The daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats in the occupied Palestinian territory, the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

Brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army

- Younis Mahmoud Salah Adwan (19 years) was injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Azzun village, east of Qalqilyah city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades. (Al-Ayyam 9 August 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village,
east of Qalqilyah city. The IOA fired live bullets, causing the injury of three Palestinians. (Al-Ayyam 8 August 2014)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Bab Az-Zawiya area in Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of others; Nader Idres (40 years) was seriously injured. (Wafa 8 August 2014)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (Wafa 8 August 2014)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Silwad town, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (ARN 8 August 2014)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the Segregation wall and settlements in An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (AL-Quds 8 August 2014)

- Dozens of Palestinians were injured and suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Abu Dis and Al-Eaziriya towns, east of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades. (Al-Quds 8 August 2014)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Qatanna village, northwest of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Al-Quds 8 August 2014)

- Three Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ar-Ram town, north of Ramallah city. (Al-Quds 8 August 2014)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented the Palestinians and international activists from entering Al-Masara village, south of Bethlehem city, to attend the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements. (Wattan 8 August 2014)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Beit Furik military checkpoint, east of Nablus city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two people. (Wattan 8 August 2014)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided the weekly non-violent protest against the Segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and land, causing dozens of suffocation case and the torch of tens dunums of land planted with olive trees. (Wattan 8 August 2014)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of others; included two paramedics. (ARN 8 August 2014)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Zububa village, northwest of Jenin city. The targeted house is owned by Hassan Ziyad Abu Zaytoun. (Raya 8 August 2014)

Gaza strip

• Three Palestinians were killed and 6 others were injured after the Israeli Occupation Warplanes launched missiles at a group of Palestinians in Al-Qarara town, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. The martyrs were identified as: Mahmoud Mohammad Saleh Abu Hadaf, Suliman Samer Abu Hadaf and Mahmoud Khalid Abu Hadaf. (Wafa 8 August 2014)

• Israeli warplanes launched missiles at Al-Janina area in Rafah city, south of Gaza strip, causing the injury of a Palestinian. In Rafah city also, Ahmed Naem ‘Okal (22 years) was killed after Israeli missile hit his house. (Wafa 8 August 2014)

• Three Palestinians were injured after the Israeli warplanes launched missiles at agricultural and residential areas in Jabaliya town and at the western part of Beit Lahiya town, north of Gaza strip. (Wafa 8 August 2014)

• Israeli tanks launched missiles at agricultural areas, east of Al-Maghazi and Al Burij refugee camps in the central of Gaza strip. (Wafa 8 August 2014)

• Israeli Occupation warplanes launched missiles at an agricultural land and a house in At-Tufah, Ash-Sheik ʻAjleen and Az-Zaytoun neighborhoods in Gaza city. The Israeli warplanes also, launched missiles at An-Nour Al-Muhammadi mosque in Ash-Sheikh Radwan neighborhood in Gaza city. As a result, Ibrahim Zuhair Ad-Dawawsa (10 years) was killed and 14 others were injured. (Wafa & ARN 8 August 2014)

Israeli Arrests
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Mohammad Ahmed Abu Al-Hawa (13 years) while he was walking in the main Street in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 8 August 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested three Palestinians after storming and searching their houses in Wadi Fukin village, west of Bethlehem city. The arrestees were identified as: Nadem Ibrahim Manasrah (18 years), Majd Mohammad Manasrah (17 years) and Muhannd Yousef Al-Hroub (16 years). (Wafa 8 August 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Ibrahim Omar Mahmoud Yahya (22 years) from Al-Araqa village, west of Jenin city. (ARN 8 August 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Ihab Adnan Atiya Shaha (22 years) from ‘Attil village, north of Tulkarm city, after stopping him at a sudden checkpoint erected by the IOA near Jenin city. (Wafa 8 August 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Daoud Sawalha (13 years) while he was in Ein Al-Louza neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 8 August 2014)

**Israeli Settler Violence**

- Israeli settlers tried to storm Zahayka neighborhood in Jabal Al-Mukkabir town in Jerusalem city. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli settlers. (Al-Quds 8 August 2014)
- Shahd ‘Awies (9 years) from Al-Lubban Ash-Sharqiya village, south of Nablus city, was injured after an Israeli settlers hit her by his vehicle while she was at Ramallah-Nablus road. (Wattan 8 August 2014)
- Israeli settlers tried to ran over Ola Aliyan while she was at the entrance of Beit Safafa town, south of Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 8 August 2014)

**Confiscation & Razing of lands**

- IDF orders West Bank village land seized for settler road. The road, like the nearby Amona outpost, was constructed without a permit. The Israel Defense Forces has issued an expropriation order for land in the West Bank village of Ein Yabrud, so that settlers from the nearby Amona outpost can continue using a road that crosses the land. The 6.4-dunam (slightly over an acre) plot is owned by Palestinians. The road, like Amona itself, was built without a permit. Last summer, after the High Court of Justice heard at length a petition filed by the Yesh Din human rights organization on behalf of the landowners, part of the road was destroyed. A new access road was rebuilt along what had
been a public road when the Jordanians controlled the West Bank, from 1948 to 1967. But the new road was just four meters wide, and a sharp curve made it nearly impassable to buses. Last winter, settlers began widening the road without authorization, so that it again encroached on private Palestinian land. The state said it would try to stop the illegal roadwork, and the cabinet secretary instructed a team of transportation experts to find a legal solution to the problem of access to Amona, itself an unauthorized outpost that was built illegally on private Palestinian land. The experts were unable to provide such a solution, given the absence of either land rights or a zoning plan in the relevant area. That led to a decision to expropriate, for military use, the land on which the original access road was built. The order was secretly issued by GOC Central Command Maj. Gen. Nitzan Alon in May, but the Palestinians learned of it only in July. Attorneys Michael Sfard and Shlomy Zachary of Yesh Din returned to the High Court. They claimed the expropriation order suffered from several legal flaws, above all the fact that the land would apparently be used for an access road to Amona. That would make the order ipso facto illegal, they wrote, “Because an expropriation order is supposed to be issued only for vital and urgent security needs.” The court’s ruling on this issue, as well as on the fate of most of the outpost’s houses, is still pending. Though expropriation orders are supposed to be used only for security purposes, at one time, settlements were routinely built on land expropriated through such orders. But in 1979, the High Court ruled this practice illegal, and the state complied. That makes the expropriation order issued for Amona’s benefit extremely unusual. (Haaretz 8 August 2014)