The daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats in the occupied Palestinian territory, the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

Brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army

- Three Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Wattan 7 August 2014)

Gaza Strip
• Palestinian Center for Human Rights report on the 7th of August 2014, *During Humanitarian Truce, Bodies of Victims Recovered from Invaded Areas amidst Unprecedented Destruction* At 08:00 on Tuesday, 05 August 2014, the 30th day of the Israeli offensive of the Gaza Strip, a 72-hour humanitarian truce entered into force between the Palestinian and Israeli sides. Since then, all areas of the Gaza Strip have been calm, and a number of forcibly displaced Palestinian civilians have been able to return to their home, which were not completely destroyed, amidst concerns that Israeli shelling may be resumed. Over the past two days, the civil defense and medical crews have continued to recover bodies of victims from the areas that were invaded by Israeli forces, and a number of Palestinian have died of previous wounds. Based field tours carried out by PCHR’s staff in all areas that were invaded by Israeli forces, PCHR is shocked by the scenes of destruction caused by Israeli forces in the areas which had not been accessible. Hundreds of Palestinian families have become homeless. Municipalities and the Gaza Electricity Distribution Company have cautiously continued to repair part of the damage caused by Israeli forces the electricity and water networks. The Palestinian civilian population has suffered from the lack of electricity and water supplies, and the sewage systems have been extensively damaged, which may cause infectious diseases and lead of an environmental disaster. Since the beginning of the Israeli offensive on Gaza, 1,976 Palestinians, 1,643 of whom are civilians, including 463 children and 249 women, have been killed, and 7,920 others, mostly civilians, including 2,111 children and 1,415 women, have been wounded. Additionally, 800 houses have been targeted and destroyed by Israeli warplanes, and thousands of houses have completely or partially destroyed by Israeli shelling. *(PCHR Gaza 7 August 2014)*

**Israeli Arrests**

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Kifah Mansour after storming and searching his house in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. *(Wattan 7 August 2014)*
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested two Palestinians after raiding and searching their houses in Ad-Dhuheisheh refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city. The arrestees were identified as: Hassan Atta Mzaher (39 years) and Ali Sameh Al-Afandi (32 years). *(Wafa 7 August 2014)*
- Undercover Israeli Army kidnapped Islam Buli Riyadh Badir (28 years) after storming his commercial structure in Tulkarm city. *(Wattan 7 August 2014)*
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Firas Mohammad Dawabsha after storming and searching his house in Duma village, southeast of Nablus city. The IOA transferred the arrestee to unknown location. (Wattan 7 August 2014)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Muhdi Nur ‘Amarnah (19 years) and summoned his brother Hadi to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police in Salem military base, after storming their family house in Yabad town, west of Jenin city. (ARN & Wafa 7 August 2014)

Israeli Settler Violence

• Rouzi Talab Jaber (8 years) was seriously injured after an Israeli settler hit her with his vehicle in the old city of Hebron city. (ARN 7 August 2014)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. At the same time, the IOA prevented Palestinians from entering the mosque. (ARN 7 August 2014)
• Israeli settlers living in Hallamish settlement uprooted 35 olive trees and 15 almond and cherry in Wadi Riya, northeast of Deir Neddam village, north of Ramallah city. The targeted trees are owned by Abd An-Naser At-Tamimi and Munjed Hassan At-Tamimi. Note that the Israeli settlers seek to confiscate 8 dunums of land in the same area. (ARN 7 August 2014)

Israeli Military Orders

• Israeli Occupation Authorities issued military orders to demolish more than 12 Palestinian houses in Al-Luh area in Al-Khader village, west of Bethlehem city. The targeted houses are owned by: Riziq Mahmoud Abu Ghalun, Issa Yousif Hassan and his brother Ahmed, Naim Jum’a Ghnem, Amjad Saad Salah, Adnan Atiya Sobeh, Hassan Ali Salah, Ahmed Mohammad Salah, Omar Za’rour, Ahmed Zakariya Issa, Khalid Atoun and Khalil Abu Qubu’. (ARN 7 August 2014)

Other

• HaMoked to the military: cancel at once the instruction forbidding entry of farmers to their plots inside the "seam zone". Palestinian farmers whose plots are in the West Bank areas trapped between the separation wall and the Green Line – areas Israel designates the "seam zone" – must obtain a military permit in advance in order to reach their plots. While a few dozen crossing points have been established in the
separation wall to connect between the separated areas of the West Bank, every permit lists the name of just one gate, the one closest to the home community of the permit holder, and he or she may pass from one side of the wall to the other only through that specific gate. HaMoked has received complaints that in recent days, the military has been prohibiting farmers holding "seam zone" entry permits from passing through Gate 300 in the Jenin District. Inquiries made with one of the soldiers at the Jenin District Coordination Office (DCO) indicate that farmers’ passage has been banned following incidents of stone throwing that happened near the gate, and that the ban is indefinite. The soldier also told that Palestinians who hold certificates of "permanent resident in the seam zone" are allowed to pass through Gate 300 as usual. On August 5, 2014, HaMoked sent an urgent letter to the military demanding that the ban on passage through this gate be lifted immediately. HaMoked asserts that banning passage through this gate constitutes collective punishment prohibited in international law, and that preventing farmers from reaching their plots inside the "seam zone" causes a severe and disproportionate harm to their livelihood and to their rights to property, freedom of occupation and freedom of movement. HaMoked added that arbitrarily banning entry for reasons unrelated to the farmers, over which they have no control, is a degrading act amounting to a violation of human dignity. HaMoked stressed that if no reply arrives by August 7, 2014, it would file a petition to the High Court of Justice. (HaMoked 7 August 2014)