The daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats in the occupied Palestinian territory, the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

Brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) razed and leveled 14 dunams of Palestinian-lands owned by Ali Fatafta in the Jamrura area, in western Tarqumiya of the southern occupied West Bank Governorate of Hebron. The IOA also destroyed two water wells and uprooted 320 olive and almond trees. The IOA raided Fatafta’s family land, razed it and uprooted 320 olive and almond trees without any prior notice. The IOA prevented landowners and others from reaching their land, which
they cultivate every year and live off of its crops. The trees are aged between 5 to 7 years, pointing out that the family was preparing to harvest the trees as the olive-picking season has begun. (IMEMC 22 October 2018)

- At least 20 Palestinians were shot and injured with live ammunition, while others suffered from inhalation of tear gas fired by the Israeli navy, toward Palestinians who took part in a peaceful demonstration near the maritime border with Israel, in northwestern Gaza Strip. Tear gas, and live ammunition were used by Israeli occupation Army (IOA) attempting to suppress the Naval March in Beit Lahia in the Gaza strip. The Israeli navy was apparently trying to stop the boats from sailing, although they were in Gaza territorial waters. At least ten injuries by live ammunition, and more suffered from inhalation injuries. (IMEMC 22 October 2018)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) injured four young Palestinian men, during the ongoing Great Return March protests along the perimeter fence, in the eastern parts of the Gaza Strip. The IOA shot a young man with a live round, east of the al-Boreij refugee camp, in central Gaza. Three other Palestinians suffered cuts and bruises, in addition to the effects of teargas inhalation. (IMEMC 22 October 2018)

**Israeli Arrests**

- The Israeli Occupation Authorities renewed the arbitrary Administrative Detention orders against Palestinian legislator, Khaleda Jarrar, for three more months, for the fourth consecutive time. (IMEMC 22 October 2018)

**Israeli Settler Violence**

- A group of Israeli settlers invaded the village of Marda, in the West Bank governorate of Salfit, punctured tires of parked cars and wrote racist graffiti. The settlers infiltrated into the village, and wrote anti-Arab, and anti-Palestinian graffiti on several walls and cars. The settlers also punctured the tires of Palestinian cars in the village, owned by Omar Sidqi Khoffash, Nash’at Khoffash, Hussein Hasan...
Dozens of Jewish settlers, protected by Israeli security forces, forced their way into Jerusalem’s flashpoint Al-Aqsa Mosque. Dozens of settlers broke into the holy mosque in groups, under heavy protection from Israeli police. The settlers performed Talmudic rituals and prayers at the holy site. (IMEMC 22 October 2018)

Home Demolition & Demolition threats

The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided Fasayel village north of Jericho city, razed land and confiscated 60 Olive, Citrus and Palm seedlings belonging to Hussein Rashayda. (WAFA 22 October 2018)

Other

Jordanian King Abdullah II informed Israel, that he will not renew two annexes of the 1994 peace treaty between Israel and Jordan, with regard to territory leased to Israel. The territories in question are al-Baqura and al-Ghamr, which are also known as Naharyaim and Zofar in the Hebrew language. King Abdullah II posted a tweet on his Twitter account, which read “Baqura and Ghamr areas have always been our top priority and our decision is to end Article 2 of Annexes I (b) of the Jordan-Israel Peace Treaty emanating from our keenness to take whatever is necessary for Jordan and Jordanians.” Israel leased the land for 25 years upon the signing of the peace treaty, and the deadline for renewing leases of the treaty is this upcoming Thursday, according to Ma’an. Due to the deadline for renewal approaching, King Abdullah II has faced ongoing pressure from the Jordanian parliament not to renew the leases and to return the territory to full Jordanian sovereignty. It is noteworthy that 87 lawmakers have also signed a petition regarding the issue. Last week, mass demonstrations took place in Amman, as well as social media campaigns demanding that Jordan reclaim sovereignty over Baqura and Ghamr, with slogans such as “The people want national honor” and “The story is about national sovereignty.” Several demonstrators also demanded Jordan to cancel the entire peace treaty with Israel. (IMEMC 22 October 2018)