

ARIJ Daily Report

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Israeli Violations' Activities in the oPt

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he daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats occupied Palestinian territory, confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers against Palestinian violence civilians properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

The Violations are based on reports provided by field workers and \or news sources.

The text is not quoted directly from the sources but is edited for clarity.

The daily report does not necessarily reflect ARIJ's opinion.

Israeli Arrests

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained twenty-one Palestinians, including women and children, from their homes in several parts of the West Bank, including occupied East Jerusalem. The soldiers stormed and ransacked dozens of homes, causing damage, and interrogated scores of Palestinians before abducting at least 21 of them. Among the detained Palestinians are three children, who were taken prisoner from their homes in Hebron city, in the southern part of the West Bank, but

were released after the army interrogated them for several hours. They have been identified as Mohammad Abdul-Ghani Qfeisha, 10, Yousef Abed Rajabi, 12, and Mostafa Tareq Natsha, 11. The IOA also detained Donya Sa'id, from Hebron, the wife of Nashat al-Karmi, who was killed by the army in October 2010. In addition, the IOA detained a former political prisoner, identified as Bakr Tawil, from the northern West Bank city of Qalqilia, after stopping him at a military roadblock, west of Nablus. Furthermore, the soldiers stormed the home of Adnan Gheith, a member of the Revolutionary Council of Fateh Movement in occupied Jerusalem, looking for his son Odai, to detain him, but could not locate him. The detained Palestinians have been identified as : Donya Sa'id, Hebron. Mohammad Qfeisha, 10, Hebron. Yousef Abed Rajabi, 12, Hebron. Mostafa Tareq Natsha, 11, Hebron. Leila Maher Oweinat, Qalqilia. Ashraf Maher Oweinat, Qalqilia. Mo'tasem Mahmoud Shawar, Qalqilia. Mohammad Abu Samra, Qalqilia. Bakr Tawil, Qalqilia. Islam Ibrahim, Anata, Jerusalem. Abu Azhar Ibrahim, Anata, Jerusalem. Mohammad Qa'qour, Jerusalem. Abed Qa'qour (Mohammad's brother), Jerusalem. Maher Sarhan, Jerusalem. Mohammad Sarhan (Maher's brother), Jerusalem. Amer Zidani, Jerusalem. Mohammad Zidani, (Amer's brother), Jerusalem. Mosallam Odah, Jerusalem. Lu'ay Rajabi, Jerusalem. Dia' Beidoun, Jerusalem. Tamer Zaghal, Jerusalem. (IMEMC 2 July 2018)

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched many homes, and detained Donya Sa'id, the wife of Nashat al-Karmi, who was killed by the army in October 2010. (IMEMC 2 July 2018)
- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained three children, identified as Mohammad Abdul-Ghani Qfeisha, 10, Yousef Abed Rajabi, 12, and Mustafa Tareq Natsha, 11, from their homes in the city. The children were taken prisoner after a group of Israeli settlers attacked two homes owned by members of Qfeisha family. The three children were held for several hours, and were interrogated without legal representation, before they were released. (IMEMC 2 July 2018)
- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the home of Mo'tasem Natsha, the brother of Ma'moun Natsha, who was killed by the army in October 2012, and violently searched it. (IMEMC 2 July 2018)

Israeli Settler Violence

- Scores of Israeli settlers, during the early hours broke into courtyards of al-Aqsa Mosque compound, via the Mughrabi Gate, under heavy protection of Israeli occupation police. 52 settlers stormed the mosque's courtyards in groups and carried out provocative tours. (IMEMC 2 July 2018)
- The new settlement of "Amichai" has discharged sewage water that drenched Palestinian lands in a town called TurmusAyya, north-west of Ramallah. The newly established settlement, under supervision of the "Maaleh Binyamin Regional Council" was built after the evacuation from "Amona" settlement, which currently has 40 families as dwellers. (IMEMC 2 July 2018)

Home Demolition & Demolition threats

- The Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem demolished a carwash facility, and a barn, owned by Palestinians from occupied East Jerusalem. The IO bulldozers accompanied by personnel from the Jerusalem City Council, invaded Wadi Qaddoum area, in Silwan town, south of the Al-Aqsa Mosque, and demolished a carwash facility. The army also invaded Umm Tuba village, south of Jerusalem, and demolished a barn owned by a Palestinian shepherd. The demolitions took place after dozens of soldiers, accompanied by bulldozers, invaded Silwan and Umm Tuba, and encircled the two areas, before surrounding the targeted structures. The Israeli army claimed the structures were built "without permits" from the City Council, in the occupied city. (IMEMC 2 July 2018)
- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded al-Jawaya area, east of Yatta town, south of the southern West Bank city of Hebron, and handed orders halting the construction of a home and a well. The targeted property belongs to Issa Hasan Shawaheen, and is being built on his own land. The Israeli army said the Palestinian did not obtain permits from the Israeli Civil Administration Office, which runs the administrative aspect of Israel's military occupation of the West Bank. (IMEMC 2 July 2018)

- Israeli security forces have begun preparing for the demolition of Khan al-Ahmar village, in the occupied West Bank. The Israeli police officers and military officials invaded the area and walked through the village and inspected homes. (IMEMC 2 July 2018)
- The Israeli military removed by force a tent a Palestinian had set up on his land in Battir, a Bethlehem area village on UNESCO list, which he used to receive tourists coming to visit this historic village. The army removed the tent under the pretext it was set up without a permit even though it was set up on a private Palestinian land. (WAFA 2 July 2018)

Confiscation & Razing of lands

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Palestinian agricultural lands east of Abasan al-Kabeera town, east of Khan Younis, in the southern part of the Gaza Strip. The invasion was carried out by a few armored vehicles, and bulldozers, before the IOA advanced approximately 50 meters into Palestinian lands in the Sanati area, east of Khan Younis. The IOA soldiers then bulldozed Palestinian lands, and installed sand hills in the area, before withdrawing. (IMEMC 2 July 2018)
- Israeli navy ships fired several live rounds at Palestinian fishing boats, in northern Gaza, causing no damage or injuries, but forced the fishermen back to shore. (IMEMC 2 July 2018)
- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented Palestinian farmers in Jalud village, southeast of Nablus, from harvesting their wheat crop covering 250 dunums of land. (WAFA 2 July 2018)

Expansion of settlements

• The Israeli Occupation army (IOA) set up several caravans on Palestinian land in an area east of Hebron, in the south of the West Bank, near a military camp. The IOA set up the caravans near the camp, which was set up on land belonging to the Jaber family around one month ago. The land is located near the illegal Kiryat Arba settlement. (WAFA 2 July 2018)

Other

The Israeli Knesset voted into law a bill to slash funds to the Palestinian Authority by the amount Ramallah pays out to convicted terrorists and the families of Palestinians killed while carrying out attacks. The bipartisan law passed by 87 to 15. The law's backers said the legislation would send a message to Palestinians that terror does not pay. The bill says that welfare payments paid out by the PA to Palestinian prisoners and their relatives, as well as the families of slain attackers, must be deducted from tax revenues Israel transfers annually to the administrative body. The money withheld in this way would instead go into a fund designated to help victims of terror attacks. Under the current law, based on the 1994 Oslo Accords that established the PA and the mechanism for Israeli funding, the finance minister already has the ability to freeze funds. The measure aims to cut hundreds of millions of shekels from tax revenues transferred to the PA. According to the Defense Ministry, the PA in 2017 paid NIS 687 million (\$198 million) to the so-called "martyrs' families fund" and NIS 550 million (\$160 million) to the Palestinian Prisoners' Club — some 7 percent of its overall budget. Palestinian prisoners serving 20- to 30year sentences for carrying out terror attacks are eligible for a lifetime NIS 10,000 (\$2,772) monthly stipend, the Defense Ministry said, citing PA figures. Those prisoners who receive a three- to five-year sentence get a monthly wage of NIS 2,000 (\$554). Palestinian prisoners who are married, have children, live in Jerusalem, or hold Israeli citizenship receive additional payments. The Defense Ministry last month released figures alleging that some terrorists who killed Israelis will be paid more than NIS 10 million (\$2.78 million) each throughout their lifetimes by the PA. Critics of the current bill have warned it could bankrupt the PA, leading to its collapse. Under an economic agreement signed in 1994, Israel transfers to the PA tens of millions of dollars each year in customs duties levied on goods destined for Palestinian markets that transit through Israeli ports. The PA has refused to cease its payments to Palestinian prisoners. In June 2017, PA President Mahmoud Abbas, in a speech read by his foreign affairs adviser Nabil Shaath, argued that "payments to support the families are a social responsibility to look after innocent people affected by the incarceration or killing of their loved ones. "It's quite frankly racist rhetoric to call all our political prisoners terrorists," Abbas said. "They are, in actuality, the victims of the occupation, not the creators of the occupation." (TIMESOFISRAEL 2 July 2018)