The daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats in the occupied Palestinian territory, the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

Brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land near the border fence at the eastern part of Khaza‘a, Al-Faraheen and Al-Qarara villages, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza city. (Maannews 15 January 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Jenin refugee camp, west of Jenin city, after the IOA stormed the camp and arrested 5 Palestinians. The IOA fired teargas grenades at metal bullets at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of
suffocation cases and the injury of Ahmed Saber Jarbu’ (20 years). During the operation, the IOA stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses and arrested 5 people, identified as: Yahya Bassam As-Sa’di (18 years), Qassem and Ahmed Suliman As-Sa’di, Raid Tawalbah (28 years), Ala Ad-Den Abed Al-Hafid Abu Abed and Ahmed Said As-Sa’di. The IOA transferred the arrestees to unknown location. (Al-Quds 15 January 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tequ village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (ARN 15 January 2015)
- Osama Ali Mohammad Abu Jundiya (17 years), from Yatta town, was killed and Musa Jabreen Mohammad An-Najar (20 years) was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at them while they were at the crossroad of Gush Etzion settlement bloc. (Maannews 15 January 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Abud village, northwest of Ramallah city and impeded curfew on the residents. (RB2000 15 January 2015)

**Israeli Arrests**

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested two Palestinians and summoned others to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police in Gush Etzion settlement bloc, after storming and searching their houses in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The arrestees were identified as: Mahmoud Abu Saiya (24 years) and Khalid Khalil Ahmed Akhalil (24 years). (Maannews 15 January 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Ahmed Mohammad Akhalil (23 years) from Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city, while he was near the entrance of Kfar Etzion settlement. (Raya 15 January 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested a Palestinian after stopping him at Eirz terminal (Beit Hanun) north of Gaza strip. (Maannews 15 January 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested two Palestinians from Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The arrestees were identified as: Yousif Salah (12 years) and Ala Salah (15 years). (Sama News 15 January 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested two Palestinians while they were at Bab Al-Amoud area in Jerusalem city. The arrestees were
identified as: Amar Abu Sobeh and Haitham Al-Jamal. (Sama News 15 January 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Mohammad Ramze Abu Romi after raiding his house in Al-Eaziria town, east of Jerusalem city. (RB2000 15 January 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Bilal Rabah Abu Al-Humos after storming his house in Al-Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. (Rb2000 15 January 2015)

**Israeli Settler Violence**

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Al-Quds 15 January 2015)
- A Palestinian was seriously injured after an Israeli settler opened fire at him while he was at the crossroad of Gush Etzion settlement bloc. (Wafa 15 January 2015)
- Israeli settlers living in Alon Moreh settlement attacked Palestinian farmers and shepherds in Salem village, east of Nablus city. (ARN 15 January 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a Palestinian school in At-Tur neighborhood in Jerusalem city, while they students and teachers inside the school. The IOA fired metal bullets and teargas grenades at the students. (Al-Quds 15 January 2015)

**Israeli Military Orders**

- Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out a military order to confiscate 100 dunums of Palestinian land in Kafa and Shufa villages in Tulkarm governorate, under the claim that the land located in area “C” and classified by the Israeli Authorities as “State land”. (PNN 15 January 2015)

**Confiscation & Razing of lands**

- Israeli Occupation bulldozers and the Israeli Civil Administration escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) razed about 30 dunums of Palestinian land in Khallit An-Nahla area, in Wadi Rahal village, south of Bethlehem city, to open a road link between an illegal new Israeli outpost and Efart settlement. The targeted land is owned by Mohammad Yahya Ayesh. (ARIJ Field workers 15 January 2015)

**Other**
70 Bedouin ordered to leave homes near West Bank settlement. The Kaabneh tribe was moved to the area 30 years ago. Nonetheless, the evacuation order issued Monday refers to a 'new incursion' onto state land. Israel’s Civil Administration has ordered 70 Bedouin, including 27 children, to evacuate their homes near the West Bank settlement of Mitzpeh Yeriho, even though the government body was responsible for moving them there in the first place. A protest letter sent to the Civil Administration Wednesday says the evacuation order ignores the obligation to “protect the basic rights of the residents,” especially during the winter. The community, of the Kaabneh tribe, was moved to the area 30 years ago. Nonetheless, the evacuation order issued Monday refers to a “new incursion” onto state land. It comes shortly after residents brought in prefabricated structures to replace the same number of tents and rickety tin shacks in which they had been living. The office of the Coordinator of Government Activities in the Territories said the structures were illegal. The evacuees comprise one of about 25 communities of the Jahalin and Kaabneh tribes scattered on the eastern outskirts of Jerusalem, all of which the Civil Administration has targeted for forced evacuation and resettlement to a town north of Jericho to allow for the expansion of settlements in the Adumim bloc. In other Bedouin communities where residents began replacing their tents and shacks with prefab structures, the Civil Administration issued pre-demolition stop-work orders, which were suspended in response to petitions to the High Court of Justice. In this case, ordering the residents to evacuate rather than attempting to stop the work makes it easier for the state to hastily remove the residents from the area, said attorney Shlomo Locker. Locker sent a letter of protest on Wednesday to the Civil Administration’s central inspection unit, saying, “Choosing this order ... ignores the obligation of the civil administration to protect the basic rights of the residents, particularly their protection during the winter, and ignores the civil administration’s obligation to act with administrative fairness and correctness.” The Coordinator of Government Activities said the new structures were supposed to be evacuated by last night. “Over the past two years, some 200 illegal prefabricated structures have been erected in the Wadi Kelt area, most of them built on weekends and overnight, because it was understood that this construction was illegal,” the spokesman said in a statement. “In recent days, 15 structures were illegally erected on state land. These orders refer solely to the new structures, which must be evacuated 48 hours from when the order is delivered.” The spokesman did not respond to Haaretz’s question about where the people were supposed to live if they had to evacuate the buildings. Two Civil Administration inspectors and three Border
Policemen arrived Monday evening at the small area housing the extended Arara family, near the western entrance to Wadi Kelt, alongside Route 1 in the direction of Jericho and about four kilometers from Mitzpeh Yeriho. The chief inspector issued 15 “Requirement to evacuate” warnings. The inspectors came when most of the community’s men were out grazing their flocks, according to a member of the Kaabneh tribe who asked to be identified only by his initials, A.G. He said the inspectors brought the orders and left. The Arara family, like most of the Bedouin in the region, were expelled from the Negev in 1948 and settled in the eastern West Bank. A.G. said that in 1980 or 1981, when he was still a child, “they cleared us out from the place where I was born when they built the settlement of Kfar Adumim, and moved us to Wadi Kelt.” “Then they started to build the settlement of Mitzpeh Yeriho, and the Civil Administration moved us to where we are now,” he said. The orders are not addressed to the heads of the households but “To the holder,” and the signature scribbled on the order is unreadable. The coordinator of government activities office said the order is addressed to “the holder of the structure” when “the owner doesn’t cooperate with the inspector and does not identify himself, as happened in this case.” The details of the orders are confusing. Under “Description of the Land,” it says: “Structures of light pallets, grey in color, of around 30 sq. meters,” as if to say that the residents must evacuate their homes, but not the land itself. But under “Description of the Incursion,” it says that this is “A new incursion onto state land that includes light construction.” Because they erected the prefab structures two weeks ago, A.G. said, the community weathered the recent storm far better than they had in previous years, when they were basically open to the elements. (Haaretz 15 January 2015)