The daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats in the occupied Palestinian territory, the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

The Violations are based on reports provided by field workers and/or news sources.

The text is not quoted directly from the sources but is edited for clarity.

The daily report does not necessarily reflect ARIJ’s opinion.
Brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army

- Dozens of Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) and police officers have been deployed in Bab al-‘Amoud and Sultan Suleiman Street, and sealed them after alleging finding an explosive charge in a plastic bag, and later announced that the suspected explosive was just barrage dumped in the area. (IMEMC 10 April 2019)

Israeli Arrests

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained ten children in Silwan town, including two who were taken prisoner while heading to their school when the soldiers assaulted and abducted them. The IOA assaulted and injured the two children, before taking them to an interrogation center in the occupied city. The two children were unidentified at the time of this report, but the PPS identified eight of the detained children as; Khader Mohammad Odah, 13, Jihad Jawad Abu Ramouz, 15, his brother Mohammad, 14, Sultan Sarhan, 14, Mohannad Zeid Mashahra, 17, Odai Adnan Gheith, 17, Omari Suleiman Mashahra, 17, and Samer Sarhan, 14. (IMEMC 10 April 2019)

- In Bethlehem, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) searched homes and detained Ali Abu Hussein and Ali Naji Ayesh. (IMEMC 10 April 2019)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Yousef al-Hawash from his home in the Old City of Jerusalem. (IMEMC 10 April 2019)

- In Jenin, in northern West Bank, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Adnan Khalil Malalha, a member of the Local Council of Sielat ath-Thaher town. (IMEMC 10 April 2019)

- Dozens of Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Silwan and Jabal al-Mokabber, after surrounding and isolating them, and initiated violent searches of homes. The IOA detained Khader Mohammad Odah, 13, Jihad Jawad Abu Ramouz, 15, Mohammad Jawad Abu Ramouz, 15, Sultan Sarhan, 14, Mohannad Zeid Mashahra, 17, Omarein Suleiman Mashahra, 17, and Odai Adnan Gheith, 17. The children were heading to their schools, when the IOA stopped and detained him, in addition
to assaulting two of them, causing various cuts and bruises. (IMEMC 10 April 2019)

- Israeli police forces sealed off the Damascus Gate, one of the main entrances to the Old City of Jerusalem, and detained two Palestinian teenagers. A large number of Israeli forces and police were deployed at the Damascus Gate and Sultan Suleiman Street. Israeli forces and police completely sealed off the Damascus Gate, banning passage in both directions, under the pretext of finding a suspicious object in the area. The seal off took place as students and employees were making their way home, obstructing their movement and causing a traffic jam. Israeli forces body searched and interrogated several Palestinian teenagers. In addition, two of the teenagers were assaulted and detained by Israeli forces. The identity of the two detained remained unknown. (Maannews 10 April 2019)

**Israeli Settler Violence**

- A group of Israeli settlers infiltrated into Ein Yabrud village, east of the central West Bank city of Ramallah, and wrote racist graffiti on a number of cars and homes. (IMEMC 10 April 2019)

- Israeli settlers sprayed racist graffiti on several Palestinian homes and vehicles in the Ein Yabrud Yabrud village, east of the central occupied West Bank city of Ramallah. Israeli settlers raided the village predawn and sprayed racist anti-Arab slogans on Palestinian homes and vehicles. Israeli settlers raid Palestinian towns and villages under armed security by Israeli forces. Known as “price tag” attacks, extremist Israeli settlers use violent acts of retribution on Palestinians and their property to demonstrate their opposition to Israeli restrictions on settlements and their outposts in the occupied West Bank. (Maannews 10 April 2019)

**Home Demolition & Demolition threats**

- The Israeli “City Council” in occupied East Jerusalem issued, demolition orders targeting several homes in the al-‘Isawiya town, in the heart of the city. Dozens of Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) accompanied by members of the City Council, invaded the town,
before breaking into many homes and buildings. The IOA handed several Palestinians the demolition orders and summoned many of them for interrogation. The Israeli authorities are claiming that the buildings were constructed without permits from the City council. (IMEMC 10 April 2019)

• The Israeli municipality of Jerusalem delivered demolition notices to residential structures in the Issawiya neighborhood. The joint teams from the Israeli municipality and police raided the neighborhood and delivered demolition notices, summons for 13 residential structures, under the pretext that they were built without the Israeli-issued building permits. Some of the notified buildings were built more than 15 years ago. Some of the buildings were identified as belonging to the Mahmoud, Darwish, Hamdan and al-Zaatari families. The Israeli municipality inspector took footage of dozens of buildings and homes in the neighborhood. (Maannews 10 April 2019)

Israeli Military Orders

• The Israeli occupation authorities and the military have issued orders illegally confiscating 401 Dunams (99.0893 Acres) of Palestinian lands, to pave a new segregated road which will also lead to the confiscation of an additional 1273 Dunams (314.5 Acres), as part of a large project in the southern part of the occupied West Bank, including linking settlements with Gush Etzion Bloc, and occupied Jerusalem. The planned road is intended to link Gush Etzion bloc with various illegal settlements in southern West Bank. The Israeli authorities said that the new road would “serve the public’s interests,” and provide better commute and “security for both the settlers and the Palestinians,” which, in other words, means it is a segregated road. The Palestinians were given 50 days to file appeals, a process which is usually eventually denied by Israeli courts that serve the interest of its occupation of the West Bank. The Palestinians said that this road would lead to the isolation of the al-‘Arroub refugee camp and Beit Ummar town, north of Hebron, in addition to the large areas of lands it will confiscate. The road, which was dubbed as al-Arroub bypass road when Israel first announced it in the year 2003, will also pass through archeological areas and a natural reserve, and will lead to the
destruction of the Palestinian orchards and farmlands. It will also pass right near the graveyard of the al-'Arroub refugee camp in order to link with Karmie Tzur illegal colony, and will lead to the closure of the northern entrance of Halhoul city, which will only have Nabi Younis road as entrance and exit. The devastation and destruction this road would cause to the Palestinians are enormous, as it will pass through Natural Basin #2 in sections of the Palestinian communities of Khirbat Um Tala’, Khirbat Breqout, Beit Za’ta, Jabal Abu Souda, Freidis, Jabal al-Qarn and Wad ash-Sheikh. It will also pass through Natural Basin #4, in sections of the villages of Wad al-'Arroub, and Basin #8, which will lead to the annexation of nearly 740 Dunams of land owned by Beit Ummar residents, north of Hebron. Also among the impacted areas by this segregated road are sections of Khirbat Um al-Kheiran village, al-Hawawer, Ras al-Qadi, Khirbat Um Daraj, Khirbat Beit Khraf, al-Jomjoma, Ein ash-Shonnar, Um Suleiman, ar-Ramouz, in addition to passing through Basin #10 and parts of Basin #11 in sections of Thaher al-Baw and Wardan, where it could lead to the confiscation of 530 Dunams from Halhoul town. The path this road is planned to take includes vast areas of Palestinian lands planted with various types of trees, especially almonds and grapevines, in addition to large areas of lands belonging to the research center of the al-Arroub Agricultural College. It also passes near the Al-Arroub graveyard, and the playground, and could pose serious risks to many Palestinian homes in the al-Arroub refugee camp, as Israel might plan to demolish them to “secure the road,” especially since the army has previously issued orders stopping the construction of homes in the western area of the refugee camp. (LRC 10 April 2019)

- Northern Jordan Valley residents received notice from the so-called Israeli Civil Administration, that their agricultural land will be seized by Israeli authorities. The Palestinians of the city of Tubas, northeast of Nablus city, in the Jordan Valley/Tubas district, as well as the towns of Tayasir and Tamoun were informed of Israel’s intent to dispossess them of 385 dunams (95 acres) of their land. The land will be allocated for the construction of new roads for Israeli settlers to travel through the occupied territories. The planned roads would be built only meters
away from the Palestinian elementary school in Tayasir. (IMEMC 10 April 2019)