The daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats in the occupied Palestinian territory, the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

Brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army

- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Al-Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahiya town, north of Gaza strip. (ARN 17 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in Al Azza refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (PNN 17 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) chased Palestinian students while they were in their way to the school in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city, and fired stun grenades at them, assaulted and detained a number of students. (SilwanIC 17 September 2015)

• At the midnight, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched “Al Makassed” Hospital in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city. The IOA surrounded the hospital, stopped and searched the Palestinian vehicles. (SilwanIC 17 September 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (SilwanIC 17 September 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Shufat refugee camp, north of Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 17 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched dozens of Palestinian areas in Husan village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA station at the main road link between Husan and Wadi Fukin villages, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Al-Quds 17 September 2015)

**Israeli Arrests**

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested a Palestinian while he was near the border fence, east of Beit Hanun town, north of Gaza strip. (Raya 17 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested 6 Palestinians from several areas and neighborhoods in the old city of Jerusalem. Five of the arrestees were identified as: Nabil Sider (13 years), Mutaz and Ahmed Sa’ida, Mohammad Ismail Ahmed Hosha (11 years) and Mohammad Adel Abed Al Hadi Switi (11 years). (SilwanIC RB2000 17 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested three Palestinians after storming and searching their houses in Sur Baher town, south of Jerusalem city. The arrestees were identified as: Muhie Ad-Diyn Bkirat, Nasser Jaber Amira and Mutaz Mahmoud Dabash. (RB2000 17 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Majd Darwish from Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. (RB2000 17 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested three Palestinians and summoned Musa Fataftha to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police,
from Beir Ayoub neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The arrestees were identified as: Amer Siya (12 years), Sultan Shwiki (12 years) and Raid Mansour. (SilwanIC & Wattan 17 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested three Palestinians from At-Tur town in Jerusalem city. The arrestees were identified as: Mohammad Suliman Al Hadra, Mahmoud Nour Abu Al Hawa and Yazan Al Bana (12 years). (SilwanIC 17 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested four Palestinian and summoned Hider Abu Mariya to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police after storming their houses in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The arrestees were identified as: Mohammad Falah Hamdi Abu Mariya (25 years) and his brother Yahya (20 years), Raid Omar Jubrail As-Salibi (19 years), Muhammed Mohammad Abed Al Hamid Abu Mariya (115 years). (Wafa & Maannews 17 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Elias Hazem Al Ja’bari (26 years) from Hebron city. (Wafa 17 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Wakeed Hamdan Tarairah (31 years) after raiding his house in Bani Na’im town, east of Hebron city. (Wafa 17 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Mu’men Nedal Al Ka’bi (16 years) from Balata refugee camp, east of Nablus city after stopping him at Za’tara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. (Maannews 17 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Qassam Faqha after storming his house in Kafr Al Labad village, east of Tulkarm city. (Al-Quds 17 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Mahmoud Abu Hamza after raiding and searching his house in Tulkarm city. (Al-Quds 17 September 2015)

**Israeli Settler Violence**

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard and performed Talmudic rituals. (Al-Quds 17 September 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Shave Shomron settlement opened fire at a Palestinian vehicle, near the settlement, forced it to stop and assaulted the driver; identified as: Said Anabtawi (20 years) from Anabta village in Tulkarm governorate. (Al-Quds 17 September 2015)

**Israeli Military Orders**
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) issued a military order to stop the construction in 2 agricultural structures (each one area reach to 100 square meters) in Frush Beit Dajan village, east of Nablus city. The targeted structure is owned by Nasser Abu Jesh. (Safa & Al-Quds 17 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military orders to demolish three houses (one of them consist of two floors) and a residential tent in Khirbet Khallit Al Maya area, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. The targeted houses are owned by: Mohammad Azzat Makhamrah Al Adra, Ismail An-Najar and Raid Mohammad Amour. (Maannews 17 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities issued military orders to evacuate 26 dunums of Palestinian land and to uproot 96 trees in Beir Abu Ammar area, north of Qarawat Bani Hassan village, northwest of Salfit city. The targeted land owned by: Omar Rashid Rayan and Saber Mustafah Mar’i. Noted the Israeli Authorities claimed that the targeted land located within an area classified as “Nature Reserve”. (Maannews 17 September 2015)

Expansion of settlements

• Israel approves new homes in Jerusalem settlement amid violence. Israel has given a final approval for the construction of 153 housing units in a Jewish settlement neighborhood in Jerusalem, officials said on Wednesday. The approval was made as tension is running high in Jerusalem, amid four-day clashes between Israeli police and Palestinians over the Jews' rights to visit the flashpoint al-Aqsa mosque compound. Sapir Peles, a spokeswoman with the Jerusalem Municipality, told Xinhua that the housing units are planned to be constructed as part of a new country club in the settlement neighborhood of Ramot, northeast of Jerusalem. She added that the city’s Local Committee for Planning and Building has decided to issue the permits after a preliminary plan was approved in 2009. The committee also revised building permits for additional housing units in Ramot, which were originally approved last year, allowing the contractor to add porches to 243 units. Hagit Ofran, a researcher with the Israeli settlement watchdog Peace Now, told Xinhua that the permits means the construction could begin within a few days. "Expanding settlements is fanning the flames at a volatile time in the Temple Mount," she said, referring to the Israeli term for Haram al-Sharif, were the al-Aqsa mosque is located. Dozens of Palestinians and Israeli officers were injured over the past week, as police raided the Temple Mount/Haram al-Sharif compound in order to allow Jewish
visitors to the holy site. Jews revered the place as the site of their biblical temple. Palestinians consider such visits as a provocation. Israel occupied the West Bank, including East Jerusalem, during the 1967 Mideast War and has been controlling it ever since. The Jewish settlements are constructed on lands considered by the Palestinians as their future state. International law deems the settlement as illegal. (*Sama News* 17 September 2015)

**Other**

- **Netanyahu Asks Attorney General to Authorize Sniper Fire Against Stone-throwers.** At emergency meeting on tensions in Jerusalem, it emerged that there is a difference in open-fire regulations for police and Israel’s army. AG asked to okay police following same guidelines as military. There is a significant difference in the open fire regulations followed by Israel Police and by the Israeli army. This is what emerged in Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu emergency meeting with senior members of Israel’s defense establishment on Tuesday about the increasing tensions and violence in Jerusalem. While the Israel Defense Forces permits troops in the West Bank to operate snipers and use small caliber 0.22 inch Ruger rifles fitted with a sniper scope, the police is not allowed to do this. When it comes to the IDF, sniper and Ruger fire are allowed when firebombs or large stones are being thrown and commanders in the field are certain that lives are in danger. Shots are mostly fired at perpetrators’ legs. In Jerusalem police units, meanwhile, such measures are not allowed. Open fire regulations only permit using crowd dispersal measures, such as firing rubber bullets and throwing tear gas grenades. Ahead of an additional meeting on the security situation set for Monday, Israel’s Attorney General Yehuda Weinstein has been asked to give an opinion on whether to allow the police to follow the same open fire regulations as the army does in the West Bank. Ruger rifles were used in the West Bank during the Second Intifada. They were prohibited for a few years after a number of Palestinian youths were killed by Ruger fire. Today, their use is once again permitted. Attendees at Netanyahu’s emergency meeting Tuesday said that allowing police to follow these guidelines would only require an internal police adjustment, and not a change in legislation. If, that is, Weinstein okays it. The IDF says that the permissive West Bank regulations are necessary because of a great number of incidents where Israeli lives are in danger because of firebombs and thrown stones. So far, Netanyahu, Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon and Public Security Minister Gilad Erdan support police following the same guidelines as part of their fight against
Palestinian stone throwers in Jerusalem. Netanyahu, who visited the Armon Hanatziv neighborhood in Jerusalem Wednesday - the site of the deadly car crash that took place on Sunday after stones were thrown at the vehicle - said that the government would take an even harder line on stone throwers. The policy will change, "not just in Jerusalem and the main routes to [the city]. But also in the Galilee and in the Negev," he said. (Haaretz 17 September 2015)