The daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats in the occupied Palestinian territory, the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

Brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) killed four Palestinians, including one child, and injured 618 others, including five journalists, 26 children and 14 women, and added that 117 of the wounded were shot with live fire, among them eight who suffer very serious injuries. The Palestinian, identified as Ziad Jadallah al-Breem, 27, was killed by Israeli army fire east of Khuza’a town, east of Khan Younis, in the southern part of the Gaza Strip. The army also killed a Palestinian
child, identified as Haitham Mohammad Khalil al-Jamal, 15, from Rafah, in the southern part of the Gaza Strip. The IOA also killed Emad Nabil Abu Drabi, 26, near the Great Return Camp, east of Jabalia, in northern Gaza. In addition, the IOA killed Yousef al-Faseeh, 29, with live fire, east of Gaza City. (IMEMC 9 June 2018)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly nonviolent procession against the Wall and settlements in Kfur Qaddoum, east of the northern West Bank city of Qalqilia, and injured several Palestinians, in addition to an Israeli peace activist. The IOA attacked the protesters with rubber-coated steel bullets and gas bombs, shortly after the procession started, causing many to suffer the effects of teargas inhalation. The IOA also fired rubber-coated steel bullets, wounding an Israeli peace activist in his back, and chased many protesters in an attempt to detain them. Furthermore, the IOA invaded homes, and occupied their rooftops, to use them as firing posts and monitoring towers. (IMEMC 9 June 2018)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the home Aref Jaber, in Hebron city, a cameraman and local nonviolent activist against the Wall and settlements before confiscating his mobile phone and his camera, in addition to erasing all videos and pictures he took of the army during previous invasions and violations. During the invasion into his home, the IOA assaulted him, his wife and children, and threatened to kill him if he continues to document their invasions, and violations committed by the army and illegal Israeli colonialist settlers. (IMEMC 9 June 2018)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the al-Baq’a and Safa areas, in Beit Ummar, smashed front doors of some homes, searched them, and interrogated the families. During the invasions, The IOA used K9 units to search the homes of Bassam Badawi Ekhlayyel and Ra’ed Ahmad ‘Aadi, before smashing inner doors of the two properties, and removed tiles in addition to causing damage to the furniture. The invasion lasted about two hours. The IOA also shot a child, 16 years of age, with a rubber-coated steel bullet in his leg and caused many Palestinians to suffer the effects of teargas inhalation. (IMEMC 9 June 2018)
• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted Palestinian medics from the Palestinian Red Crescent (PRC) while they were attempting to reach the wounded in a traffic accident which occurred outside the illegal settlement of Gush Etzion, to the south of Bethlehem, in the occupied West Bank. The PRC staff were attempting to reach the accident to help the wounded, but Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) and policemen who were present at the scene prevented them from reaching the wounded. (IMEMC 9 June 2018)

• A wrangle later developed between the soldiers and the medics who sought to provide first aid to the injured of the accident, before the soldiers assaulted one of the PRC medics, Jamal Balboul, and reportedly beat him, according to WAFA. (IMEMC 9 June 2018)

• The Israeli occupation authorities (IOA) prevented a Ramadan “Iftar” (meal to break the fast) for Jerusalemite journalists invited by the Chamber of Commerce in the city. The IOA detained the head of the Chamber of Commerce lawyer Kamal Obeidat and director of the Jerusalem Hotel Raed Saadeh after barring the Iftar for Jerusalemite journalists at the hotel. The Israeli occupation intelligence stormed the Jerusalem Hotel while special forces personnel surrounded the entrance and prevented the entry of anyone to the hotel, and then they placed a decision to prevent the Ramadan Iftar following an order by the Minister of Internal Security, Gilad Aradan. According to the ban order placed on the gate of the hotel in Arabic and Hebrew “The Jerusalem Hotel was supposed to hold an Iftar under the title Summary of the activity of the Chamber of Commerce in East Jerusalem "under the auspices of the Palestinian Authority. The order was based on the law of “implementing the agreement regarding the West Bank and Gaza Strip / identification of activities “. (SILWANIC 9 June 2018)

Israeli Arrests

• Several Israeli army jeeps invaded Beit Kahil town, north of the southern West Bank city of Hebron, before the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and ransacked many homes, and detained at least one Palestinian. The Palestinian, identified as Sayyaf al-Asafra,
was handcuffed and blindfolded, before the soldiers took him to a nearby military center. (IMEMC 9 June 2018)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Beit Fajjar town, south of Bethlehem, searched many homes and abducted Majdi Mohammad al-Kar, 25, and Moayyad Salah Taqatqa, 25. (IMEMC 9 June 2018)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Teqoua’ town, east of Bethlehem, searched homes and detained Ahmad Sami. (IMEMC 9 June 2018)

- In occupied Jerusalem, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded al-Judeira village, northwest of the city, and detained a child, identified as Hindi Nasser Sa’ad, 16. (IMEMC 9 June 2018)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Beit Kahil town, northwest of Hebron, in the southern part of the West Bank. (IMEMC 9 June 2018)

- In Hebron city, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the home of Shafiq al-Qawasmi and searched his property. The Palestinian is the father of Hatem al-Qawasma, 36, who was killed by Israeli army fire on December 10, 2003, and Bassel al-Qawasma, 26, who was killed by the army on September 22, 2003. (IMEMC 9 June 2018)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a Palestinian man and his wife for several hours on their agricultural land in Khallet al-Katla area, in Beit Ummar town, north of the southern West Bank city of Hebron. The IOA invaded the agricultural land, close to Karmie Tzur settlement, and detained Ali Ayyad Awad, 54, and his wife Amina Hamed Awad, 47. The IOA demanded the two to leave their land and told them they are not allowed to enter their land, or do any work “without a permit” from the Israeli side. The couple refused to leave their land, and the soldiers threatened to detain and imprison them if they stay. (IMEMC 9 June 2018)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a Palestinian man at Al Container checkpoint while on his way back from his work in Ramallah city and took him to an unknown destination. The Palestinian
has been identified as Ameid Yaser Muhamamd Breighth, 26, from Beit Ummer town in Hebron Governorate. (WAFA 9 June 2018)

Home Demolition & Demolition threats

- The Israeli Supreme Court held a hearing on the petition filed by the residents of Batn Al-Hawa neighborhood in Silwan, south of the Al-Aqsa Mosque against their displacement from their homes in favor of the settlement association “Ateret Cohnim”. Dozens of residents of Batn Al Hawa neighborhood who received judicial reports and notices to evacuate their homes in the neighborhood for the Ateret Cohnim Association filed a petition to the Supreme Court against the evacuation decision. The Ateerat Cohanim association is seeking to seize 5200 square meters under the pretext of being owned by the Jews from Yemen since 1881. The association started delivering judicial and eviction notices to the residents since September 2015. Thus, 84 families from the neighborhood - which received the notices - went to the Supreme Court, asserting in the petition that transferring the ownership of the land to Ateret Cohnim association by the” Israeli official” responsible for the land was done without any proof of ownership, especially since the targeted lands are “miri lands” and cannot be turned into a "waqf" as the settlement association claims. Rajabi explained that the Israeli official had used the “miri land” in the Supreme Court against the “waqf” of Kabanya Um Haron in the western part of Sheikh Jarrah in Jerusalem. The court approved his claims and decided that any miri land cannot be turned into a “waqf”, and cancelled the “waqfi” classification of the land and started evicting people from their homes. Rajabi pointed out that the danger of eviction orders threatens 1,200 people from Batn Al-Hawa neighborhood, most of whom were abandoned from their villages and lands in 1948. Today, Ateret Cohnim is trying to displace them again and control their properties. The committee called on local and international human rights organizations, Jerusalem neighborhood committees and the city’s activists to attend the session scheduled for next Sunday in the Supreme Court to stop the displacement and confiscation of real estate and land and the displacement of the population in Jerusalem. (SILWANIC 9 June 2018)