The daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats in the occupied Palestinian territory, the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

**Brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army**

- Dozens of Israeli soldiers surrounded many, schools in the Old City of Hebron, in the southern part of the occupied West Bank, and prevented students and staffers from entering them, in an attempt to stop planned commemorations of late Palestinian President Yasser Arafat. Dozens of soldiers surrounded a school, near Keryat Arba’ illegal colony, before preventing students, their families and teachers from entering it. (IMEMC 9 November 2017)
• The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) surrounded the al-Hajiriya School, and Hebron Elementary School, in the southern area of Hebron city, prevented the students from entering them, and fired many gas bombs, causing many Palestinians, mainly children, to suffer the effects of teargas inhalation. (IMEMC 9 November 2017)

• In Hebron governorate, in the southern part of the occupied West Bank, many Israeli army military jeeps invaded Beit Ummar town, north of Hebron city, before the soldiers invaded and ransacked homes in Khallet al-‘Ein and ‘Aseeda areas, in the center of the town. Owners of some of the invaded homes have been identified as Ahmad Rashid Sabarna, Yousef Ekhdeir Awad, Issa Safi Sleibi, and Issa Hammad Sleibi. (IMEMC 9 November 2017)

• The Israeli occupation Army (IOA) and settlers erected tents in the Ibrahimi Mosque square adjacent to Haram al-Sharif and in front of the Abu Rish Mosque in celebration of the so-called “Sara” holiday in the center of Hebron city in the southern West Bank. The IOA also tightened their arbitrary measures in the vicinity of the Mosque to protect settlers in the area. (WAFA 9 November 2017)

**Israeli Arrests**

• The Israeli occupation army (IOA) invaded Hizma town, northeast of Jerusalem, searched homes and abducted Mirvat Khattab Khatib, and her brother Suleiman, and took them to an interrogation center in Jerusalem. (IMEMC 9 November 2017)

• The Israeli occupation army (IOA) invaded and searched homes in ‘Aida refugee camp, north of the West Bank city of Bethlehem, and abducted one man, identified as Khader J’eiwy, 55. (IMEMC 9 November 2017)

• The Israeli occupation army jeeps invaded Qabatia town, before the soldiers searched homes, and abducted five young men, identified as Mustafa Yousef Zakarna, Mahmoud Ali Zakarna, Ahmad Sati Abu ar-Rob, Mustafa Omar Abu ar-Rob and Jawad Ahmad Kamil. (IMEMC 9 November 2017)
The Israeli occupation army (IOA) installed many roadblocks on roads south of Jenin, before stopping and searching cars, and interrogated many Palestinians while inspecting their ID cards. (IMEMC 9 November 2017)

The Israeli occupation authorities (IOA) invaded a bakery in Beit Ummar town, and detained the workers while inspecting their ID cards. (IMEMC 9 November 2017)

**Israeli Settler Violence**

A Palestinian farmer and his wife were injured when a group of illegal Israeli settlers assaulted them near the village of Urif, to the south of Nablus, occupied West Bank. Israeli settlers from the illegal Yitzhar settlement, nearby, physically assaulted Tayseer Mahmoud Sabbah and his wife, injuring them. Clashes erupted between local citizens and Israeli occupation Army (IOA) in the area, in the aftermath of the assault. (IMEMC 9 November 2017)

56 Israeli settlers, escorted by Israeli Police, raided Al Aqsa Mosque in the morning hours, through the Moroccan gate (Al Magharbeh gate) and carried out provocative tours in the courtyard of Al Aqsa Mosque. (WAFA 7 November 2017)

Israeli occupation Army (IOA) along with employees from the Israeli Ministry of Antiquities and Civil Administration staff raided Mowaraq Palace in the occupied West Bank city of Hebron stealing collectables. The IOA stole some of the bricks and collectables in the Roman palace, which is one of the oldest heritage sites in Palestine. A large number of Israeli troops were deployed around the palace while the employees of the Israeli Ministry of Antiquities carried out digging and search for a period of about five hours. (MEM 9 November 2017)

**Home Demolition & Demolition threats**

The Israeli occupation authorities (IOA) decided to detonate the home of Nimir Mahmoud al-Jamal, from Beit Surik village northwest of Jerusalem on November 14th. The Israeli authorities demanded the five families living in the building to evacuate it, ahead of the scheduled demolition. (IMEMC 9 November 2017)
**Israeli Closures**

- The Israeli occupation army (IOA), accompanied by a bulldozer, blocked, with earth-mounds, the roads leading to Shu’ab al-Butm, the eastern Masafer and Jinba areas in the southern Hebron and hindered Palestinian pedestrian and vehicular movement. (WAFA 9 November 2017)

**Other**

- The Israeli occupation authorities (IOA) announced that the area near the border of the Gaza Strip is now a “closed military zone”. Israeli citizens are now forbidden from approaching or entering the zone. The decision was taken because Israel is afraid of surprise attacks by Palestinians following its bombing of a tunnel which killed 12 Palestinians on 30 October. No details have been given about why the Commander of Southern District in the Israeli Army, Major General Eyal Zamir, has announced that the area is again a closed military zone. (MEM 9 November 2017)