The daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats in the occupied Palestinian territory, the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

The Violations are based on reports provided by field workers and/or news sources.

The text is not quoted directly from the sources but is edited for clarity.

The daily report does not necessarily reflect ARIJ’s opinion.
Brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army

- Dozens of Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the northern West Bank city of Nablus, and surrounded a center run by the Palestinian Preventative Security Force before opening a barrage of live fire at it, wounding one officer and causing property damage. Dozens of IOA surrounded the Palestinian Preventative Security building in Nablus, and fired dozens of live rounds at it, wounding one officers, in addition to smashing many windows and causing damage to vehicles. The Israeli military claims about its army coming under fire while invading an area near the security center are fabrications, and that this attack is not the first, and won’t be the last, especially amidst the current serious escalation against the Palestinians, their homes and lands. The army’s bullets were meant to kill, as the IOA fired dozens of live rounds into the buildings through their windows, and many of their bullets struck various offices and dorms. The IOA later withdrew from the city, without abducting any of the officers, and fired many live rounds at random while driving away. (IMEMC 11 June 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded many neighborhoods in Hebron city, and Bani Neim town, east of Hebron, before storming and searching several homes. Owners of some of the invaded homes have been identified as Abu Ammar, Abu Nabil Rajabi, Khaled Ata Hmeidat and Khalil Ali Hmeidat. (IMEMC 11 June 2019)

Israeli Arrests

- Many Israeli army jeeps invaded the al-Mazra’a al-Gharbiyya village, northwest of Ramallah, searched homes and detained Yahia Hasan Ladadwa. (IMEMC 11 June 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded ‘Aroura village, northwest of Ramallah, searched homes and detained Mohammad al-‘Arouri. (IMEMC 11 June 2019)

- In occupied Jerusalem, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the al-‘Isawiya village, east of the city, and assaulted a young man,
identified as Majd Bader, causing cuts and bruises, especially to his head, after stopping him at the western entrance of the village, and detained him. (IMEMC 11 June 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a former political prisoner, identified as Ra’fat Jamil Naseef, 53, after invading and ransacking his home in the southern area of Tulkarem city, in northern West Bank. (IMEMC 11 June 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Ishaq Mahameed from his home in Nur Shams refugee camp, east of Tulkarem, and a former political prisoner, identified as Adnan Ahmad al-Hosary, 55, from his home in Tulkarem refugee camp. (IMEMC 11 June 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Palestinian, identified as Mansour Hasan al-Lubbadi, 22, was detained from his home in Zeita village, north of Tulkarem. (IMEMC 11 June 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched homes in the Sammoa’ town, southwest of Hebron, and detained Mohammad Masalma. The IOA also searched homes in the Sammoa’ town, south of Hebron, and detained Waleed Radwan, 41. (IMEMC 11 June 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained and repeatedly assaulted two children, identified as Ahmad Fawwaz Rajabi, 15, and Mustafa Soheil Rajabi, 15, near Tareq Bin Ziad School, in the southern area of Hebron city. The two children suffered various cuts and bruises, and were released a few hours after the army detained them. (IMEMC 11 June 2019)

**Home Demolition & Demolition threats**

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a residential building in Jabal Johar neighborhood, southeast of the southern West Bank city of Hebron. Dozens of IOA invaded the area after surrounding and isolating it, and demolished an under-construction four-story residential building, and its basement. The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a well owned by the same Palestinian who owns the building, identified as Zayed Jamal Rajabi. (IMEMC 11 June 2019)
• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the village of Sur Baher in occupied East Jerusalem, surrounded an under-construction two-storey building, owned by Wisam Jabour, and prevented the Palestinians from entering the area, before demolishing the building. Two days ago, the IOA invaded Sur Baher, and verbally ordered Jabour to halt the construction of his building, but did not hand him a demolition order. (IMEMC 11 June 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) forced the family of Hasan Abu Kaf to self-demolish their home in Sur Baher village in occupied East Jerusalem. (IMEMC 11 June 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a residential structure and four barns in Bir Ouna area, west of the southern West Bank city of Bethlehem. A large Israeli military force escorted a bulldozer to Bir Ouna and cordoned the area off before they proceeded to demolish four barns and a residential room purportedly for being built without a license. The owner of the structures was identified as Mohammad Zreineh. The IOA randomly opened fire at residents who attempted to counter the demolition, injuring Zreineh’s son with a rubber-coat bullet in the foot and beating other family members. (WAFA 11 June 2019)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) uprooted dozens of olive trees and demolished a water well, to the east of Tammun town, south of Tubas city, in the northern West Bank. The IOA stormed the farming area of Umm al-Kabbash, east of Tammun, where they demolished a water collection well and uprooted dozens of olive trees. Soldiers cordoned the area off, preventing journalists from reporting on the issue. There are about old 400 olive trees and four water wells belonging to several residents. (WAFA 11 June 2019)

• The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) demolished a house, a residential building and a commercial facility in the villages of Sur Baher and Jabal Al-Mukabber, under the pretext of building without a permit. The families of Abu Kaf demolished their house in the village of Sur Baher, and Alqam family self-demolished their building in Shu’fat refugee camp, in order to avoid paying fines and demolition costs to the municipality. The bulldozers and municipal crews, accompanied by police and special forces, stormed the village of Sur Baher and
carried out the demolition of a house and a residential building. **Afaneh family:** The occupation’s bulldozers demolished a house belonging to Ahmad Afaneh, in which 5 people live, and that has been established for 7 years. The family said they had built the house five years ago, and the Israeli occupation forces prevented them from emptying the contents of their house. **Jbour family:** The occupation forces demolished an under construction residential building belonging to Wissam Jbour, knowing that he built it about a year ago. Jbour explained that the building consists of two floors, and the building was ready from the outside. During the process of finishing the internal building, municipal crews stormed the building and demanded not to continue construction; the bulldozers demolished the building the next morning. **Ja’abees family:** The occupation’s bulldozers demolished a commercial facility "Aluminum shop" in the village of Jabal Al-Mukabber owned by Issam Mohammed Ja’abees under the pretext of building without a license. The facility had an area of 90 square meters, which has been in existence for 7 years. The owner of the shop explained that the bulldozers demolished the shop on top of most of the contents, knowing that the municipality carried out the demolition despite giving him until the beginning of next September to self-demolish it. **Abu Kaf Family:** Abu Kaf family demolished its house in the village of Sur Baher on Monday. The family explained that 7 people live in the house "the mother and her children, oldest is 19 and the youngest is 10 years." The house had been in existence for nine years, and the family had tried to license it, but the municipality was delaying the approval of the master plans for the area. **Alqam Family:** Emran Alqam self-demolished his "under construction" building in Shu’fat refugee camp following an order by the occupation municipality. (SILWANIC 11 June 2019)

**Confiscation & Razing of lands**

- The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) destroyed more than 550 olive trees and destroyed a number of water wells in Um al-Kubish area, east of Tammoun village in Tubas governorate in the northern West Bank. The IOA stormed the area, knowing that this area is A nature Reserve, uprooted and destroyed more than 550 olive trees and destroyed a number of water collection wells. These lands belong to a number of
citizens in the village of Tammun, namely Jihad Bani Odeh and his brothers, Rashid Rashid Bani Odeh, Abdullah Yousif Bani Odeh and Tammun Municipality. (Maannews 11 June 2019)

Expansion of settlements

- The Supreme Court has rejected the appeal of the Greek Orthodox Patriarchate and approved the sale of three “strategic” assets in Jerusalem’s Old City to the pro-settlement Ateret Cohanim association. The rejection of the appeal on Monday ends a 14-year-long legal saga surrounding the sale of the assets, which has agitated the Greek Church in Jerusalem. The decision represents a significant victory for Ateret Cohanim, a right-wing organization that strives to acquire Palestinian property in the Old City, for Jewish settlement. With Monday’s decision, the group can dramatically strengthen its hold on the Old City’s Christian Quarter. The story began in 2005, when the daily Maariv published a report about the sale of the three buildings, including the Petra and Imperial hotels overlooking the Jaffa Gate plaza at the entrance to the Old City. The Maariv story rattled the Greek Church and led to an exceptional procedure to oust the incumbent patriarch, Irenaeus. He claimed that the ousting was illegal, and insists to this day that he is the patriarch. The new patriarch, Theophilus III, rejected the transaction and claimed that it involved corruption and bribery, and lacked church authorization. First, the patriarchate claimed that Irenaeus didn’t receive the approval of the Synod Council to carry out the transaction. It also claimed that their finance director, Nikolas Papadimos, had received money from Ateret Cohanim to advance the deal and had committed acts of theft and corruption involving patriarchate funds. The patriarchate also argued that the price paid for the buildings by Ateret Cohanim is significantly lower than their market value. A year ago the District Court rejected these claims. Judge Gila Kanfi Steinitz approved the transaction, but criticized Ateret Cohanim for failing to bring the organization’s chairman, Matityahu Dan, to testify. After the defeat in the District Court the patriarchate appealed to the Supreme Court. Last week the patriarchate’s lawyers repeated the allegations of bribery, corruption and lack of authorization. In today’s decision three justices, Yitzhak Amit, Yael Vilner and Alex Stein, rejected the appeal and approved the transfer of the buildings to Ateret Cohanim. The justices confirmed the patriarchate’s claims that Papadimos had received $35,000 from Ateret Cohanim, and criticized Dan’s failure to testify. Justice Amit wrote: “When a litigant claims that Reuven promised a bribe to one of his workers, we could expect Reuven to come to testify.
and deny the allegation, even if the litigant has no real proof of the accusation …” On the other hand, Amit said the court could accept the explanation that there were other considerations for not having Dan testify. (Haaretz 11 June 2019)