Israeli Violations' Activities in the oPt

28 October 2018

The daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats in the occupied Palestinian territory, the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

Brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) killed Abdul-Hamid Abu Thaher, 13, Khaled Bassam Mahmoud Abu Sa’id, 14, Mohammad Ibrahim Satri, 13, Yahia Bader al-Hasanat, 37, in Wadi al-Salqa area, in Deir al-Balah governorate, in central Gaza.
• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers in the northern Gaza strip, in the town of Beit Hanoun, injuring one of them. The farmers were forced to leave their lands in fear for their lives. No injuries were reported from the incident. (IMEMC 28 October 2018)

• A young Palestinian man died from serious wounds he suffered, on October 26th, after Israeli occupation Army (IOA) shot him during the Great Return March protests, in the Gaza Strip. The Palestinian has been identified as Yahia Bader Mohammad al-Hasanat, 37, from the al-Mighraqa village in Gaza’s Central District. He was shot with a live round in the head, east of the al-Boreij refugee camp, and remained in a critical condition until he succumbed to his wounds. (IMEMC 28 October 2018)

• A young man, identified as Mojahed Ziad Zaki Aqel, 23, died from serious wounds he suffered on October 26, east of the al-Boreij refugee camp, in central Gaza. (IMEMC 28 October 2018)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) killed four Palestinians, and injured 232 others, including 180 who were shot with live fire. The slain Palestinians have been identified as Nassar Eyad Abu Tayyim, 19, Ayesh Ghassan Shaat, 23, and Ahmad Sa’id Abu Libda, 22, and Mohammad Khaled Mahmoud Abdul-Nabi, 27. (IMEMC 28 October 2018)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the al-Mazra’a al-Gharghawiyya village, northwest of the central West Bank city of Ramallah, killed one Palestinian, identified as Othman Ahmad Ladadweh, 33, and injured dozens, including eight who were shot with live fire, while the IOA also assaulted journalists, and shot one. (IMEMC 28 October 2018)

**Israeli Arrests**

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched several homes in Teqoua’ town, southeast of Bethlehem, and detained Ahmad Jamal al-‘Amour, 20, and Ahmad Khaled al-‘Amour, 21. (IMEMC 28 October 2018)
• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) searched homes in Husan town, west of Bethlehem, and detained Mohammad Saleh Za’oul, 26. (IMEMC 28 October 2018)

**Israeli Settler Violence**

• An armed guard of an Israeli Settlement near Qaryout town, south of the northern West Bank city of Nablus, attacked a member of the town’s local council and a bulldozer driver, while conducting preparation work for a new agricultural road. The two Palestinians were assaulted in Tbeisa area, west of Qaryout. The Israeli guard assaulted the two to stop the preparation work which is being carried out in Area B of the occupied West Bank, under civil Palestinian control, and under full Israeli military control. (IMEMC 28 October 2018)

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) installed Two caravans in Al Haram Ibrahimi Square and in the old market square (closed by the Israeli army). Israeli settlers also installed another two caravans in the area close to Al Ibrahimi Mosque to use it during Jewish festivals. Settlers also set up fences around the area in preparation for confiscating it. (IMEMC 28 October 2018)

**Expansion of settlements**

• 470 new housing units were approved by the Israeli government with a total of 20,000 units pending approval in Ma’ale Adumim settlement in east Jerusalem. Public buildings, and institutions such as Jewish synagogues, schools, and kindergartens will be built. A “comprehensive agreement, signed by the Construction and Housing Ministry and the Maale Adumim Municipality”, in which 470 units have been approved and 20,000 are pending approval, with the budget reportedly at 2.8 billion New Israeli Shekels. (IMEMC 28 October 2018)

• Israeli settlers have broken into an abandoned Israeli military base in the West Bank’s Jordan Valley and established a new unauthorized outpost there. Most of the buildings on the base, which is known as Camp Gadi, and is on Route 90, the main highway running through the Jordan Valley, had already been destroyed. The settlers broke into six buildings that were still standing, however, each of which contains
two apartments. Twelve families have apparently taken up residence in them. Last year, a group of left-wing activists petitioned the High Court of Justice for an order requiring that Israeli security services prevent the establishment of outpost there. The petition was prompted by the discovery of plans for such an outpost that made the rounds on social media. The petitioners acknowledged the unusual timing of their legal action, which was filed in opposition to an outpost that had not yet actually been established at that point. In response to the petition, the Jordan Valley Regional Council, which is the local government for the area, said it had no intention of establishing an outpost at the site. The petitioners then agreed to withdraw their petition. About two weeks ago, the state informed the High Court that settlers had indeed entered the site, which it said is state-owned land, but the state added that there is no master plan for the site and any residential community to be set up there could therefore not be authorized. The Israeli Civil Administration for the West Bank has issued a stop-work order against the settlers, who have been renovating the buildings and constructing infrastructure. A visit to the site revealed that the settlers had hung up a sign there indicating that there is a pre-army program for army recruits there. A number of religious families could be seen moving around the former base. The gate to the base has been locked from the inside, and a security guard has been designated to keep outsiders away. “I am very hopeful that regional council chairman David Lahiani stands by his word to the High Court and is not involved in this disgrace,” said Guy Hirschfeld, one of the petitioners. “As he himself admitted, he has been involved in the establishment of [single family] farms in the northern Jordan Valley, which have been deemed illegal by the Civil Administration and have sowed fear in a radius of kilometers around them. This is not the first time the settlers have established an unauthorized outpost at an abandoned army base. Years ago at the largely abandoned Mevo Shiloh base in the West Bank, an outpost known as Malakhei Shalom was established. Two years ago, the Civil Administration came to an agreement with the settlers and they left the site, but they returned a short time later. The outpost still functions as an agricultural settlement. (Haaretz 28 October 3018)

Erection of Israeli checkpoints

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) installed roadblocks in several parts of the Bethlehem governorate, before stopping and searching
many cars, and interrogated a few Palestinians while inspecting their ID cards. (IMEMC 28 October 2018)