The daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats in the occupied Palestinian territory, the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

**Brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army**

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out military trainings in Humsa and Ar-Ras Al Ahmar areas in the northern of Jordan Valley. Noted that the IOA forced Palestinians living in the aforementioned areas to evacuate it. (Raya 13 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Beit Hanun terminal, north of Gaza strip. The IOA used live and rubber bullets to attack Palestinians, causing the injury 5 of them. (RB2000 13 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses, east of Al Burij refugee camp, in the central of Gaza strip. (Raya 13 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation. (Raya 13 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed a Palestinian and injured other in Jabal Al Mukabbir town, south of Jerusalem city. (Maannews 13 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Ala Abu Al Jamal from Jabal Al Mukabbir town, south of Jerusalem city, while he was standing at a bus station in Jerusalem city. (Maannews 13 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. (Al-Quds 13 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. The IOA fired live bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (Wafa 13 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Zif area in Yatta town, south of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 13 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian houses in Al ‘Araqa village, west of Jenin city, and took photos for the house. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner Tareq Yahya. (Wafa 13 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Khursa village, southwest of Hebron city. During the clashes, an Israeli jeep ran over a Palestinian; identified as: Waleed Yousif Al Faqir (22 years). (RB2000 13 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 13 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Beit Einun village, northeast of Hebron city. The IOA fired live bullets, causing the injury of a Palestinian. (Maannews 13 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Idhan town in Hebron governorate. The IOA
fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 13 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest near Qalandiya military checkpoint, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at the participants. (Al-Quds 13 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Eazirya town, east of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 13 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Bilal Ben Rabah mosque, at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing, about 35 suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. During the clashes, an Israeli Sniper shoot and killed Mutaz Ibrahim Hamdan Zawahra (27 years) from Ad-Dhuhaisha refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city. (RB2000 13 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Jabal Al Mukabbir town, south of Jerusalem city, and closed all the village entrances. The IOA stormed and searched three Palestinian houses, two of the targeted houses are owned by the family of two Palestinian martyrs: Ala Abu Al Jamal (33 years) and Baha Alayan (23 years), and third house is owned by the family of Bilal Abu Ghanem (22 years). (Wafa & RB2000 13 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Azun village, east of Qalqiliyah city. (Wafa 13 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 13 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired a stun grenade at a Palestinian vehicle while it was crossing Halhul bridge, north of Hebron city. (Wafa 13 October 2015)

- Two Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near DCO military checkpoint, near the Israeli settlement of Beit El, north of Al Bireh city. The IOA used live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds 13 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Quds University’ campus in Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city, and destroyed the university consists. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases.
During the operation, the IOA arrested 7 Palestinians. (Al-Quds 13 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Al Jalama military checkpoint, north of Jenin city, assaulted and injured Mohammad Husam Hantuli (18 years) while he was crossing the checkpoint. During the operation, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA near the checkpoint where the IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Safa & Al-Quds 13 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Beit Furik military checkpoint, southeast of Nablus city. The IOA used live bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of four of them. (Al-Quds 13 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (Al-Quds 13 October 2015)

**Israeli Arrests**

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained two Palestinian girls after stopping them at Al Container military checkpoint at the entrance of Ash-Shuhada street in Hebron city. (Al-Quds 13 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Murad Yacoub Azam Al ‘Ajluni after storming his house in the old city of Hebron. (Maannews 13 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Karam Faez Abu Ethre’ Musalam after raiding his house in Beit ‘Awa town in Hebron governorate. (Maannews 13 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested two Palestinians after raiding and searching their houses in Barta’a Ash-Sharqiya village, west of Jenin city. The arrestees were identified as: Bakir Nafeq Qabha (23 years) and Mustafah Yahya Qabha (22 years). (Wafa 13 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested five Palestinians after storming and searching their family houses in Tuqu’ village, southeast of Bethlehem city. Four of the arrestees were identified as: Mohammad Diyab Sabah (17 years), Muhiy Ahmed Al Amur (16 years), Mahmoud Khalil Abu Mfareh (16 years) and ‘Asef Aref Al Amur (14 years). (RB2000 13 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested 7 Palestinians after raiding their houses in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The arrestees were identified as: Ibrahim Nasser Abu Mayala Dandes (15 years), Aws Imad Abu Mayala, Mohammad
Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested 7 Palestinians from several areas in Jerusalem city. The arrestees were identified as: Amir Abu Mayalah, Mohammad Marwan Abu Rumoz, Mohammad Nimir Khatari (19 years), Jehad Az-Zaghal, Hassan Khalafawi, Mohammad Ash-Shalabi and Yaser Al Basiti. (SilwaNIC 13 October 2015)

Israeli Settler Violence

- Israeli settlers living in Ma'on settlement hurled stones at a Palestinian vehicle traveling at the Israeli bypass road No.317. (Wafa 13 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers hurled stoned at a Palestinian vehicle traveling at Ramallah-Nablus road, near Turmus'ayya village, northeast of Ramallah city. As a result, Mohammad Hilmi Qatab (58 years) were injured. (RB2000 13 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained and assaulted four Palestinian farmers while they were harvesting olive trees in Tell village, west of Nablus city. The Palestinians were identified as: Abdalla Mohammad Abdalla Shteh, Ahmed Nayef Hindi, Muqdad Zedan and Karem Abed Al Men'em Ramadan. (NBPRS 13 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers living in Karni Shomron settlement assaulted and injured Mahmoud Shaher Ref’at Yassen (18 years) while he was in land near the settlement. (NBPRS 13 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers living in Karni Shomron settlement escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at Qalqiliyah- Nablus road, near Kafr Laqif village, east of Qalqiliyah city and hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles. (Wafa 13 October 2015)
- Bassam Abdalla Al Hur (20 years), from Surif village, was injured after a group of Israeli settlers assaulting. (RB2000 13 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at Zif area, north of Yatta town in Hebron governorate, and hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles. (Wafa 13 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers gathered near Thaghrit Ash-Shabak area, at the northern part of Hebron city and tried to attack Palestinian houses. (Safa 13 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers living Havat Gal outpost opened fire at Palestinian houses at Jabal Jales area, east of Hebron city. During the operation, the IOA stormed the aforementioned area and fired teargas grenades at
Palestinians and their houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 13 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers tried to kidnap a Palestinian from Beit Ummer town after attacking his vehicle, while he was traveling at the main road near Halhul town, north of Hebron city. (Maannews 13 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at Gush Etzion junction and closed Jerusalem-Hebron road. (RB2000 13 October 2015)

Erection of Israeli checkpoints

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected 5 military checkpoint at the main road link Ramallah and Abu Dis cities. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 13 October 2015)

Israeli Closures

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement blocks Sulman Al Farise street in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 13 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the DCO military checkpoint, west of Beit Jala town in Bethlehem governorate. (RB2000 13 October 2015)

Other

- Settler Group Wins Right to Run Jerusalem Archaeology Park After Appeal. Court rules against state, allows Elad to operate site adjacent to West Wall. The right-wing City of David Foundation, better known as Elad, will be allowed to operate the Jerusalem Archaeological Park adjacent to the Western Wall, after the Jerusalem District Court on Monday overturned a lower court ruling that had voided the agreement enabling it to do so. The court accepted Elad’s appeal of the Jerusalem Magistrate’s Court ruling in its entirety, reinstating the agreement the NGO had signed with the Company for the Reconstruction and Development of the Jewish Quarter to manage the park and the adjacent Davidson Center, both major tourist attractions located south of the Western Wall plaza. Elad manages the City of David National Park, just outside the Old City, and is also involved in settling Jews in the adjacent, predominantly Arab village of Silwan. The City of David National Park is connected to the Jerusalem Archaeological Park via a Second Temple-era drainage tunnel whose
excavation was completed in 2012. For decades the archaeological park had been under the control of East Jerusalem Development Corporation, a government company. After a lengthy legal dispute, the area was transferred to the Jewish Quarter development company, which assigned Elad the right to operate the site. When news of the agreement was published in Haaretz in early 2014, it was harshly attacked both by left-wing organizations, which oppose Elad’s activity, and by pluralistic Jewish organizations, because the site includes the wooden deck at Robinson’s Arch that was built for the Women of the Wall and other egalitarian prayer services. The leaders of the pluralistic groups had been promised by Cabinet Secretary Avichai Mendelblit, who had negotiated the establishment of the third plaza with them, that Elad would not administer the site. Shortly afterward, the State Prosecutor’s Office petitioned the Jerusalem Magistrate’s Court against the agreement. That court accepted the state’s arguments and canceled the agreement on grounds that the government company needed the government’s approval before transferring the site to the NGO. Elad appealed the ruling in November, and on Monday judges Moshe Drori, David Cheshin and Oded Shaham ruled in its favor. The judges rejected the state’s argument that transferring the site to Elad’s control would harm state security, citing the testimony of the David precinct commander who praised Elad for its cooperation with police. The judges also rejected the argument that transferring the site to the right-wing group would generate incitement by Sheikh Ra’ad Salah, who heads the northern branch of the Islamic Movement in Israel. “It’s hard to understand how the state chooses to rely on Salah’s ‘expertise,’ when the state itself, less than a year ago, filed a criminal appeal against Salah who incited to racism,” Drori wrote. Similarly, the court rejected the claim that the agreement would harm Israel’s foreign relations, particularly ties with Jordan, and the claim that the agreement would undermine the government’s negotiations with the pluralistic Jewish groups, saying these arguments were insufficient to cancel the agreement. However, during the hearings Elad agreed to relinquish control of the section of the park closest to the Western Wall, where the egalitarian prayer area is located. (Haaretz 13 October 2015)