



ARIJ Daily Report

Applied Research Institute - Jerusalem (ARIJ)

P.O Box 860, Caritas Street – Bethlehem
Phone: (+972) 2 2741889, Fax: (+972) 2 2776966
pmaster@arij.org | <http://www.arij.org>

Israeli Violations' Activities in the oPt

06 October 2014

The daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats in the occupied Palestinian territory, the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

The Violations are based on reports provided by field workers and/or news sources.

The text is not quoted directly from the sources but is edited for clarity.

The daily report does not necessarily reflect ARIJ's opinion.

Brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army

- Israeli resources published a plan done by the Israeli Ministry of Tourism to allow Israeli settlers entering Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city from Al-Qataneen gate instead of Al-Magharbiah gate. (Raya 6 October 2014)

Israeli Arrests

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested a Palestinian after raiding his house in Nablus city. (PNN 6 October 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested a Palestinian from Qalqilyah city. (PNN 6 October 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested a Palestinian from Ramallah city. (PNN 6 October 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested a Palestinian after storming and searching his house in Al-Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah city. (PNN 6 October 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Hazem Omar Al-Qawasmi after raiding and searching his house in Hebron city. (PNN 6 October 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Suhaib Abu Thabit (29 years) from Beit Dajan village in Nablus governorate, after stopping him at a sudden checkpoint erected by the IOA at the entrance of the village. The IOA transferred the arrestee to unknown location. (Pal Info 6 October 2014)

Israeli Settler Violence

- Israeli settlers living in Kfar Taquah settlement destroyed about 100 olive trees in Yasuf village, south of Nablus city. (Wafa 6 October 2014)
- Israeli settlers destroyed about 20 olive trees in Burin village, south of Nablus city. The targeted trees are owned by Mahmoud Khalifah. (Wafa 6 October 2014)
- Israeli settlers stormed Palestinian land planted with olive trees in Awarta village, south of Nablus city, stole the olive harvest and cut 15 olive trees. (Wafa 6 October 2014)

Other

- Settlers urge Netanyahu to rebuild communities of Sa-Nur, Homesh. In 2005, as part of the disengagement plan, Israel destroyed 21 settlements in Gaza and another four in the Samaria region of the West Bank. Evacuees from the former West Bank settlements of Sa-Nur and Homesh called on Sunday for Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu to rebuild their communities, which the IDF destroyed in 2005. "The government had the power to tear us out of our homes and it has the power to return us there," said former Homesh resident Benny Gal. Gal said that he lives in the nearby settlement of Shavei Shomron so he can be close to his former home. "There is no reason not to return," he said. In 2005, as part of the disengagement plan, Israel destroyed 21 settlements in Gaza and another four in the Samaria region of the West

Bank. That same year, right-wing activists formed the group Homesh First, which fought for the right to rebuild. Their activities focused on the evacuated settlements of Homesh and Sa-Nur and have not included the other two former Samaria communities of Ganim and Kadim. In the aftermath of Netanyahu's speech to the United Nations last and week and this summer's Operation Protective Edge in Gaza, the group is renewing its activities, focusing in particular on Sa-Nur. In their letter, 40 families from Homesh and Sa-Nur said that their former hilltop communities were strategically significant. They offer a view of the country's breadth from Ashkelon in the South to Mount Hermon in the North, the evacuees said. Jewish history in the region dates back to the time of the Bible, when Joseph and later the prophet Elijah walked up and down these same hills, the evacuees noted. In 2005 they were told to leave their homes to improve Israel's security and its standing in the international standing, according to the evacuees. The government also said that the move would break the deadlocked peace process, they said. "Reading that text now it sounds so absurd you can't help but laugh," Gal said. In their letter, which they also sent to Defense Minister Moshe Ya'alon, the evacuees said, "the time has come to correct this failure." ([JPOST](#) 6 October 2014)