, causing damage to surrounding homes. Damage was also reported to a few homes, east of Deir al-Balah in central Gaza, when the Israeli air force fired a missile into a nearby land. Furthermore, an Israeli F16 war jet fired one missile into a site in Sheikh Ejleen area, southwest of Gaza city, causing excessive damage to the site, and several surrounding homes. The army carried out more than 50 airstrikes, and fired artillery shells at least twenty times, in less than two days. The Israeli missiles and shells struck many homes, chicken farms, farmlands, markets for fruits and vegetables, parks near the Gaza sea, in addition to several sites. At least 48 Palestinians homes have been completely or partially damaged, and the army also fired missiles at seven motorcycles. The strikes targeted various areas of the Gaza Strip but were mainly focused on Beit Lahia and Beit Hanoun, in northern Gaza, causing several injuries in addition to Gaza city and its surrounding areas, Khan Younis and Rafah in southern Gaza. Several farmers were injured after the army fired missiles into farmland in Beit Hanoun. The Palestinians, who were killed including a father and two of his children, have been identified as: Khaled Mo’awwad Farraj, Ibrahim Ayman Fathi Abul-‘Al. Ismael Ayman Fathi Abul-‘Al. Ahmad Ayman Fathi Abul-‘Al. Khaled Mo’awwad Farraj, 38, central Gaza. Rafat Mohammad Ayyad. Islam Rafat Mohammad Ayyad. Amir Rafat Mohammad Ayyad. Soheil

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded al-Arroub refugee camp, north of the southern West Bank city of Hebron, and shot a young man with a live round in his knee, leading to a serious injury after a severe blood loss, and caused a fire in one home after firing concussion grenades into it. The IOA attacked many Palestinians, who protested the invasion into their refugee camp, and fired live rounds, gas bombs, concussion grenades and rubber-coated steel bullet at them. A young Palestinian man was shot with a live round in the knee, causing severe bleeding, before he was rushed to a local hospital, where his wounds were described as serious. The IOA also fired concussion grenades into a home in the refugee camp, causing a fire to the property, before Palestinian firefighters rushed to extinguish it. The invasion into the refugee camp was carried out by the IOA during a procession in condemnation of the killing of Omar al-Badawi, 20, who was shot by Israeli army fire, although he posed no threat to the soldiers and wasn’t even taking part in any protest. (IMEMC 14 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded, Shu’fat refugee camp, north of occupied East Jerusalem, and attacked many protesters with live fire and gas bombs. The IOA fired a barrage of gas bombs, causing dozens of Palestinians to suffer the effects of teargas inhalation. The army also fired live rounds and gas bombs at Palestinians who launched firecrackers at the IOA stationed at the permanent military roadblock near the entrance of the refugee camp. (IMEMC 14 November 2019)

- Israeli missiles struck a Palestinian home in Deir al-Balah, in central Gaza, killing eight members of the same family, and wounding thirteen others. Israeli F16 war jets fired missiles into a home in Deir al-Balah, killing six family members, and wounding at least thirteen others, most of them are women and children. The remains of two more children were found under the rubble, amidst ongoing search. The slain Sawarka (Abu Malhous) family has been officially identified as: Rasmi Salem Odah Sawarka, 45. Mariam Salem Nasser Sawarka, 45. Mohannad Rasmi Salem Sawarka, 12. Firas Rasmi Salem Sawarka, 2. Salem Rasmi Salem Sawarka, 3. Moath Mohmmad Salem Sawarka,
7. Waseem Mohammad Salem Sawarka, 13. Yosra Mohammad Awwad Sawarka, 39. Only one toddler survived the Israeli attack and was found shielded by her slain brother. Their death brings the number of slain Palestinians, who were killed by Israeli missiles, since Monday at dawn, to 32, while more than 100 others have been injured. Among the wounded are at least 30 children and 13 women. (IMEMC 14 November 2019)

- A six-month pregnant woman, identified as Iman Abu Tayyim, suffered a miscarriage in a severe anxiety attack after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired missiles near her home, east of Khan Younis, in the southern part of the Gaza Strip. (IMEMC 14 November 2019)

- Israel’s army launched fresh strikes against targets in Gaza, despite a ceasefire in place since Thursday morning. Israeli military claimed it was “striking Islamic Jihad terror targets in the Gaza strip,” (IMEMC 15 November 2019)

- A number of Palestinians were injured by rubber-coated steel bullets and tear gas canisters, including a journalist, during protests in Surif town in Hebron. Journalist Moath Amarneh was shot with a rubber-coated metal bullet in the eye. Dozens of Palestinian citizens marched in Surif to protest land seizure by the Israeli authorities in favor of settlement construction. (IMEMC 16 November 2019)

- Confrontations flared up in Kufur Qaddoum in Qalqilia, after Israeli occupation Army (IOA) violently quelled the weekly demonstration in the town. The IOA showered the peaceful demonstrators with tear gas canisters, stun grenades and rubber-coated metal bullets, while dozens choked on tear gas and were treated in the field. (IMEMC 16 November 2019)

- Israeli warplanes attacked, several targets throughout the besieged Gaza Strip, causing heavy damage but no bodily harm. Israeli Warplanes fired more than 10 missiles at targets and agricultural land northwest of Gaza City and in Beit Lahia. Heavy destruction was reported in targeted areas and nearby property. (IMEMC 16 November 2019)

- Dozens of Palestinians were injured near the central West Bank city of Ramallah, from teargas fired by Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Palestinians protesting Israel’s recent attacks on Gaza. Students from Birzeit University were demonstrating at the Israeli army roadblock in Ramallah and were attacked with teargas. The military roadblock was
closed after this incident. Two youth were injured by Israeli fire, previously. One was shot in the foot with live ammunition and the other was struck in the head by a rubber-coated steel bullet. (IMEMC 16 November 2019)

- Israeli gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishermen and their boats off the northern coast of the embattled Gaza Strip. Several fishermen were on their boats off the shore of al-Sudaniya area in northern Gaza when Israeli naval forces suddenly opened fire at them and forced them to return ashore. Israeli gunboats are around Gaza fishermen almost every day, harassing them, shooting at them, damaging their boats, and making arrests. Sometimes fishermen are injured or killed during gunfire attacks. Under the 1993 Oslo accords, Palestinian fishermen are permitted to fish up to 20 nautical miles off the coast of Gaza, but since then Israel has kept reducing the fishing area gradually to a limit of three nautical miles as part of its blockade on Gaza. (PALINFO 16 November 2019)

- Dozens of journalists suffered from suffocation after inhaling tear gas fired at them by The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) during a solidarity sit-in, held in support of injured photojournalist Moath Amarneh, to the north of the occupied West Bank city of Bethlehem. The IOA fired a barrage of tear gas bombs towards journalists who had organized a sit-in at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city, in solidarity with Amarneh, who lost his left eye after being seriously injured by a metallic bullet fired by an Israeli soldier, in the Surif town, west of Hebron in southern West Bank, where he was covering a protest against land confiscation. Two journalists were detained during the sit-in and one journalist, identified as Monjed Jado, was shot with a gas bomb to his head. One of the detained journalists, identified as Hamad Taqatqa, was moved to Etzion military base and security center, while the second reporter, Ahmad Tannoud, was released a few hours after his detention. The IOA also carried out at least 600 violations against the Palestinian journalists and media outlets, and injured dozens of reporters, including 60 who suffered serious wounds, since the beginning of this year. (IMEMC 17 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shot and seriously injured, a young Palestinian man in Tulkarem, in northern West Bank, after the army prevented many families from entering their orchards to harvest their olive trees. The IOA attacked many Palestinians, and prevented them from entering their olive orchards. The IOA also fired many live rounds at them. One Palestinian was shot with a live Israeli army
round and suffered a life-threatening injury. (IMEMC 17 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shot, a young Palestinian man near the gate of the illegal Annexation Wall, north of Tulkarem, in northern West Bank. The IOA shot the Palestinian with a live round in one of his legs, as he was trying to cross the gate on his way to work. (IMEMC 17 November 2019)

- During a demonstration, organized by Palestinian journalists in solidarity with reporter Moath Amarneh, multiple journalists were injured. Several Palestinian journalists and reporters gathered, in Bethlehem near the 300 Checkpoint, to show their support for Moath Amarneh, the reporter who lost his eye to an Israeli rubber-coated steel bullet while covering clashes in Hebron, on November 15. The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) bombarded the protesters with tear-gas canisters and sound grenades, while the reporters were taking pictures, doing interviews and holding speeches. Among the injured reporters at the demonstration, was the editor-in-chief of Palestine News Network (PNN), Monjed Jado, who was hit directly in the head with a gas canister, shot by the IOA and moved to hospital. Some of the journalists were beaten and arrested by the IOA. (IMEMC 17 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shot a Palestinian near the illegal Annexation Wall close to Taher al-‘Abed village, south of the northern West Bank city of Jenin; the Palestinian is the tenth to be shot by the IOA in the same area in recent days. The IOA shot the young man, identified as Mohammad Tahsin ‘Aarda, 25, with a live round in the leg. (IMEMC 18 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shot and seriously injured two Palestinian children near the entrance of the al-Jalazoun refugee camp, north of the central West Bank city of Ramallah. The IOA shot Rami Naji at-Tayeh, 13, and Amir Ehab Zobeidi, 14. The IOA shot, and seriously injured, the two children, just as they were leaving the al-Jalazoun School for Boys. Rami was shot with three live rounds in his arms, while Zobeidi was struck by several bullets’ fragments in the chest. The army opened fire at the two children when the IOA attacked many protesters in the area with live rounds, rubber-coated steel bullets, gas bombs, and concussion grenades, causing dozens of injuries. (IMEMC 18 November 2019)
• A female university student, studying Information Technology in Palestine Technical University – Kadoorie, in Tulkarem in northern West Bank was shot by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in the college campus with a high-velocity gas bomb which struck her face, fracturing her jaw, and causing burns to her face and hand. The gas bomb also left a large rupture in her cheek. She was shot after the IOA engaged in an excessive force against students holding a nonviolent procession in solidarity with Palestinian photojournalist Moath Amarneh, who lost his left eye after being seriously injured by a rubber-coated steel bullet, fired by an army soldier. Amarneh was covering a protest against land confiscation, in the Surif region of the Hebron governorate. After being shot by the gas bomb in her face, Nagham reacted by removing the bomb which had stuck to her face, causing various wounds, including penetrating and burning the skin, creating a large cheek wound, in addition to causing upper and lower jaw fractures and burns. The IOA came from the area behind the university, her colleagues were waiting for her in front of the library, she was only ten meters away from the IOA who fired the gas bomb at her. (IMEMC 21 November 2019)

• A Palestinian man died from serious wounds he suffered when Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired a missile at the family home, on November 14th, 2019, killing eight family members, including five children. The dead Palestinian man was identified as Mohammad Salama Sawarka, 40; he was seriously injured at dawn on Thursday, November 14th, when the army fired a missile at the family home, in Deir al-Balah in central Gaza. Mohammad’s two children, Moath, 7, and Waseem, 23, were instantly killed. The missiles led to the death of eight members of his family, including five children and one woman. The Israeli army later alleged it “fired the missile at the home by mistake.” Only one toddler survived the Israeli attack and was found shielded by her slain brother. She was identified as Farah Rasmi Salem Al Sawarka, sister to Mohannad, 12, Salem, 3, and Firas, 2, who were killed, and the youngest child of Rasmi Salem al-Sawarka, 45, and Mariam Sawarka, 45. Both parents were also killed. Farah is the only surviving family member. At least twelve Palestinians were injured, including some who suffered life-threatening wounds. (IMEMC 22 November 2018)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a nonviolent procession against the illegal annexation of Palestinian lands in Surif town, northwest of the southern West Bank city of Hebron, causing many
injuries. The IOA fired a barrage of gas bombs and concussion grenades, in addition to attacking protesters with clubs and batons. Many Palestinians sustained cuts and bruises, while several others suffered the effects of teargas inhalation. (IMEMC 22 November 2018)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) injured many Palestinians in ‘Aseeda area, in Beit Ummar town, north of the southern West Bank city of Hebron, and attacked dozens of protesters, causing many to suffer the effects of teargas inhalation. The IOA first invaded the area, and installed a military roadblock, before stopping and searching dozens of cars, and interrogated many Palestinians while inspecting their ID cards. Several Palestinians protested the invasion, and hurled stones at the army vehicles, while the IOA fired gas bombs, concussion grenades, and rubber-coated steel bullets. The IOA removed the roadblock and withdrew from the town, without abducting any Palestinian. (IMEMC 22 November 2018)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly procession against the illegal Annexation Wall and colonies in Kufur Qaddoum town, east of the northern West Bank city of Qalqilia, causing dozens to suffer the effects of teargas inhalation. The IOA resorted to the excessive use of force against the protesters and fired a barrage of gas bombs, concussion grenades, rubber-coated steel bullets and rounds of live ammunition. Dozens of Palestinians, including many children, suffered the severe effects of teargas inhalation, especially after the IOA fired gas bombs, not only at the nonviolent procession, but also at many surrounding homes. The IOA also tried to ambush the protesters, especially near Omar Bin al-Khattab Mosque, but their hideout was uncovered, and were unable to detain any protester. (IMEMC 22 November 2018)

- Dozens of Palestinian citizens and foreign activists were injured when Israeli occupation forces (IOF) attacked protests against settlement and land seizure in the West Bank. The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) violently quelled a demonstration condemning settlement construction and voicing support for journalist Mu’ath Amarneh in Surif town near al-Khalil. Scores of demonstrators were injured as the IOF heavily fired stun grenades and tear gas canisters at them. The IOF further assaulted the press crews who were covering the demonstration and forced them out of the area. The demonstration was launched after dozens of Palestinian citizens performed Friday prayer on lands threatened with confiscation in favor of settlement expansion in Surif town. (PALINFO 22 November 2018)
• Israeli naval forces opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats off the coast of northern Gaza with no injuries reported. Israeli gunboats heavily opened fire at Palestinian fishermen sailing in Gaza waters in the early morning hours. The fishermen were attacked while fishing within the permitted area, which is three nautical miles. (PALINFO 23 November 2019)

• A Palestinian was shot and injured, in the town of Beit Ummar, in the southern occupied West Bank Governorate of Hebron. The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed near the illegal Israeli settlement of Karmi Tzur, fired live ammunition at Abdallah Abu Mariya, 21. The IOA used a silencer on the weapon that shot the young man. The young man was hit in the thigh, and transferred to hospital for treatment. (IMEMC 24 November 2019)

• Dozens of Palestinians students and citizens sustained suffocation, when Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired tear-gas canisters near a complex of schools in Hebron. Dozens of Palestinian children as well as adults, suffered the effects of toxic tear-gas the IOA fired at the complex of schools. (IMEMC 24 November 2019)

• The Israeli military closed the Ibrahimi Mosque in Hebron to Palestinian Muslim worshippers, as thousands of Jewish settlers converged on the old city, which is under full Israeli military rule, to mark what is known as Sarah holiday. Settlers were also seen placing stones with Jewish inscriptions on walls and arches in the old town of Hebron in an effort to make believe that the city is historically Jewish. (IMEMC 24 November 2019)

• Dozens of Palestinian students and residents of the old town of Hebron sustained suffocation after Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas canisters at them while on their way to school and at homes in the Israeli-controlled section of the southern West Bank city of Hebron. The IOA fired teargas canisters at schools, including a kindergarten, and homes located near a military checkpoint causing dozens of suffocation cases and panic among the children and their families. Tension has been high in the occupied city in the last few days after tens of thousands of settlers converged on the city and some attacked families in their homes and shops in the occupied section. A child was also injured in the head from stones thrown by settlers who seem to have been emboldened in their attacks and taking over of Palestinian homes and land following the US declaration that settlements are not inconsistent with international law. (WAFA 25 November 2019)
The Israeli occupation army (IOA) Injured, dozens of Palestinian schoolchildren and residents, in Hebron city, in the southern part of the occupied West Bank. The IOA stationed at Abu ar-Reesh military roadblock, at the southern entrance of the Old City of Hebron and the Ibrahimi Mosque, attacked dozens of schoolchildren and residents with gas bombs and concussion grenades. Dozens of children suffered the effects of teargas inhalation. (IMEMC 25 November 2019)

A Palestinian fisherman was injured on Monday evening when Israeli naval forces opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats in Gaza waters. (IMEMC 25 November 2019)

The Palestinian Fishermen of Gaza Committee said that a fisherman suffered a rubber bullet injury when Israeli gunboats attacked a group of Palestinian fishermen off Gaza shore. (PALINFO 25 November 2019)

According to human rights groups, the Israeli occupation navy has committed over 310 violations against Palestinian fishermen in the Gaza Strip since the beginning of 2019. At least, 17 fishermen were wounded in shooting attacks, 35 fishermen were arrested, and 15 fishing boats were seized. (PALINFO 25 November 2019)

Israeli navy ships opened fire, at Palestinian fishing boats in Gaza territorial waters, wounding a fisherman and causing damage to several boats. The attack took place in the Sudaniyya Sea, northwest of Gaza city. The Israeli navy fired many live rounds at Palestinian fishing boats, moderately wounding one fisherman. (IMEMC 26 November 2019)

The Israeli occupation authorities (IOA) banned Sheikh Najeh Bkeerat, deputy director of Muslim Endowments and Al-Aqsa Affairs, from entering Al-Aqsa Mosque Compound for three consecutive months. The Israeli intelligence services summoned him in morning and served him, with a decision to deport him from the mosque for three months. Since 2003 until today, Sheikh Najeh Bkeerat has been deported from Al-Aqsa 21 times for a period of over seven years. (IMEMC 26 November 2019)
• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) injured at least twenty-six Palestinians in the northern West Bank city of Nablus, after the army accompanied dozens of settlers into Joseph’s Tomb, east of the city. The IOA invaded Joseph’s Tomb area, and resorted to the excessive use of force against Palestinian youngsters, protesting the invasion. The IOA shot 15 Palestinians with rubber-coated steel bullets, and caused at least eleven to suffer the effects of teargas inhalation. An armored bulldozer accompanied the invading IOA while a military drone hovered overhead. (IMEMC 27 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shot a worker of the City Council in Hebron city, in the southern part of the occupied West Bank. The IOA shot Awad Mohammad al-Ja’bari, with a rubber-coated steel bullet in his leg, in Bab az-Zawiya area, in the center of the city. The IOA were firing many rubber-coated steel bullets, gas bombs and concussion grenades at random, while attacking Palestinian protesters nearby. (IMEMC 27 November 2019)

• The Israeli Air Force fired, at dawn, several missiles into a few areas in the besieged Gaza Strip, causing serious property damage. The army fired at least two missiles into the Zeitoun neighborhood, southeast of Gaza city, causing damage to several homes and buildings. The army also fired at least one missile into an area, west of Gaza city, causing property damage, in addition to anxiety attacks among many children. More missiles were fired into a site west of Khan Younis, in the southern part of the Gaza Strip. (IMEMC 27 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked, dozens of Palestinian protesters at the northern entrance of the al-Biereh city, near the central West Bank city of Ramallah, and fired live rounds, rubber-coated steel bullets and gas bombs at them, wounding one with live ammunition and causing many to suffer the effects of teargas inhalation. The IOA resorted to the excessive use of force against the protesters, especially with the use of live round, and the barrage of gas bombs and concussion grenades, in addition to the rubber-coated steel bullets. (IMEMC 27 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) injured many Palestinians during a protest near Huwwara military roadblock, south of the northern West Bank city of Nablus. The attack took place when hundreds of residents nonviolently marched to the area of the military roadblock denouncing the Israeli policies, and the American recognition of Israel’s settlements, built on private Palestinian lands in the West Bank, including the occupied capital Jerusalem, in direct violation of
International Law and the Fourth Geneva Convention. The Palestinians also marched condemning the death of detainee Sami Abu Diak, 37, who died after Israel refused to allow him access to urgently needed specialized medical care. (IMEMC 27 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shot two Palestinians with rubber-coated steel bullets, and detained two teenage boys, during a procession at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city, south of occupied Jerusalem, in the West Bank. The IOA assaulted dozens of protesters and fired many rubber-coated steel bullets, gas bombs and concussion grenades at them; two Palestinians were shot with rubber-coated steel bullets, and several others suffered the effects of teargas inhalation. The IOA chased several protesters and detained two teenage boys who remained unidentified at the time of this report. The procession was held by hundreds of Palestinians who marched from Bab az-Zqaq area in Bethlehem and headed towards the northern entrance of the city. (IMEMC 27 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) exiting the city of Hebron after a massive demolition campaign before dawn struck a Palestinian car in which a Palestinian father and son were driving, killing the father and severely injuring the son. Mohammad Nassar Al-Nawajaa, 56, from Yatta city, south of Hebron, was killed and his son Thaer was moderately injured before dawn after their vehicle was hit by an Israeli military bulldozer in the Farsh Al Hawa area on the road leading to Taqoumia town, west of Hebron. The slain man and his son were driving to work in Jerusalem when their car was struck by the Israeli bulldozer. The Israeli military bulldozer that struck their car was returning, along with the army jeeps, to a nearby military base, after demolishing four Palestinian homes in Beit Kahil, north of Hebron. The demolished homes are owned by the families of four detainees, identified as Hamad Aref Asafra, his brother Qassem Saleh Asafra, in addition to Nasseer Saleh Asafra and Yousef Atiya Zohour. (IMEMC 28 November 2019)

- In Nablus, The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) stormed Hisbat Beita town and seized security camera recordings from citizens, with no known reason. (PALINFO 28 November 2019)

- The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) detained two Palestinian citizens and seized construction equipment in Yatta town, south of al-Khalil. The IOA stormed Yatta town and ordered a halt to the construction of a Palestinian house. The IOA later confiscated a concrete pump from the place and detained two workmen. (PALINFO 28 November 2019)
• The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) banned the Palestinian Minister of Culture, Atef Abu Seif, from entering occupied East Jerusalem. Abu Seif was reportedly stopped by the IOA for two hours at Qalandia checkpoint, at Ramallah-Jerusalem road, and was later told he was not allowed entry into the city. There was no clarification by the IOA on the reason behind the denial of entry of the Palestinian Authority minister. (WAFA 28 November 2019)

• The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) invaded Beit Ummar town, north of Hebron, and attacked Palestinians who protested the invasion. The IOA fired gas bombs and concussion grenades, in addition to live rounds and concussion grenades, at the residents, and several surrounding homes, causing many Palestinians to suffer the effects of teargas inhalation. (IMEMC 29 November 2019)

• Israeli police prevented the Minister of Jerusalem Affairs, Fadi al-Hidmi, from conducting an interview with Palestine TV and briefly detained him. Israeli police broke into the location where the interview was supposed to be carried out in the occupied Jerusalem neighborhood of the Mount of Olives. He and other staff of the ministry were briefly detained by the police, and were shortly later told to leave the scene. (WAFA 29 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired a few missiles into two areas in Gaza city, causing property damage. The IOA fired at least two missiles into a site in the densely populated Zeitoun neighborhood, in Gaza city, causing property damage. The army also fired one missile into another site, east of Gaza city, causing damage. (IMEMC 30 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) killed a Palestinian child and wound 7 others, including 5 children in eastern Khan Younis, south of the Gaza Strip. At approximately 14:45 around 300 Palestinian civilians took part in the Great March of Return (GMR) camps in Khuza’a village, east of Khan Younis, despite that the GMR’s Supreme National Authority canceled the protests on the abovementioned day. Dozens of civilians, including young men and children, approached the border fence, chanted national slogans and raised the Palestinian flags, while some protestors attempted to throw stones. The IOA stationed along the border fence fired live and rubber bullets and tear gas canisters at the protestors. As a result, Fahed Walid Mohammed al-Astal (16), from Khan Younis, was deemed critical, was shot with a live bullet in the abdomen. (IMEMC 30 November 2019)
The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Beit Ummar town, north of the southern West Bank city of Hebron, before photographing dozens of homes and illegally confiscating two Palestinian cars. The IOA photographed dozens of homes in Beit Za’ta area, east of the town. The homes are owned by Palestinians from the families on Awad, Sabarna and Abu Mariya. Some of the homes were built many years ago on private Palestinian lands and are already inhabited by the families, while other homes are still under-construction. (IMEMC 30 November 2019)

The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded ‘Aseeda area, in Beit Ummar north of Hebron city, and confiscated two Palestinian cars. (IMEMC 30 November 2019)

Israeli warplanes attacked a post in the north of Gaza Strip causing damage but no human casualties. The warplanes fired three missiles at the post causing fire and damage to the post and nearby property. This is the second attack on the besieged Gaza Strip following the bombing late last night of another post east of Gaza City, also without causing any bodily harm. (WAFA 30 November 2019)

A Palestinian youth was shot dead by Israeli occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Awwa village in the West Bank Governorate of Hebron. The killed Palestinian was identified as Badawi al-Masalma, 18. The IOA prevented the medics from approaching the scene where the shooting took place. (PLAINFO 30 November 2019)

The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed al-Arroub refugee camp north of Hebron and photographed a number of homes. (PALINFO 30 November 2019)

The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Beit Awwa town in the west and fired stun grenades to scare the local residents. (PALINFO 30 November 2019)

The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) photographed dozens of homes in Beit Ummar town, north of Hebron, and confiscated two Palestinian-owned vehicles. The IOA took photos of dozens of homes in Beit Za’tah area of the town, which belong to the families of Awad, Sabarneh and Abu Mari’ya. Some of these homes have been inhabited for years and others are under construction. The IOA also stormed Asida area of the town and confiscated two vehicles, with no known reason. (PALINFO 30 November 2019)

**Israeli Arrests**
• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) resorted to the excessive use of force against Palestinians, holding a nonviolent activity in solidarity with hunger-striking detainees, in Bab al-‘Amoud area in occupied Jerusalem, and detained three, including one lawyer. Dozens of Palestinians gathered in Bab al-‘Amoud area, carrying posters of the hunger-striking detainees, and chanting “Freedom, Freedom,” expressing solidarity with all political prisoners, especially the hunger-striking detainees, facing serious health complications. The IOA resorted to the excessive use of force against the nonviolent protesters, and assaulted some of them, before abducting a lawyer, identified as Farah Bayadsa, in addition to Dana Roweidi, and Omar al-Khatib. The IOA were also trying to force the Palestinians out of Bab al-‘Amoud area, but most of them remained despite the use of force by the military. (IMEMC 1 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) re-arrested, prominent Palestinian legislator and senior member of the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP) in an overnight incursion into her home. Khaleda Jarrar, a 56-year-old member of the Palestinian Legislative Council, was arrested at 3 am local time (00:00 GMT) at her home in the central occupied West Bank city of Ramallah, located 10 kilometers north of Jerusalem, and taken to an unknown area. Her daughter Yara Jarrar said in a post on Twitter that the house was surrounded by more than 70 IOA who arrived in 12 military vehicles. “Mom and sister were asleep when they approached,” Yara said. The Palestinian lawmaker has been jailed multiple times. She was released last February after spending 20 months in “administrative detention” — an illegal practice under which an individual is held without a trial. (IMEMC 1 November 2019)

• Several Israeli army jeeps invaded the al-Jalazoun refugee camp, north of the central West Bank city of Ramallah, searched many homes and detained a former political prisoner. A large military force invaded the refugee camp, before the IOA stormed and ransacked many homes, causing excessive property damage. The IOA detained a former political prisoner, identified as Abdullah Jamal Mubarak, 34, who was only released just a few months ago, after serving many months under the arbitrary Administrative Detention orders, without charges. (IMEMC 1 November 2019)

• Undercover Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) broke into a Palestinian home in Beit Liqya village, west of the central West Bank city of Ramallah, and kidnapped a Palestinian teenage boy. The undercover
IOA stormed their home, pointing the guns at them, before many uniformed soldiers surrounding the property and invaded it. The IOA forced them in one room, and kidnapped Ahmad Saleh Bader, 17, before placing him in one of their vehicles, and drove away. (IMEMC 1 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a former political prisoner from the al-Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah, identified as Abdullah Jamal Mubarak, 34, who was only released just a few months ago, after serving many months under the arbitrary Administrative Detention orders, without charges. (IMEMC 1 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded a Palestinian school in the al-'Isawiya town, in occupied East Jerusalem, and detained one child, in addition to causing many others to suffer the effects of teargas inhalation after throwing gas bombs into their school. The IOA detained Saleh Tawil, in the al-'Isawiya Secondary School for Boys, and took him to an unknown destination. The IOA fired gas bombs, in addition to hurling gas grenades into the campus, causing many children to suffer the effects of teargas inhalation. (IMEMC 2 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a Palestinian groom and his bride, after stopping their car at the Container military roadblock, north of Bethlehem. The groom and his bride were detained at the roadblock for more than an hour, before the IOA allowed them to leave. The army did not provide any reason for its actions. (IMEMC 2 November 2019)

- Four Palestinian detainees, including a female prisoner, are maintaining their open-ended hunger strike in protest of their illegal imprisonment without charge or trial. The hunger strikers are identified as: 30-year-old prisoner Ismael Ali, a resident of Abu Dis village, in occupied Jerusalem. He has entered his 103rd day of hunger strike. 29-year-old prisoner Musab al-Hindi, a resident of Tell town, southwest of Nablus. He has entered his 41st day of hunger strike, and has been moved to al-Ramleh prison clinic. 42-year-old prisoner Ahmad Zahran has entered his 37th day of hunger strike. 24-year-old Jordanian prisoner Hiba al-Lubadi has entered her 41st day of hunger strike. (IMEMC 3 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the neighborhood of Suwwana, in occupied Jerusalem, and detained Fadi al-Hadmi, a
Palestinian community leader who is a member of the Palestinian government that has worked through non-violent means to assert their sovereignty in the city. While invading al-Hadmi’s home Sunday before dawn, The IOA beat, humiliated and brutalized the government minister in front of his family and children before dragging him away. This is the third time that al-Hadmi has been singled out for arrest by Israeli authorities, who claim they have the jurisdiction to arrest Palestinians in the city of Jerusalem. In addition to detaining him, the Israeli authorities have also summoned him for interrogation on at least 12 occasions. (IMEMC 3 November 2019)

- In Jerusalem’s Old City, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched homes and detained three young Wisam Seder, Yousef al-Hilu and Razaz ar-Razem. (IMEMC 3 November 2019)

- In the area of Khallet Hadour in Hebron, in the southern West Bank, Israeli troops detained Mo’men Abu Shamsiya and Ahmad Al-Yamani. (IMEMC 3 November 2019)

- In Bal’a village, east of Tulkarem, in the northern West Bank, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Nabil Saleh Awwad Hamdan, 52. (IMEMC 3 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Daoud Zakaria Mousa after they raided his family’s house and searched it in Al-Khader village south of Bethlehem. (IMEMC 3 November 2019)

- In Hebron in the southern West Bank, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and ransacked many homes, and detained Mousa al-’Amour and Hasan al-Hreini, from Yatta town, south of the city. The IOA also installed several roadblocks on roads leading to the northern and southern parts of Hebron city, before stopping and searching dozens of cars, and interrogated many Palestinians while inspecting their ID cards. (IMEMC 4 November 2019)

- In Jenin, in northern West Bank, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Jenin refugee camp, searched homes and detained Odai Shawqi Steiti. (IMEMC 4 November 2019)

- In addition, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a woman, identified as Kifah Ammouri, in front of Majeddo prison, while trying to visit her detained son, Wisam Hannoun. The woman, from Jenin refugee camp, was taken prisoner when the families of the detainees protested after the army refused to allow them to give their detained
family members winter clothing. She was released several hours later. (IMEMC 4 November 2019)

- In Nablus, also in northern West Bank, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Mustafa Abu ar-Rob and Ala Sawalma. (IMEMC 4 November 2019)

- In Ramallah, in central West Bank, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a former political prisoner, identified as Tamer Abda, from his home in Kafr Nî’ma village, and Saleh Ata, from Deir Abu Mashal. (IMEMC 4 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded many homes in the al-‘Ezariya town, near occupied East Jerusalem, and detained Amjad Na’im Khatib, along with his son Na’im. (IMEMC 4 November 2019)

- Three Palestinians, identified as Mohammad Younis, Fayeq Habash, and Mohammad Habash, were detained from their homes in the al-‘Isawiya town, in Jerusalem, and Ibrahim Kanaan, from ar-Ram town. (IMEMC 4 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Awni Abu Shamsiyya, 20, and Bassam Abu Aisha, from their homes in Hebron city. (IMEMC 4 November 2019)

- Several army jeeps invaded the al-‘Ezariya town, east of Jerusalem, and detained Amjad Na’im Khatib, after storming his home and searching it. (IMEMC 4 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the al-‘Isawiya town, before detaining Mohammad Younis, Fayeq Habash, and Mohammad Habash, while walking in Dari neighborhood. (IMEMC 4 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Ibrahim Kanaan, from his home in the ar-Ram town, north of Jerusalem. (IMEMC 4 November 2019)

- Four Palestinians were detained from Aida refugee camp in Bethlehem: Marwan Fararja, 18, Omar Emad Radi, Yazan Hamza al-Kurd, 17, and Rami Nasser Assaf, 18. All four teens had previously been imprisoned by Israel without charges under so-called ‘administrative detention’ and had been released. (IMEMC 5 November 2019)
• Four Palestinians from the Hebron Governorate were detained: Issa Ahmed Ta’amra, 22, former prisoner Hassan Mohammed Hassan, 25, and Adel Ahmed Zaqaq, 16. All three are from Beit Ummar town. Also in the Hebron Governorate, Israeli troops detained Musa Gabriel Musa Omar. (IMEMC 5 November 2019)

• In al-Issawiya, Israeli troops detained Mahmoud Fayez Mahmoud, who is the head of the Parents’ Committee of al-Issawiya that has organized a school strike since Saturday, and had just announced a non-violent protest for Tuesday to challenge the daily Israeli invasions of the town. (IMEMC 5 November 2019)

• In al-Issawiya, Israeli troops detained Yousef Ra’ed Abdullah Hamed, 18, Hassan Tayseer Hammad, 18, and Rashad Mohammed. (IMEMC 5 November 2019)

• Israeli authorities in Jerusalem decided to extend the detention of the secretary general of the Fatah movement in al-Issawiya, Yasser Darwish. The targeting and harassment of Palestinian public officials in East Jerusalem has become a commonplace and daily occurrence for Israeli troops. These Palestinian elected officials are generally accused of nothing more than holding a public office. (IMEMC 5 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained two mothers of Palestinian prisoners who had come to the prison of Megiddo to visit their children. The mothers of prisoners Wissam Hanoun and Mustafa al-Qunayri were taken into custody by Israeli troops after a scuffle at the entrance to the prison in which the two mothers were beaten. One of them, the mother of Wissam Hanoun, was released later that night without charges. al-Qunayri’s mother remains in custody. The two mothers were apparently attempting to bring clothes to their sons in prison, since the Israeli authorities do not provide adequate clothing for the cold nights in the drafty Megiddo prison facility. But the prison officials tried to prevent them from bringing the clothes, and instead detained the two women and took them into custody. (IMEMC 5 November 2019)

• Israeli troops invaded al-Issawiya, in the eastern part of Jerusalem, and attacked schoolchildren, detaining three boys. The IOA stormed the village, deployed troops throughout the streets and began firing tear gas into the streets and residences. The IOA also grabbed 3 boys from Mheisen neighborhood in al-Issawiya town and put them into their armored military vehicles to take to an interrogation center. The three
The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the Bethlehem Governorate before dawn and detained three youth and a 45-year-old man suffering from cancer. The attacks took place in Beit Jala town, Aida refugee camp, and al-Izza refugee camp in Bethlehem. Israeli troops invaded the region with multiple armored vehicles and soldiers, and forced their way into several family homes where the residents were sleeping. In al-Izza camp north of Bethlehem, the IOA detained a cancer patient, Nawaf Ismail al-Qaisi, 45. From the same camp, Israeli troops detained Mohammed Nader Jawarish, 17. (IMEMC 6 November 2019)

The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and ransacked many homes in several parts of the governorate of Tulkarem, and detained four Palestinians, including two former political prisoners. The four were identified as Mo’tasem Taiseer Samara, 45, his brother Adnan, 35, in addition to Mustafa Omar Bodeir, 34, and Mohammad Monther az-Zar’ey, 21. (IMEMC 7 November 2019)

The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) searched homes in several parts of the northern West Bank governorate of Nablus, and detained Mousa Ali Bani Odah, Karim ‘Ajaj and Ahmad al-Kharraz. (IMEMC 7 November 2019)

In Hebron, in southern West Bank, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Mahmoud Jawad al-Wawi, a former political prisoner from Halhoul town, north of the city. (IMEMC 7 November 2019)

In Bethlehem, south of occupied Jerusalem, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) abducted two Palestinians, identified as Anas Salah Masa’id, 17, and Omar Khaled Masa’id, 33, from their homes in ‘Aida refugee camp, north of the city. (IMEMC 7 November 2019)

The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the family home of a Palestinian detainee near the central West Bank city of Ramallah, before taking measurements of the property in preparation for detonating it. The IOA invaded and surrounded the entire area of the home of Qassam Barghouthi, in Kobar town, north of Ramallah, before storming the property and taking the measurements. The Israeli army said this step is meant to prepare for detonating the property in the
near future, after determining the needed measures. (IMEMC 7 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shot one Palestinian teenager, and detained him along with another teen, in Beit Ummar, north of Hebron, in the southern part of the occupied West Bank. The IOA ambushed several residents walking in the ath-Thaher area in Beit Ummar, and opened fire at them, wounding a teenager, identified as Amro Arafat Za’aqeeq, 17. The teen was shot with a live round in his leg, before the IOA forced him in their jeep, and drove to the nearby Karmie Tzur settlement. The IOA also prevented his father from seeing his wounded son and pushed him out of the area. In addition, the IOA detained Rami Rafiq al-‘Allami, 17, from the same area, while he was working at a construction site. Many Palestinian workers and residents tried to de-arrest the teen, but the IOA started firing live rounds in the air, before taking him to Karmie Tzur settlement. (IMEMC 7 November 2019)

- Three Palestinian administrative detainees in Israeli jails remain on hunger strike against their illegal incarceration without charge or trial, one of them for 109 days in a row. Ismail Ali, from the town of Abu Dis, east of Jerusalem, has been on hunger strike for 109 days today. His health has seriously deteriorated due to his long fast, including severe weight loss, reduction in vision and mobility. Another administrative detainee, Musab al-Hendi, on hunger strike for 47 days in protest against his administrative detention without charge or trial, was recently moved to hospital following a deterioration in her health. The third hunger striker, Ahmad Zahran, on hunger strike for 49 days, is also suffering a critical health condition as a result of the prolonged fast. Zahran had his administrative detention order extended by four months, two days before his current sentence was supposed to end. Administrative detention is the imprisonment of Palestinians, by the Israeli state, without charge or trial, on orders from a military commander, on the basis of secret evidence. (IMEMC 9 November 2019)

- The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) detained a Palestinian citizen on the eastern border of the Gaza Strip. The IOA claimed the detainee was arrested while attempting to infiltrate into the Palestinian territories occupied since 1948. The detainee was taken for interrogation without giving further details. (PALINFO 9 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Beit Ummar town, north of the southern West Bank city of Hebron, and detained two former
political prisoners. The IOA invaded and violently searched a few homes in the town, before detaining the two former political prisoners. The detained Palestinians have been identified as Mohammad Kassab Bahar, 23, and Bashar Yousef at-Teet, 19. The IOA also summoned Ahmad Husam Bahar, 16, for interrogation in Etzion military base and security center, north of Hebron. (IMEMC 10 November 2019)

- Four Palestinian detainees are ongoing with hunger strikes in Israeli prisons, protesting their continued arbitrary Administrative Detention, without charges or trial, including one who started the strike 111 days ago. One of the detainees, identified as Ismael Ali, 30, from Abu Dis town near occupied Jerusalem, began his strike 111 days ago, and is facing various serious complications. The second detainee is Ahmad Zahran, 42, from Deir Abu Mashal town, near Ramallah in central West Bank; he began the strike 51 days ago. The third detainee is Mosab al-Hindi, 29, from Tal town near the northern West Bank city of Nablus, and started the hunger strike 49 days ago. Zahran and al-Hindi are in the infamous Ramla Prison Clinic, which lacks basic supplies, and are facing constant fatigue but are refusing any medications or checkups. The fourth detainee, Yacoub Hussein, 26, from the al-Jalazoun refugee camp near Ramallah, and is holding a hunger strike protesting his Administrative Detention orders and being held in solidarity confinement. Hussein has lost more than 20 kilograms of his body weight, and is currently unable to walk or stand, in addition to needing a wheelchair due to various health complications. (IMEMC 11 November 2019)

- In Bethlehem, the Israeli occupation Army (IOA) detained Hamza Emad Al-Kamel, 18, and Mohammad Emad Al-Harimi, 18, after the IOA raided and searched their homes in Wadi Shaheen area in the center of Bethlehem. (IMEMC 11 November 2019)

- In Jenin, in the northern West Bank, the Israeli occupation Army (IOA) detained Qais Mohammad Jabareen after they stormed Jenin refugee camp, invaded his home and pulled him from his bed where he was sleeping. They also ransacked and searched his home. Protests also erupted between Palestinian civilians and the Israeli forces during the invasion of Jenin refugee camp, during which the IOA fired tear gas canisters, rubber bullets, and live bullets. No injuries were reported. (IMEMC 11 November 2019)

- In Hebron, Israeli troops detained 3 Palestinians: Mohammad Walid Al-Zama’erah, Ahmad Mousa Abu Rayan and Samer Jamal Madih. They raided and searched a number of houses belonging to Jamal
Mahmoud Madiya, Adnan Ishaq Al-Qashqish, Suhaib Abu Rayyan and others. (IMEMC 11 November 2019)

- The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) kidnapped one of the Aqsa Mosque guards during his presence near al-Rahma prayer building. Aqsa guard Ihab Abu Ghazalah was working in the vicinity of the Mosque’s Bab al-Rahma building when police officer rounded him up and took him to one of their stations in the holy city. Abu Ghazalah had been arrested last month after he photographed police officers during their raid on the Bab al-Rahma building. (PALINFO 12 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Kafr Aqab town, north of occupied East Jerusalem, and stormed the home of Obai ‘Aboudi, before violently searching the property, and took him to an unknown destination. The Palestinian is the head of Bisan Center for Research & Development; The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed their home approximately at 3 at dawn, and ransacked it before detaining him. (IMEMC 13 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Amro Barghouthi, 20, from his home in the at-Tira neighborhood, in Ramallah, in central West Bank. The Palestinian is a student of the nearby Birzeit University. (IMEMC 13 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a Palestinian university student from Tarqoumia town, west of the southern West Bank city of Hebron, and illegally confiscated cash and a computer. The IOA stormed and ransacked the home of Mohammad Sa’adi Abu Dabbous, the coordinator of the Fateh Movement at Palestine Polytechnic University in Hebron. The IOA searched the property, before detaining him, and invaded his father’s Currency Exchange shop, before ransacking it and confiscating cash and a computer. (IMEMC 13 November 2019)

- In Hebron, in southern West Bank, The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Mohammad Sa’adi Abu Dabbous, the coordinator of the Fateh Movement at Palestine Polytechnic University in Hebron, after invading his family’s home and searching it, in Tarqoumia town. The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) also invaded his father’s currency exchange shop, and illegally confiscated cash and a computer. (IMEMC 13 November 2019)

- In Ramallah, in central West Bank, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Mousa Wael Hamed, 19, and Ali Kheirallah Hamed, from
their homes in Silwad town, in addition to Omar Barghouti, 20, a student at Birzeit University. (IMEMC 13 November 2019)

- In occupied Jerusalem, at least 50 Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the home of Mohammad Abdul-Mon‘em al-Ja’bari, 60, and searched the property for many hours, causing serious property damage, before detaining him. (IMEMC 13 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Kafr Aqab town, north of Jerusalem, and stormed the home of Obai ʿAboudi, before violently searching the property. The Palestinian is the head of Bisan Center for Research & Development; the IOA stormed the home approximately at 3 at dawn and ransacked it before detaining him. (IMEMC 13 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Ahmad Saleh Othman, 21, Bassam Oleyyan and Mohammad Abu Ghrabiyya, from Jerusalem. (IMEMC 13 November 2019)

- A Palestinian, identified as Nassim Matahen, 18, from Jenin in northern West Bank, was detained at the al-Jalama military roadblock, while on his way to visit with his detained brother, imprisoned by Israel at the Negev Detention Camp, in the Negev Desert.

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Abdul-Hadi Raed Sha’lan, from Beit Sahour town, east of Bethlehem, south of Jerusalem. (IMEMC 13 November 2019)

- In Bethlehem, south of occupied East Jerusalem, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Jabal al-Mawaleh area, and detained Hamza Osama al-ʿAjouri, 26. (IMEMC 14 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded villages of Harmala, Hindaza, and Rakhma, near Bethlehem. (IMEMC 14 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the al-ʿArroub refugee camp, north of the southern West Bank city of Hebron, and searched several homes, before detaining Rami Abed Jawabra and Ehab Jawabra. Several Palestinians protested the invasion, and hurled stones at the army jeeps, while the soldiers fired gas bombs and concussion grenades at them and surrounding homes. (IMEMC 14 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched many homes in the central West Bank governorate of Ramallah and al-Biereh,
and detained four Palestinians, identified as Adham Qindah, Mohammad ad-Dasht, Khalid Hadaba, and Mohammad Sharqawi. (IMEMC 14 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a former political prisoner, identified as Sa’id Ali Qabalawi, from Burqin town, west of the northern West Bank city of Jenin.

- In Bethlehem, south of occupied Jerusalem, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Hamza Osama Ajjouri, 26. (IMEMC 14 November 2019)

- In Hebron, in southern West Bank, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the al-‘Arroub refugee camp, searched homes and detained Rami Abed Jawabra, 23 and Ehab Jawabra. (IMEMC 14 November 2019)

- In occupied Jerusalem, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Mohammad Abu Oweis, 28. (IMEMC 14 November 2019)

- Several army jeeps invaded the village of As Sawahreh IN Jerusalem before the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a few homes. The IOA detained Monir Dar’awi, 28, and Eyad Abdullah Ghawarna, 44, and took them to an unknown destination. (IMEMC 15 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Mohammad Jawdat Milhim, 22, from Halhoul town, north of the southern West Bank city of Hebron, after stopping him at the Container military roadblock, north of Bethlehem. (IMEMC 15 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Silwad town, east of Ramallah, before the IOA stormed and ransacked many homes, and detained three Palestinians, including two children. The two detained Palestinians were identified as Ahmad Ayed Hamed, 13, Jawad Omar Hamed, 13, and Mousa Wael Hamed, 19. (IMEMC 17 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded al-‘Arroub refugee camp, north of the southern West Bank city of Hebron, before detained Nadim Abu Jouda. (IMEMC 17 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the Shiokh town, northeast of Hebron, and summoned Mohammad Yousef Warasna for interrogation in Shiokh town, northeast of Hebron. (IMEMC 17 November 2019)
The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained three Palestinians, including one woman, in front of the Hebrew University in occupied Jerusalem, after many students held a nonviolent activity in solidarity with the slain Palestinians in Gaza, and Israel’s arbitrary excessive use of force against civilians. The IOA resorted to the excessive use of force against the nonviolent protesters, before detaining three, including a young woman. The students were just practicing their legitimate right to protest the Israeli crimes against the civilians and the escalating violations against the Palestinian people. (IMEMC 18 November 2019)

The wife and the brother of a Palestinian prisoner in Israel were arrested while attempting to visit the detainee. The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained the wife of Ramadan Eid Mashahreh, along with his brother, at Hadarim prison, for no apparent reason. Mashahreh, 43, from Jabal al-Mukabber neighborhood in occupied East Jerusalem, and was detained on July 6, 2002. His brother, Fahmi, was also arrested two months later, and both were sentenced to 20 life terms. Mashahreh was subjected to harsh interrogation by the IOA after his detention, in addition, Israel demolished their family home, years after Mashahreh was sentenced. (IMEMC 18 November 2019)

In Hebron in southern West Bank, The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) stormed many homes in several parts of the governorate, and detained five Palestinians, including the secretary of Fateh movement. Among the invaded homes are those belonging to two former political prisoners, one from Hebron city, identified as Bilal Abu Sneina, and the second Ma’rouf Abu Fara, from Surif town, west of the city. The IOA detained Fateh secretary Hazem Abu Sbeih, in the Ibrahimi Mosque area, in Hebron city. (IMEMC 18 November 2019)

The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) detained Mohammad Issa Zama’ra and Ghassan Hasan Sharif, from Halhoul town and the al-’Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron. (IMEMC 18 November 2019)

The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) detained Ahmad Masalma and Qassem Masalma, from Beit Awwa town, south of Hebron. (IMEMC 18 November 2019)

In Tubas, in northeastern West Bank, the Israeli occupation Army (IOA) detained a former political prisoner, identified as Zeid Mohammad Sarhan, from his home in the al-Far’a refugee camp, after invading and ransacking it. The head of the Palestinian Prisoners’
Society’s office in Tubas, Mahmoud Sawafta, said Sarhan suffers from various health issues and underwent a Kidney transplant surgery two years ago. (IMEMC 18 November 2019)

- In Ramallah, in central West Bank, the Israeli occupation Army (IOA) detained Hazem Khalifa, from the al-Jalazoun refugee camp, north of the city. (IMEMC 18 November 2019)

- The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) detained a Palestinian who remained unidentified at the time of this report, and was taken prisoner from an apartment building in Ein Misbah neighborhood in Ramallah city. (IMEMC 18 November 2019)

- The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) fired gas bombs and concussion grenades at protesters in the al-Irsal neighborhood in Ramallah. (IMEMC 18 November 2019)

- In Tulkarem, in northern West Bank, the Israeli occupation Army (IOA) detained a former political prisoner, identified as Omar Sari A’mar, from his home in Anabta town, north of the city. (IMEMC 18 November 2019)

- In Nablus, also in northern West Bank, the Israeli occupation Army (IOA) detained Azzam Abdul-Karim Hamad, from his home in Sebastia town, north of the city. (IMEMC 18 November 2019)

- The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) detained a Palestinian merchant while trying to cross the Erez Terminal with the besieged Gaza Strip. The merchant, identified as Adel Mohammad Hussein, headed to Erez and was interrogated for some hours before he was taken prisoner. The detention brings the number of merchants, who were taken prisoner at the Israeli controlled Erez Terminal since the beginning of the year to seven. The IOA also detained three other Palestinians, including one who was accompanying a patient, seeking treatment in Jerusalem. (IMEMC 18 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained 25 Palestinians, including several children, and former political prisoners, in the occupied West Bank, especially in occupied East Jerusalem. The IOA invaded and ransacked dozens of homes, causing property damage, and interrogated scores of Palestinians while inspecting their ID cards. The army also installed many roadblocks around the West Bank, especially in East Jerusalem, and Hebron governorate in southern West Bank, before stopping and searching dozens of cars, and interrogated the

The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded al-‘Isawiya town in the occupied Palestinian capital, Jerusalem, stormed and ransacked dozens of homes, before detaining fifteen Palestinians, and summoned seven others for interrogation. The IOA soldiers invaded the town from several directions, before they started breaking into homes and ransacking them, and interrogated many residents. It is worth mentioning that the town has been subject to ongoing Israeli violations and invasions of homes and property, in addition to the abduction and imprisonment of dozens of its indigenous Palestinian inhabitants, and the illegal demolition of homes and structures. The detained Palestinians have been identified as: Mohammad Ibrahim Obeid. Mohammad Mobtasim Obeid. Yazen Bassam Obeid. Mohammad Na’el Obeid. Mohammad Wa’el Obeid. Elias Hasan Obeid. Mohammad Walid Obeid. Bashar Ayman Obeid. Mohammad Aziz Obeid. Roshdi Bahai Obeid. Nayef Esmat Obeid. Mahmoud Sa’adi Rajabi. Mohammad Ashraf Abu al-Hummus. Ahmad Haitham Mahmoud.

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a Palestinian scout leader and a basketball referee, identified as George Abu Ghazala, from his home in the central West Bank city of Ramallah, and took him to an unknown destination. The IOA stormed George’s home and ransacked it, before detaining him, without providing any justification. The detained Palestinian is a basketball referee and a senior leader of a local scout troop in Ramallah. (IMEMC 19 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Qussai Ziad al-Alama, 22, from Beit Ummar town, north of Hebron, while walking at the main entrance of the city. (IMEMC 20 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Mousa Issa Awad, and his son Sa’ad, from Yatta town, south of Hebron, after stopping them at a military roadblock near the entrance road of Nablus city, in northern West Bank. (IMEMC 20 November 2019)

• In Hebron, in southern West Bank, The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and ransacked several homes in the al-'Arroub refugee camp, north of the city, and detained Khaled Salim Roshdi and Hasan Maher Sharif, while Mohammad Khaled al-Moghrabi was taken prisoner from his home in Hebron city. (IMEMC 20 November 2019)

• In Tulkarem, in northern West Bank, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Tareq Mahmoud ad-Doosh, 25, and Mahmoud Abdul-Hamid Sudani, 23, while crossing Ennab Military roadblock. (IMEMC 20 November 2019)

• In Nablus, in northern West Bank, the The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Abdul-Karim Shaher Mleitat, 35, from his home in Beit Forik town, southeast of the city. (IMEMC 20 November 2019)

• In Salfit, in central West Bank, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Adnan Samara, 34, from his home in Bruqin town, west of the city. (IMEMC 20 November 2019)

• In occupied Jerusalem, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and ransacked the home of the head of the Health Ministry office, Samir Jibril, and detained him. (IMEMC 20 November 2019)
• The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) stormed Rummanah town, west of the West Bank city of Jenin, amid heavy firing of tear gas canisters. The IOA deployed at the entrance of the town, blocked it, and hindered the movement of Palestinian vehicles. (PALINFO 20 November 2019)

• In Hebron, in southern West Bank, several army jeeps invaded Beit Ummar town, north of the city, and ransacked a home before detaining a young woman, who is in her fourth year at Palestine Polytechnic University. The young woman, identified as Leen Akef Awad, 23, is also an elected member of the Students’ Council at her college. The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) violently searched the home, and confiscated a Laptop, a computer, mobile phones and even a landline phone owned by the family. The IOA took the detained Palestinian to Etzion military base, north of Hebron. (IMEMC 21 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Shiokh town, east of Hebron, and detained Yousef Warasna, after storming and ransacking his home. (IMEMC 21 November 2019)

• In occupied Jerusalem, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Silwan town, south of the Al-Aqsa Mosque, and detained Yousef Ashour, 17, after invading and violently searching his family’s home in Batn al-Hawa neighborhood. (IMEMC 21 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Jerusalem Governor, Adnan Gheith, from his home in Silwan town. The governor has been detained more than thirteen times since he took office, and was banned from entering all other areas in the West Bank for twelve months. (IMEMC 21 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained in Jerusalem, the Director of the Education Ministry Samir Jibreel, and Ziad Shamali, who heads the Parents’ Council of Jerusalem Students. (IMEMC 21 November 2019)

• In Bethlehem, south of occupied Jerusalem, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched homes in the Deheishe refugee camp, south of the city, before detaining two Palestinians identified as Odai Adnan Shehada, 23, and Khalil Mohammad al-Banna, 24. (IMEMC 21 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Aseera al-Qibliyya town, south of the northern West Bank city of Nablus, and confiscated a
bulldozer, owned by Ali Issa Makhlof, from his own land. (IMEMC 21 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded al-‘Isawiya, in occupied East Jerusalem and fired many gas bombs, concussion grenades and rubber-coated steel bullets at youngsters, protesting the invasion into ‘Obeid neighborhood in the town. Dozens of Palestinians suffered the effects of teargas inhalation. The IOA also detained two young men, identified as Ala Esmat Obeid and Mahmoud Sa’adi Rajabi, and took him to an interrogation facility in occupied Jerusalem. (IMEMC 22 November 2018)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a young man, identified as Ayyoub Shehada al-Hawamda, from the as-Sammoa’ town, south of the southern West Bank city of Hebron, after summoning him for interrogation in Etzion military base and security center, north of Hebron. The Palestinian was summoned for interrogation when the IOA stormed and ransacked his home. (IMEMC 22 November 2018)

- The Israeli occupation police detained one of the Aqsa Mosque guards during his presence near al-Rahma prayer building. Al Aqsa guard Ihab Abu Ghazalah was working in the vicinity of the Mosque’s Bab al-Rahma building when police officer rounded him up and took him to one of their stations in the holy city. Abu Ghazalah had been arrested last month after he photographed police officers during their raid on the Bab al-Rahma building. (PALINFO 22 November 2018)

- A video showing the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a 13-year-old Palestinian boy in the southern West Bank city of Hebron, and, while blindfolded, walking him through the streets. On November 3 at about 11:30 am local time, the IOA detained Abed al-Razeq Idris, 13, put him and a jeep, blindfolded him and drove him around. They then took him to another neighborhood about one kilometer from his home where they took him out of the jeep and walked him, blindfolded, through the streets. (BTSELEM, IMEMC 23 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded, the al-‘Isawiya town, in occupied East Jerusalem, detained two young Palestinian men, and injured several others. Several army jeeps invaded al-‘Isawiya, and fired many gas bombs, concussion grenades and rubber-coated steel bullets at youngsters, protesting the invasion into ‘Obeid neighborhood in the town. Dozens of Palestinians suffered the effects of teargas inhalation. The IOA detained two young men, identified as
Ala Esmat Obeid and Mahmoud Sa’adi Rajabi, and took him to an interrogation facility in occupied Jerusalem. (IMEMC 23 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a young man, identified as Ayyoub Shehada al-Hawamda, from the as-Sammoa’ town, south of the southern West Bank city of Hebron, after summoning him for interrogation in Etzion military base and security center, north of Hebron. The Palestinian was summoned for interrogation when the IOA stormed and ransacked his home. (IMEMC 23 November 2019)

• Three Palestinian children were detained by The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA), while they were leaving school in Beit Ummar in northern Hebron. The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained the minors, in the southern occupied West Bank city of Hebron after they left school, taking them to a police station in the illegal settlement of Kiryat Arba. (IMEMC 24 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Lu’ay Fawwaz ‘Aabed, from his home in Surif town, northwest of Hebron in the southern part of the occupied West Bank. (IMEMC 24 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Salem Malaysha and Hasan Malaysha, from Jaba’ town, south of the northern West Bank city of Jenin, after stopping them near a gate of the illegal Annexation Wall close to the nearby Qaffin town. (IMEMC

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a former political prisoner, identified as Qais Mohammad Abu Mariya, 17, from Beit Ummar town, north of Hebron in the southern part of the occupied West Bank. (IMEMC 24 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Abdul-Rahman Taiseer Abu Sbeih, from Hebron city in the southern West Bank. (IMEMC 24 November 2019)

• Several Israeli army occupation (IOA) jeeps invaded the al-‘Azza refugee camp, north of Bethlehem, searched homes and detained Nour Mahmoud Abu Tarboush, 14, and Omar Sobhi Abu Sha’ira, 18. (IMEMC 25 November 2019)

• The Israeli occupation army (IOA) invaded the towns of Harmala, Rakhma and Rafida, east of Bethlehem. (IMEMC 25 November 2019)
The Israeli army occupation (IOA) invaded Tammoun town and the al-Far’a refugee camp, south of Tubas, searched homes and detained Ismael Abdul-Aziz Bani Odah, 23, and Ahmad Omar Sobeh. (IMEMC 25 November 2019)


The Israeli occupation army (IOA) detained three Palestinians, including a former political prisoner, in Hebron governorate, in the southern part of the occupied West Bank. The IOA stormed and ransacked many homes and interrogated several Palestinians while inspecting their ID cards. The three detained Palestinians were identified as Lu'ay Fawwaz ‘Aabed, from his home in Surif town, northwest of Hebron, in addition to a former political prisoner, identified as Qais Mohammad Abu Mariya, 17, from Beit Ummar town, north of Hebron, and Abdul-Rahman Taiseer Abu Sbeih, from Hebron city. (IMEMC 25 November 2019)

The Israeli occupation army (IOA) detained Salem Malaysha and Hasan Malaysha, from Jaba’ town, south of the northern West Bank city of Jenin, after stopping them near a gate of the illegal Annexation Wall close to the nearby Qaffin town. (IMEMC 25 November 2019)

The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained three Palestinians, including two former prisoners, after ransacking their homes in Kafr Ra’i town, south of the northern West Bank city of Jenin. (IMEMC 26 November 2019)

The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a Palestinian from the neighboring town of Yaabad. (IMEMC 26 November 2019)

The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Qalqilia city, and rounded up another former prisoner, after storming and thoroughly searching his house. (IMEMC 26 November 2019)
• In Jerusalem Governorate, The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Biddu town, northwest of Jerusalem city, resulting in the detention of a former prisoner. (IMEMC 26 November 2019)

• In Bethlehem Governorate, Israeli military vehicles stormed al-Dawha area, southwest of Bethlehem city, where The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a Palestinian. (IMEMC 26 November 2019)

• In Hebron Governorate, an overnight Israeli military raid was conducted in Beit Awwa town, southwest of Hebron city, resulting in the detention of a Palestinian. (IMEMC 26 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) rounded up two Palestinians as they were refurbishing a Palestinian house in Wadi al-Hassin in the old section of the southern West Bank city of Hebron. The detainees were identified as employees of the Hebron Rehabilitation Committee (HRC), Mohammad Sa’adi Rajabi and Ali ‘Ahdi Ja’bari, which rehabilitates Palestinian houses in the old city to help Palestinians maintain their presence in the most tense and volatile cities in the west Bank. The two were detained while working in an old home, owned by Jamil Abu Es’eifan in Wad al-Hasseen area. The two workers were moved to an interrogation facility in Kiryat Arba’ illegal colony, in Hebron. (IMEMC 26 November 2019)

• Members of a Palestinian family suffered injuries when the Israeli occupation Army (IOA) attacked their home in Hizma town, east of Jerusalem. (IMEMC 26 November 2019)

• The incident happened when the IOA chased a group of youths in Martyr Mohamed Kanaan neighborhood in the central area of the town and showered a house belonging to the family of Kanaan with tear gas grenades. Consequently, all members of the family, including an infant, suffered from their exposure to tear gas, which spread inside the house. (IMEMC 26 November 2019)

• In Hebron, in the southern West Bank, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Beit Kahil Town, northwest of Hebron, and detained Mohammad Ja’far Atawna, Qassem Yousef Atawna and Bashar Yousef Atawna. (IMEMC 27 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Deir Samit town, northwest of Hebron, and detained Abdul-Basset al-Hroub from his home. (IMEMC 27 November 2019)
• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Silwan town, in occupied East Jerusalem, searched homes and detained Omran Mofeed Khdour, 18, Ala’ Mohammad al-Abbassi, 16, Mo’men al-Abbassi, 17, Mos’ab Mahmoud al-Abbassi, 16, and Hatem Jaber al-Abbassi, 17. The IOA also launched a drone during the invasion and the searches of homes in Silwan. (IMEMC 27 November 2019)

• The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) detained two university students from Ramallah and confiscated security camera recordings during a campaign in southern Nablus. The IOA detained two Birzeit University students identified as Mohamed al-Maliki and Harounn Safa at the entrance to Kafr Malik village, northeast of Ramallah. (PALINFO 28 November 2019)

• The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) assaulted, three young Palestinian men, and abducted them, in the al-Waad Street, in the Old City of occupied East Jerusalem. The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) stopped three young men, identified as Abada Najeeb, Mohammad Abu Sneina and Waleed Tuffaha, and started interrogating them while inspecting their ID cards. The IOA assaulted the three Palestinians, and were hurling insults at them, leading to a scuffle, before they were detained. (IMEMC 28 November 2019)

• The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) detained five young Palestinian men from their homes in the Jenin and Hebron governorates, in the northern and southern parts of the occupied West Bank. In Jenin said several armored military jeeps invaded Jenin refugee camp, before the IOA stormed and ransacked many homes. The IOA detained four Palestinians, identified as Ahmad Mohammad al-Amer, Yazid Ja’absa, in addition to Yazid Abdul-Hadi Saffouri and his brother, Ahmad. (IMEMC 28 November 2019)

• In Tulkarem governorate, in northern West Bank, the Israeli occupation Army (IOA) invaded and ransacked the home of a former political prisoner, identified as Mohammad Naji Sabha, in Anabta town, east of Tulkarem city.

• Several army jeeps invaded the al-‘Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron, searched homes, and detained Khader Mohammad Sharif, 24. (IMEMC 28 November 2019)

• The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) stationed at the Erez (Beit Hanoun) Terminal, in northern Gaza, detained a Palestinian man who was accompanying his ailing brother to a hospital in the occupied West Bank.
Bank. The IOA detained Mousa Marzouq Abu Taha, 47, from Tal al-Sultan neighborhood, west of Rafah, in the southern part of the Gaza Strip, while he was accompanying his brother who was heading to the West Bank to undergo an eye surgery. The incident took place when the IOA informed Mousa that he needs to be interviewed at 9 in the morning at the terminal, so that he can obtain a permit to accompany his brother, however, once he went there, he was instantly detained. (IMEMC 28 November 2019)

- The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) invaded Surif town, northwest of Hebron, and detained a Palestinian Police officer, identified as Ghassan Abu Fara, after storming and ransacking his home. Abu Fara has three other brothers who are imprisoned by Israel. (IMEMC 29 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted, a young Palestinian man in occupied East Jerusalem, causing various cuts and bruises, before detaining him. The IOA assaulted the young man, identified as Morad Omar Darwish, near Bab al-‘Amoud, in Jerusalem. The Palestinian is from the al-‘Isawiya town, in Jerusalem. The IOA were kicking and beating the young man, before moving him to an interrogation facility in the occupied city. The incident took place after the army attacked dozens of Palestinians, and prevented them from entering the Al-Aqsa Mosque for Friday prayers. (IMEMC 30 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Mu’men Owainat and Rashed Abu Asab at the southern entrance to Qalqilya city during clashes with local youths in a nearby area. (PALINFO 30 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Yaser Sadaqa, a resident of Anzah village in Jenin, at a checkpoint in Huwara town, south of Nablus. (PALINFO 30 November 2019)

- The Israeli occupation police detained a Palestinian young man after physically assaulting him near Bab al-Amoud area in the Old City of Jerusalem. Police officers beat a young man identified as Murad Dirweesh from Issawiya, subdued him and took him to one of their stations in the holy city. (PALINFO 30 November 2019)

**Israeli Settler Violence**

- Several Israeli settlers invaded a Palestinian orchard in Yasuf village, east of the central West Bank city of Salfit, and stole a donkey, blankets and olive picking tools. The settlers came from Taffuh settlement, stole a donkey, in addition to blankets and olive picking tools, owned by a
local farmer, identified as Jabr Abdul-Hamid Bayer. (IMEMC 1 November 2019)

- Israeli settlers attacked in the morning hours a Palestinian family in the town of Dura in the south of the West Bank and beat its members despite the presence of the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in the area. Settlers broke into a land west of Dura, located near Negohout settlement, forcing the landowners to defend their land. The settlers attacked the family and got into a fist fight with its members. The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in the area intervened on behalf of the settlers and fired teargas at the Palestinians causing suffocation cases among them who required treatment. (WAFA 2 November 2019)

- Several Israeli settlers invaded a Palestinian olive orchard, and harvested nearly 300 trees before stealing the produce. The settlers came from Rahalim nearby settlement. The settlers harvested and stole the produce of nearly 300 Palestinian olive trees, before fleeing to their settlement. Once the Palestinians were able to enter their orchards, isolated behind the Annexation Wall, some settlers attacked them and forced them away, while the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) did not intervene. (IMEMC 3 November 2019)

- Several Israeli settlers invaded a Palestinian orchard in Yasuf village, east of the central West Bank city of Salfit, and stole a donkey, blankets and olive picking tools. (IMEMC 3 November 2019)

- Israeli settlers stole the olive harvest of Palestinian farmers in the village of Qaryout, just south of the northern West Bank city of Nablus. A number of Palestinian farmers entered their olive groves adjacent to the nearby settlement of Eli, but they were completely shocked to find out that Israeli settlers had stole their harvest and placed iron barriers obstructing Palestinian access to the land. (IMEMC 4 November 2019)

- An Israeli settler driving at high speed ran over, and injured a Palestinian girl, on a road in Bethlehem, in the southern occupied West Bank. The settler rammed his car into a young girl as she was walking with her brother, along the road, near the Israeli settlement of Efrat in Bethlehem, and escaped the scene. The girl was identified as Dunya Awwad from the village of Wad Rahhal in southern Bethlehem. (IMEMC 4 November 2019)

- Israeli settlers stole the olive harvest of Palestinian farmers in the village of Qaryout, just south of the northern West Bank city of Nablus. A number of Palestinian farmers entered their olive groves adjacent to the encroaching nearby settlement of Eli, but they were completely
shocked to find out that Israeli settlers had stole their harvest and placed iron barriers obstructing Palestinian access to the land. (IMEMC 4 November 2019)

- Several Israeli settlers invaded a Palestinian olive orchard, and flooded it with wastewater, in the al-Jab’a village, southwest of Bethlehem, south of occupied Jerusalem in the West Bank. Israeli settlers came from Beit Ayin settlement. The IOA flooded five Dunams (1.23 Acres) of olive orchards in Wad al-Khanzeer area, and that the trees are owned by the family of the late Mohammad Ibrahim Abu Loha. The Palestinians cannot enter the orchards in that area without a prior permit from the military, because they are isolated behind the illegal Annexation Wall, and that they discovered their olive orchard was flooded with wastewater from the nearby settlement. (IMEMC 4 November 2019)

- Israeli settlers stole the olive harvest of Palestinian farmers in the village of al-Lubban al-Sharqiya, to the south of the northern West Bank city of Nablus. A number of Palestinian farmers reported that Israeli settlers from the nearby settlement of Eli had stolen the harvest of about 900 of their olive trees. (WAFA 5 November 2019)

- Israeli settlers stole an olive harvest belonging to Palestinian farmers in the village of al-Lubban al-Sharqiya, to the south of the northern West Bank city of Nablus. Israeli settlers from the nearby settlement of Eli had stolen the harvest of about 900 of their olive trees. (IMEMC 6 November 2019)

- Dozens of Israeli settlers stormed al-Aqsa Mosque in Jerusalem while escorted by a large police force. 57 Jewish settlers, led by Israel’s former Minister of Agriculture Uri Ariel, broke into al-Aqsa Mosque in the morning. The settlers roamed al-Aqsa Mosque’s courtyards and performed provocative rituals at the site before they left through al-Silsila Gate. (PALINFO 6 November 2019)

- Israeli settlers vandalized Palestinian vehicles in the northern West Bank village of Qabalan. Settlers from the Rehalim settlement sneaked into the village during the night and slashed tires of two vehicles and a tractor and spray-painted racist anti-Arab slogans on the walls. This is the second time this week settlers vandalize village property. (WAFA 7 November 2019)

- Israeli settlers, stole an olive harvest belonging to Palestinian farmers in the village of al-Lubban al-Sharqiya, to the south of the northern West Bank city of Nablus. A number of Israeli settlers from the nearby
illegal settlement of Elieh had stolen the harvest of about 900 of their olive trees. (IMEMC 8 November 2019)

- Israeli settlers from Halamish settlement shattered six olive trees in the village of Um Safs, to the west of Ramallah in the occupied West Bank. Settlers broke into a grove planted with olives in the village, before shattering six trees which belong to two brothers from the village. (WAFA 8 November 2019)

- Israeli settlers sneaked their way into the village of Hizma, about five kilometres to the northeast of Jerusalem, and punctured the tires of about 20 Palestinian-owned vehicles. The settlers sneaked their way into the village, punctured the tires of parked vehicles and spray-painted racist graffiti and slogans on vehicles and houses. (PALINFO, WAFA 8 November 2019)

- Israeli settlers from the settlement of Rahalim chopped off about 60 olive trees in al-Sawiya village. The settlers broke into Palestinian-owned groves in the village, before they proceeded to chop off about 60 trees which belong to three Palestinian villagers from from as-Sawiya. (IMEMC 10 November 2019)

- Israeli settlers from the settlement of Rahalim chopped 58 olive trees in the village of Yasuf in Salfit Governorate. The 60 trees belong to three Palestinian villagers from from the village. (IMEMC 10 November 2019)

- A group of Israeli settlers, squatting on Palestinian lands near Bethlehem, south of occupied Jerusalem in the West Bank, and attacked several Palestinians, in addition to using fireworks against them, in al-Jab’a village, southeast of Bethlehem. The attack was carried out by more than ten settlers who used fireworks in assaulting the Palestinians before the locals intercepted their invasion and prevented from reaching its center. The settlers then ran towards the eastern entrance of the village and stayed there for some time until the army arrived, and retreated to their settlement. (IMEMC 10 November 2019)

- A group of settlers came from Rahalim settlement, cut and uprooted more than 60 olive trees in Hareyeq Rayyan area, west of the as-Sawiya village, south of Nablus, and Yasuf village, east of Salfit. The trees are owned by Abdullah Abu Ras, Fawwaz Abu Qotban and Ziad ed-Deek, In Hareyeq Rayyan, in addition to Abdul-Rahman Mousa Hussein and
Ma’rouf Issa Hussein, in the al-Mahawer area, east of Yasuf. (IMEMC 10 November 2019)

- Israeli settlers slashed tires of seven Palestinian-owned vehicles and spray-painted racist slogans in the village of Urif, south of the northern West Bank city of Nablus. The settlers sneaked into the village, slashed tires of parked vehicles and spray-painted racists graffiti and slogans on some vehicles. (WAFA 12 November 2019)

- Dozens of Jewish settlers desecrated the Aqsa Mosque’s courtyards under heavy police guard. The police forces escorted at least 123 settlers into the Mosque compound and provided protection for them as they were touring the Mosque’ courtyards. (PALINFO 13 November 2019)

- Several Israeli settlers infiltrated into Qarawat Bani Hassan village, west of Salfit in central West Bank, before writing racist graffiti on a few walls, including a mosque, and punctured the tires of at least 30 cars. The settlers came from the Havat Yair outposts which was built on stolen Palestinian lands. The settlers wrote racist graffiti on the walls of many homes, the local mosque, and several cars. The attack took place in an area which is subject to frequent Israeli violations, and added that, just a few days ago, the settlers burnt a barn, owned by a local, identified as Mahmoud Abdul-Aziz Mer’ey. (IMEMC 14 November 2019)

- At least 244 Jewish settlers desecrated the Aqsa Mosque’s courtyards in Occupied Jerusalem. Dozens of police officers escorted the settlers as they were touring the Mosque’s courtyards. The settlers included 97 students of Israeli universities and religious institutes, 40 government employees and eight intelligence officers. (PALINFO 14 November 2019)

- Israeli settlers attacked Palestinian citizens during olive harvest in Jaloud town south of Nablus City. Hordes of Israeli settlers assaulted Palestinian olive pickers in their groves in Jaloud town. The Palestinian farmers were beaten, forced out of their groves, and prevented from picking olives. (PALINFO 15 November 2019)

- A group of Israeli settlers invaded Palestinian olive orchards in Sheikh Bishir area, east of Jaloud village, south of Nablus. The settlers assaulted several Palestinians, and chased others, in addition to preventing them from harvesting their olive trees. (IMEMC 16 November 2019)

- About 152 Jewish settlers desecrated the Aqsa Mosque in groups under tight police protection. Israeli police forces escorted different groups of settlers during their tours of the Mosque’s courtyards. The settlers
included 60 students of religious institutes and 29 government employees. The Aqsa Mosque is exposed to daily desecration by Jewish settlers in the morning and the afternoon except on Fridays and Saturdays. The Israeli police close al-Maghariba Gate, which is used by Jews to enter the Mosque, at 10:30 am after the settlers complete their morning tours at the holy site. Later in the afternoon, the same gate is reopened for evening tours by settlers. during the presence of settlers inside the Mosque compound, entry restrictions are imposed on Muslim worshipers at the entrances leading to the Mosque and their IDs are seized until they leave the holy place. (PALINFO 17 November 2019)

- The Israeli occupation police escorted scores of Jewish settlers as they forced their way into al-Aqsa Mosque in Jerusalem. 45 Israeli settlers broke into al-Aqsa Mosque in the early morning hours amid heavy police presence. The settlers carried out provocative tours inside al-Aqsa compound while receiving presentations on the alleged "Temple Mount". (PALINFO 18 November 2019)

- A group of Israeli settlers stormed the al-Maskobiyya Church, known as Abraham’s Oak Holy Trinity Monastery, in Hebron city, in the southern part of the occupied West Bank. Dozens of settlers accompanied by a large military force, invaded the Christian Monastery while chanting and singing, before holding prayers in the church. The Monastery, located in the al-Jilda Street in Hebron city, in an area that falls under the complete control of the Palestinian Authority. (IMEMC 19 November 2019)

- A group of Israeli settlers invaded, Palestinian agricultural lands in Burqa village, north of Nablus in northern West Bank, and set them ablaze. The settlers set lands ablaze close to the evacuated Homesh settlements. Daghlas added that the colonists have been trying to occupy the lands to install an outpost in that area. It is worth mentioning that the soldiers stopped and delayed the Palestinians and firetrucks, who were rushing to the burn lands to extinguish the fire. In related news, the colonists hurled stones at Palestinian cars near Za’tara military roadblock, south of Nablus, causing damage. (IMEMC 21 November 2019)

- A group of Israeli settlers in the southern part of the occupied West Bank, attacked, many Palestinians, including children, wounding eight. The settlers first attacked a shop, owned by Nasser Fahed al-Ja’bari, and smashed the glass door before physically assaulting him, causing various cuts and bruises, especially to his face and upper body. The settlers also used pepper-spray in assaulting Nasser, and his brother,
in addition to attacking several other Palestinians. The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) also forced many nearby shops to close, in the al-Ras area, in addition to the Salayma and Wad an-Nassara neighborhoods in Hebron city. (IMEMC 22 November 2018)

- Dozens of Israeli settlers invaded the Ibrahimi Mosque in Hebron, while the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) also issued orders prevented the Palestinians from entering the holy site starting on Friday evening, until Saturday evening. (IMEMC 22 November 2018)

- A group of Israeli settlers sneaked their way into the Palestinian village of Kufur Ad-Dik in Salfit Governorate, slashed the tires of 50 vehicles, and scrawled anti-Palestinian hate graffiti on several vehicles and the walls of houses. Graffiti reading “A closed military zone” was scrawled across the wall of a villager’s house, in Hebrew. (IMEMC 22 November 2018)

- A group of settlers sneaked their way into Majdal Bani Fadel and Qabalân villages in Nablus Governorate, where they torched several vehicles and scrawled anti-Palestinian hate graffiti. (IMEMC 22 November 2018)

- Settlers, overnight, sneaked their way to Beit Dajan village, east of Nablus city, where they vandalized the home of Thaer Hanaysha, and set his vehicle on fire. (IMEMC 22 November 2018)

- 50 Palestinian vehicles were vandalized in the latest series of Israeli settler attacks in the West Bank Governorate of Salfit. A group of Israeli settlers sneaked their way into the Palestinian village, slashed the tires of 50 vehicles, and scrawled anti-Palestinian hate graffiti on several vehicles and the walls of houses. Graffiti reading “A closed military zone” was scrawled across the wall of a villager’s house, in Hebrew. (IMEMC 23 November 2019)

- A group of settlers sneaked their way into Majdal Bani Fadel and Qabalân villages, where they torched several vehicles and scrawled anti-Palestinian hate graffiti. (IMEMC 23 November 2019)

- Israeli Settlers overnight sneaked their way to Beit Dajan village, east of Nablus city, where they vandalized the home of Thaer Hanaysha, and set his vehicle on fire. Two Palestinian citizens suffered bruises after Israeli settlers attacked them near Abu Al-Rish checkpoint in. (IMEMC 23 November 2019)
In the southern areas of Hebron in the southern West Bank, 8 citizens were injured after Israeli settlers, escorted by Israeli Occupation Army (IOA), attacked them with batons and pepper gas. Five Palestinian youths were detained and harassed by the settlers in a shop in Al-Sahla area. (IMEMC 23 November 2019)

Hundreds of Israeli settlers coming from different settlements in the Occupied West Bank stormed Hebron City to perform Talmudic rituals at the Ibrahmi Mosque. (PALINFO 23 November 2019)

Thousands of Israeli settlers stormed the Ibrahimi Mosque in Hebron, under heavy military protection. While the Ibrahimi Mosque is an Islamic place of worship, Palestinian Muslim worshipers were not allowed to enter it for prayer. Several buses carrying thousands of illegal Israeli settlers to the Old City of Hebron, to mark a Jewish religious event at the Islamic holy site. Israeli Forces strong-armed Palestinian shop-owners to close in the vicinity of the Mosque, and kept local Palestinians away from the area, enforcing a system of segregation. Many tents were said to have been pitched in the Mosque’s courtyards and inside the holy mosque, emitting loud music. (IMEMC 24 November 2019)

A Palestinian infant sustained a moderate injury, when Israeli settlers, under Israeli army protection, attacked Palestinians’ homes with stones in the neighborhood of Tel Rumeida in Hebron, in the southern occupied West Bank. Hundreds of settlers protected by army forced their way into the Old City of Hebron, attacking Palestinian civilians and storekeepers, shouting profanities at them and throwing stones at homes. Mohammad Hasan Tanina, 18 months, was hit in the head with a rock, by the rampaging settlers, while inside his family home. He sustained a moderate injury. Tension has been high in the city since Friday, when Israeli settlers attacked homes of Palestinian families in the occupied section of the city, injuring several people. Settlers pelted stones and empty bottles as well as sprayed pepper gas at passersby, local residents and storekeepers, injuring some of them and terrorizing many others, especially children. (IMEMC 24 November 2019)

Dozens of Jewish settlers desecrated the Aqsa Mosque’s courtyards under tight police protection. Groups of settlers received explanations about the alleged temple mount as they were touring the Mosque’s courtyards. (PALINFO 24 November 2019)

A group of Israeli settlers cut at least thirty Palestinian olive trees in the as-Sawiya area, south of the northern West Bank city of Nablus. The settlers cut at least thirty olive trees in the al-Wadi area. The trees are
owned by Mohammad Yousef Tayyim and Ali Mahmoud Suleiman, both from the as-Sawiya village. (IMEMC 26 November 2019)

- A group of settlers burnt several Palestinian olive trees in the Archeological Area in Sebastia Palestinian town, northwest of Nablus, in northern West Bank. The settlers were attempting to burn the trees in 25 Dunams of Palestinian olive orchards. The settlers came from site of the evacuated Homesh illegal outpost, west of Nablus. (IMEMC 26 November 2019)

- Israeli settlers torched Palestinian farmlands belonging to Madama village, south of the West Bank city of Nablus. Scores of settlers set fire to farmlands of Madama villagers. The settlers came from Yitzhar settlement. (WAFA 26 November 2019)

- Groups of Israeli settlers attacked dozens of Palestinian cars with rocks and empty bottles, in addition to attempting to assault several residents, on the Jenin-Nablus road. The attack caused damage to several Palestinian cars, while Israeli soldiers stood and watched without intervening. (IMEMC 27 November 2019)

- Israeli settlers spray-painted racist graffiti and slashed tires of several vehicles in the village of Jaba’a, southwest of the occupied West Bank city of Bethlehem. Israeli settlers sneaked into the village, punctured the tires of parked vehicles and spray-painted racist graffiti and slogans on vehicles and houses. (IMEMC 27 November 2019)

- Israeli settlers from Yitzhar settlement, burnt large areas of Palestinian farmlands, in Madama village, south of the northern West Bank city of Nablus. (IMEMC 27 November 2019)

- A large group of settlers stormed an abandoned area in southern Jenin, where the settlement of Homesh was once located, and attacked Palestinian vehicles traveling on a nearby road. A large number of settlers swarmed the area between the towns of Silat ad-Dhahr and Burqa and in the olive groves there as well as on the Jenin-Nablus road. The settlers embarked on hurling stones at passing cars, causing material damage to them and forced many drivers to use alternative routes. (IMEMC 27 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded, al-Jawareesh area, west of the central West Bank city of Salfit, before uprooting 30 olive trees, in addition to demolishing 150 sustaining walls and several water wells. The IOA uprooted the trees, and carried the demolitions out without prior notice. The demolitions were carried out in 5 Dunams of land
owned by a local resident, identified as Abdul-Rahim Yassin. The demolitions took place not long after the Palestinian and his family managed to rehabilitate the land, and planted it with dozens of olive trees. (IMEMC 28 November 2019)

- Several Israeli settlers invaded, At Taybeh and Deir Ammar villages, in the central West Bank governorate of Ramallah, and burnt a Palestinian car, in addition to writing racist graffiti and puncturing the tires of many cars. Settlers who came from the nearby Neria isettlement outpost, wrote racist graffiti, including “Death to Arabs,” “revenge,” and other slurs, on walls of many homes. The settlers also punctured the tires of five cars, in addition to writing graffiti on them. (IMEMC 29 November 2019)

- A group of Israeli settlers invaded a Palestinian olive orchard in the as-Sawiya village, south of the northern West Bank city of Nablus, and chopped more than 30 trees. The settlers invaded an orchard in the al-Waad area in the as-Sawiya village, and chopped trees owned by Mahmoud Suleiman. The settlers came from the nearby Rachel colony, which was built on stolen Palestinian lands. (IMEMC 29 November 2019)

- Jewish settlers torched a Palestinian vehicle and scrawled anti-Palestinian graffiti in Taybeh village, located to the northeast of Ramallah city in the West Bank. A group of settlers sneaked their way into the village, where they sat fire to a Palestinian vehicle and scrawled graffiti at the external wall of a local house. Graffiti in Hebrew read “A closed military zone” and was followed by “Kumi Uri”, the name of a new neighborhood in Yitzhar Settlement. (WAFA 29 November 2019)

- Israeli settlers defiled Bab al-Rahma cemetery on the eastern side of al-Aqsa Mosque in Occupied Jerusalem. Settlers broke into the cemetery while a group of Palestinian volunteers were cleaning the site. Scores of Israeli settlers stormed the site and performed Talmudic rituals and provocative dances there. (PALINFO 30 November 2019)

**Home Demolition & Demolition threats**

- In the East Jerusalem town of Silwan, Israeli troops demolished a Palestinian home on the pretext of it having been ‘built without a permit’. Israeli authorities have not granted building permits to Palestinian homeowners since they began occupying the city in 1967. In addition to destroying one family home, Israeli authorities also
posted demolition orders on a number of other homes in the al-Issawiya neighborhood – which has been targeted, along with Silwan, for Israeli colonization. The Israeli municipal officials, accompanied by Israeli police and special forces, invaded the neighborhood of Abu Tayeh, in Silwan, and demolished the two-story family home of Mu'tasim al-Abbasi. Israeli officials posted notices on at least 10 Palestinian homes in al-Issawiya. The notices demanded that the homeowners come to the Israeli municipal building office to be given demolition orders for their homes which were “constructed without licenses” – despite the fact that Palestinians have not been issued any licenses to build on their own property for more than fifty years. During their invasion, Israeli forces detained a young boy under the pretext of throwing stones. (IMEMC 5 November 2019)

- The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) notified Palestinian owners of six homes in Masafer Yatta area, south of Hebron, of their intent to remove the structures. The IOA stormed the hamlets of Maghayir al-Abeed and Khallet ed-Dabaa, handing out written demolition orders against six homes made of bricks and insulated panels. These homes, which were constructed by international organizations, belonged to local residents from the families of Makhamera and Dababesa. (IMEMC 5 November 2019)

- Israeli authorities notified to stop the construction work on a Palestinian-owned house in Khirbet Masud, a locale to the west of Yabad in Jenin Governorate, the northern occupied West Bank. The Israeli army stormed Khirbet Masud area and handed local resident Mohammed 'Amarna a notice ordering him to stop the construction work on his house, citing unpermitted construction as a pretext. (WAFA 5 November 2019)

- Dozens of Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the family home of a Palestinian detainee near the central West Bank city of Ramallah, before taking measurements of the property in preparation for detonating it. The IOA invaded and surrounded the entire area of the home of Qassam Barghouthi, in Kobar town, north of Ramallah, before storming the property and taking the measurements. The Israeli army said this step is meant to prepare for detonating the property in the near future, after determining the needed measures. (IMEMC 7 November 2019)

- The Israeli army removed, four residential tents in Masafer Yatta in the southern occupied West Bank, claiming they were set up without army
authorization. The army removed three tents for three brothers in Khillett al-Dabe village and a fourth in Maghayer al-Abeed, both in the Masafer Yatta region, Hebron Governorate. The army had previously demolished shacks used as homes for the three brothers, which forced them to set up tents to sleep in. (IMEMC 7 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) backed by military construction vehicles and accompanied with a vehicle of Israeli Civil Administration and a bulldozer moved into Kherbit Tana, east of Beit Foreek village in eastern Nablus. A tent and steel fence were bulldozed as well as a generator belonging to Waleed Mostafa Hanani was confiscated. (PCHR 7 November 2019)

- The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) knocked down two Palestinian structures in Abu al-Nawwar Bedouin community east of Jerusalem City. The IOA demolished a house owned by the Palestinian citizen Yaser al-Sayyala under the pretext of being unlicensed. The IOA further dismantled an agricultural facility and seized it. (PALINFO 11 November 2019)

- In Jerusalem, the Israeli occupation Army (IOA) demolished two residential rooms in Al-Mentar area in the Al-Quds area. The IOA started demolishing two residential rooms in the areas of Shaab Mousa and Umm Al-Rayyan from Al-Muntar in Al-Sawahra town. (IMEMC 11 November 2019)

- Israeli warplanes carried out 10 airstrikes, in which they launched 23 missiles, targeting sites of Palestinians, a poultry farm, agricultural lands and residential houses. As a result, 7 civilians were injured, including a woman and 2 children. 2 houses were targeted by the Israeli warplanes; one of them was inhabited and the residents received a phone call from IOA ordering them to leave the house, while the other house was empty. The poultry farm was totally destroyed in the attack, and 350 turkey and 500 chicks died. In addition, an agricultural room was totally destroyed. Moreover, 15 nearby houses sustained severe material damage as al-Qararah Secondary School for Boys sustained minor damage. (PCHRGAZA 12 November 2019)

- Israeli warplanes carried out 10 airstrikes in which they launched 20 missiles targeting sites of Palestinians and empty agricultural lands. They also fired 4 artillery shells at Hani Saleem Suleiman al-Masdar’s house, home to 7 civilians. As a result, a woman and her two children were injured; Moreover, the house sustained partial damage. (PCHRGAZA 12 November 2019)
• The Israeli Occupation authorities (IOA) notified for the demolition of a house belonging to a Palestinian resident in the village of Khirbet Susiya, east of Yatta to the south of Hebron, the occupied west bank. The IOA handed local resident Mohammed Zain a demolition notice against his 160-square-meters house. The IOA further photographed residential rooms near Susiya. (WAFA 17 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded ‘Atouf Palestinian village, south of Tubas in northeastern West Bank, and demolished a 70-meter under-construction home. Several army jeeps and bulldozers invaded Umm Ekbeish area in ‘Atouf village and demolished an under-construction home, owned by Khaled Naji Bani-Odah. A month ago, the IOA handed the Palestinian an order for the demolition of his property. The IOA surrounded the area of the property, and demolished it, before withdrawing. (IMEMC 13 November 2019)

• Israeli warplanes destroyed a Palestinian house in Rafah in the southern Gaza Strip as part of its ongoing raids on the besieged enclave. The warplanes targeted a home for Hadayed family in Nasr village in Rafah district before targeting it anew in a missile attack and reducing it to rubble. No casualties were suffered, adding that the raids also targeted agricultural land in western Gaza City and central areas of the Strip. (PALINFO 13 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) backed by military construction vehicles and accompanied with 2 bulldozers moved into ‘Ain al-Dayyouk al-Tahta village, west of Jericho. The bulldozers demolished 150-square-meter residential caravan built of tin plates. The caravan, a property of Hamed al-Ka’abnah, sheltered 10 members. Following that, the bulldozers demolished an under-construction house belonging to Raja Mahalees, under the pretext of non-licensing in Area C. The house was built on an area of 200 square meters and comprised of 2 story. The two families did not receive any demolition notices and were shocked by the raid and the demolishing especially that they received no prior warning. It should be noted that Mahalees’s house was built in March 2017 and it cost NIS 200,000. (PCHRGAZA 13 November 2019)

• Israeli warplanes carried out 9 airstrikes in which they launched 7 missiles, targeting residential houses, empty agricultural lands and members of resistance groups. Two airstrikes targeted a house of Adam Mohammed Ibrahim Abu Hadayed in al-Zohour neighborhood, north of Rafah. As a result, the house was totally destroyed and the nearby houses sustained partial damage. In addition, an under-construction house of Ismail Hassan Jabber, which is near Abu Hadayed’s house, sustained partial damage. (PCHRGAZA 13 November 2019)
• Israeli warplanes carried out 9 airstrikes in which they launched 15 missiles targeting 2 residential houses, a resort, an empty agricultural land and Palestinians. The warplanes fired 2 artillery shells; one of them targeted a stone-cutting workshop in al-Farahin area, east of ‘Abasan al-Kabirah, east of Khan Younis. The targeted areas sustained a severe destruction. (PCHRGAZA 13 November 2019)

• Israeli warplanes launched 4 missiles at 2 houses in al-Berkah area in Deir al-Balah, belonging to Rasmi Salem ‘Ouda al-Sawarkah (45) and his brother Mohammed (40). As a result, both houses were destroyed while both families were inside. Rasmi, his wife and 3 of their children were killed; Mohammed was critically wounded but his wife and 2 of his children were killed. (PCHRGAZA 14 November 2019)

• The Information Center for Human Rights in the Occupied territories, B’Tselem, has released a report showing that in 2019, the Israeli authorities demolished more Palestinian homes than any other year in the past 15 years. “From 2004 to 2018, the Israeli authorities demolished 54 residential units [belonging to Palestinians] a year, on average. In 2019, the authorities demolished 140 units by the end of September.” Other statistics regarding Israel’s demolition policy, including that “from 2006 until October 31, 2019, Israel demolished at least 1,489 Palestinian residential units in the West Bank (not including east Jerusalem), causing 6,508 people – including at least 3,264 minors – to lose their homes.” “In Palestinian communities unrecognized by the state of Israel, many which are facing the threat of expulsion, Israel repeatedly demolishes residents’ homes. From 2006 through October 31 2019, the homes of at least 1,048 people living in these communities - including 499 minors - were demolished more than once by Israel.” “In addition, from January 2016 through October 31 2019, the [Israeli army’s] Civil Administration demolished 756 non-residential structures (such as fences, cisterns, roads, storerooms, farming buildings, businesses and public buildings) in the West Bank (excluding east Jerusalem)”. (BTSELEM, PALINFO 16 November 2019)

• Israeli Occupation authorities (IOA) notified Palestinian resident in the village of Khirbet Susiya, south of Hebron, of its intent to demolish the home. The IOA handed local resident Mohammed Zain a demolition notice against his 160-square-meter home. The IOA also photographed residential rooms near Susiya. (IMEMC 18 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a Palestinian home in Jabal al-Mokabber, southeast of occupied East Jerusalem. Dozens of Israeli army and police officers, accompanied by bulldozers, invaded Deir as-Sinna area in Jabal al-Mokabber, and demolished a home, owned by Fuad Gharouf, from Jericho. The IOA surrounded the entire
area of the property, and prevented the Palestinians from entering or leaving it, before demolishing the property under the pretext of being built without a permit. (IMEMC 19 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished two Palestinian homes owned by two siblings from the al-ʻArroub refugee camp, north of the southern West Bank city of Hebron. Dozens of IOA, accompanied by bulldozers, invaded the refugee camp and demolished his home and the home of his brother, Nabil. The demolished properties are in the al-Bass area and were 200 square meters each. The demolition orders were issued a year ago, and the two siblings have been filing appeals with Israeli courts but to no avail. The Israeli army is claiming that the two homes were not licensed by the so-called Civil Administration Office, the administrative and executive branch of Israel’s illegal military occupation of Palestine. (IMEMC 19 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished two Palestinian homes in Shuqba village, northwest of the central West Bank city of Ramallah. Several army jeeps, and bulldozers, invaded the village and demolished the homes, for being built without a permit from the so-called “Civil Administration Office,” the executive branch of the illegal Israeli occupation of the West Bank. The homes are owned by Abdul-Jaber al-Masri, and that the soldiers briefly detained him along with his brother. (IMEMC 20 November 2019)

- The Israeli municipality in Occupied Jerusalem demolished a Palestinian house in al-Ashqariya neighborhood of Beit Hanina town at the pretext of unlicensed construction. The IOA who escorted the bulldozers and a municipal crew, forcibly removed the Alloun family from the house, physically assaulted its members and injured one of them in his leg. Municipal employees only gave resident Allon a quarter of an hour to procure and pay 25,000 shekels in order to stop the demolition process, and later the bulldozers embarked on knocking down his house. Municipal workers removed some of the furniture from the house and gave him only five minutes to take away his belongings before they razed it to the ground while there was still many things inside. The municipality had already forced Alloun to pay a construction penalty worth 40,000 shekels in 2016. Alloun was living with his wife and kids in the house, which he built in 2011. (PALINFO 20 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a Palestinian home in Khallet ad-Dabe area, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron, in the southern part of the occupied West Bank. The IOA demolished the
home, made of bricks and a tin roof, owned by Amer Mohammad Ali Dababsa. The demolition order was issued less than 72 hours prior to the destruction of the property, which consisted of two rooms. The destruction left eleven family members, mainly children, homeless in the cold; the family tried to appeal against the demolition order but to no avail. (IMEMC 21 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a Palestinian coffee shop in the southern West Bank village of Battir, near Bethlehem. The IOA escorted a bulldozer to the village to tear down the coffee shop owned by Wisam Oweinh purportedly for being built in Area C, which is under full Israeli military control. The coffee shop was built of wood and stones that do not affect the nature of the area, but rather made the place look better, stressing that Israel aims to erase the Palestinian presence in large parts of Battir in order to annex the land for settlement expansion and construction. (WAFA 25 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) and personnel of the City Council, demolished a Palestinian home in the Industrial Zone area near Qalandia town, north of occupied East Jerusalem. Several army jeeps, and bulldozers, invaded the area, and surrounded a home owned by members of Bazian family, before forcing them out of their property. The IOA demolished the home under the pretext of being built without a permit from the so-called “Civil Administration Office,” the administrative and executive branch of Israel’s illegal occupation of the West Bank, including occupied Jerusalem. (IMEMC 26 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a Palestinian coffee shop in Battir town, west of Bethlehem, south of occupied Jerusalem in the West Bank. Several army jeeps and bulldozers invaded the town and demolished a coffee shop owned by Wisam ‘Oweina. The army claimed the structure is in Area C of the occupied West Bank, and located in an archeological area. The coffee shop was just a wooden structure with some stone walls. (IMEMC 26 November 2019)

• The Israeli military authorities notified a Palestinian resident of Beit Awwa, to the southwest of the southern West Bank city of Hebron, of the demolition of his house. The IOA handed Rami Ahmad Sweiti a demolition order for his three-story house located in the area classified as B, which is under Palestinian administration and Israeli security control, but near the Israeli segregation wall, said the sources. The IOA claimed the demolition was for security reason. (WAFA 26 November 2019)
• The Israeli Occupation Army (AIO) demolished a Palestinian home in 'Aseera ash-Shamaliya village, northwest of the northern West Bank city of Nablus. The home, which was still-under-construction, was demolished because the so-called “Civil Administration Office,” the executive branch of the illegal Israeli occupation of Palestine, did not recognize the construction permit which was issued by the town council and the Palestinian Authority. The family pleaded with the Civil Administration Office to refrain from demolishing their property, but it went ahead with its orders, under the pretext that the property was built on Area C of the occupied West Bank, under full Israeli control. The demolished property (an area of 200 square meters) is owned by Moammar Hamadna, and was legally built on his own private land, in the as-Sareeh area, southwest of the village. (IMEMC 28 November 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished, four Palestinian homes in Beit Kahil town, northwest of the southern West Bank city of Hebron; Many military jeeps, accompanied by armored bulldozers, invaded the town, and forced the families out of their homes. The IOA disconnected power and water lines, before proceeding with demolishing the four homes. The army closed the entire area, and prevented the Palestinians, including journalists, from entering it. The demolished homes are owned by the families of four detainees, identified as Hamad Aref Asafra, his brother Qassem Saleh Asafra, in addition to Nasseer Saleh Asafra and Yousef Atiya Zohour. (IMEMC 28 November 2019)

• The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) has demolished four more Palestinian homes in the occupied West Bank, displacing its occupants. Israeli troops, accompanied by bulldozers, stormed Beit Kahil town, west of al-Khalil (Hebron), and began demolishing the houses. Following the demolition, confrontations erupted between Palestinians and Israeli troops, who used live and rubber-coated metal bullets and tear gas canisters to disperse the protesters. (IMEMC 29 November 2019)

Israeli Military Orders

• The Israeli occupation authorities (IOA) ordered the confiscation of 500 dunums of Palestinian land in the village of Hizma, east of Jerusalem. The Israeli army handed the Palestinian Civil Liaison a notification regarding Israel's intention to size 500 dunums of land which belong to
Palestinians from Hizma, with a view of expanding the illegal Israeli settlement of Adam, nearby. (WAFA 2 November 2019)

- The Israeli occupation authorities (IOA) ordered the confiscation of 124 dunums in the villages of Majdal Bani Fadel and Duma, to the south of Nablus in the occupied West Bank. The Israeli military handed Palestinians from Majdal Bani Fadel and Duma an order showing the land that is to be confiscated for military purposes. (WAFA 2 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation authorities (Authorities) notified the municipality of the town of Yabad, southwest of Jenin in the West Bank, of their plan to confiscate around 409 dunums of land for the purpose of continuing the construction of the West Bank separation barrier where barbed-wire fences have been placed for the past 15 years along the village and towns to the west of Yabad, for the benefit of expanding the separation wall. (WAFA 2 November 2019)

- Israeli occupation authorities (IOA) handed the Palestinian Civil Liaison a notification regarding Israel’s intention to size 500 dunams of land which belong to Palestinians from Hizma, with a view of expanding the illegal Israeli settlement of Adam, nearby. (IMEMC 3 November 2019)

- Israeli military handed Palestinians from Majdal Bani Fadel and Douma an order showing the land that is to be confiscated for military purposes. (IMEMC 3 November 2019)

- The Israeli authorities notified the municipality of the town of Yabad, southwest of Jenin in the northern West Bank, of their plan to confiscate around 409 dunums of land for the purpose of continuing the construction of the West Bank separation barrier. (IMEMC 3 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) and the so-called “Israeli Civil Administration Office, has started digging and preparing to pave a new segregated road for Israeli settlers in Beit Ummar town, north of the southern West Bank city of Hebron. The IOA accompanied by several bulldozers and other heavy equipment, started bulldozing and uprooting the privately-owned Palestinian lands near Beit al-Baraka, which is occupied by settlers. Israel is planning to pave a new road passing near Hebron-Jerusalem Road, and that the IOA declared the area “a closed military zone,” before preventing the farmers and landowners from entering it. The lands are at least 90 Dunams (22.23 Acres), owned by Palestinians from Safi and Sleibi families, and are
planted with olive grapes and almond trees. The new road will pass through several kilometers on private, fertile lands, extending from Etzion Junction, north of Hebron, and passing near Beit al-Baraka in the opposite direction of the al-‘Arroub refugee camp, all the way through “Jabal al-Qarn” natural reserve between Beit Ummar and al-‘Arroub. The planned road would also extend to Nabi Younis Junction at the southern entrance of Halhoul town, and would eventually lead to the illegal annexation of about 400 Dunams (98.84 acres) of Palestinian lands in Beit Ummar and Halhoul towns. Beit al-Baraka also used to serve as a hospital providing free treatment to people suffering from tuberculosis until it was shut down in 1983. Jewish settlers later bought the compound from the church, through a fake company. (IMEMC 3 November 2019)

- Several Palestinian farmers entered their olive groves adjacent to the nearby settlement of Eli in Nablus Governorate, and were shocked to find Israeli military orders informing them of Israel’s plan to seize their olive groves, which occupy an area of 2,000 dunams (494 acres). (WAFA 4 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) posted military orders to seize 372 dunams (92 acres) of land in the southern West Bank Governorate in Hebron. The so-called “commander of the Israeli military” issued a military order to seize 129 dunums (32 acres) of land belonging to Adh-Dhahiriya and As-Samou’ towns, south of Hebron. Palestinian farmers went this morning to pick their olive groves near the encroaching Israeli settlement of Bet Ayn, but found notices to seize 243 (60 acres) dunams of their groves. The land owner was identified as the Ghneimat family. (WAFA 4 November 2019)

- In Beit Liqya, a town to the southwest of Ramallah city, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed them a military order to seize approximately 150 dunams (37 acres) of Palestinian land located to the south of the town and adjacent to the section of Israel’s apartheid wall. (WAFA 4 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation authorities (IOA) delivered demolition order for six Palestinian structures to the east of Yatta town in the southern West Bank district of Hebron. (WAFA 4 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation authorities (IOA) seized 36 dunams of Palestinian land belonging to the northern West Bank Governorate of Tubas. (WAFA 4 November 2019)
• The Israeli Occupation authorities (IOA) renewed a decision to seize 190 dunams of land belonging to Anata town, northeast of Jerusalem. (WAFA 4 November 2019)

• Israeli authorities notified anew the Palestinian local authorities in Anata town, east of Jerusalem, of its intent to appropriate about 190 dunams of land, for military purposes. The land belongs to Palestinian citizens from the towns of Anata, Hizma and al-Eesawiyya. (IMEMC 5 November 2019)

• The Israeli authorities issued 40 military orders to renew the confiscation of more Palestinian land for military purposes in the southern occupied West Bank Governorate of Bethlehem. Israeli authorities in the Gush Etzion settlement bloc, south of Bethlehem, issued notices seizing 3316 dunums of land belonging to Palestinians in Bethlehem, Beit Jala and Beit Sahour cities and Bethlehem-district towns and villages of al-Khader, Battir, al-Jab’a, al-Walaja, Artas, Wadi Rahhal and Wadi al-Nis. (WAFA, IMEMC 13 November 2019)

• A Palestinian family from Jabal al-Mukabber neighborhood in East Jerusalem was forced to demolish its four animal barns to avoid paying high cost that will be imposed by the Israeli municipality of West Jerusalem if it carried out the demolitions. Aziz Ja’abis received a demolition order that gave him 24 hours to demolish his 700-square-meter barns or else he will be forced to pay exorbitant costs for the municipality’s bulldozers if they carried out the demolition. (WAFA 13 November 2019)

• Israeli Occupation authorities (IOA) ordered the evacuation of Palestinian farmers from an privately-owned Palestinian agricultural land in the area of al-Buqi’a plain, southeast of the occupied West Bank city of Tubas. The IOA stormed the area and handed farmers a notice, ordering them to evacuate a 28-donum plot of land belonging to Afif Bsharat. As part of the military notice, the farmers were ordered to uproot about 350 olive oils, remove the fence around the land, and destroy a water well and an agricultural structure. (WAFA 14 November 2019)

• The Israeli occupation authority (IOA) announced its intent to seize hundreds of dunams of Palestinian land in Salfit Governorate, in the central occupied West Bank, the Palestinian Information Center reported. The IOA recently delivered notices to Palestinian municipal councils in Salfit Governorate informing them of its intent to annex hundreds of dunams from their towns and villages in order to use the land for settlement activity. (IMEMC 18 November 2019)
The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) has recently announced a new sequence of land seizures in eleven villages in Salfit Governorate and three in the Qalqila area of Occupied Palestine. The total amount of land being confiscated, for “military/security” reasons, is the equivalent of nearly one million square metres. 850,000 of this is for the compulsory renewal of notices of land confiscation that had already been issued, the rest is made up of new illegal acquisitions. Residents in the fourteen villages – which include Bruqeen, Iskaka, Deir Istiya and Zawiya – were given notice of the seizures within the last two weeks. They were allowed just seven days to register appeals with the Israeli court. Many were unable to do so within the tight deadline, which required producing notarized copies of land title deeds, and the additional expense of hiring a lawyer to represent them. Based on bitter past experience the majority of residents, however, chose not to register appeals, as the Israeli courts have proven themselves to be completely unwilling previously to overturn any order raised by the military that cite ‘security concerns’. Despite some appeals having been lodged with the court, the Israeli Army has nonetheless continued to occupy the confiscated land in question, and erected fences and other barriers on the disputed new land. Residents can now only gain access to tend crops or pick olives if they apply to the Israeli Army for a permit to enter their own land. This still means they have to pass through checkpoints and face humiliating delays, ID checks, bag searches and body searches. (IMEMC 26 November 2019)

Confiscation & Razing of lands

- Israeli army embarked on levelling a Palestinian-owned land near the town of Beit Ummar, to the north of Hebron in the occupied West Bank. The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) accompanied by heavy machinery proceeded to raze about 400 dunums of Palestinian-owned land near the town, aimed at opening a settler-only road. The land razed belongs to a local Palestinian farmers from the town, and is planted with almonds and grapes. (WAFA 3 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation authorities (IOA) started the leveling of Palestinian land in preparation for the construction of a new road to serve only Israeli settlers to the north of Hebron. The IOA accompanied by heavy machinery proceeded to raze about 400 dunums of Palestinian-owned land near the town, aimed at opening a settler-only road. The land razed belongs to local Palestinian farmers from the
Several Palestinian farmers entered their olive groves adjacent to the nearby settlement of Eli, and were shocked to find Israeli military orders informing them of Israel’s plan to seize their olive groves, which occupy an area of 2,000 dunams (494 acres). (IMEMC 4 November 2019)

The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) posted military orders to seize 372 dunams (92 acres) of land in the southern West Bank Governorate of Hebron. The so-called “commander of the Israeli military” issued a military order to seize 129 dunams (32 acres) of land belonging to Adh-Dhahiriya and As-Samou’ towns, south of Hebron. Palestinian farmers went to pick their olive near the encroaching Israeli settlement of Bet Ayn, but found notices to seize 243 dunams (60 acres) of their groves. The land owner was identified as the Ghneimat family. (IMEMC, WAFA 4 November 2019)

In Beit Liqya, a town to the southwest of Ramallah city, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed them a military order to seize approximately 150 dunams (37 acres) of Palestinian land, located to the south of the town and adjacent to the section of Israel’s apartheid wall. (IMEMC, WAFA 4 November 2019)

Israel seized 2522 dunums in the occupied West Bank in favor of the construction of illegal settlements. Several Palestinian farmers entered their olive groves adjacent to the nearby illegal settlement of Eli, and were shocked to find Israeli military orders informing them of Israel’s plan to seize their olive groves, which occupy an area of 2,000 dunams (494 acres). (WAFA 4 November 2019)

The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) posted military orders to seize 372 dunams (92 acres) of land in the southern West Bank Governorate of Hebron. The so-called “commander of the Israeli military” issued a military order to seize 129 dunums (32 acres) of land belonging to Adh-Dhahiriya and As-Samou’ towns, south of Hebron. Palestinian farmers went this morning to pick their olive groves near the encroaching Israeli settlement of Bet Ayn, but found notices to seize 243 dunums (60 acres) of their groves. The land owner was identified as the Ghneimat family. (WAFA 4 November 2019)

In Beit Liqya, a town to the southwest of Ramallah city, The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed them a military order to seize approximately 150 dunams (37 acres) of Palestinian land located to the
south of the town and adjacent to the section of Israel’s apartheid wall. (WAFA 4 November 2019)

- Israeli Authorities have decided to seize over 50 hectares of private Palestinian lands in the town of Hizma, east of occupied Jerusalem. The lands will be used to expand the roads used by Israeli occupation Army (IOA) and settlers leading to Adam settlement. (IMEMC 6 November 2019)

- Israeli occupation authorities (IOA) have issued an order to seize more Palestinian lands in Faqqu’a town west of the West Bank city of Jenin. The IOA will confiscate 60 dunums of Palestinian-owned land near the separation wall. The move is expected to take effect in February 2020. (PALINFO 6 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded a Palestinian olive orchard near Huwwara military roadblock, south of the northern West Bank city of Nablus, and forced a farmer out of his land. The IOA invaded an olive orchard, before attacking the owner while he was picking his trees, and forced him out. The Palestinian has a permit from the military to enter his olive orchard, isolated by the illegal Annexation Wall and colonies, however, the IOA forced him out. (IMEMC 9 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) forced a Palestinian farmer out of his own grove near the village of Burin, to the south of Nablus, in the occupied West Bank. The farmer, who is not yet identified, was picking olives in his own grove when Israeli Army, who were manning the nearby Huwwara checkpoint, broke into the grove and ordered him out. The IOA told him that the grove is located in a military zone and that entering it requires the prior permission of Israeli authorities. Israel has declared more than 3,500 dunams of Palestinian agricultural land, located in the Nablus district, off limits to their owners and farmers. The only way the farmers can reach their lands is by getting a special permit from the Israeli military. (IMEMC 9 November 2019)

- The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) prevented Palestinians from harvesting their olive crops in the village of Sebastia, northwest of Nablus. The IOA kicked farmers out of their land under the pretext of lacking prior coordination, despite the fact that their lands are located beyond the fence that surrounds the illegal Israeli settlement of Shafi Shomron. The farmers were shocked to find pig carcasses on the property, and the land flooded with sewage, acts attributed to the illegal settlers from the nearby settlement. (IMEMC 10 November 2019)
• The Israeli army, began to bulldoze Palestinian land in Beit Ummar town, north of the southern occupied West Bank city of Hebron, in order to make way for the construction of a settler-only bypass road. Israeli bulldozers, under military protection, proceeded to raze about 400 dunams of Palestinian land belonging to the Hebron-district towns of Halhul and Beit Ummar to make room for the settler-only bypass road. The road is planned to extend several kilometres on private Palestinian fertile lands from the Gush Etzion settlement junction, north of Hebron, to the Nabi Younes junction, at the eastern entrance of Halhul town, passing through Beit Al Baraka church compound, opposite to al-Arroub refugee camp, and Jabal al-Qarn natural reserve. (IMEMC 13 November 2019)

• The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) stormed Atouf village in the northern Jordan Valley and demolished a Palestinian house under construction. One military bulldozer escorted by troops entered the village, which is located in al-Baqi’ah plain of the Valley and demolished a house belonging to a local resident identified as Khaled Bani Odeh at the pretext of unlicensed construction. The Israeli occupation army had issued a demolition order against the house one month ago. (PALINFO 13 November 2019)

• Israeli bulldozers, razed lands near Jabal al-Baba Bedouin community, located near al-Eizariyah town, northeast of occupied Jerusalem. The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) escorted bulldozers onto Palestinian land, where the heavy machinery proceeded to raze a 500-meter-long earth road, severing Jabal al-Baba community from al-Eizariyah town, destroying the main water pipeline. The Palestinian Bedouin community depends on al-Eizariyah town for services such as education and health clinics. As a result, the Bedouin community will be forced to travel for water, in addition to being cut off from the health and education resources in the nearby town. Jabal al Baba is one of the 18 Bedouin communities located within the area Israel has allocated for its E1 settlement plan. Israel wants to displace all communities in this area in order to pave the way for building a large new and controversial settlement that is expected to divide the West Bank and separate East Jerusalem from the West Bank. (IMEMC 18 November 2019)

• The Israeli occupation army (IOA) carried out a limited incursion into the eastern area of Rafah province, southern Gaza Strip. Seven Israeli
military bulldozers rolled a few hundred meters into Palestinian lands near the border fence and leveled them amid heavy firing of live ammunition. (PALINFO 20 November 2019)

- New Israeli bypass will bring settlement closer to Jerusalem and hurt Palestinian farmers: “Friends, residents of Judea and Samaria,” Transportation Minister Bezalel Smotrich said at the start of a videotaped statement that was posted on his National Union party’s Facebook page on November 24. For the next three minutes, he expounded on his ministry’s plan to fix the (imaginary) transportation discrimination that Jewish residents of the West Bank suffer compared to other Israeli citizens. “We’re currently at the height of a master plan for transportation in Judea and Samaria that looks 30, 40, 50 and 60 years ahead,” he promised. He then laid out the details. The first of the dozen or so roads he mentioned was a bypass road around the Al-Arroub refugee camp. We’ve started paving it, he said. In fact, since early November, bulldozers have invaded the vineyards, in their autumn orange and gold, as well as the restored ancient stone terraces of Halhul and Beit Omar, turning over the land, raising clouds of dust, digging, uprooting, swallowing up trees and leveling the ground until it’s impossible to tell what it looked like two days earlier. Instead of the vineyards and terraces, a new section of Route 60 is being built between Beit-Fajjar Junction (also known as Gush Etzion Junction) and the southern entrance of Halhul. It will be about 10 kilometers (6 miles) long (of which nearly 2 kilometers is an expansion of an existing road) and 80 meters wide, except at two intersections where there will be exits and the road will be 150 meters wide. To build the road, 401 dunams (99 acres) of agricultural land were expropriated in April by order and signature of Brig. Gen. Ahvat Ben Hur, at the time head of Israel’s Civil Administration in the West Bank. Officially, this is called “purchasing ownership and taking possession,” after the signatory is convinced “that purchasing ownership of the land is for the public’s benefit” and that the road to be built “answers a public need from the standpoint of both transportation and security.” Construction of the exit near Al-Arroub will require the demolition of some of the buildings belonging to the Al-Arroub agricultural college. Even without hearing Smotrich, three farmers from Halhul who saw the bulldozer and the backhoe crawling over their family’s land Tuesday knew quite well that the minister wasn’t talking to them. “It’s not just the land they took from us for the road itself that’s gone,” said Adel Abu Rayan, a man in his 50s. “Everything around it will go too. We won’t be able to get to our land on the other side of the road. We won’t be able to plant, sow and work it.” He was speaking based on
experience with other roads that Israel has built in the West Bank in the heart of agricultural areas to link the settlements to each other and to Israel. Over time, prohibitions, restrictions and roadblocks spring up, and it becomes harder and harder to access the land and work it. And because construction is forbidden in any case, this will essentially become absent or theoretical land. “They’re building a highway here,” said 35-year-old Maher (not his real name) as he joined the conversation. “Their engineer, who was walking around here a few days ago, told me it will have six lanes – two in each direction plus an emergency service lane on each side – and a concrete barrier along the sides. “How will we get off the highway onto our land? We won’t be able to go in a tractor or on a donkey. And on foot, how is it possible to carry tools or crops?” That engineer, Maher said, spoke openly: “I want a driver who leaves [the settlement] Kiryat Arba to be able to go 120 kilometers per hour and reach Jerusalem without stopping.” This echoes Smotrich’s statement to his friends, the Jewish residents of Judea and Samaria. “We’re at the height of doubling the Tunnel Road, including digging a second tunnel,” Smotrich said, referring to the road that connects the Gush Etzion settlement bloc to Jerusalem. “In three or four years, we’ll be in a situation where from Jerusalem to Kiryat Arba we’ll be driving on a two-lane road on both sides.” Maher’s summary of the situation was a bit different. “In 15 minutes, a settler from Kiryat Arba will be in Jerusalem,” he said. “But we’re forbidden to enter Jerusalem. And even for someone who has a permit, it takes an hour or two because we’re forbidden to drive to Jerusalem on the express road” – the Tunnel Road – “that’s built on Palestinian lands.” We met on a wide dirt road that runs east from Route 60 to their vineyards, in an area known as Hawawer, opposite the road that leads to the settlement of Karmei Tzur. The entrance to the road was blocked by two police cars, and as the police stopped the Palestinian cars turning onto the road, they took the opportunity to give them tickets on various pretexts. A bit further east, near the bulldozers that never stopped digging, two Israeli cars were parked. Alongside them was a group of men in black with “security” written on their backs. They chatted among themselves in fluent Arabic and said we couldn’t take pictures. “They’re Bedouin,” Maher said, showing me a video he filmed a few days earlier of the destruction of Beit Omar’s vineyards. An Israeli all-terrain vehicle arrived. The driver got out, spoke with the bulldozer drivers and stopped by the security men. The Halhul farmers concluded that he was important, so they walked over to tell him about their vineyards. The man asked me to move away because he doesn’t speak with the media. His car bore the
name of his company, Margolin Bros. Engineering & Consulting Ltd. This is what is written on the firm’s website about the new project under its management: “A new road bypassing the Al-Arroub refugee camp and the village of Beit Omar, about 10 kilometers long (near Efrat in Judea). The assignment is a safe, secure road. The road includes security elements like extensive protective walls made of concrete, floodlighting of the area near the road and security cameras and other technological devices. The road is in a dangerous area that’s under threat, the heart of Judea. Developer: Netivei Israel. Planner: The Levy-Shtark company. 340 million shekels [$98 million]. 2018-2022.” Abu Rayan, Maher and the youngest member of the group, 27-year-old Mohammed Tawaya, were all raised on a family tradition of growing grapes that passed from grandfather to father to son to grandson. “The taste of grapes from Al-Shuyukh is different from those of Al-Arroub, which is different from those of Beit Omar, which isn’t the same as those from Halhul,” one said proudly of the area Margolin calls “dangerous and under threat.” The grapes are watered solely by rain. “The land beneath us is full of water,” one explained. “But even if we wanted to add crops that need irrigation, we’re forbidden to dig wells. The water isn’t for us.” Yet even without irrigation, “each bunch of grapes can weigh as much as three kilograms,” Abu Rayan said, adding that after Israel occupied the West Bank in 1967, “the Israelis came and took our seeds to develop their own grapes.” I said that in my view the new varieties that have been developed have no taste, and their texture is like plastic. They agreed. Abu Rayan said grapes grown industrially are also full of pesticides, adding that he has heard that exports of these grapes are sometimes restricted or canceled. “And then they flood Palestinian markets in the West Bank with them,” Maher – the bitterness never leaving him – jumped in. “And people don’t buy our grapes.” The bypass road will also pass through an area where, over the last four years, terraces have been restored and new agricultural roads built, with the goal of making life easier for farmers, expanding the area of cultivated land and encouraging more families to return to working the land, thus also increasing their incomes. It’s not yet clear how badly the road will damage this 1,600-dunam area, which was rehabilitated by two Palestinian nongovernmental organizations with funding from the Dutch government (the farmers covered around a quarter of the cost). Part of the route also passes through an area that hasn’t been worked for a long time and hasn’t yet been rehabilitated. We continued down the dirt road and stopped at the border between the cultivated land and the neglected area. It was easy to see traces of the bulldozers, whose teeth had turned over the
land and leveled a long, wide stretch. All along this stretch were poles marking the route, and one of them bore a sign saying “Netivei Israel – The National Transport Infrastructure Company Ltd. Boundary of the right of way. This area is owned by the State of Israel.” Abu Rayan, who reads Hebrew, was furious. “Look what’s written here! That the land is owned by the State of Israel!” he exclaimed. And Tawaya added, “We don’t exist for them.” Other Israeli cars passed us, driving as if they owned the place, on a road that until not long ago served only Palestinian farmers. The driver of a red car stopped, looked out and asked, “What’s going on? Is there a problem? Do you have land here? Have you spoken to me before?” Maher identified him as Boaz, from the Civil Administration’s department of transportation infrastructure. Abu Walid, a man of around 60, walked by us on foot. He had tears in his eyes. He owns a plot that was included in the rehabilitation program, but it lies near the route of the new road and will be destroyed. His vineyard has already been uprooted. I pointed out that the “purchasing” order said owners could receive compensation for their land. Abu Rayan responded emphatically, “This is our land. I won’t become a kafir – an infidel – over 200 dunams.” The bypass-road plan to benefit settlers near Hebron was submitted to the planning authorities in 2003. They approved it in 2012 after objections were rejected and changes were probably introduced. But only in April did they order the land expropriations. “People fell asleep while the plan wasn’t being implemented,” Maher said. “Today, they no longer have the strength to object.” Not totally accurate. In July attorney Ghiath Nasser, who who represents the affected municipalities and residents, submitted to the Civil Administration a long list of objections to the expropriations and the route. The objections were rejected, partly on grounds that objections had been filed a decade ago. He petitioned the High Court of Justice, also asking for an order to suspend the work. Justice David Mintz, a resident of the settlement of Dolev, ruled that there was no place for such an order and gave the state a month to file a response, while the vineyards continue to be uprooted and the land turned over. Abu Riyan, Maher and Tawaya are not aware of these legal proceedings. They feel abandoned. Maher said: “With all the roads that they’ve paved and are paving for the settlers at the expense of our lands, Halhul will turn into a camp” – a crowded refugee camp. “They want us to leave the land, become construction workers to make a living, and build their settlements.” (Haaretz 25 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) accompanied by bulldozers, invaded Palestinian agricultural lands, west of Bethlehem city, south of
occupied Jerusalem in the West Bank, and uprooted them. The military bulldozers uprooted dozens of Dunams of Palestinian agricultural lands, west of Husan village. The lands are privately owned by families from Husan in al-Sillam area. (WAFA , IMEMC 28 November 2019)

• New Israeli bypass will bring settlement closer to Jerusalem and hurt Palestinian farmers. A new section of highway will go around a refugee camp; grape growers say it will block access to many of their vineyards. To build the road, 401 dunams (99 acres) of agricultural land were expropriated in April by order and signature of Brig. Gen. Ahvat Ben Hur, at the time head of Israel’s Civil Administration in the West Bank. Officially, this is called “purchasing ownership and taking possession,” after the signatory is convinced “that purchasing ownership of the land is for the public’s benefit” and that the road to be built “answers a public need from the standpoint of both transportation and security.” Construction of the exit near Al-Arroub will require the demolition of some of the buildings belonging to the Al-Arroub agricultural college. (Haaretz 29 November 2019)

Expansion of settlements

• The Higher Planning Council of the Civil Administration convened on the eve of Sukkot (10 October 2019) and approved plans for 2,342 housing units in the settlements, according to the minutes of the meeting published. 59% of the approved units are in settlements that Israel likely may evacuate under a peace agreement (according to the Geneva Initiative). 1,623 of the units were approved for deposit (phase one of the planning process), and 719 units were approved for validation (final planning approval). On 30 October 2019, the Higher Planning Council approved a building permit for the construction of the new Tunnel Road, which bypasses Bethlehem to the west and is expected to dramatically increase the number of settlers in the Bethlehem area. This will end all the necessary bureaucratic procedures, and field work will be able to begin soon. Plans for 8,337 housing units in the settlements have been approved since the beginning of the year, an increase of close to 50% compared to 2018, when plans for 5,618 housing units were approved. This brings the average number of housing units approved in the three years since President Trump was elected, to 6,899 housing units, almost twice the average in the three years preceding them (3,635 housing units). Among the approved plans are the following: Mevo’ot Yericho – 182 housing units – A plan for construction in the newly “regularized”
settlement of Mevo’ot Yericho, north of Jericho—an outpost which the government decided on the eve of the September 2019 election to retroactively legalize. Dolev – 382 housing units – A plan for the establishment of 382 housing units in the Dolev settlement west of Ramallah (a large number for a small settlement). Following the assassination of the late Rina Schnerb in the Ein Bubin spring near Dolev last August, Prime Minister Netanyahu stated his intention to build 300 additional housing units in Dolev. Bracha – 207 units – The plan, in the Bracha settlement, adjacent to Nablus, is a significant extension of the settlement. On 19/9/19, the general in charge of the Israeli Central Command (West Bank, Jerusalem, Tel Aviv) signed a decree expanding the settlement’s jurisdiction to allow the plan to be approved. The plan for regularizing the illegal Jordan Valley outpost of Brosh received final approval. It serves as an educational institution that includes hundreds of students and families of staff members. The Kerem Reim outpost, established in 2012 and retroactively legalized, also received a newly approved plan with 140 new units. Plans Promoted in West Bank Settlements Per Year 2012 – 11,159, 2013 – 10,310, 2014 – 6,329, 2015 – 1,732, 2016 – 2,613, 2017 – 6,742, 2018 – 5,618, and 2019 – 8,337. (PEACENOW, IMEMC 1 November 2019)

- Israel to establish waste-to-energy plant in settlement of Ma’ale Adumim, unlawfully exploiting Palestinian territory for its own needs

  In October 2019, the Israeli government issued a tender for the establishment of its first waste-to-energy plant, at an estimated cost of 1 billion NIS (about 284 million USD). If established, the plant will be built without taking the Palestinian population of the West Bank and its views on the matter into account. The site for the plant lies between East Jerusalem and the Dead Sea, some 700 meters east of the Mishor Adumim industrial park near the Good Samaritan site and within the municipal jurisdiction of the settlement of Ma’ale Adumim. Israel expropriated this land back in 1975. The project is the initiative of the Ma’ale Adumim Planning and Development Corporation. Indeed, the Ministry of Environmental Protection has included the facility in its 2030 strategic plan for the treatment of urban waste. The plant is set to open in 2025 and to serve Israeli authorities within the metropolitan area of Jerusalem. It is expected to reduce the transfer of waste to landfills – the most common form of waste treatment in Israel and in the West Bank – as well as increase waste recycling by 2.5 and transform some 25% into energy. According to the plans, the plant will span some five hectares and treat enormous quantities ranging from 1,000 to 1,500 tons of waste a day – including domestic waste,
electronic waste and polluted soil. It will contain a sorting facility that can process about 2,000 tons a day. Waste that is found unsuitable for incineration will be sent on to recycling or to a landfill. According to the Ma’ale Adumim municipality, the plant will service local authorities that consist of some 1 million people, including Palestinian authorities, within a 40-km range. The specific authorities have not yet been named, other than the city of Jerusalem and the settlement of Ma’ale Adumim. (IMEMC 2 November 2019)

- The skyline of Jerusalem’s ancient Old City is set to be altered dramatically by a “cable car” the would blight the historic panorama and strengthen Jewish settlement in Palestinian neighbourhoods. Israel’s housing cabinet, a governmental body, approved the cable car plan, despite objections that the transitional government currently in place, after the September elections, cannot green light such a project. Running from the Old City’s Dung Gate to West Jerusalem, the Israeli government says the cable car would help ease traffic in the city and could transport 3,000 passengers an hour, at peak times. In January, various Israeli bodies earmarked 200,000,000 Israeli shekels ($54,400,000), to see the project completed. (HAARETZ, IMEMC 7 November 2019)

- The Israeli government is planning to establish a new Jewish neighborhood consisting of 10,000 settlement units near the industrial area of Atarot settlement near Qalandiya checkpoint to the north of Jerusalem. Netanyahu’s government is working to speed up the coordination process between the ministries of Housing and Finance to allocate millions of shekels for this project. Israel’s Construction Minister, Yoav Galant, said that this is going to be the first budget invested in the project that will be implemented in an "important settlement". (ISRAELHAYOM, PALINFO 26 November 2019)

- Work has begun on the expansion of the Nof Tzion settlement in the East Jerusalem neighborhood of Jabal Mukkaber, which upon completion will make it the largest Jewish settlement within a Palestinian neighborhood in the city. Nof Tzion was established by Jewish investors in the early 2000s and the residents moved in eight years ago, with currently 96 families living in two compounds. The neighborhood is considered relatively well off and the apartments face the Old City, however, it is surrounded on all sides by the large Palestinian neighborhood of Jabal Mukkaber. The area slated for expansion was the subject of a lengthy legal dispute; about 10 years ago, a Palestinian businessman, Bashar al-Masri, tried unsuccessfully to purchase the land to prevent the Jewish neighborhood’s buildout.
The land was eventually purchased by Jerusalem supermarket mogul Rami Levy, in partnership with an Australian businessman, Kevin Bermeister, one of the founders of Skype. About two years ago, permits were issued for the construction of 176 apartments. According to settlement activist and Jerusalem councilman Arieh King, the current expansion is only the first phase, with another 300 housing units expected to be approved. Nof Tzion is already the second largest Jewish settlement in a Palestinian neighborhood. The first is Ma’ale Zeitim on the Mount of Olives in the Palestinian neighborhood of Ras al Amud, which is home to 106 Jewish families. “The expansion of the settlement into the neighborhood of Jabal Mukkaber is a symbol of the Israel government’s choice to prevent the possibility of an agreement in Jerusalem and to continue to impose its rule on the residents of East Jerusalem without equal rights and with increasing oppression,” said Aviv Tatarsky, a researcher with the NGO Ir Amim, in response to the construction. “Jerusalem is a binational city and therefore it will be good for the Israelis here only if it is good for the Palestinians,” he added. King, on the other hand, welcomed the work. “As the person who blocked the attempt by Bashar al-Masri to buy the land of Nof Tzion, I am very happy that this most significant project in terms of the greatest extent of construction and number of apartments around the Old City, is moving forward.” He said there is unprecedented demand to buy apartments in the project. "Nof Tzion is to be the largest and most central neighborhood around the Old City and with God’s help in the coming years, other significant neighborhoods will join it like Kidmat Tzion, Beit Hanina, Beit Tsafafa and others." (Haaretz 27 November 2019)

Erection of Israeli checkpoints

• The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) invaded Yatta town, south of Hebron, and installed roadblocks on Hebron’s northern and southern entrance, in addition to the entrances of Halhoul and Sa’ir towns, before stopping and searching dozens of cars, and interrogated many Palestinians while inspecting the ID cards of the passengers. (IMEMC 18 November 2019)

• A flying Israeli army checkpoint placed on a road leading from Ramallah to dozens of villages to the northwest of Jerusalem has caused a serious traffic jam. The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) caused a total halt to movement of cars on that road, the only thoroughfare for 60,000 people who live in these village as they slowly inspect cars. The IOA would allow few cars to pass every while after inspecting the
passengers and their ID cards leading to a long line of cars waiting to cross the checkpoint aimed to reach these villages or travel to nearby Ramallah. (WAFA 23 November 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) installed roadblocks on Hebron’s northern and southern roads in Jouret Bahlas and al-Fahs areas, in addition to Sa’ir and Halhoul towns, before stopping and searching dozens of cars. (IMEMC 24 November 2019)

- Israel has tightened its restrictions on Palestinian farmers entering the area between the separation fence and Israeli territory. Until now, Palestinians who own land in this area have been able to acquire agricultural entry permits for the broad purpose of “maintaining their connection to the land.” But under new regulations issued by Israel’s Civil Administration in the West Bank, the purpose of these permits has been narrowed, and they will also only be good for a certain number of entries. The new purpose is defined as “enabling agricultural land to be worked based on agricultural needs derived from the size of the plot and the type of produce, while maintaining the connection to these lands.” Moreover, the number of times a farmer can access his lands will be capped according to the crops grown there. For instance, the maximum number of entries is 40 times a year for olives and onions, 50 times for figs and 220 for tomatoes or strawberries. The new protocol also stipulates that the size of the land would be taken into account when determining the amount of days allotted to a farmer. If a farmer has exhausted his entry quota, he must apply for a new permit, which will be granted only if he can prove that he was unable to finish his agricultural work within the visits allotted him. This creates a new bureaucratic hurdle for Palestinian farmers. The area between the separation fence and Israel comprises 140,000 dunams, most of which is Palestinian agricultural land. There are gates in the fence to allow the farmers to access their land, but they are open only for a few hours a day, and Palestinians must have an entry permit to pass through them. They must also obtain permits for any workers they hire to tend their land. Ahmed al-Abadi, 54, of Tura al-Gharbiya in the northern West Bank, recently received one of the new, limited permits, but refused to accept it. Fifteen of the 42 dunams of land that he owns lie between the separation fence and Israel. “They treat our land is if it were a business where we work by the hour,” he said. “I used to sit under a tree on this land with my father and grandfather; all the memories of my childhood are there. It’s not a business, it’s not a matter of profits; it’s our connection to this land.” In the past, he said, he used to enter the land frequently and spend his free time there.
“Now, they’re telling me, ‘You can only enter a certain number of times.’ Let them confiscate the land and be done with it. I’m not willing to accept this.” Earlier this year, Haaretz reported that the rejection rate for Palestinians applying for agricultural entry permits jumped to 72 percent in 2018 from just 24 percent four years earlier, according to data provided by the Civil Administration to Hamoked: Center for the Defense of the Individual. One reason for this is a growing number of applications rejected on the grounds that the plot is too small to be cultivated, in light of the Civil Administration’s practice of dividing up family plots according to the number of people in the family. A Palestinian seeking to access lands located between the separation fence and Israel could also apply for a nonagricultural permit, such as one based on “personal needs.” According to Hamoked, there are 84 gates in the separation fence, but only nine are open on a daily basis. Ten are open once a week and the other 65 are open on a seasonal basis. “Israel no longer tries to pretend that it respects the right of Palestinian landowners to access their lands that were trapped on the other side of the wall,” said Jessica Montell, Hamoked’s executive director. “We’re talking about more than nine percent of the West Bank’s land. In the name of security, the military bureaucracy is effectively perpetrating land theft in these areas.” The Civil Administration said the regulations were changed “to ensure that permits are used exclusively for the needs of the agriculture industry and subject to the criteria. In this context, the validity of the permits was lengthened from two years to three, and at the same time, a maximum number of annual entries was set based on the needs of the type of produce and the size of the plot.” (Haaretz 24 November 2019)

• The Israeli occupation army (IOA) installed roadblocks on Hebron’s northern and southern roads in Jouret Bahlas and al-Fahs areas, in addition to Sa’ir and Halhoul towns, before stopping and searching dozens of cars. (IMEMC 25 November 2019)

Israeli Closures

• Israeli occupation authorities, closed several official and non-official Palestinian institutions in the occupied city of Jerusalem for six months. The Israeli police served an order and closed the office of the Directorate of Education, banned the activities of Palestine TV in occupied Jerusalem, and arrested the director of the Arab Health Center in Jerusalem’s old city. Occupation authorities have drawn up a decision signed by the Israeli Minister of Internal Security Gilad
Ardan, to close the mentioned institutions for six months. (IMEMC 20 November 2019)

Other

- Israel is seeking to impose "transportation sovereignty" in the occupied West Bank, with a budget of $228m approved this week for a new tunnel connecting a major settlement, Gush Etzion, with Jerusalem. Bezalel Smotrich, Israel's minister of transport, an MP from the right-wing Jewish Home party, is planning to include Israeli settlements in the framework of Israel's national transportation, according to Israel Hayom newspaper. So far, a budget of 800 million shekels ($228m) has been approved this week by authorities for a second tunnel to connect the southern settlement of Gush Etzion to the city of Jerusalem, a one-lane route that currently suffers heavy traffic. The completion of the tunnel and the route in the coming years means that the two lanes will serve both ways, connecting the southern Israeli settlements in the West Bank with Kiryat Araba settlement, near the city of Hebron. Smotrich has also reshuffled some positions within his ministry and shared plans with Israel's defence ministry in aspects relating to road construction and transport. His long-term goal, according to Israel Hayom, is to include all of the settlements in the West Bank into a transport masterplan, so that in any future national planning, settlements will be dealt with as part of towns and cities within the 1948 borders of Israel. "I do not give preference to Judea and Samaria [the West Bank] but also am not willing to continue the discrimination. These areas will receive treatment just like anywhere else in Israel," he said. "While it is only about roads and trains, it has political significance." The transport ministry has also accelerated the paving of other vital roads in the settlements including Route 446, as well as the $4.3bn project of widening the road from Neve Yemin, a town in Israel, to settlements near the city of Nablus, both in the north of the West Bank. They are expected to be opened in January 2020. These plans are significant as it means that settlers in the West Bank will have improved roads which Palestinians have limited access to, and they go hand-in-hand with settlement expansion, in contravention of international law, which deems it illegal. Smotrich said there had been "cumulative planning and implementation gaps" in the West Bank for many years. (middleeasteye 1 November 2019)

- Israel’s Transportation Minister Bezalel Smotrich is pursuing a policy that would bolster the road and rail infrastructure in Judea and
Samaria with the goal of creating de facto annexation of the territories, according to a report in Israel Hayom. The program, described by the ministry as “sovereignty through transportation,” would see the road connecting Jerusalem to Gush Etzion expanded at a cost of about NIS 1 billion ($283 million). A major new road from Gush Etzion southward would be built at a similar cost under the plan. According to Smotrich’s office, this new policy, which includes additional projects, is designed to “end the current isolation of Judea and Samaria when it comes to transportation planning, so that the area is just like any other region in Israel.” To promote this agenda, Smotrich has also created a special bureau for Judea and Samaria planning in his ministry. He has also had Judea and Samaria transportation projects integrated with national projects so that the residents of those areas can have their concerns addressed over the long term. Bottom of Form

- This means that a variety of issues that have previously been ignored by state agencies will have proper oversight, including road safety. It would also allow residents of Judea and Samaria to use the same general monthly or daily public transportation passes used all over Israel, known as the Rav Kav. “For years, roads have been paved only because of coalition agreements within the government, and this has to stop,” Smotrich told Israel Hayom. “Israelis and Palestinians live in Judea and Samaria, and they are not going anywhere; they should get proper transportation, not just Band-Aid solutions.” (JNS 4 November 2019)

- The Palestinian Journalists Syndicate, in a report, said that so far this year, Israeli occupation Army (IOA) have committed 600 violations against journalists and the media in general. The PJS Freedoms Committee said that the gravest of these violations was the use of live ammunition against journalists, with 60 cases of live fire injuries among journalists, by Israeli forces, documented. The report also noted that, in 170 cases, the IOA beat or detained journalists, or banned them from covering events. Currently, added the report, there are 18 journalists incarcerated in Israeli jails. WAFA further reports that, with regard to the ongoing anti-Palestinian campaign by Facebook, the Syndicate said it has monitored 180 cases of violation against the Palestinian content on the platform, including the removal of Palestinian accounts or posts. (IMEMC 7 November 2019)

- In early November it was revealed that officials within the Keren Kayemeth LeIsrael (KKL) have secretly spent tens of millions of shekels in purchases of West Bank land over the past two years, and
that this was done behind the back of KKL’s board of directors, without obtaining approval as required. As Israeli journalist Raviv Drucker explained in his investigation on the subject, the settlers found themselves a convenient “bank” that enables them to maintain enormous budgets without supervision nor a need to fundraise for them to carry out controversial ideological activity. Such purchases refer to 6 or 7 acquisition transactions for which NIS 45 million has already been paid, including a commitment to add another NIS 43 million (NIS 88 million total). Among the transactions reported there are: About 272 dunams in the Bethlehem area near the settlement of Elazar; Approximately 100 dunams southeast of Ramallah in the area of Kochav Yaakov. Territories in the Jordan Valley near the settlement of Hamra. East of Qalqiliya near the industrial area of the settlement of Karnei Shomron. The Bakri family house in Hebron, which settlers illegally seized and claimed to have purchased from its owners, but which the court rejected the purchase documents and ruled for the settlers to be evicted. Currently, legal proceedings in this case are still underway (see here). It is important to emphasize that land purchases in the West Bank is a dubious and often non-transparent business. Because Israelis and Palestinians have a national dispute over land, over the years the sale of land to the other nation has been seen as a betrayal. Indeed, the Palestinian Authority prohibits it. Therefore, all real estate transactions between Israelis and Palestinians are done in the dark, without supervision, and in many cases with forgery and fraud. Transactions involving tens of acres of land are particularly suspicious because such large areas usually have many owners (tens and even hundreds of individuals) and it is hard to believe that so many can agree to sell. Peace Now knows of at least 65,000 dunams of West Bank land purchased by KKL since 1967. These areas are or have already been used to build and expand settlements and to expel Palestinians with private property claims of their own. It should be noted that even without knowing about the alleged transactions, there has been an increase in KKL activity in the settlements in the past two years, in particular involving the takeover of Palestinian land (see explanation below). The KKL had put pressure to demolish a Palestinian house and restaurant in the Bethlehem area; an illegal outpost was established; and procedures for demolishing additional Palestinian homes were opened. (PEACENOW 10 November 2019)

- Secretary of State Mike Pompeo announced a major reversal of the US’ longstanding policy on Israeli settlements in the occupied West Bank, rejecting a 1978 State Department legal opinion that deemed the
settlements "inconsistent with international law." The announcement, which breaks with international law and consensus, is the latest in a string of hardline, pro-Israeli moves that are likely to inflame tensions between the Trump administration and Palestinians and widen the divide between the Trump administration and traditional US allies in Europe. "After carefully studying all sides of the legal debate... the establishment of Israeli civilian settlements in the West Bank is not, per se, inconsistent with international law," Pompeo said, citing President Ronald Reagan's 1981 assessment that the settlements were not "inherently illegal." Pompeo said the US government is "expressing no view on the legal status of any individual settlement" or "addressing or prejudging the ultimate status of the West Bank." For more information, click here (CNN 18 November 2019)

- The Israeli Electricity Company (IEC) is going to increase power cut to Palestinians getting their power supply from the Palestinian power distributing company, the Jerusalem District Electricity Company (JEDCO), to three hours, instead of the current two hours, starting next months. The IEC started one month ago to impose punitive measures against JEDCO by cutting power supply to Palestinian households within JEDCO concession area, which includes Jerusalem, Ramallah, Bethlehem and Jericho and surrounding villages, for two hours every two or three weeks due to what IEC claims was unpaid debt by JEDCO that reached around $500 million. IEC seems to have decided to increase the power cut to three hours as of next month, from 2:00 pm to 5:00 pm local time, to pressure the privately-owned Palestinian company and the Palestinian Authority to pay the debt to the Israeli company. (JDECO, IMEMC 23 November 2019)

- Israeli occupation authorities (IOA) last week prevented 10 Palestinian citizens from travelling through Al-Karama crossing between the West Bank and Jordan. (PALINFO 23 November 2019)

- Israeli Prime Minister, Benjamin Netanyahu announced the allocation of 40 million shekels (NIS) in aid, to support the ‘security and emergency budget’ in the West Bank and Jordan Valley. Prime Minister Netanyahu said that the Israeli government will approve the allocation of 40 million shekels to support the settlements, during a meeting on Sunday with the heads of settlement councils in the West Bank. Netanyahu stressed that he will continue support, and strengthen the settlements, noting that a security grant, in the amount
of 34.5 million NIS. The increase in budget of 5.5 million NIS is allotted for the immediate support of ambulance stations in the West Bank and the Jordan Valley, as well as 3.6 million NIS for settlement support centers. Netanyahu said: “We will provide this grant within the framework of preserving the lives and security of our brothers who live there.” (Haaretz, IMEMC 30 November 2019)

- A detainee died at an Israeli hospital after he was systematically denied specialized medical care, leading to serious complications that resulted in his death. The detainee, Sami Abu Diak, 37, was only moved to Assaf Harofeh Israeli Medical Center after a sharp decline in his health. Sami was subjected to a deliberate policy denying him the right to adequate medical care. Despite the serious decline in his health, and the constant complications, he was not provided with the urgently needed specialized care, and was only moved to a hospital when he neared death.” It is worth mentioning that Sami Abu Diak, 37, was from Sielet ath-Thaher town, south of the northern West Bank city of Jenin, and was serving three life terms and an additional 30 years in prison. He was taken prisoner on July 17, 2002, and was first diagnosed with intestinal cancer in August of 2015, and underwent surgery, after the prison authority moved him to Soroka Medical Center, but due to a misdiagnosis and a medical error, he faced serious complications, and some of his intestines were removed. Abu Diak underwent various surgeries, and suffered further complications, including pulmonary and renal failures, in addition to cancer and skin poisoning, and his condition continued to deteriorate since then. (IMEMC 26 November 2019)