The daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats in the occupied Palestinian territory, the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

The Violations are based on reports provided by field workers and/or news sources.

The text is not quoted directly from the sources but is edited for clarity.

The daily report does not necessarily reflect ARIJ’s opinion.

Brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Al-Burj village, southwest of Hebron city. Three of the targeted houses are owned by: Abed Al-Jalel Hassan Talahmah, Khalil Hassan Harb Talahma and Rami Mohammad Ahmed Mashrqa. (Wafa 22 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in a number of Palestinian areas and neighborhoods in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city, and took photos for tens of houses. Clashes erupted
between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 22 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted Kamal Akram Abu Wahdan (14 years) in Beit Hanina town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 22 September 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the Israeli Jail of Ofar, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 22 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya and Al Waha shores, northwest of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 22 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses and land, east of Johr Ad-Dik and Bo’rit Abu Samrah areas, east of Gaza city. (Al-Quds 22 September 2015)

- Hadil Salah Al Hashlamun (18 years) was seriously injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at an Israeli Military checkpoint at Ash-Shuhada street in Hebron city, opened fire at her while she was crossing the checkpoint. The IOA also, prevented the Palestinian Ambulance from reaching her. (Al-Quds & Wattan 22 September 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Nablus city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing the injury of three people; identified as: Mohammad Basalat (19 years), Mohammad Nafiz Hussen (19 years) and Nour Ad-Diyen Ahmed Sharedah. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Mufed Ghazal. (Raya 22 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures in the old city of Jerusalem and at the entrance of Al-Aqsa mosque. The IOA prevented Palestinians under the age of 40 years from entering the mosque and forced them to pray on the streets. (Maannews 22 September 2015)

- Di’a Abed Al Halem At-Talahmah (21 years) was killed after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at him during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the IOA at the Khursa road junction in Dura town, west of Hebron city. (Maannews 22 September 2015)

**Israeli Arrests**

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained three Palestinians after storming and searching their family houses in Tal Ar-Ramida neighborhood in Hebron city. The Palestinians were identified as:
Nizar Nedal Salhab (15 years) and his brother Tareq (16 years), and Awni Imad Abu Shamsiya (16 years). (Wafa 22 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Jawad Musleh ‘Ubidiya (23 years) after assaulting him while he was at the entrance of Sur Baher town, south of Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 22 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Malak Abdo (38 years) after storming and searching his house in a Nablus city. (Al-Quds & Wafa 22 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Abeer Ahmed Masharqa (25 years) after storming and searching her family house in Al Burj village, southwest of Hebron city. (Wafa 22 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested four Palestinians after storming and searching their house in Al Eaziriya town, east of Jerusalem city. The arrestees were identified as: Wafa Al ‘ajlouni (65 years) and his two sons; Mwafaq (28 years) and Mohammad (33 years) and Mohammad’ wife; Fida (28 years). (Al-Quds 22 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Aws Abdalla Ahmed Thabit from Tulkarm city, after stopping him at Za’tara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. (Maannews 22 September 2015)

**Israeli Settler Violence**

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Wattan 22 September 2015)
- Israeli settlers living in Yakir settlement pumped wastewater at Wadi Qana area, northwest of Salfit city. (PNN 22 September 2015)
- An Israeli settler hit by his vehicle a herd of sheep, killed 40 ones and injured about 20, while they were crossing road, east of Aqraba village, southeast of Nablus city. The sheep are owned by Ayesh Mahmoud Da’ajnah. (Wattan 22 September 2015)

**Israeli Closures**

- Israeli Army to Seal Off West Bank and Gaza on Yom Kippur. Border crossing with Gaza Strip will be opened during holiday only for humanitarian cases, IDF statement says. A complete closure will be imposed on the West Bank during the Yom Kippur holiday, just as it has in previous years, Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon has decided. In addition, all border crossings between Israel and the Gaza Strip will be closed for the duration of the holiday, which starts Tuesday night, a statement issued by the Israel Defense Forces Spokesperson’s Unit on Monday said. The closure is scheduled to last 36 hours, from noon on
Tuesday until midnight on Wednesday. The statement added that the lifting of the closure would ultimately be determined “based on the situation assessment”. (Haaretz 22 September 2015)

Other

- 30 East Jerusalem streets given Hebrew names, enraging Arab residents. Defending decision, municipality says 800 roads given Arabic names; Arab MKs slam attempt to ‘Judaicize al-Quds’. The Jerusalem municipality on Sunday night approved 30 Hebrew street names in predominantly Arab East Jerusalem neighborhoods, drawing fierce condemnation from both Arab residents and lawmakers. The new Hebrew street names, which were okayed as part of an ongoing project to map out the neighborhoods in the east of the city, were given to areas that house Jewish historical sites, according to the municipality. Over 800 streets in East Jerusalem have already been given Arabic names, city hall said. Around the City of David archaeological site in the Silwan neighborhood, seven streets were given Hebrew names, including “Ma’alot Ir David” and “Shir LaMa’alot,” according to the Walla news website. On the Mount of Olives, several streets were given Hebrew names reflecting Jewish ties to the site, and in Sheikh Jarrah, two streets will be called “Nahalat Shimon” and “Nahalat Yitzhak.” The committee decided against naming a street in Sheikh Jarrah “Kohen Gadol” (High Priest), agreeing that the reference to a prominent figure in the Jewish temples would spark riots in East Jerusalem neighborhoods, which have already seen heightened tensions and repeated clashes over the Temple Mount and perceived Israeli attempts to alter the status quo at the holy site. Israel maintains that it is not seeking to change the status quo at the compound known to Muslims as al-Aqsa, the third-holiest site in Islam and most holy in Judaism. Under the new directive, a street near Damascus Gate will be renamed “Amir Drori,” for the founder of the Israel Antiquities Authority, in a nod to the adjacent Rockefeller Museum, which houses the IAA’s offices. Former Supreme Court justice Jacob Turkel had advised against giving the streets Hebrew names in light of the security situation. He recommended the committee “reevaluate whether it is appropriate, at this point in time, and in light of the complicated and delicate situation in East Jerusalem,” to give the streets these names. The Jerusalem city hall committee rejected the recommendation. The decision was met with strong opposition from East Jerusalem residents, who said it would “cause more violence.” “This is all part of one plan — first, to Judaize al-Aqsa, second, the Arab villages, third, the history and names,”
Silwan resident Ahmad Karaeen Abu Hamid told Walla. Joint (Arab) List party leader Ayman Odeh decried the decision as a “vile attempt” to erase residents’ Palestinian identity. “We have recently been witness to aggressive attempts to change the status quo in East Jerusalem and deepen the occupation and dispossession. The choice of street names, with a total disregard for who built and lives on these streets for thousands of years, is a vile attempt to eradicate the national Palestinian identity,” he said. Referring to recent riots in Jerusalem, Joint (Arab) List MK Ahmad Tibi said “someone decided to add fuel to the fire of tensions in Jerusalem, and this is a pyromaniac decision.” The city’s actions are part of “ongoing efforts to Judaize al-Quds” — the Arabic name for Jerusalem — “and falsify history,” he added. The Jerusalem municipality defended the decision. “More than 800 names that were approved in East Jerusalem were selected by the Arabs themselves, giving broad expression to their historical and religious legacy,” it said in a statement. “For sites that have a weighty Jewish historical legacy, the street names reflect this legacy.” In February, an adviser to Mayor Nir Barkat said the Jerusalem municipality had nearly completed the mapping and naming of streets in East Jerusalem, in what he said was endeavor that would both boost the residents’ sense of belonging and allow city hall to more effectively collect taxes. The naming mechanism allowed local residents to propose street names, which were then vetted by Islam expert Professor Yitzhak Reiter “to preclude terrorists,” the adviser said. Finally, they were approved by a municipal naming committee headed by former Supreme Court justice Turkel. (Time of Israel 22 September 2015)