



ARIJ Daily Report

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Israeli Violations' Activities in the oPt

30 September 2019

The daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats in the occupied Palestinian territory, the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

The Violations are based on reports provided by field workers and/or news sources.

The text is not quoted directly from the sources but is edited for clarity.

The daily report does not necessarily reflect ARIJ's opinion.



This DAILY REPORT is prepared as part of the project entitled Advocating for a Sustainable and Viable Resolution of Israeli-Palestinian Conflict which is financially supported by the EU. However, the content of this presentation is the sole responsibility of ARIJ & LRC and does not necessarily reflect those of the donors.

Brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed orders to two women, both teachers identified as Hanadi Halawani and Khadija Khweiss, denying them access to the Al-Aqsa Mosque compound and its surrounding areas of six months. The two women have previously been detained numerous times for protesting the ongoing provocative tours by soldiers, police officers and settlers into Al-Aqsa, especially since the police frequently pushes the Palestinian Muslim worshipers out of the holy site during these tours, in addition to detaining and detaining many of them. (IMEMC 30 September 2019)

Israeli Arrests

- The Israeli occupation authorities (IOA) issued in September administrative detention orders against 101 Palestinians currently held in Israeli jails for periods ranging between two and six months. Some of the orders were issued against Palestinians detainees for the first time, while others had their administrative detention renewed. According to statistics, there are 500 administrative detainees in Israeli jails. Administrative detention is the imprisonment of Palestinians without charge or trial at orders from a military commander and on the basis of secret evidence. The order normally goes for six-month periods, indefinitely renewable by Israeli military authorities. (Wafa 30 September 2019)
- The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) detained in Jerusalem Walid Ilyyan, from Issawiyeh neighborhood, hours after he was freed from prison after serving five years for resisting the Israeli occupation, along with his father, Daoud. (Wafa 30 September 2019)
- The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) detained four others from the same neighborhood all from the Obeid family, including Samir Obeid, father of Martyr Mohammad Obeid, 20, who was shot dead by the IOA in the neighborhood on June 27. (Wafa 30 September 2019)

- The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) **detained** two Palestinians from Dheisheh refugee camp in Bethlehem. (Wafa 30 September 2019)
- Seven detainees in Israeli prisons, including one woman, are ongoing with hunger strike, protesting being held under the arbitrary Administrative Detention orders, without charges or trial. One of the detainees, identified as Ahmad Abdul-Karim Ghannam, 42, from Doura town, southwest of the southern West Bank city of Hebron, started the hunger strike 79 days ago, and is facing serious complications, especially since he also has cancer. The second detainee, Ismael Ali, 30, from Abu Dis near Jerusalem, was taken prisoner in February of this year and started his strike 69 days ago. The third detainee is Tareq Qa'dan, 46, from Jenin governorate in Northern West Bank; he started the strike 62 days ago. He was frequently abducted and imprisoned, spending a total of 11 years in prison. The fourth detainee is Mos'ab al-Hindi, 29, from Tal town near the northern West Bank city of Nablus; he was taken prisoner on September 4th and started the strike seven days ago. Al-Hindi is a former political prisoner who previously also went on hunger strike for being held under Administrative Detention orders which were renewed for a total of 24 times, over the course of numerous abductions and imprisonment. The fifth detainee is Monir Bassel Sawafta, 36, from Tubas in northeastern West Bank; he was abducted on March 29th and received a six-month Administrative Detention order. He is a former political prisoner who was held for a total of four years in prison prior to his current detention. The sixth detainee, [Ahmad Zahran](#), 42, from Deir Abu Mashal town, near Ramallah in central West Bank, started his strike seven days ago. He is a married father of four and was abducted this past March. Zahran started the strike seven days ago after Israel refused to release him, despite an agreement that was reached after he held a 39-day hunger strike earlier this year. The seventh detainee is [Hiba al-Lubbadi](#), 24, a bearer of a Jordanian and a Palestinian citizenship, who was abducted when she was traveling to Jenin to visit with her family. She was taken prisoner on the border terminal between Jordan and the occupied West Bank and was subjected to harsh interrogation for 25 consecutive days, before she was

- slapped with an Administrative Detention order, and started the hunger strike seven days ago. (IMEMC 30 September 2019)
- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a young man, identified as Hamza Maswada, while walking in an alley in the Old City, and took him to a nearby detention and interrogation facility. (IMEMC 30 September 2019)
 - The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Mohammad Waleed Obeid, Waseem Nayef Obeid, and Ayyoub Bahaey Obeid, from their homes in occupied East Jerusalem. (IMEMC 30 September 2019)
 - The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) searched and ransacked homes in Hebron governorate, in southern West Bank, and detained Atallah Issa Abu Sbeih, in addition to searching the homes of Mohammad Khaled Shawaheen and Hafeth Rashid and Ali Rashid, in Yatta town, south of Hebron city. (IMEMC 30 September 2019)
 - The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a child, identified as Osama Essam Rajabi, 15, after stopping him at Abu ar-Reese military roadblock, west of the Ibrahimi Mosque in Hebron city, while he was heading to his school. (IMEMC 30 September 2019)
 - In Bethlehem, South of Jerusalem, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Raghad Raed Shamrookh, 24, and Bassel Waleed Da'amsa, 25, from their homes in Deheishe refugee camp, South of the city. Protests erupted after the IOA invaded the refugee camp, and the soldiers fired rubber-coated steel bullets, gas bombs, and concussion grenades. (IMEMC 30 September 2019)

Israeli Settler Violence

- The Israeli police closed Bab al-Magharba gate, one of the gate of Al Aqsa Mosque, before allowing around 94 Israeli settlers to conduct provocative tours into the holy site. (IMEMC 30 September 2019)

Erection of Israeli checkpoints

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) installed roadblocks in Hebron's northern roads, and the entrances of Sa'ir Yatta and as-Sammoa' towns, before stopping and searching dozens of cars, and interrogated many Palestinians while inspecting their ID cards. (IMEMC 30 September 2019)

Israeli Closures

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the Ibrahimi Mosque to all Muslim worshippers, to allow groups of Israeli settlers to visit it during the Jewish New Year. The closure is for 24 hours, starting at ten on Sunday night. (IMEMC 30 September 2019)

Other

- Out of 219 patient applications (133 male; 86 female), or 13% of the total, who were denied in August Israeli permits to leave Gaza through Erez/Beit Hanoun crossing for healthcare in West Bank or East Jerusalem hospitals, 40 were children under 18 years of age and 35 aged 60 years or older. A quarter (24%) of denied applications were for appointments in oncology, 19% for orthopedics, 7% for ophthalmology, 6% for hematology, 6% for cardiology, and 5% for general surgery. In addition, 356 patient applications (195 male; 161 female), or 21% of the total, were delayed access to care, receiving no definitive response to their application by the date of their hospital appointment. Of these, 100 applications were for children under the age of 18 and 48 applications were for patients aged 60 years or older. A third (31%) of those delayed had appointments for oncology, 10% for hematology, 8% for cardiology, 8% for pediatrics, 7% for ophthalmology, 6% for orthopedics, and 6% for internal medicine. The remaining 24% were for 18 other specialties. The majority of delayed applications (259 or 73%) were 'under study' at the time of appointment. There were 1,734 patient applications to cross Erez for healthcare in August. Almost a third (31%) were for children under 18 and 18% were for patients aged 60 years or older, said WHO, adding that 46% of applications were for female patients and 92% were for medical care funded by the Palestinian Ministry of Health. Of the total applications, 1,159 (602 male; 557 female), or 69%, were approved – similar to the average approval rate so far in 2019, said the health organization.

Regarding patients companions, there were 1,897 companion permit applications to Israeli authorities in August to cross Erez to accompany patients, including parents or other companions applying to accompany children. Only one companion is allowed to accompany each Gaza patient. A total of 975 patient companion applications (51% of the total) were approved, 317 applications (17%) were denied and the remaining 605 (32%) were delayed, receiving no definitive response by the time of the patient's appointment. (WHO, WAFA 30 September 2019)

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