The daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats in the occupied Palestinian territory, the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

**Brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army**

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Um Al Khair village, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city and took photos for a number of barracks, tents and water wells. (Maannews 9 August 2015)
- A Palestinian child was injured after a remnants from the Israeli Occupation Army exploded near an Israeli military base in Hebron city. (Pal Info 9 August 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stopped and detained an agricultural tractor and a water tank after stopping it at the entrance of Wadi Al Maleh area in the northern of Jordan valley. (Pal Info 9 August 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Duma village, southeast of Nablus city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wattan 9 August 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses. (SilwanIC 9 August 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Al-Wad street in the old city of Jerusalem. (SilwanIC 9 August 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses and agricultural land, east of Al Maghazi refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (RB2000 9 August 2015)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest f Gaza city and at An-Nasriyat and Az-Zwiedat shores. (Al-Quds 9 August 2015)

• Anas Muntaser Taha (20 years) from Qatanna village, northwest of Jerusalem city, was killed after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at him while he was near the Israeli Jail of Ofar. (Al-Quds 9 August 2015)

**Israeli Arrests**

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested three Palestinians while they were near the border fence, south of the Gaza strip. (Wattan 9 August 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Mohammad Jamal Younis Al Qawasmi (22 years) after storming his house in Hebron city. (Wattan 9 August 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Ahmed Abu Diyab from Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Jerusalem city. (Wattan 9 August 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Omar Khalil Abu Al Hawa (17 years) from At-Tur town in Jerusalem city while he was interviewing the Israeli Intelligence Police. (SilwanIC 9 August 2015)

**Israeli Settler Violence**

• Israeli settlers living in Bracha settlement set fire in hundreds dunums of Palestinian land planted with olive trees near Burin village, south of
Nablus city. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli settlers, the Israeli Army came to the location and fired teargas grenades at Palestinians. (ARN & Pal Today 9 August 2015)

- Israeli settlers stormed Beit Jala town in Bethlehem governorate and tried to kidnap a Palestinian; Mazen Mohammad Ma’ala (14 years) from Ayda refugee camp, while he was walking in the street. (Al-Quds 9 August 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. During the operation, the Israeli settlers raise the Israeli flags inside the mosque. (Al-Quds 9 August 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Yetzher settlement torched 120 dunums of Palestinian land at Al Habaiyl area in Asira Al Qabaliya village, south of Nablus city. (Al-Quds 9 August 2015)

**Israeli Military Orders**

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military orders to stop the construction in two water tanks in Khallet Al Maya village, south of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. The IOA also took photos for a number of water wells. The targeted wells are owned by Bassam Nawa’ja, Qanez An Nawa’ja, Abdalla Jubrail Abu Batekh, Ahmed Mohammad Ash-Shawaheen and Rasem An-Nawa’ja. (Maannews 9 August 2015)

**Other**

- Jerusalem court orders 4 Palestinian families to vacate longtime Silwan homes. Right-wing NGO proves land homes built on was purchased in 19th century for Yemenite immigrants * Jewish families expected to move into contested properties. Following a protracted legal battle, four Palestinian families who have been living in the east Jerusalem neighborhood of Silwan for decades face imminent eviction next week. The news comes after a Jerusalem court enforced its ruling that the land the homes were built on is legally owned by a Jewish organization. Members of the Abu Nab family, who have rented the homes located adjacent to the Old City since 1948, said they received eviction notices on Wednesday stipulating that they must vacate the properties no later than next week. The right-wing NGO Ateret Cohanim – an organization that purchases properties for Jews in Arab neighborhoods – had successfully filed a lawsuit 15 years ago proving that the land the homes were built on was purchased over 100 years ago by the Jewish group Hekdesh Benvenisti. Hekdesh Benvenisti
bought the plot at the end of the 19th century to build a neighborhood for Jews from Yemen, records state. One of the Abu Nab residences is located inside a building that once served as the neighborhood’s synagogue, Ateret Cohanim proved. According to the Abu Nab family, they have been living in homes they believed were owned by another Palestinian family since 1948. The family say that they have been living there since they were displaced from their homes in Sultan’s Pool during the War of Independence. Prior to Wednesday’s court order to vacate the homes, Ateret Cohanim had spent several years trying unsuccessfully to enforce the eviction, which has become a politically heated issue. The court has also ruled that Hekdesh Benvenisti legally owns an additional 5.5 dunams (0.55 hectares) of land in Silwan, where dozens of other Palestinian families have lived for decades, and will now likely face eviction. In a statement, Avi Segal, who represents Hekdesh Benvenisti, said that the organization unequivocally proved that it is the rightful owner of the property and that the Arab families must respect the court’s ruling. The eviction comes less than three months after three illegally built shops and a house under construction in Silwan were demolished by the state. Ateret Cohanim has acquired numerous apartments in the neighborhood over the years for Jewish families, including a number of units inside a former Yemenite synagogue in May. (JPOST 9 August 2015)