The Quarterly report highlights the chronology of events concerning the Israeli Violations in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip, the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

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Map 1: The Israeli Segregation Plan in the occupied Palestinian Territory
Bethlehem Governorate (December 2015 - February 2016)

The Israeli Violations in Bethlehem Governorate during the month of December 2015

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed near Gilo settlement opened fire at Palestinian houses and land at Beir ‘Una and Al Jadawel areas in Beit Jala town, west of Bethlehem city. (PNN 1 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Mu’meen Raid Al Khateeb (16 years) from Ad-Doha town, southwest of Bethlehem city, while he was at Gush Etzion junction. after the operation, the IOA invaded Ad-Doha town and reached the house of the Palestinian martyr. (PNN & Maannews 1 December 2015)
- Sadam Hussein (10 years) was injured in his eye during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA used teargas and stun grenades to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds 1 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Ad-Doha town, south of Bethlehem city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Mu’men Raid Al Khateeb (16 years). Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (Wafa 2 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with an iron gate the western entrance of Beit Jala town, west of Bethlehem city. The closure of the western entrance of Beit Jala town, will isolate a number of Palestinian nearby villages, especially Al Walajah village. (RB2000 2 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the eastern entrance of Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 3 December 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (RB2000 4 December 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses. (RB2000 4 December 2015)
- Three Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Um Rukba area in Al Khader village,
southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA used live bullets to attack Palestinians. (Orient FM 4 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the western entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city, and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the village. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA used teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (RB2000 4 December 2015)

- Israeli settlers assaulted and injured a Palestinian bus driver, Jawad Al Qawasmi, from Jerusalem city, while he was near Betar Illit settlement in Bethlehem governorate. (Wafa 6 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the main entrance of Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (ARN 6 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) confiscated tools and machine used to construct a road in the Palestinian nature reserve, east of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 7 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. (RB2000 7 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA used teargas and stun grenades to attack Palestinians. (RB2000 7 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the eastern entrance of Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 8 December 2014)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched tens of Palestinian houses in Ad-Duhaish refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city. Four of the targeted houses are owned by: Mustafah Atiyah Al Hasanat (20 years), Mohammad Ali Abu ‘Ajamiyah, Diya Khalil Al Ja’fari (20 years) and Mohammad Elias Sarahnah (19 years). Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA used live bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians, and killed Malek Akram Shaheen (19 years). (Maannews 8 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets. (Maannews 8 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Husan village, west of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 9 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a Palestinian house in Al Ubidiya town, east of Bethlehem city. The targeted house is owned by So‘ud Salah Abu Sarhan. The IOA notified the owner that his son Ameer, who lives in Gaza strip, is prevent from making interviews with the journalists. (Maannews 10 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided a Palestinian house in Battir village, west of Bethlehem city. The targeted house is owned by Atta Mahmoud Abu Fanun. The IOA notified the owner that his son Iyad, who lives Gaza strip, is prevent from making interview with the journalists. (Maannews 10 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. Four of the targeted houses are owned by: Mohammad Jum’a Abed Khalil, Mohammad Ismail Hajahja, Mohammad Musa Al Khateb and Khalil Abu Mufareh. (Maannews 10 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Husan village, west of Bethlehem city and stationed at the western entrance of the village, where they stopped and searched Palestinians and checked their ID cards. (Al-Quds 10 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured a Palestinian old man from Jurat Ash-Sham’a village, south of Bethlehem city, while he was working in his land near Efrat settlement. (Wattan 12 December 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrances of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired metal and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 14 Palestinians, included Rahab Nazal a Palestinian journalist. (Orient FM & PNN 11 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded several Palestinian houses and a medical center in Bethlehem city. The IOA broke into al-Sadaq Medical Clinic in the al-Madbsa neighborhood in the center of Bethlehem, removing the clinic's main door and confiscating equipment. The medical clinic is a part of al-Ihsan Charitable Association. The IOA also raided a Bethlehem residential building and broke into three apartments. The targeted houses are owned by: Ahmad Theib Buja, Muhammad Buja and Ashraf Abu Hlayyil. (Maannews 12 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched three Palestinian houses in Husan village, west of Bethlehem city. The targeted houses are owned by: Ismail Ibrahim Za’oul (55 years) and his two brothers; Hassan (50 years) and Mohammad (48 years). (RB2000 13 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a Palestinian house in Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds 15 December 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ad-Duheisha refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians. (Al-Quds 15 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in areas in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds 15 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Ad Duheisha refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired metal bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of a Palestinian. During the operation, the IOA arrested four Palestinians and summoned others to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police. The arrestees were identified as: Yazan Al Ja’idi (18 years), Hamza Ma’rouf Al Atrash (24 years) and his brother Mohammad (22 years), and Amid Mohammad Shamroukh (22 years). (RB2000 16 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out military orders to demolish three Palestinian houses (each one consist of two floors) in Um Rukba area in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The targeted houses are owned by: Ibrahim Musa Salem, Ala Riziq Salem and Nour Salah. (Wafa 16 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out a military order to demolish a garage in Kisan village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The targeted structure is owned by Mahir Hussen Abiyat. (Al Watan Voice 16 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) forced Palestinians to close their commercial stores at the entrance of Um Salamuna village, south of Bethlehem city. (Wattan 17 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Authorities confiscated 680 dunums of Palestinian land in Al Walaja village in Bethlehem governorate, as a part of the approval on the construction of the Givat Yael settlement, southwest of Al Walaja village. Givat Yael, an Israeli future settlement, will confiscate in total 5696 dunums of Palestinian land in Bethlehem governorate. (Al-Ayyam 17 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched Salah Ad-Diyn mosque and the headquarter of “Help Orphaned Children” in Bethlehem city. (RB2000 18 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest at the northern entrances of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired live bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases, and the injury of 6 Palestinians. (Al-Quds 18 December 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Bilal ben Rabah mosque, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 21 Palestinians. (Maannews 18 December 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 8 Palestinians. (Maannews 18 December 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Al Khader village in Bethlehem governorate. (Al-Quds 18 December 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds 18 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Nahhalin village, west of Bethlehem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA where the IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases included a baby. (Al-Quds 19 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a blimp at the western entrance of Husan village, west of Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds 19 December 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Tekoa settlement detained Ali Musa Hamed (60 years) and his son Iyad from Tuqu village in Bethlehem governorate, while they were working in their land near the aforementioned settlement. (Al-Quds 19 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city and fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and their houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the operation, the IOA erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of the village, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Al-Quds 21 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the Palestinian water station in Khallet Al Louz village, south of Bethlehem city, and questioned the workers. (Al-Quds 21 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Ad-Duhaisha refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city, and occupied the roofs of Palestinian houses. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. During the operation, the IOA arrested Salah Al Ja’di (24 years) after raiding his house. (Maannews & Wafa 21 December 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Danyal Riad Abu Srour (18 years). The IOA transferred the arrestee to unknown location. (Al-Quds 23 December 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 23 December 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (RB2000 25 December 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three Palestinians. (Wafa 25 December 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Marah Rabah village, south of Bethlehem city. The IOA used rubber bullets to attack Palestinians, where 5 Palestinians were injured. (Wafa 25 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Al Azza refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city, and fired teargas grenades at Palestinian houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Pal Info 27 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the headquarter of Zakat Committee in Bethlehem city and confiscated the files and computer devices. (RB2000 29 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military orders to stop the construction in 15 Palestinian houses in Battir village, west of Bethlehem city. Eight of the targeted houses are owned by: Fadi Khalil Al Qaisi, Fadi Jamel Abed alla, Ibrahim Ali An-Najar, Yasser Mahmoud Qatoush, Hazem Ahmed
Abed Al Wahab, Hazem Adnan Ash-Shouli, Mohammad Hussen Ash-Shami and Hamza Yacoub Hamamda. (RB2000 29 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army and bulldozers stationed in “Ush Ghrab” Israeli military camp, east of Beit Sahour city, east of Bethlehem governorate and start leveling the land and installing cement blocks to fortify the military base and its surroundings. (ARIJ Field workers 29 December 2015)

Israeli Violations in Bethlehem Governorate during the Month of January 2015

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Beir ‘Uona area in Beit Jala town, northwest of Bethlehem city. One of the targeted houses is owned by Iyad Sarasra. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 2 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses in ‘Abiyat village, east of Beit Sahour town, east of Bethlehem city. Two of the targeted houses are owned by: Osama Al ‘Ajouri and Muhaddad Mohammad Awad. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades. (Wafa 3 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Ad-Duhaisha refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of two Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Raid Abu Hadid. (Wafa 3 January 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the Russian center for cultural in Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing the injury of a Palestinian. (Wafa 3 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. One of the targeted houses is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr Issam Thawabtah. (Al-Quds 5 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed three Palestinian while they were near Gush Etzion junction, south of Bethlehem city. The martyrs were identified as: Ahmed Salem Abed Al Majed Kawazbah (19 years), Ala Abed Mohammad Kawazbah (19 years) and Muhannd Kawazbah (18 years). (Maannews 7 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a part of the front entrance of a Palestinian park in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. (Orient FM 8 January 2016)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the eastern entrance of Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of Palestinians and the injury of a Palestinian. (Orient FM 8 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a Palestinian restaurant in Beit Jala town, west of Bethlehem city and confiscated the security cameras. (Al-Quds 8 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) razed 2.5 dunums of Palestinian land in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city to erect a military tower at the entrance of the town. The targeted lands are owned by Issa Al Faroukh and Jaradat family. (Pal Info 10 January 2016)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a 19 years of Palestinian. (Al-Quds 10 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched Kindo gas station in Bethlehem city, destroyed its consists and seized the security cameras. (RB2000 10 January 2016)
• Srour Ahmed Ibrahim Abu Srour (21 years) from Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem was killed during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA), after they stormed Beit Jala town, west of Bethlehem city and stationed at As Sahel area. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA used live bullets to attack Palestinians. (Maannews & Al-Quds 12 January 2016)
• At the midnight, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and metal bullets, causing the injury of a Palestinian. (Al-Quds 11 January 2016)
• At the midnight, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Ad-Duhaisha refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Jubrail Al Kawazbah (20 years) (Al-Quds 12 January 2016)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades
at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 12 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched areas in Al Ubidiya town, east of Bethlehem city. (RB2000 12 January 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at Qaber Hilwa area, east of Beit Sahour town, east of Bethlehem city. (RB2000 12 January 2016)
- Israeli Civil Administrative surveyed a road in Jabal Al Furodies area, east of Bethlehem city. (RB2000 13 January 2016)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, live and rubber bullets, causing the injury of 10 Palestinians and dozens of suffocation cases. (PNN & Maannews 13 January 2016)

- High Court Rejects Nahla Landowners' Petition Removes Legal Obstacle to Establish a Settlement in E2. Last week the High Court rejected a petition submitted by landowners of the village of Nahla, located south of Bethlehem, and approved the declaration of 1,341 of their lands as state land. This petition was the last legal obstacle that stood in the way of the government’s plan to establish a new settlement with thousands of housing units east of the separation barrier in Givat Eitam. The plan, known as "E2," has disastrous consequences on the two state solution as it blocks Bethlehem from the south and cuts the southern part of the West Bank in half, quite similarly to the plan known as E1. Today, Peace Now submitted a petition to the high court, demanding to be notified regarding the intention to allocate the land to the settlers, in order to be able to then petition against it and try to prevent the establishment of this new settlement. This petition, together with another petition demanding the transparency of land allocations, are an effort to change the current method of land allocation, which is done without any publication and does not allow for any public debate or legal objections. Needless to say, through this method 98.7% of the lands that were allocated in area C, were allocated to Israeli settlers, while less than 1.3% were allocated for Palestinian purposes. Peace Now: "Although the High Court approved the land grab, the decision of the use of the land is in the government’s hands. The government can now choose to allocate the land for settlers and build a settlement that might bury the two state solution, but it can also choose not to do so while seeing the Israeli interest as superior to settler pressure and demands. Instead of continuing its record of deepening the occupation creating a one state reality, we urge the government to stop this dangerous development by deciding not to allocate the land to settlers."
Background: In 2004 the Head of the Government Property in the Civil Administration declared 1,341 dunams in the area of Nahla, south of Bethlehem, as state land. Palestinian land owners appealed this declaration at the Military Appeals Committee and after their appeal was rejected they petitioned to the High Court. On September 7, 2015 the High Court made an interim decision in which it rejected the majority of the petitioners’ arguments but in one matter (the question of plots in which partial cultivation had taken place) it recommended to go back to the Military Appeals Committee. As a result, an additional hearing took place and the petitioners were requested to deliver a detailed map of the plots in question. In last week's verdict the High Court stated that since the maps submitted were unsatisfactory, there is no reason to go back to the Appeals Committee. Thus, the entire 1,341 dunams are now considered state land. (Peace Now 14 January 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber and live bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 15 January 2016)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and their houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 15 January 2016)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Um Rukba area in Al Khader village, northwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA occupied the roofs of the nearby houses and fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases, and the injury of Abdalla Salah (28 years). During the operation, the IOA invaded and searched a house owed by Hussen Ali Salah. (Al-Quds 15 January 2016)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three Palestinians. (Al-Quds 15 January 2016)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Al-Quds 15 January 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the
IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds & RB2000 17 January 2016)

- An Israeli settler shoot and seriously injured a Palestinian while he was near Tekoa settlement, southeast of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 18 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Nahhalin village, west of Bethlehem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 19 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and toured in several neighborhoods and area in Husan and Beit Fajjar villages in Bethlehem governorate. (Al-Quds 19 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint near Al Fureidis village, southeast of Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds 19 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with earth mound the entrance of Janata village, southeast of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 19 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Hindaza village, southeast of Bethlehem city, and took photos for the house. The targeted house is owned by Mohammad Kamal Sha’lan. (Orient FM 20 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed all the entrances of Al Jab’a village, southwest of Bethlehem city, and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the village. (NBPRS 20 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Masjah road, which link between Palestinian villages in the eastern part of Bethlehem governorate. (Al-Quds 20 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Ad-Duheisha refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing 6 suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. During the operation, the IOA arrested two Palestinians, identified as: Anas Azzat Abu daya (24 years) and Mufte Al Masri (23 years). (RB2000 21 January 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the clashes, undercover Israeli Army kidnapped three Palestinians after assaulting them. (Al-Quds 22 January 2016)
• The Israeli Civil Administration submitted a building scheme in Al Quds Daily Newspaper for Public Review\(^1\). The Regional Plan No. (09/58/1616), Mandate scheme RJ/S/ת"ש, parts of basin number 2, piece number 97, which is a part of At Ta’amra area in Bethlehem governorate. The plan change the status of land from agricultural area to future residential and roads areas. (Al-Quds 22 January 2013)

• Three Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 29 January 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Um Rukba area in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired metal bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Wafa 29 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian store and a house in Beit Sahour town, east of Bethlehem city, and questioned the residents. The targeted house is owned by Fawzi Jum’a Jabaren. (RB2000 31 January 2016)

• A Palestinian was injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds 31 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities issued an order to confiscate 5 dunums of Palestinian land at Al Hadaf water-spring in AL Walaja village, west of Bethlehem city. The Israeli Army erected a board in the area that warned the Palestinians from entering it. (PNN 31 January 2016)

**Israeli Violations in Bethlehem Governorate during the Month of February 2016**

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ad-Duheisha refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city, after the IOA invaded Palestinian houses and arrested Bashir Nasser Abed Rabo (17 years). The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 1 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched Palestinian houses in Al Maniya village, southeast of Bethlehem city, and opened a grave. During the

\(^1\) It is the last step before approving the building scheme, after which, building permits and tenders may be issued
operation, the IOA arrested two Palestinians, identified as: Jamal Hussan Tarwa and Bilal Kamal Tarwa. The IOA transferred the arrestees to unknown location. (RB2000 3 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Authorities plans to construct 500 housing units in Givat Hadagan settlement neighborhood in Efrat settlement. According to the Israeli resources, the Israeli Council of Efrat informed the Israeli settlers to evacuate the area in order to construct 500 housing units. (Al-Quds 3 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) destroyed an archaeological area in Beit Jala town, west of Bethlehem city. Noted that the Israeli bulldozers razed the land in the targeted area to construct a road. (Al-Quds 4 February 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired metal bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of a Palestinian. (Al-Quds 4 February 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injured of a Palestinian journalist; Hisham Abu Shaqra. (Al-Quds 5 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with earth-mounds in Shoshahla village in Al Khader town, southwest of Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds 5 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied a Palestinian house in Khirebt Tuqu, at the western entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city, and transformed it to a military base. The IOA also erected a tent at the roof of the targeted house. (Wafa 9 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest to support the Palestinian prisoner in the Hunger-strike; Mohammad Al Qeq, at the entrance of Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 9 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed a road reach to two Palestinian school in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The targeted road used by about 700 Palestinian students in additional to a number of teachers. The targeted road located between Khirebt Ad-Deir and the main road in Tuqu village. (RB2000 9 February 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tuqu village, northwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 7 Palestinians. (RB2000 10 February 2016)
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- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Nahhalin village, southwest of Bethlehem city, and closed all the entrances. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and tear gas grenades at Palestinians. The IOA also, invaded and searched tens of Palestinian houses. (RB2000 10 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Ad-Duheisha refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and tear gas grenades. During the operation, the IOA arrested three Palestinians; identified as: Mohamamd Zawahra, Mahmoud As-Switi and Ali Al Taws. The IOA confiscated a banner set up at the entrance of the camp. (Maannews 10 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) still imposing blockade (for the third days) on Nahhalin village, southwest of Bethlehem city, where the IOA prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the village. The IOA also, stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses, three of the targeted houses are owned by: Jawdat Najajrah, Hazem Hassan Shakarnah and Mo’men Najajrah. During the operation, the IOA arrested Mu’men Hassan Fanoun (22 years). (RB2000 11 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) still imposing blockade on Nahhalin village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA closed all the entrances and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the village. The IOA also, stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses (Al-Quds 12 February 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Umm Rukba neighborhood in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired tear gas grenades and rubber bullets, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. During the operation, the IOA stormed and searched houses and occupied the roofs of the targeted houses. (Al-Quds 12 February 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired tear gas grenades and rubber bullets, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (Al-Quds 12 February 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Bilal Ben Rabah mosque, at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and tear gas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (Al Quds 12 February 2016)
Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing a number of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 12 February 2016)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in Ad-Duhiesha refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets, causing the injury of a Palestinian. During the operation, the IOA arrested Salem Al Masri (23 years) and Ameer Al ‘Ajouri (34 years). (Orient FM 14 February 2016)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in several areas in Beit Jala town, northwest of Bethlehem city. (PNN 14 February 2016)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) still imposing blockade (of the seven days in a row) on Nahhalin village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the village. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and their houses and commercial structures, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 14 February 2016)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint near Qaber Hilwa area, east of Beit Sahour town, east of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 15 February 2016)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with earth mounds a road link between Za’tara village and Ush Ghrab area in Beit Sahour town, in Bethlehem Governorate. (Wafa 15 February 2016)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of a Palestinian. (Al-Quds 17 February 2016)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ad-Duheisha refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city. (Al –Quds 17 February 2016)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Husan village, west of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 17 February 2016)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Gilo 300 military checkpoint at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city, assaulted and injured Aisar Shalalda (23 years) from Sair town in Hebron Governorate, while he was crossing the checkpoint. (Orient FM 18 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at “Al Khader Stadium” in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city, during a Palestinian football match, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wattan 18 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Jabal Al Mawaleh area in Bethlehem city. Two of the targeted houses are owned by: Adi Mahmoud At-Ta’mari and Mahmoud Abed Ar-Rahaman Al Bayer. (Safa 18 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a mosque in As-Saf area in Bethlehem city, and destroyed its main door. (Wattan 19 February 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Bilal Ben Rabah mosque at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing a number of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (Orient FM & Al-Quds 19 February 2016)

• Khalid Tareq Taqatqah was killed during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. Where the IOA used live bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. During the operation, the IOA arrested three Palestinians. (Al-Quds 19 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out military orders to stop the working in agricultural land in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. Some of the targeted Palestinians were identified as: Ahmed Khalaf Jabren, Al Amour family, Doud Mustafah Jabren and Ibrahim Musa Jabren. Noted that the Israeli Army threatened the farmers to confiscate their agricultural tools. (ARN 19 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Al Container military checkpoint, northeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA prevented Palestinians from crossing the checkpoint, and stopped and searched a number of vehicles. (Orient FM 20 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures at the western entrance of Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. The IOA prevented Palestinians from leaving the village. (RB2000 23 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and injured a Palestinian while he was at Gush Etzion junction, south of Bethlehem city. (Maannews 24 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in several areas in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city, and fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinian houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the operation,
the IOA arrested Mohammad Omar Salah. (Al-Quds & Maannews 25 February 2016)

• The Israeli Civil Administration submitted a building scheme in Al Quds Daily Newspaper for Public Review. The Regional Plan No. (1/4/6/411), Mandate scheme RJ/5, parts of basin number 4, which is a part of Ka’ibna area and Wair Abu Muhareb area in Arab At Ta’amra Bethlehem governorate. The plan change the status of land from agricultural area to construction area, to build public buildings and road networks. (Al-Quds 25 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected an iron gate at the entrance of Um Rukba area in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds & RB2000 26 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Harmala village, southeast of Bethlehem city, and opened fire at Palestinian houses, causing the injury of a Palestinian while he was standing in front of his house. (Al-Quds 27 February 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Khader village, south of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the seriously injury of two Palestinians, one of them is a dentist, identified as: Hisham Atwan. (Al-Quds 28 February 2016)

**Jenin Governorate (December 2015 - February 2016)**

**The Israeli Violations in Jenin Governorate during the month of December 2015**

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) intensified its presences around Yabad town, west of Jenin city. The IOA stormed and searched several areas and closed the eastern entrance of the town. (RB2000 1 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city, and questioned the residents. Three of the targeted houses are owned by Mutasem Ziyad Nazal, Ziyad Tawfiq Nazal and Fesal Tawfiq Nazal. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets, causing the injury of 8 Palestinians, included two children. (Wafa & PNN 3 December 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed areas in Yabed town and Kufeirit village, west of Jenin city, carried out provocative activities around the residents. (Wafa & PNN 20 December 2015)

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2 It is the last step before approving the building scheme, after which, building permits and tenders may be issued.
actions, chanted anti-Palestinian slogans and performed Talmudic rituals. (RB2000 4 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Bilal Fawzi Mohammad ‘Amarnah (24 years) from Yabad town, west of Jenin city, after stopping him at At-Tayba military checkpoint in Tulkarm governorate. (Orient FM 5 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Ghadir Ahmed Sharqawi (45 years) and Mohammad Jamal Ash-Shalabi after storming and searching their houses in Jenin refugee camp, west of Jenin city. (Wafa 7 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Jouz neighborhood in Jaba’ village, southwest of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the clashes, the IOA arrested two Palestinians after raiding their houses. The arrestees were identified as: Awad Rushdi Abu ‘Aoun (45 years) and Ihab Munir Fashafsha (22 years). (Wafa 8 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied a Palestinian building in Dahet Sahab Al Khair neighborhood in Jenin city and transformed it to a military base. The targeted building is owned by Al Kasbari family. The IOA also, erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of the aforementioned neighborhood, where they stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. Noted that clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and houses. (Wafa 9 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures in Ash-Shuhada village, south of Jenin city. (Wafa 9 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out 5 military orders to demolish tents and animal sheds in Zabda village, west of Jenin city. (Safa 10 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected three military checkpoints at the entrances of Yabad town, west of Jenin city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 10 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched the headquarter of the Palestinian-Arab front in Jenin city, confiscated a computer device and destroyed files. (Wafa 11 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Al Jalamah military checkpoint, north of Jenin city, shoot and injured Azz Ad-Diyn Ash-Shalabi (20 years) from Jenin city, while he was crossing the checkpoint. (Al-Quds & RB2000 11 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints near Baqa Ash-Sharqiya and Deir Al Ghusun village, northwest of Jenin city. (Wattan 13 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures at Mevo Dotan military checkpoint, south of Yabad town in Jenin governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wattan 13 December 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Mevo Dotan settlement kidnapped three Palestinian children from Imreiha village in Jenin governorate, while they were playing in their family land near the aforementioned settlement. The Palestinians were identified as: Mohammad Ibrahim Abu Abed, Anwar Abu Abed and his brother Tawfeq. (Al-Quds 15 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Yabad town, west of Jenin city, and questioned the residents. (Wattan 16 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Arraba village, southwest of Jenin city and stationed near The martyr Sami Tah School, and fired teargas grenades at Palestinian students, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the clashes, the IOA invaded two Palestinian houses and summoned the residents to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police in Salem military base. (Safa & Wafa 15 December 2015)

• Israeli settlers gathered near Imreiha village, west of Jenin city, and hurled stones at Palestinian houses and vehicles, and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. (Al-Quds 16 December 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Mevo Dotan settlement demonstrated at the main road near the settlement and closed it. (Maannews 16 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed for two hours Al Jalamah military checkpoint, north of Jenin city. (RB2000 16 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Sanur village in Jenin governorate. Two of the targeted houses are owned by: Mutaz Walad Ali and Fathi Jarar. (RB2000 17 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied a Palestinian house in Yabad town, west of Jenin city and transformed it to a military base. The targeted house is owned by Yahya Khalid Abu Shamala. (Al-Quds 17 December 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Mevo Dotan settlement escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out provocative actions at the main road near Yabad town, west of Jenin city, and hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles. Noted that the targeted road link between Jenin and Tulkarm cities. (NBPRS 17 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied a Palestinian house in Yabad town, west of Jenin city, and transformed it to a military base. The targeted house is owned by Yahya Khalid Abu Shamalah. The IOA prevented the residents from leaving the house. (Al-Quds 18 December 2015)

• For the third times in a week, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied a Palestinian house in Yabad town, west of Jenin city, and transformed it to a military base. The targeted house is owned by Yahya Khalid Abu Shamalah. During the operation, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades, causing a number of suffocation cases. (Wafa 20 December 2015)

• For the second days in a row, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied a Palestinian house in Yabad town, west of Jenin city, and transformed it to a military base. The targeted house is owned by Yahya Khalid Abu Shamalah. (Wafa 21 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Yabad town, west of Jenin city. Eight of the targeted houses are owned by: Mahdi Al Yassen Abu Bakir, Mohammad Abed Ar-Rahem Abu Bakir, Samir Abed An-Naser Abu Bakir, Bassam Ahmed Ghanem, Mohammad Sharif Abu Bakir, Abdalla Ghanayem Amarnah, Mahmoud Nayef Turkman and Mahmoud Harzalla Abu Khalil. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 23 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out the mayor of the municipality of Yabad, in Jenin governorate, a military order informed the municipality that the IOA will close the road No. 585, which links between Yabed and Imreiha towns, west of Jenin city. (Wafa 23 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Yabad town, west of Jenin city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (RB2000 24 December 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Salem military base in Rummana village, northwest of Jenin city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases, and the torch of Palestinian land owned by Raghib Mahmoud Al Ahmed. (Wafa 24 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a fence around hundreds dunums of Palestinian agricultural land, located near the Israeli bypass road No.585, which link between Imreiha and Yabad towns in Jenin governorate, under the claim that the targeted land classified as “Close military area”. Noted that the targeted

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in a neighborhood at the eastern part of Yabad town, west of Jenin city, and fired stun grenades at Palestinian and their houses. During the operation, the IOA erected a military checkpoint near the town, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 27 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and toured in several areas in Jenin city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (Orient FM 28 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched areas in Yabed town, west of Jenin city and questioned Palestinians. (Orient FM 28 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Zabda and Tura villages in Jenin governorate. (Orient FM 28 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched two Palestinian houses in Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city, and took photos for the houses. The targeted houses are owned by the families of the two martyrs; Mohammad Rafeq and Nour Ad-Diyn Mohammad Saba’nah. (Wafa 29 December 2015)

The Israeli Violations in Jenin Governorate during the month of January 2016

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Raba village, southeast of Jenin city, and took photos for the house. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Hassan Ali Hassan Bazour (22 years). (Wafa 1 January 2016)

- Israeli settlers living in Mevo Dotan settlement punctured the tires of a Palestinian vehicle near Yabad town, west of Jenin city, where the Israeli settlers forced the diver to stop and assaulted him. The targeted vehicle is owned by Khalid Abu Bakir. (NBPRS & RB2000 1 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed ‘Anin village, west of Jenin city and fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the operation, the IOA stormed and searched four Palestinian houses. The targeted houses are owned by: Mahmoud Yassen, Nimir Issa, Radi Khadour and Yazeid Issa. (Wafa 6 January 2016)

- Israel Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military orders to confiscate Palestinian land (5.280 dunums) in Yabad town, west of Jenin city. The targeted land located near the Israeli settlement of Mevo Dotan. According to the orders,
the IOA declared the targeted lands as “closed military area”. (Wafa 7 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of Kafr Dan village in Jenin governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 8 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out military training in Palestinian agricultural land in Yabad town, west of Jenin city. The IOA also, stormed Al Maloul neighborhood and fired stun grenades at houses. (NBPRS 10 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and injured Ahmed Nu’man Awad from Siris village in Jenin governorate, while he was near Kafr Qassem military checkpoint near Az-Zawiya village, west of Salfit city. (Maannews 10 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected fence around 300 dunums of Palestinian land in Yabad town, west of Jenin city, under the claim that the targeted land classified by the Israeli Authorities as “Closed military area”. (NBPRS 10 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and injured Zied Maher Mohammad Al Ashqar from Seida village in Tulkarm governorate while he was crossing an Israeli checkpoint erected near Yabad town, west of Jenin city. (Wafa 11 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Siria village, south of Jenin city. (Wafa 11 January 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Al Judeida village, south of Jenin city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Ali Mohammad Abu Mariaym (23 years). (Orient FM 11 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) razed land around Dotan military checkpoint at the entrance of Mevo Dotan settlement, south of Yabed town, west of Jenin city. (Al-Quds 12 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at the entrance of Az-Zababida village, south of Jenin city. (Al –Quds 13 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched several areas in Al ʿAraqa village in Jenin governorate. (RB2000 15 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint near Deir Abu Daʿif village, east of Jenin city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Al-Quds 15 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint near Kufeirit village, west of Jenin city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles, detained Palestinians and checked their ID cards. (ARN 17 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Misliya village, south of Jenin city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Wissam Qasrawi. (Orient FM 18 January 2016)

• An Israeli settler living in Mevo Dotan settlement attacked with his vehicle a Palestinian family while they were traveling at the main road near Imreiha village, west of Jenin city. The Israeli settler hit with his vehicle the Palestinian vehicle, causing the injury of 7 family member were inside the vehicle. (Al-Quds 19 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed AL Qabali neighborhood in Yabad town, west of Jenin city, and fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and their houses. (RB2000 22 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied a Palestinian house in Yabad town, west of Jenin city, for the third days in a row. The targeted house is owed by Ayed Hassan Abu Bakir. Noted that the IOA stormed and searched the house and prevented the residents from leaving it. (Wafa 26 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at Jaba, Arraba and Silat Ad Dhahr junctions. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 26 January 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city, after the IOA stormed the village. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets. During the operation, the IOA arrested Mohammad Ziyad Alawnah and Yassar Ali Abu Ma’ala and summoned Mohammad Rasem Khazemiya to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police in Salem military base, after storming their houses. (Safa 27 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) confiscated two Palestinian vehicles after raiding Barta’a Ash-Sharqiya village, west of Jenin city. (Wafa 29 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded An-Nab’a area in Yabad town, west of Jenin city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the operation, the IOA detained and assaulted four Palestinians. (Wafa 29 January 2016)

• Israeli settlers living in Mevo Dotan settlement cut a number of trees in ‘Arraba village, southwest of Jenin city. The targeted trees are owned by Mohammad Khalil Al Abbas Mir’i. (Wafa 29 January 2016)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Jaba village, southwest of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 31 January 2016)

The Israeli Violations in Jenin Governorate during the month of February 2016

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a carwash in Um At-Tut village, south of Jenin city, and questioned the workers. The targeted structure is owned by Osama Kamel. During the operation, the IOA erected a military checkpoint at the road links between Jenin city and Um at Tut village. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles. (RB2000 3 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched Al Baiyarah neighborhood in Yabad town, west of Jenin city. clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Orient FM & RB2000 3 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched several areas and neighborhoods in Jenin city. (Orient FM 3 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) imposed blockade on Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city, where the IOA closed all the entrances and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the village. The IOA invaded and searched three houses, and took photos for it. The targeted houses are owned by the family of three Palestinian martyrs. The IOA also, occupied a house and transformed it to a military base, and declared the village as “closed military area”. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing dozens of suffocation cases, and the seriously injury of Mohammad Al Abbas Zakarnah (16 years) after an Israeli truck ran over him. During the operation, the IOA arrested 6 Palestinians, identified as: Tareq Ahmed Kamil, Mutasem Abu Hizrah, Nasri Abu Ar-Rub, Ahmed Abed Al Ghfour Nazal, Mohammad Abu Gharab and Ahmed Rashed Abed Al Khalil. (Wafa 4 February 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Yamun village, northwest of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 4 February 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Jaba junction, south of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 4 February 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ash-Shuhada village, south of Jenin city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets
and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases, and the injury of three Palestinians (Wafa 5 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied the roof of a Palestinian house in ‘Anin village in Jenin Governorate, and transformed it to a military base. The targeted house is owned by Radi Khader. (Wafa 5 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) surrounded a Palestinian building inhabited by 35 family members in Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city. The IOA destroyed the water network, and prevented the residents from leaving the building. (Al-Quds 5 February 2016)

- Nine Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city. The IOA used live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Maannews 5 February 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city. The IOA fired metal bullets, causing the injury of a Palestinian. Noted that the IOA still impose blockade on the village, where they closed all the entrances of the village. (Wafa 6 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city, and questioned the residents. The targeted house is owned by Hassan ‘Ashour. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired stun and teargas grenades, and metal bullets. (RB2000 9 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures around Jab’a village in Jenin governorate, and erected military checkpoints at Jab’a junction, and the main road links between Jab’a and Sanur villages. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (ARN 12 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) killed two Palestinians; Nihad Raid Mohammad Waked (15 years) and Fouad Marwan Wakid (15 years), from Al ‘Araqa village, west of Jenin city. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA in Al ‘Araqa village, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Mutasem Yahya. Noted that the IOA closed all the entrance of the village and declared it as “Closed military zone”. (Wafa & Orient FM 14 February 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Jaba village, southwest of Jenin city. The IOA fired metal bullets and teargas
grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a 19 years old Palestinian. (PNN 14 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) declared Al ‘Araqa village, west of Jenin city as “closed military area”, after closing all the entrance of the village and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving it. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds & Wafa 15 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out military orders to demolish 8 commercial structures in Barta’a Ash-Sharqiya village, west of Jenin city. The targeted structures are owned by: Waled ‘Ajaj (owned a stone factory), Imad Dawawnah (owned two structures), Ahmed ‘Asaf (owned one structure), Jawad Yousif (owned a gas station), Ayoub Qabha (owned a gas store), Rami Al Ayoubi, and Kamal Abed Qabha (owned an animal shed). (Wafa 16 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints around Jaba village, southwest of Jenin city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 17 February 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Yabad town, west of Jenin city, after the IOA invaded the eastern part of the town. The IOA fired stun grenades at Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA erected a military checkpoint at the eastern entrance of the town. (Orient FM 18 February 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Yabad town, west of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the operation, the IOA erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of the town, and stormed and toured in several neighborhoods. (RB2000 19 February 2016)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in an area located between Mevo Dotan settlement and Kufeirit village, west of Jenin city, carried out provocative actions and performed Talmudic rituals. (NBPRS 19 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Yabad town, west of Jenin city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing tens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 20 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at Kufeirit junction near Yabad town, west of Jenin city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 20 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of Yabad town, west of Jenin city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 20 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) killed Qusi Diyab Abu Ar-Rub (17 years) from Qabatiya village in Jenin governorate, while he was at Beit junction south of Nablus city. (Wafa 21 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with earth mounds a number of roads led to Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city. The targeted roads are: the road link Qabatiya village with Jenin city and Az-Zababida village, and the road link Qabatiya village with the surrounded villages; Misyilya, Sanur, Jaba’ and Methalun. (Al-Quds 21 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched two Palestinian houses in Jaba’ village, south of Jenin city. The targeted houses are owned by: Amar Hamur and Nimir ‘Alawnah. (Wafa 22 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched more than 20 Palestinian houses in Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city. One of the targeted houses is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr: Qusai Abu Ar-Rub. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (RB2000 & Wafa 22 February 2016)

• For the second days on the row, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) still imposing blockade on Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city, where the IOA prevented Palestinians from leaving the village and detained others. The IOA also, occupied a number of Palestinian houses in the village, and transformed the houses to military bases. The IOA stormed and searched tens of Palestinian houses and arrested Abed Mahmoud Samadi and summoned a number of Palestinians to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police in Salem military base. (RB2000 23 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out military orders to demolish three Palestinian houses in Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city. The targeted houses are owned by the families of the three Palestinian martyrs: Ahmed Najah Abu Ar-Rub, Mohammad Ahmed Kamel and Ahmed Rajeh Zakarnah. (Raya & RB2000 24 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city. The targeted house is owned by Bilal Ahmed Idyab Abu Zeid. (Pal Today 25 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian in Al Fandaqumiya village, south of Jenin city, and confiscated a vehicle. The targeted
house and vehicle are owned by a Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail; Husam Azat Dahoun. (Wafa 25 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city, took photos for the house and questioned the residents. The targeted house is owned by the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli jail; Bilal Ahmed Abu Zeid. (ARN 26 February 2016)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Jaba’ village, southwest of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing a number of suffocation cases. (PNN 26 February 2016)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Yabad town, west of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. The IOA stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses. During the operation, the IOA arrested Amir Kamal Ar-Razi (15 years). (Orient FM 28 February 2016)

**Jerusalem Governorate (December 2015 - February 2016)**

**The Israeli Violations in Jerusalem Governorate during the month of December 2015**

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. During the operation, the IOA prevented Palestinian three Palestinians from entering the mosque and handed them the notification. (NBPRS & Raya 1 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished part of a Palestinian house in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Ghassan Abu Jamal. Noted that the IOA demolished a part of the house in November 2015. (SilwanIC 1 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities forced Nabil Ad-Didesi to demolish the bathroom in his house in Bab Al Khalil area in the old city of Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC & Maannews 1 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed An-Nafaq road, northwest of Jerusalem city. (Wattan 1 December 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, houses and the headquarter of Al Makasid hospital, causing dozens of suffocation cases included Palestinian children. (Maannews 2 December 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 2 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) exploded the house of a Palestinian martyr; Ibrahim Al ‘Akari, in Shufat refugee camp, north of Jerusalem city. Noted that the targeted house in the third floor within a building consist of three floors. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 13 Palestinians. During the operation, the IOA closed all the entrance of the camp and prevented Palestinians from leaving or entering it. (Al- Quds 2 November 2015)

• Controversial Plan for Museum at Western Wall Gets Final Zoning Approval. Planning board rejects most objections to Western Wall Heritage Foundation building, but limits its area; opponents considering petitioning High Court. An appeals subcommittee of the Jerusalem District Planning and Building Committee has given its final approval for a plan to construct a center called “Beit Ha-Liba” (House of Core Values) in the Western Wall Plaza in the Old City of Jerusalem. The center was conceived of and promoted by the Western Wall Heritage Foundation and the Western Wall’s rabbi, and will include offices, a museum and an educational center. The opponents of this plan, led by senior archaeologists, say that the building would damage antiquities on the site, particularly a Roman-era road discovered there. The committee rejected most of the objections it was presented with, but instructed that the building be lower and slightly smaller than proposed. The opponents are considering a petition to the High Court of Justice. According to the plan approved this week, the building will cover an area of 1,505 square meters above ground, as well as containing an archaeological floor and an observation deck on its roof. The compound was planned by architect Ada Karmi, and was originally designed to encompass 4,800 square meters. A year ago the National Planning and Building Council appeals committee decided to reduce the size of the compound. It agreed to the building’s construction, but determined that there should limits on its size and a clearer definition of the purposes of this building. The national body returned the plan for further discussions at the district level. (Haaretz 2 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Mazen Hassan ‘Arabiya (37 years) from Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city and injured other while they were near a military checkpoint erected by the IOA at the entrance of Hizma town, north of Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 3 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched two Palestinian houses in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city, and took photos of the houses. The targeted houses are owned by Akram Abu Jamal and the family of a Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail; Bilal Abu Ghanim. The IOA also stormed a house owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Ghassan Abu Jamal, and took photos for the houses and area. (Pal Today 3 December 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. During the operation, the IOA assaulted 15 Palestinian women while they were at Bab Hutta, one of Al Aqsa mosque’ gates, and prevented them from entering the mosque. (SilwanIC & Maannews 3 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a carwash in Hizma town, north of Jerusalem city and confiscated tools. The targeted structure is owned by Jareh Farouq Najeb. During the operation, the IOA invaded and searched dozens of Palestinian houses. (Al-Quds 3 December 2015)

• Hitham Yassen Radida (22 years) from Al Ubeidiya town, east of Bethlehem city, after stopping him at Az-Za’tam military checkpoint, east of Jerusalem city. (Wafa 4 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest in Shufat refugee camp, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 4 December 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in three several areas in Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing more than 30 suffocation cases and the injury of 8 Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Mohammad Khanafsa (18 years) and Ismail Halabiya, and summoned the brothers of the Palestinian martyr Mazen ‘Arabiya, to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police. (Maannews 4 December 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. During the clashes, the IOA assaulted and arrested a Palestinian. (Maannews 4 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed a Palestinian from Tulkarm city, while he was at Al Musrarah area in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 4 December 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city, after the IOA attacked a non-violent protest. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at
Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 7 Palestinians. (RB2000 & SilwanIC 4 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 4 December 2015)
- Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Ein Al Louza, Al Bustan and Bir Ayoub neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city, and handed over orders to demolish 5 houses and structures. One of the targeted houses is owned by Mohammad Odeh. (SilwanIC 4 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a sudden checkpoint in Ein Al Louza neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The IOA stopped Palestinian vehicles. (SilwanIC 4 December 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing the injury of two Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA closed a military checkpoint in the aforementioned neighborhood. (RB2000 & Al-Quds 5 December 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city, after the IOA stormed and searched a Palestinian house owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Mazen Arabiya, and questioned the residents. (Wafa 6 December 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Silwad town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live bullets, and teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian (Al-Quds 6 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Ameer Yassir Iskafi (21 years) from Beit Hanina town, north of Jerusalem city, while he was in crossing a street in Jerusalem city. After the operation, the IOA invaded his family house in Beit Hanina town and clashes with the Palestinians, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and stun grenades at Palestinians. Noted that the IOA arrested the father of the martyr. (SilwanIC & Al-Quds 6 December 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. Noted that the IOA still prevent about 60 Palestinian women (listed in the Israeli black list) from entering the mosque. (NBPRS 6 December 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Hanina town, north of Jerusalem city, after the IOA invaded a house owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr Ámeer Iskafi and arrested his father. The
IOA fired rubber bullets, and teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 7 December 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Raya 7 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stopped a Palestinian vehicle near Al Khan Al Ahmar area, northeast of Jerusalem city and assaulted the passengers. (Wafa 8 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Beit Hanina town, north of Jerusalem city, and detained the residents. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Omar Yasser Iskafi. (Maannews 8 December 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city, and toured in its courtyard. Noted that an Israeli organization called the Israeli settlers to storm Al Aqsa mosque to celebrate Hanukkah holidays. (Wafa 8 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out orders to demolish 8 Palestinian houses (one of the targeted houses consist of three floors and the other two floors) and 14 commercial stores in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 8 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched more than 15 Palestinian houses in Anata town, northeast of Jerusalem city. (Wattan 9 December 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard, and preformed Talmudic rituals. (Maannews 9 December 2015)
- Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Wad Yasoul neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city and handed out administrative orders to demolish two Palestinian houses (each one area reach to 100 square meters). The targeted houses are owned by Anas and Qusai Barqan, and inhabited by in total 9 family members included 5 children. (SilwanIC 9 December 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. During the operation, the IOA prevented three Palestinian students from entering the mosque. Noted that the IOA still prevent 60 Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (Wafa 10 December 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out a demonstrate in the old city of Jerusalem and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. (NBPRS 10 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement blocks the main entrance of Ar-Ram town, northeast of Jerusalem city, and prevented the movement of the Palestinians by this entrance. (Maannews 10 December 2015)

- Israeli weekly newspaper “Yorshalem” revealed that the Israeli committee for Planning and Construction in Jerusalem Municipality approved two plans to construct 82 housing units in the Israeli settlement of Ramat Shlomo. (Pal Info 12 December 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (RB2000 13 December 2015)

- Silwan: Evacuation orders and judicial notices to seize two residential buildings. The settlement organization “Ateerat Cohanim” recently obtained thought the Israeli Collection Department an order to evacuate a residential building and handed the residents of the building located in the neighborhood of Batn Al-Hawa in Silwan town south of Al-Aqsa Mosque judicial notices asking them for the land where the building is established under the pretext of “settlers’ ownership of the land”. Wadi Hilweh Information Center explained that the Israeli authorities handed an evacuation order to Yousef Basbous and his sons that was issued by the Israeli Collection Department in favor of the settlement organization “Ateerat Cohanim” claiming that the land is owned by settlers since the year 1881; they also imposed large sums of money on the family as “compensation for lawyers”. Raed Basbous, Yousef’s son, explained that the evacuation order was issued on the name of his father and eight brothers (males and females) and gave them 20 days to execute the order. The occupation authorities issued the evacuation order in absentia last July under the pretext that Basbous family did not file any objection to the lawsuits against them filed by Ateerat Cohanim. The family confirmed not receiving any notices from Ateerat Cohanim and was surprised by the evacuation order. They added that they will head to court to protect their property which they own from being seized by the settlement organization; note that they have been living in the building since tens of years. The information center explained that Basbous family building consists of three residential apartments where 14 individuals live. Rajabi family: The settlement organization also handed the sons of later Jaber Abdel Fatah Rajabi judicial notices asking for their land in the neighborhood of Batn Al-Hawa in Silwan where their residential building is established under the pretext of “ownership by settlers”. Zuheir Rajabi, head of Batn Al-Hawa committee, explained that the family received judicial notices under the name of “sons of later Jaber Rajabi” (15 brothers and sisters) asking them for their land where their building is established; note that every floor has
on apartment and three families of 15 individuals live in the building. A plan to confiscate 5 Dunoms (5000 square meters) in the neighborhood of Batn Al-Hawa in Silwan: Wadi Hilweh Information Center explained that the buildings of Basbous and Rajabi families are located within the area where the settlement organization Ateerat Cohanim plan to confiscate 5000 square meters from the area of “Batn Al-Hawa”. The plan was revealed by the center last May and claims that Yemen Jews owned the lands since 1881. The area is into 6 sections numbered 73, 75, 88, 95, 96 and 97. The settlement organization claim that the Israeli Supreme Court acknowledged Yemen settlers’ ownership of the land of Batn Al-Hawa. The center explained that the land has between 30-35 residential buildings where more than 80 families consisting of nearly 436 individuals live. All the residents have been living in the neighborhood for many years after buying the lands and property from their previous owners. The center also mentioned that settlers’ attempted to seize land in Batn Al-Hawa started 8 years ago using several ways and many families were already handed eviction notices where most of them managed to protect their property until this day and the settlement organization was able to seize some of them. (SilwanIC 13 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed a Palestinian from Shufat town, while he was near the bus station in Jerusalem city. (Maannews 14 December 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Wafa 14 December 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 15 December 2015)
- Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem handed out an administrative order to demolish a Palestinian building in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. The targeted building owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr Baha Alayan. Noted that the building consists of three apartments each on area reach to 130 square meters, and inhabited by 25 Palestinians. (SilwanIC 15 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a sudden checkpoint in Wad Ar-Rababa neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Safa 15 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. (Pal Today 16 December 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. The IOA still prevent more than 60 Palestinian women from entering the mosque. During the operation, the
IOA prevented Palestinians from continued the restoration work in the courtyard of the mosque. (Safa 16 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished a 85 square meters house in Ash-Sheikh Jarrah neighborhood in Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by Diyab family. (SilwanIC 16 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out restoration work in a part of a mosque in An-Nabi Samwil village, northwest of Jerusalem city. (Wafa 17 December 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 17 December 2015)

- Four families living on Khalbiya Street in the Muslim Quarter of the Old City have received preliminary notice that eviction proceedings have been initiated against them. The families live opposite to Ir Amim field researcher Ahmad Sub Laban, whose family has been at the center of a decades-long struggle to protect their home from seizure by settlers despite having lived in the apartment for three generations, since 1954, and enjoying protected tenancy status since 1967. All of these cases represent the continued discriminatory application of property law in Jerusalem, which enables the return of land/property in East Jerusalem belonging to Jews prior to 1948 through the office of the General Custodian but does not grant the same recourse to Palestinians owning properties in West Jerusalem. This is the same mechanism currently being used in Batan al-Hawah, Silwan, where the Ateret Cohanim settler organization – through a trust with no demonstrated connection to the original Jewish owners – have acquired two parcels of land and are now systematically advancing the evictions of 88 Palestinian families. Today there are roughly 130 families in East Jerusalem in some stage of eviction proceedings. (Ir-Amim 17 December 2015)

- Planning and construction committee in the Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem approved the plan No. 68858, to construct Talmudic school and public center in Ash-Sheikh Jarrah neighborhood in Jerusalem city. According to the plan, the school and center will be located near the Israeli road, and aims to construct 330 housing units, and branched to include a building consist of 12 floors (the building is the Talmudic school). (Al-Quds 17 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Anata town, northeast of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live bullets, and teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Pal Today 18 December 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard, and tried to perform Talmudic rituals. Noted that the IOA still prevented about 60 Palestinian women
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Wafa 21 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) confiscated a Palestinian residential structure in Aqbet As-Saraya neighborhood in the old city of Jerusalem, under the claim that the targeted store owned by the Israeli settlers. The targeted structure is owned by Hussen Al Qaisi. The IOA stormed the structure and forced the owner to evacuate it. (SilwanIC & Wafa 22 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Hizma town, northeast of Jerusalem city, and fired live bullets at a school, causing the injury of four Palestinian students. (Al-Quds 23 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed two Palestinians while they were at Bab Al Khalil area in Jerusalem city. (Maannews 23 December 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city, toured in its courtyard, and performed Talmudic rituals. (Wafa 23 December 2015)
• Israeli High court decided to demolish two Palestinian houses in Jabal Al Mukabbir town, south of Jerusalem city. The targeted houses are owned by the families of the Palestinian martyrs; Ala Abu Jamal and Baha Alayan. (RB2000 23 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest near the walls and gates of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of more than 20 Palestinians. (Wafa 26 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Mus‘ab Mahmoud Al Ghazali (26 years) from Wadi Qadum neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city, while he was near “Bab Al Jadid” area in Jerusalem city. (Wafa & NBPRS 26 December 2015)
• Inas As-Sayouri (33 years) was injured after the Israeli settlers living in Ramot settlement hurled stones at her vehicle and tried to kidnap her. (Wafa 27 December 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city, and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 27 December 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Pal Info 28 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded As-Sumod building in Ash-Sheikh Jarrah neighborhood in Jerusalem city, and stormed and searched two apartments in the building, owned by Jawad Barqan and Nassar family. (SilwanIC 29 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a Palestinian house owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Ala Abu Jamal, in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city, and forced the family to remove a tent erected in front of the house. (SilwanIC 29 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Wajeh Farj Tawam (19 years) while he was near the school in Jaba village, northeast of Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 29 December 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (RB2000 29 December 2015)
• Israeli bulldozers escorted by the Israeli Army demolished an under construction 2-floors building in Sur Baher town, south of Jerusalem city. The buildings consists of 2 floors (three apartments), the first floor area 120 square meters and the second one 240 square meters. The targeted building is owned by Issa Raba’i. (SilwanIC & Wafa 29 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out an order to demolish a 160 square meters house in Sur Baher town, south of Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by Mohammad ‘Amirah and inhabited by 6 family members. (SilwanIC 29 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a Palestinian house owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Baha Alaya, in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city, and took photos for the house. Noted that the IOA handed out the final demolition order on the 29th of December 2015. (RB2000 30 December 2015)
• Three Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Duqqu village, northwest of Jerusalem city. The IOA used live bullets to attack Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA closed all the entrances of the village. The IOA arrested three
Palestinians, identified as: Mohammad Shafeq Marar (19 years), Ali Issa Hassan (21 years) and Daoud Rayan (34 years). (Maannews 30 December 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (RB2000 30 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a Palestinian house owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Ala Abu Jamal, in Jabal Al Mukabir town in Jerusalem city and handed out a “demolition and confiscation order”. The IOA informed the residents that they will demolish the house within the next 48 hours. Noted that the targeted house consist of three apartments. (SilwanIC 30 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Kafr Aqab village, north of Jerusalem city, and took photos for the house. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Ahmed Qanibi. (Al-Quds 31 December 2015)

The Israeli Violations in Jerusalem Governorate during the month of January 2016

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. Noted that the IOA still prevent about 60 Palestinian women (listed in the Israeli black list) from entering the mosque. (Wafa 3 January 2016)
- The head of Lahava organization (Jewish extremist organization) called the Israeli settlers to torch the churches in Jerusalem city during the Christmas time. And he added that the Christians are unwelcomed to be a part of “Israel”. (Wafa 3 January 2016)
- Israeli settlers made about 6 gaps in the wall of a Palestinian house in Aqabet Al Khalidiya neighborhood in the old city of Jerusalem. The targeted house is owned by Sub Laban family. Noted that the IOA occupied the nearby house during the month of December 2015. (SilwanIC 3 January 2016)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Wafa 4 January 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed two Palestinian houses in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city, and forced the residents to evacuate the houses, and destroyed the internal walls. The targeted houses are owned by the
family of the two Palestinian martyrs; Baha Al Layan and Ala Abu Jamal. Noted that the IOA closed with cement the house owned by Abu Jamal family, which located in the first floor within a building consists of three floors. And the second house owned by Al Layan family located in the second floor within a building consists of three floors. (SilwanIC & Wattan 4 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city, and fired live bullets at Palestinians and houses. During the operation, the IOA arrested Rebhi Khadir Abu Al Humos (72 years) after storming his house. (SilwanIC & Pal Today 5 January 2016)

- 11 Palestinian were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Qatanna village, northwest of Jerusalem city, after the funeral of the Palestinian martyr; Ahmed Jamal Taha (21 years). The IOA used live and rubber bullets to attack Palestinians. (RB2000 5 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and injured a Palestinian while he was near Al Musrara neighborhood in Jerusalem city. (PNN 5 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured a Palestinian while he was near Bab Ar Rahma area near Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. (Wafa 5 January 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 5 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest at Bab Al Amoud area in Jerusalem. The IOA fired stun grenades, causing the injury of a number of participants. (Wafa 6 January 2016)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. The IOA prevented about 60 Palestinian women (listed in the Israeli Black list) from entering the mosque. (Wafa 6 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolish five residential barracks and an agricultural structures in Abu An-Nawar area in Arab Al Jahhaleen, east of Al Eizariya town, east of Jerusalem city. (RB2000 6 January 2016)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. At the same time, the IOA prevented more than 60 Palestinian women (listed in the Israeli black list) from entering the mosque. (Wafa 6 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished part of a Palestinian restaurant in Beit Safafa town, south of Jerusalem city. The targeted part area reach to 144 square meters. (Wattan 7 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished an under construction house (130 square meters) and an under construction building in Ein Al Louza and Karm Ash-Sheik neighborhoods in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The targeted structures are owned by Nadiya Abu Diyab and Suliman Abu Diyab. (Wafa & SilwanIC 7 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Abu An-Nawar Bedouin communities, east of Al Eaziriya town, east of Jerusalem city and seized 5 residential tents. Noted that the Palestinian Red Crescent donated these tents after the IOA demolished five residential structures in the aforementioned area a week ago. (RB2000 10 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities used a Palestinian land near an Islamic Cemetery at the eastern part of the old city of Jerusalem as a landfill. (NBPRS 10 January 2016)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 10 January 2016)

• A Palestinian family forced to evacuate their house in Wadi Hilwa neighborhood in Silwan town after a landslides happened under the after the Israeli settlers carried out digging work under the house. (NBPRS 10 January 2016)

• Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem handed out orders to demolish an under construction Palestinian building (230 square meters) in Ath-Thawri neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The targeted building is owned by Musa Mohammad Al Abbasi. The targeted building consist of two floors; the first one is a parking and the second one consist of two apartments. (SilwanIC & RB2000 10 January 2016)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Pal Today 11 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint in Ein Al Louza neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards.

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and injured Qusai Raid Nimir (12 years) from Hizma town, north of Jerusalem city, then the IOA arrested him. (Wafa 12 January 2016)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 12 January 2016)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city, after the IOA stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses. The IOA fired tear gas grenades and rubber bullets, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the operation, the IOA arrested Mohammad and Ala Halsa and Rawan Abu Ghoush. (Pal Today 13 January 2016)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (PNN 13 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Kafr Aqab town, north of Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Taha Hathiqa. (Wattan 14 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the participants in a conference in Jerusalem city after closing the hotel and prevented them from entering it. During the operation, the IOA arrested Abu Bakr Ash Shimi. (Wafa 14 January 2016)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 14 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house owned by Bader family in Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city, assaulted two Palestinians and arrested two others. The arrestees were identified as: Wael Younis Bader and Abed Ar-Rahman Nadil Bader. Later on, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where IOA fired tear gas grenades and rubber bullets, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 6 Palestinians. (Al-Quds 15 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in several neighborhoods in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired tear gas grenades at the houses. (SilwanIC 17 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities issued an order to prevent an event in Al Hakawati theater in Jerusalem city. (Al Quds 17 January 2016)

• Israeli settlers wrote anti-Christian slogans on the walls of a monastery in the old city of Jerusalem. (NBPRS 17 January 2016)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 17 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities forced Mahmoud Al Abbase to demolish his 30 square meter animal shed in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 17 January 2016)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 19 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Kafr Aqa village, north of Jerusalem city and surrounded a Palestinian building. The targeted building included the house of the family of the Palestinian martyr: Ahmed Qanibi. (Al-Quds 20 January 2015)

• A residential building was seized in the neighborhood of Baydoun in Wadi Hilweh –Silwan south of Al-Aqsa Mosque. The Information Center explained in a statement that nearly 35 settlers from Elad settlement organization supported by Israeli occupation Army raided the neighborhood of Baydoun in Silwan and entered the residential building through its main gate easily without any resistance or objection by its owners who were not even in the area. The center pointed out that the settlers had the keys of the building. The center also explained that the building consists of two floors in which the first floor was established before the occupation of Jerusalem while the second floor was built and completed few weeks ago after the “protected tenant” left the apartment on the first floor. The center added that a big land surrounded the seized building which is adjacent to the settlement outpost seized in 2014. Before the settlers entered the building, they demolished the wall that separates the building from another settlement outpost that was seized back in 2014 to facilitate movement between the settlement outposts. Seizing the building of Abu Ter formed a series of three settlement outposts in the area. (SilwanIC 20 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished a Palestinian house in Beit Hanina town, north of Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by Heba Abu ‘Asab. (Maannews 20 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished a 300 square meters under construction house in Wad Qaddum neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by Samer Nassar. (Wafa 20 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished five residential structures in Jabal Al Baba area, east of Al Eaziriya town, east of Jerusalem city. The targeted structures inhabited by 17 family members and owned by: Hamda Mohammad Odeh Abu Kateba, Ali Abu Kateba and Ghassan Jahaleen. Noted that some of the targeted structures funded by the EU. (Maannews 21 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities forced Dabash family to demolish their 80 square house in Sur Baher town, south of Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC & Maannews 22 January 2016)

• Israeli newspaper of “Wallah”, declared that two road are being built in the Regional Council of settlements Benjamin, illegal constructed on privately Palestinian-owned land. The Civil Administration claimed that they issued orders to demolish one of the road and to stop the construction on the second
One of the roads was built between two neighborhoods in the settlement of Anatot, the length of the road 320 meters, and width 15 meters, passing on the land of the Palestinian village of Anata. According to the newspaper, the construction of the two roads has begun in 2012, but the civil administration issued an order to stop the construction on the roads. Recently, the settlers resumed the works. Noted that the local Council Chairman of Anata filed a petition to the Supreme Court requesting issuance of injunction prevented further work on the territory of the village. The Second road is being built in Novi Frat area, and leads to an illegal outpost was built on State land, but homes built without a permit. The outpost was set up in 2014. And nowadays the Israeli settlers tried to legalize the outpost. Recently, work has begun on the expansion of the road up to 780 meters, including 240 yards passing on private Palestinian land, belonging also to the village of Anata. (PNN & Wallah 22 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at the entrance of Anatot settlement shoot and killed Raqiya Eid Abu Eid (13 years) from Anata town, north of Jerusalem city, while he was near the entrance of the aforementioned settlement. (Maannews 23 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Battan Al Hawa neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired stun grenades and rubber bullets, causing the injury of Yahya ‘Anizat (30 years). (RB2000 24 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Mohammad Nabil Halabiya (15 years) from Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city, while he was near an Israeli Military base erected in the aforementioned town. (NBPRS & Shasha News 24 January 2016)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in the courtyard of Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. (NBPRS 24 January 2016)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Wafa 25 January 2016)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in the courtyard of Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. (NBPRS 26 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in several areas in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. (Wafa 27 January 2016)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (RB2000 27 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished a Palestinian house in Shufat town, north of Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by Kifaya Ar-Rashaq and inhabited by 19 family members. Noted that the Israeli Authorities demolished the house to construct the Israeli Road No.21. (SilwanIC 27 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished a 60 square meters under construction house in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. The targeted house owned by Ibrahim Ali Musa Sori. (SilwanIC 27 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Mohammad Nabeil Halabiya. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA used rubber bullets and stun grenades to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds 28 January 2016)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city, and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 28 January 2016)

• Jerusalem approves second light rail route. Spanning 20 kilometers, Blue Line will serve some 250,000 passengers, running from southern Gilo and Malha to northern Ramot. The Jerusalem municipality’s planning committee approved Wednesday plans to construct a new light rail line that will connect some of the city’s more peripheral neighborhoods to the capital’s center and to each other. The 20-kilometer-long (a little over 12 miles) so-called Blue Line will begin in the southern neighborhood of Gilo, pass through the city’s center and end at the Ramot neighborhood in the capital’s north. A second Blue Line route will start at the neighborhood of Malha, continue through Emek Refaim and the Jerusalem Khan Theater, and end in Ramot as well. The Blue Line is expected to be of use to some 250,000 residents, and will complement the current Red Line of the light rail system, which runs from the neighborhood of Pisgat Zeev, through Ammunition Hill, to its current final stop at Mount Herzl. Work on extending the Red Line from Mount Herzl to Hadassah Hospital in the Ein Kerem neighborhood is also underway, though that was not addressed in City Hall’s Wednesday announcement. A third, Green Line — from Mount Scopus to Gilo — is set to be approved in the near future. “Jerusalem is in a momentum of transportation development that positions it as the most advanced city in terms of transportation,” Jerusalem Mayor Nir Barkat said in a statement. “With the construction of a local bus network, along with a high-speed train from the center of the country, the city’s residents will be able to enjoy shortened travel times, less traffic, cleaner air and exciting urban renewal.” The capital’s light rail
system became operative in December 2011, after eight years of construction, delays and cost overruns. (Time of Israel 28 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed, toured and searched a Palestinian school in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 29 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stopped, searched, detained and questioned a number of Palestinian children while they were walking at the main street in Shufat town, north of Jerusalem city. Noted that the IOA also, took photos for the children. Five of the Palestinian children identified as: Fouzi Bakir, Bakir Mohammad Abu Khdeir, Ibrahim Mohammad Abu Khdeir, Fahmi Abu Khdeir and Sef Abu Khdeir. (SilwanIC 29 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched the campus of Al Quds University in Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city, and destroyed the contents of the offices. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades and live bullets at Palestinians. (Al-Quds & RB2000 29 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched areas and neighborhoods in Ar Ram town, north of Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 30 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented Palestinian workers from Al Awqaf committee to work near Bab As-Silsila area inside the courtyard of Al Aqsa mosque. (Wattan 31 January 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinian and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Jaba village, northeast of Jerusalem city, after the IOA closed Jaba military checkpoint, and chased a number of vehicles tried to get out from Ramallah city, after the IOA closed all the entrances of the city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Orient FM 31 January 2016)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 31 January 2016)

The Israeli Violations in Jerusalem Governorate during the month of February 2016

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Pal Info 1 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest at An-Nader gate, one of Al Aqsa mosque’ gates, in the old city of Jerusalem. The IOA assaulted the
participants. Noted that the IOA still prevent a number of Palestinians from entering Al Aqsa mosque. (Wafa 2 February 2016)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Wafa 2 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished a 220 square meters under construction house in Wadi Qaddum neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by Yahya Muhseen. (Wafa 2 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished a 200 square meters under construction house in Wad Abu Al Humos area in Sur Baher town, south of Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by: Iyad Abu Mahamed. (Maannews & Wafa 2 February 2016)

- Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem and the Israeli Authority of Nature stormed and razed a Palestinian land in Al ‘Abbasiya neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The targeted land is owned by Khalid Az-Zeir. (SilwanIC 3 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed three Palestinians while they were at Bab Al Amoud area in Jerusalem city. (Maannews 3 January 2016)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. At the same time, the IOA prevented the Palestinian women listed in the Israeli black list from entering the mosque. (Maannews 3 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation bulldozer demolished a 400 square meters garage at the eastern entrance of Al Issawiya town, in Jerusalem city. The targeted structure is owned by Haitham Mustafah. Noted that the targeted structure located in area that the Israeli Authorities planned to establish the “National Park”. (Maannews 3 January 2016)

- Israeli Jerusalem Municipality issued administrative orders to demolished 7 houses, included a Palestinian building consist of 5 floors in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 3 February 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Maannews 4 February 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and houses. (Al-Quds 3 February 2016)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Maannews 4 February 2016)
• Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem forced Hussen Al Kaswani to demolish his 195 square meters house in Beit Hanina town, north of Hebron city. (Al-Quds 5 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Amy (IOA) handed out military orders to demolish two houses in Qalandiya refugee camp, north of Jerusalem city. The targeted houses are owned by the families of two Palestinian martyrs; Omar Assaf and Anan Abu Habba. (Pal Today 5 February 2016)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. Notes that the IOA still preventing more than 60 Palestinian women (listed in the Israeli black list) from entering the mosque. (ARN 7 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities issued orders to close and confiscate four Palestinian houses in Sur Baher town, south of Jerusalem city. The targeted houses are owned by the families of four Palestinian prisoners in the Israeli jail; Mohammad Salah Abu Kaf (18 years), Waled Fares Al Atrash (19 years), Abed Mahmoud Dwikat (20 years) and Mohammad Jehad At-Tawel (17 years). Noted that the IOA also confiscated the ID cards for three of them. (Al-Quds & Orient FM 7 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Hizma military checkpoint, north of Jerusalem city, opened fire at a Palestinian vehicle while it was crossing the checkpoint. (Maannews 8 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Bab Hutta neighborhood in the old city of Jerusalem. The targeted house is owned by Ahmed Mahmoud Abu Ghazala. (Safa 8 February 2016)

• Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem issued administrative orders to demolish 30 Palestinian apartments (within 12 buildings) located at the northeastern part of Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. (Maannews 8 February 2016)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. Noted that the IOA still preventing about 60 Palestinian women from entering the mosque. Also, the Israeli settlers demonstrated and toured in several neighborhood and streets in the old city of Jerusalem and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. (Raya 9 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) and staff from the Israeli Natural Authority stormed a Palestinian land in Al ‘Abbasiya neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The targeted land is owned by Khalid Az-Zeir. (Wafa 10 February 2016)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ein Al Louza neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 10 February 2016)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Safa 10 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched tens of Palestinian houses in Beit Duqqu village, northwest of Jerusalem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of three Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Naji Bassem Daoud (17 years) and Mohammad Ismail Rayan (17 years) (Maannews 11 February 2016)

• Israel Objects to Building School in East Jerusalem, Says It Would Endanger Nearby Police Station. School in Sheikh Jarrah ‘could constitute a threat to the facility and its combatants,’ state says. NGO: 'The government has found a new excuse to prevent building schools in East Jerusalem'. Israel objects to opening a school in East Jerusalem, claiming it would endanger a nearby Border Police base that was built in the neighborhood, Army Radio reported Wednesday morning. The school, which was to be built by a private entrepreneur in the Sheikh Jarrah neighborhood, was to consist of four floors and 39 classrooms, from kindergarten to high school. The city supported the plan due to the acute shortage of schools in the capital’s Arab community. Recently however, the Finance Ministry’s Government Housing Administration submitted an objection to the school, arguing that since its location is 20 meters from a Border Police base, it “could constitute a threat to the facility and its combatants”. “The government has found a new excuse to prevent building schools in East Jerusalem,” the Ir Amim NGO said in response. “First Israel builds a military base in a Palestinian neighborhood, then, impertinently, it infringes on the neighborhood’s children’s basic right to education”. “The mayor has a duty to make sure the plan is approved and that Sheikh Jarrah gets a much needed school” the NGO said. Jerusalem’s Planning and Building Committee met Wednesday to discuss the state’s objection. “The proposed proximity and height differences are a security threat and will require several additional security measures,” according to the objection. The city engineer recommended to the committee to reduce the building’s height and make the base’s fence higher. The Knesset’s Education Committee last week held a special debate on the shortage of classrooms in East Jerusalem, as a High Court of Justice ultimatum in the matter draws to a close. In February 2011 the High Court gave the government and Jerusalem municipality
five years to find enough classroom space for East Jerusalem children, or the
government will have to pay private schools to take care of the matter. The
ruling was in response to a petition filed by the Association for Civil Rights in
Israel on behalf of parents who could not register their children in the city’s
public-school system because of a lack of classrooms. ACRI says the shortage
means many children must be turned away each year. (Haaretz 11 February
2016)

- **New road construction to enhance linkage of Gush Etzion to Jerusalem.**
  Construction has started on infrastructure to link the Begin Highway to Road 60
  (“Tunnel Road”, the artery to the Gush Etzion settlement bloc) via a new tunnel
  under Rosemarin Street in Gilo. The connection will further streamline Gush
  Etzion’s linkage to the city, now realized by construction of the Begin Highway
  extension – a six-lane segment of the highway that runs through the center of the
  Palestinian neighborhood of Beit Safafa. The extension project is currently
  nearing completion despite residents’ protracted battle to block development.
  The Begin Highway is the backbone of the road system in Jerusalem – a ring road
  that expedites north-south travel and links to Tel Aviv via road 443. Once
  completed the Begin extension through Beit Safafa will allow for a continuous
  stretch of highway that enables uninterrupted travel from the Gush Etzion
  settlement bloc south of Jerusalem, to the Givat Ze’ev settlement bloc north of the
  city and finally to Tel Aviv via Road 443. The Ma’ale Adumim/E-1 bloc is already
  linked to the Begin Highway via Highway 1. At the end of 2013, Ir Amim’s
  monitoring revealed that the Municipality had prepared a plan for an
  interchange connecting the Beit Safafa extension to Road 60, intending to win
  approval without first conducting a requisite environmental survey and
  adopting subsequent recommendations. Bowing to pressure from within the
  planning process, authorities held back on taking further steps to advance the
  project. Authorities now maintain that there is an old plan for Road 60 on the
  books. Within the past several months, building permits for the Rosemarin
  Street tunnel were issued according to the preexisting plan. In addition, today
  the Local Committee will discuss a new plan (TPS 258270) to expand Road 60 in
  the area adjacent to the southern end point of the Begin Highway. Construction
  of the tunnel, reported above, has already commenced despite the fact that this
  new plan has yet to be approved. (Ir Amim 11 February 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in
  Al Eaziriya and Abu Dis towns, east of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber
  bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of
  two Palestinians. (Maannews 12 February 2016)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians after the Israel Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city, after undercover Israeli Army kidnapped Abdalla Abu Khate (13 years) and Mahmoud Abu ‘Awes (18 years). The IOA fired rubber bullets and stun grenades at Palestinians. (SilwanIC & Maannews 12 February 2016)

• Staff from the Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem escorted by the Israeli Army invaded Al Bustan neighborhood, located south of Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city, and handed out orders to demolish a number of Palestinian houses (5 houses at least). The targeted houses are owned by the families of: Abu Rajab, Odeh, Al Qara‘een, Hamad and Abu Diyab. (Orient FM 13 February 2016)

•Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at a Palestinian vehicle near Az-Za‘yem military checkpoint, east of Jerusalem city. As a result, three Palestinians were injured and then the IOA arrested them. (Orient FM 14 February 2016)

•Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures at Bab Al Amoud area in Jerusalem city. The IOA erected iron mounds and closed the entrances of Bab Al Amoud courtyard. (Maannews 14 February 2016)

•Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Mansour Yasser Abed Al Aziz Shwamrah (20 years) and Omar Ahmed Omar (20 years) from Al Qubeibia village, northwest of Jerusalem city, while they were at Bab Al Amoud area in Jerusalem city. (Maannews 14 February 2016)

•Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 14 February 2016)

•Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement blocks Al Madares street in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired tear gas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Al-Quds 15 February 2016)

•Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Shufat refugee camp, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired tear gas and stun grenades at Palestinians and their houses. (Raya 16 February 2016)

•Israeli settles escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Raya 16 February 2016)

•Israeli Civil Administration handed out military orders to demolish 12 Palestinian houses and a mosque in Jabal Al Baba area in Al Eaziriya town, east of Jerusalem city. (Wafa & Al Quds Press 16 February 2016)

•Israeli Authority of Nature handed out an order to evacuate 1.250 dunums of Palestinian land in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city within the next 24 hours. The targeted land is owned by Nassri Sabri Muhseen. (SilwanIC 16 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched two Palestinian houses in Al Qubeiba village, northwest of Jerusalem city. The targeted houses are owned by the families of two Palestinian martyrs; Mansour Shawamrah and Omar Mohammad Amro. (Wafa 17 February 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Abu Dis village, east of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 17 February 2016)

• Israeli Minister of Agriculture; Uri Arial, the head of the National Jews fund; Dani Atar, and the Head of Elad organization escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in Wadi Hilwa neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city (Safa 17 February 2016)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 17 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation bulldozers escorted by the Israeli Army stormed the eastern part of Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city, and razed about 10 dunums of Palestinian land and demolished 6 animal sheds, two barracks, a 18 square meters container, and two other structures (80 square meters), and uprooted a number of trees. The targeted land and structures are owned by: Adnan Sabri Darwish, Said Mohammad Shekha Abed, Nasri Muhseen, Murad Jamal Mustafah, Ali Doud Abu Al Humos, Sha’ban Musa Abed, Ated Mohammad Abed and Salah Turk. Noted that the targeted lands located in the confiscation land for the construction of “National Park”. (SilwanIC 17 February 2016)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 18 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military order to demolish a Palestinian house in Qalandiya refugee camp, north of Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Hussen Abu Ghoush. (Zamn Press 18 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the western entrance of Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Safa 18 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Ash-Sheikh Said military checkpoint in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. The IOA prevented Palestinians from crossing it. (Raya 18 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Mohammad Abu Khalaf (20 years) from Kafr Aqab village, north of Jerusalem city, while he was near Bab Al Amoud area in Jerusalem city. Noted that the IOA fired more than 50 bullets at
the body of the martyr after they shoot and injured him. (Al-Quds 19 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Hosh Abu Tayha and Ein Al Louza neighborhoods in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The IOA erected military checkpoints in the aforementioned areas, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (SilwanIC 19 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Beir Ayoub neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city and fired stun grenades at Palestinians and houses. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles. (SilwanIC 19 February 2016)
- Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem issued administrative orders to demolish a number of residential structures in Ein Al Louza neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 19 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Jaba' military checkpoint, northeast of Jerusalem city. The IOA prevented Palestinian from crossing the checkpoint. Noted that the Palestinians need to cross this checkpoint to enter or leave Ramallah city. (Maannews 19 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement blocks Jaba military checkpoint, northeast of Jerusalem city. (HR 20 February 2016)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 21 February 2016)
- Israel Dismantles Palestinian Prefab Classrooms Near Jerusalem. Residents said the move reflected government policy to remove Palestinians from the area to expand settlement construction near Ma’aleh Adumim. Army and Civil Administration forces have dismantled prefab homes and classrooms for the Abu Anwar community east of Jerusalem near the settlement of Ma’aleh Adumim. Resident Ahmed Ibrahim told Haaretz the troops Saturday night loaded the dismantled homes onto trucks after taking everything inside. The rooms served as classrooms for first- to third-graders, as well as a staff room. Ibrahim said the seven homes had been received recently to house 40 students and let them study in better conditions than in the previous classrooms made out of tin sheets. Palestinian news agency Wafa said the homes had been bought with aid from the French government. It said the children had nowhere else to study, while older students had to walk five kilometers to school. For its part, the Civil Administration said four prefab structures had been seized in the area (Abu An Nawar area), known as E-1, saying they had been placed there illegally. In recent years, the Civil Administration has demanded that the authorities demolish buildings that international organizations, particularly European ones, have donated. Local people said the operation reflected government policy to
remove Palestinians from the area to expand settlement construction and cut off the West Bank from Jerusalem in the E-1 area. “I don’t know what bothers them that our children will study in a somewhat normal environment,” Abu Imad al-Jahalin said. “They don’t want it here and are doing everything to smother us” (Haaretz 21 February 2016)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. During the operation, the IOA prevented tens of Palestinians from entering the mosque and detained a number of ID cards. (Quds Press 22 February 2016)
- Israeli Authorities prepared a new master plan for the Israeli settlement on Ramot, north of Jerusalem city. According to the new plan, the Israeli Authorities will construct 1435 housing units and 240 special houses (villas), and a number of public buildings, on more than 419 dunums of land. (Pal Info 22 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched tens of Palestinian houses in several areas in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. During the operation, the IOA assaulted Palestinians. (Safa 23 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities issued an order to confiscate 46.6 dunums of Palestinian land in Shufat and Anata towns, north of Jerusalem city to construct the Israeli Segregation wall. (Pal Info 23 February 2016)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al- Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. During the operation, the IOA tightened its procedures at the entrances of the old city of Jerusalem and Al Aqsa mosque, where they prevented a number of Palestinians from entering the mosque and the city. (NBPRS 23 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched Palestinian houses and stores in Hush Al ‘Awar and Ein Al Louza neighborhoods in Silwan town in Jerusalem city, and fired stun grenades at houses. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (SilwanIC 24 February 2016)
- Israeli settler organization “Ateret Cohanim” handed out Ar-Rajabi family two court orders to evacuate two Palestinian buildings (each building consist of 3 apartments) in Battan Al Hawa neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The targeted building located in areas that the Israeli organization aims to confiscate (5.2 dunums of land in Battan Al Hawa neighborhood) under the claim that the targeted land owned by the Israeli settlers since the year of 1881. (SilwanIC 24 February 2016)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city, toured in its courtyard, and tried to perform Talmudic
rituals. Noted that the IOA still preventing the Palestinian women listed in the Israeli black list from entering the mosque. (Safa 24 February 2016)

- Israeli settlers to carry out a party near the southern wall of Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. The Israeli settlers set up a theater in the area with all the sound and light equipment. (Maannews 24 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided a Palestinian land in Al Abbasiya neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city, and took photos for the land. The targeted land is owned by Khalid Az-Zayir. (Safa 25 February 2016)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (RB2000 25 February 2016)

- A Palestinian child; Raghd Azat from Anata town, northeast of Jerusalem city, was seriously injured after an Israeli settler hit her by her vehicle while she was crossing the street in Shufat refugee camp, north of Jerusalem city. (Orient FM 25 February 2016)

- Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem issued administrative orders to demolish 9 Palestinian houses in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. Some of the targeted houses are owned by: Abu Rayalah, Nasser and Abu Khalaf families. (SilwanIC & Maannews 25 February 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Shuhfat refugee camp, north of Jerusalem city. During the clashes, undercover Israeli Army kidnapped four Palestinians, one of them identified as: Abed Mohammad Al Bahri (15 years). (Maannews & Al-Quds 26 February 2016)

- Israeli settler organization “Ateret Cohanim" handed out Fahmi, Talal, and Yacoub Ar-Rajabi a court order to evacuate a Palestinian land in Battan Al Hawa neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The targeted land used to construct a building consists of 12 apartments, inhabited by 93 family members included 64 children. The targeted land located in areas that the Israeli organization aims to confiscate (5.2 dunums of land in Battan Al Hawa neighborhood) under the claim that the targeted land owned by the Israeli settlers since the year of 1881. (SilwanIC 26 February 2016)

- New plan in Ramot settlement to increase number of housing units under previously tendered plan. The Local Committee will discuss a new plan, TPS 291419, to increase the number of housing units under a previously tendered plan, TPS 6576. TPS 6576, which will expand Ramot east toward the Begin Highway (see light blue extension on eastern edge of Ramot on map), was tendered in 2013. The plan originally called for 734 new housing units. Subsequently approved building permits allowed for an addition of 123 units. The new plan to be discussed would add 57 more units, for a total of
914. The 57 new units, if approved, would be built within the area already demarcated by TPS 6576 and do not constitute an expansion of the already tendered plan. (Ir Amim 26 February 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Wad neighborhood in the old city of Jerusalem. (Pal Today 28 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Wadi Hilwa neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The IOA erected military checkpoints at the entrances of the neighborhood, stopped, searched and questioned Palestinians and checked their ID cards. (RB2000 28 February 2016)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Isawiya town, in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live bullets, causing the injury of a Palestinian, where the IOA arrested him after he was injured. The arrestees were identified as: Mohamamd Waled Abed (19 years). (Al-Quds 28 February 2016)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 28 February 2016)
- Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem handed out administrative orders to demolish a Palestinian building consist of 4 apartments (each apartment area 110 square meters) in Ein Al Louza neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The targeted building is owned by Nehad Al Abbasi. (Wattan 28 February 2016)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city, toured in its courtyard and tried to perform Talmudic rituals. (Pal Info 29 February 2016)

**Hebron Governorate (December 2015 - February 2016)**

**The Israeli Violations in Hebron Governorate during the month of December 2015**

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched three Palestinian houses in Taffuh village, west of Hebron city. The targeted houses are owned by: Mohammad Hassan Ahmed At Tarda, Nasser Ahmed AT-Tarda and Mohammad Shakir At-Tarda. (Wafa 1 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities issued a military order to confiscated 244 dunums of Palestinian land in at Deir Musa, Qarinat Al Ghazal, Khallit Abu Ghnem and Dhahr Al Mansara areas in Surif village (in Hebron Governorate) and Al Jab’a village (in Bethlehem governorate). (Wafa 1 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrances of Hebron, Sair and Hahlul towns and Al Fawar refugee camp. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 1 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Authorities decided to close the entrance of Ash-Shuhada street in Hebron city, for two week, under the claim of “Restoration work”. (Safa 1 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stopped and detained the Mayor of Hebron Governorate, Kamel Hamid, after stopping his at a sudden checkpoint erected by the IOA at the northern entrance of Hebron city. (Safa 2 December 2015)
• Three Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Jabal Ar-Rahma area in Hebron city. The IOA used live bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses. (Maannews 2 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Hebron city, and took photos for the house. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Tharwat Ash-Sha’rawi (72 years). (Orient FM 3 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) confiscated goods and building materials from a number of commercial stores at the main entrance of Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The targeted materials are owned by: Atta Nabil Abed Ar-Rahman and Faiz Azmi Ash-Shamas. (RB2000 3 December 2015)
• A 15 years old Palestinian was injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Halhul bridge, north of Hebron city. The IOA used live bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (RB2000 4 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at participants, causing dozens of suffocation cases. The IOA also, prevented the Palestinian ambulance to enter the town,(PNN 4 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Taher Mustafah Abed Al Men’im Fanoun (19 years) and Mustafah Fadel Abed Al Men’im Fanoun (16 years) while they were in Tal Ar-Rumida neighborhood in Hebron city. (Al-Quds 4 December 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Ras Al Jour area in Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets causing the injury of two Palestinians. (Al-Quds 4 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. Four of the targeted houses are owned by: Khalil Abed Al Fatah Sabe’ Sabarnah, Mohammad Hussen Khalil Abu ‘Ayash, Ayman Ahmed Abu ‘Ayash and Khalid Issa Ibrahim Abu ‘Ayash. Noted that the IOA forced the wife of Mr. Sabarnah to take off her clothes. (RB200 5 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the northern entrance of Hebron city, and at the main entrances of Sair and Halhul towns. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 5 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at Palestinian schools located near Tareq Ben Ziyad junction, at the southern part of Hebron city. As a result, dozens of Palestinian students suffered gas inhalation. The IOA arrested Mohammad Abed Al Hafid Marar (11 years). (Wafa 6 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded At Taban area, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city, and confiscated construction tools and materials, windows and doors used for the construction of houses funded by the European Union. The targeted tools are owned by the families of Abu Abed and Al Hamamda. (Pal Info 6 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian offices and print-shops in Hebron city, and confiscated files and laptops. Two of the targeted print-shops are: Infinite and Lamasat. (NBPRS 6 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Khallit Hadour area in the southern part of Hebron city. (NBPRS 6 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military orders to stop the construction in three Palestinian houses and a 3 dunums of agricultural land planted with apple trees, in Sha’ib Qaous and Wadi Al Arab areas, in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The targeted houses are owned by: Issa Mahmoud Hussen Al ‘Alami (owned a 200 square meters under construction house), Anwar Mahmoud Hussen Al ‘Alami (owned a 100 square meters under construction house) and Safwan Ali Abed Al Azizi Baraghith. The targeted land is owned by Yousif Abed Al Aziz Suliamn Abu ‘Ayeash. (RB2000 & Safa 6 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Ihab Fathi Meswada (21 years) while he was crossing Abu Ar-Rish military checkpoint near the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron. (Maannews 7 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the northern entrance of Hebron city, and at the main entrance of Sair and Halhul towns, and Al Fawar refugee camp in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wfa 7 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the main entrance of Ash-Shuhada street in the central of Hebron city. The IOA prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the area by using the aforementioned entrance. (Pal Today 7 December 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) celebrated the Hanukkah holiday inside the Ibrahimi mosque in Hebron city, where they dance and sing and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. During the operation, the IOA prevented the Palestinians from entering the mosque to pray. (Pal Info 8 December 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) hurled stones at Palestinian houses in Jaber, As-Salayman and Wadi Al Hassen areas near Qiryat Arba settlement in Hebron city, and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (PNN & Maannews 8 December 2015)

• An Israeli settler opened fire at a Palestinian shepherd, identified as: Kamel Salamah Shahada Makhamrah (31 years), while he was at Maghair Al Abed area, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. (NBPRS & Wafa 8 December 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Qiryat Arba settlement hurled stones and opened fire at a journalist crew working with Maan News Agency while they were filming a report about the Israeli violations in Hebron city. (Maannews 8 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoint at the entrances of As-Samu', Sair and Halhul towns, and Al Fawar refugee camp and the northern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 8 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures at the entrances of Ad-Dhahiriya, As-Samu and Sair towns and Al Arroub refugee camp in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 9 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Khirbet At-Taban, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city and confiscated construction materials, such as: cement, irons, doors and windows, and prevented Palestinians to stop the construction in their houses. (Wafa 9 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian print-shop in Halhul town, north of Hebron city. (Wafa 9 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) and Israeli settlers shoot and killed Abed Ar-Rahman Ysri Meswada (21 years) while he was in Ash-Shuhada street, near Beit Hadasa settlement in Hebron city. (Wafa 9 December 2015)
• Israeli settlers living in Qiryat Arab settlement assaulted a group of international activists while they were near an Israeli military checkpoint erected bear Ziyad Jaber school in the old city of Hebron. (Raya 9 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prepared to demolish two Palestinian houses in Hebron city. The IOA invaded the targeted houses and threatened the residents to demolish the houses in the next few days. The targeted houses are owned by the families of Palestinian martyrs; Ihab Fathi Zakariya and Malak Talal Mohammad Sharif. (Al-Quds 9 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) still closed with iron gate the main entrances of Al Fawar refugee camp and Dura town in Hebron governorate. (RB2000 9 December 2015)
• Israeli settlers assaulted a number of Palestinian students and teachers and prevented them from reaching their school, which located in Ash-Shuhada street in Hebron city. (RB2000 10 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrances of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 10 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) still close with iron gates the entrances of Al Fawar refugee camp and Dura town in Hebron governorate. (Wafa 10 December 2015)
• Adi Jehad Hussen Irshed (14 years) was killed during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ras Al Joura area, and Halhul bridge at the northern entrances of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 5 Palestinians. (Wafa 11 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at a Palestinian wedding hall in Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city, causing a number of suffocation cases. (Pal Today 11 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at the entrance of Sair town, north of Hebron city, shoot and killed Issa Salamah Al Hroub (57 years) from Deir Samir village, while he was driving his car at Sair junction. (Al-Quds & PNN 11 December 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and their houses. (Pal Today 13 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and injured Luma Al Bakri (15 years) while she was at the western entrance of the Israeli settlement of Qiryat Arba, in Hebron city. (Al-Quds 13 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and toured in several neighborhoods in Hebron city and stormed a house owned by Diyab Ar-Rifa‘i. (Wada 13 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out the director of “Youth against settlements” Mr. Issa Amro an order to close the office of “Youth against settlements” in Hebron city, under the claim that the office located in areas classified as “Closed military area”. (Wafa 13 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures at the entrances of Ad-Dhahiriya and Beit Ummer town, and at Al Hariq area, and Jerusalem-Hebron road, in Hebron governorate. (Wafa 13 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) still close with iron gate the main entrance of AL Fawar refugee camp and the eastern entrance of Dura town in Hebron governorate. (Wafa 13 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed for more than an hour Sadat Al Fahes area at the southern part of Hebron city. During the operation, the IOA stormed and searched a house owned by Abu Mayala family. (Raya 13 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Abed Al Muhseen Hasuna (21 years). Noted that the martyr Hasuna from Hebron city but he lived in Beit Hanina town in Jerusalem city. (Pal Today 15 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a Palestinian house in Surif village, northwest of Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli jail; Mus‘ab Ghinemat. Noted that the IOA prepared to demolish the targeted house. (Pal Today 15 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed several sub-road lead to Tal Ar-Rumida neighborhood in Hebron city. (Al-Quds 16 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched two Palestinian houses in Abu Al ‘Asja village, southwest of Hebron city. The targeted houses are owned by: Mohammad Ali Al ‘Aqili and Thair Abu Sundus. (Safa 17 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out military orders to stop the construction in four Palestinian houses and animal shed in Khallit Ibrahim and
Khirbet Ar-Ras, west of Idhna town in Hebron governorate. The targeted houses and shed are owned by: Ahmed Dakhil Bashir, Khalil Mohammad Issa Awad and his brother Adnan, Hamza Hisham Al Batran and Mus’ab Mohammad Al Batran. (Wafa 17 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Ras Al Jour area in Hebron city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing a number of suffocation cases and the seriously injury of a Palestinian. (Al-Quds 18 December 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Beit Einun junction, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, causing the seriously injury of a Palestinian. (Maannews 18 December 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinian and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Halhul bridge, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, causing the injury of two Palestinians. (Maannews 18 December 2015)
- Two Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Maannews 18 December 2015)
- For the 21 days in a row, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) still occupy two Palestinian inhabited houses in Hebron city. The targeted houses are owned by Jawdat Abed Ar-Rahman Abu Hadid and Abed Ash-Sakour Al Atrash. (Maannews 18 December 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in Jabal Tarous and Wadi Qoura areas in Dura town in Hebron governorate. (Wattan & Safa 18 December 2015)
- An Israeli settler attacked with his vehicle three Palestinians while they were at the entrance of Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. (Al-Quds 18 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented Palestinian farmers from reaching their 50 dunums of land in Susiya village, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city, under the claim that the IOA declared the area as “close military zone”. (Wafa 19 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Hebron city. (Wafa 19 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoint at Jourit Bahlas area, at the northern entrance of Hebron city, and at the entrances of Halhul, Sair and Beit Ummer towns and Al Arroub and Al Fawar refugee camps in Hebron
governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 19 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians in Bab Az-Zawiya area in Hebron city. As a result, Fouad Osama Mohammad Ahmed (5 years) was injured while he was in the school bus. (Wafa 20 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained two Palestinian teachers working in Shahed Al Batem School, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city, after stopping them at a sudden checkpoint erected by the IOA near the school. The IOA seized their vehicle. (Wafa 20 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched Palestinian tents and structures in Al Majaz village, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city, and closed the main entrance of the village with earth mounds. (Wafa 20 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided Khirbet At-Taban and Al Fekhit villages in Masaref Yatta areas. The IOA also, raided Al Fekhit school and summoned Ibrahim Musa Abu Aram to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police. (Wafa 20 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and injured a Palestinian woman and two Palestinian men while they were near Bab Az-Zawiya area in Hebron city. The IOA arrested the woman and one of the man, and transferred them to unknown location. (Al-Quds & PNN 21 December 2015)

- **Israel plans to build walls around Palestinian towns.** Media reports in Israel have reported that the army is planning to build walls around Palestinians towns and villages on the pretext that it will stop stones being thrown at illegal Jewish settlers. “The army will build 9 metre high walls in the areas of Beit Ummar, Al-Arroub, Gush Etzion, and the areas surrounding Highway 60, south of the West Bank,” claimed Channel 2 TV. ([Middle East Monitor](http://www.middleeastmonitor.com/)) 20 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and toured in several areas in Yatta and Ad-Dhahiriya towns in Hebron governorate. (Wafa 21 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrances of Hebron, Sair and Halhul towns. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 21 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Hamed Mohammad Hamed Za’aqiq (22 years) while he was working in a gas station in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. (Safa 22 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a number of Palestinian houses in several areas in Halhul town, north of Hebron city. Clashes erupted between
Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fire teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 22 December 2015)

- Dozens of Palestinian students suffered gas inhalation after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at Palestinian schools, at the southern part of Hebron city. (Wafa 23 December 2015)


- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Halhul town, north of Hebron city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and their houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 23 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Iyad Jamal Issa ‘Id’sat (25 years) while he was at Al Fahes junction, at the southern part of Hebron city. (Wafa 24 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Ras Al Joura area near the northern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 25 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 4 Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses and occupied the roofs. Three of the targeted houses are owned by: Mahmoud Salah Abu ‘Ayesh, Ibrahim Salah Abu ‘Ayesha and Jamal Khalil Al ‘Alami. The IOA closed the main entrance of the town, and fired teargas grenades at the nearby school. (RB2000 25 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Beit Ula town, northwest of Hebron city and questioned the residents. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli jail; Abla Al A’dam. (RB2000 25 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) seized the ID card owned by Nabil Daraghman from Umm Al Jamal area in the northern of Jordan valley. (Wafa 25 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Sair town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas
grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Al Ayyam 25 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoint at the northern and southern entrances of Hebron city. (Wafa 27 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) still close with cement blocks and earth mounds the entrances of Al Fawar refugee camp and Dura town in Hebron governorate. (Wafa 27 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrances of Hebron city, Sair and Halhul towns. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Orient FM 28 December 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern part of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and the nearby schools, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Safa 29 December 2015)
- Israeli settlers and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured four Palestinian children in the old city of Hebron. The targeted Palestinians identified as: Dana Raid Abu Irmilah (7 years), Mutasem Abu Irmilah (10 years), Farahat Nader Ar-Rajab (10 years) and Nabil Ar-Rajabi (14 years). (Al-Quds 29 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out a military order to stop the construction in a Palestinian house in Al Baq‘a area, northeast of Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by Nimi Fahmi Jaber. Noted that the targeted house located near the Israeli settlement of Kharsine. (Al Ayyam 29 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian while he was at the southern entrance of Hebron city. (ARN 30 December 2015)
- An Israeli settler threatened Palestinians and tried to storm Al Haj Zied Jabir school in Hebron city to assault the students. (RB2000 30 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military order to demolish a Palestinian house in Deir Samit village in Hebron governorate. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail; Mohammad Abed Al Baset Al Hroub. (RB2000 30 December 2015)
- Israeli Civil Administration issued a military order to confiscate 370 square meters of land in Wad Al Shuyyukh area in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city, to erected a fence at the sides of Hebron-Jerusalem road. (Voice of Palestine 30 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) razed Palestinian land in Wadi Sair area, east of Hebron city, to erected a military tower. The targeted land owned by Ismail Abed Raho Ash-Shalalda. (Al-Quds 31 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched nine Palestinian houses in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city, and summoned Ahmed Khalil Abu Hisham (48 years) to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police after storming his house. The targeted houses are owned by: Mohammad Awad Badran, Sa’di Jamel Abu Mariya, Abed As-Salam Mahmoud Qawqas Akhalil and his brothers Waheb and Nidal, and Ibrahim Mohammad Kamel Akhalil and his brother Ahmed, and Mahmoud Ayad Awad. (Maannews 31 December 2015)

The Israeli Violations in Hebron Governorate during the month of January 2016

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Bab Az-Zawiya area in Hebron city, after the funeral of 17 Palestinian martyrs. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 2 January 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city, after the funeral of the Palestinian martyr; Omar Az-Za’aqia. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 12 Palestinians. (Wafa 2 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures around the Ibrahima mosque and the surrounded area. The IOA stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in several neighborhoods in the city. (Wafa & RB2000 3 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) extended the closure order which declared Tal Ar-Rumida neighborhood and Ash-Shuhada street in Hebron city as “Closed military area” to the 31st of January 2016. (Wafa 3 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the northern and southern entrances of Hebron city and at the main entrances of Sair and Halhul towns. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Sama News 4 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) confiscated construction tools and materials from Wad Al Khalil area in Ad-Dhahiriya town, south of Hebron city. Noted that these tools used for the construction of an agricultural road. The IOA also, handed out the workers a military order to stop the construction in the road. (Wafa 5 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Ahmed Younis Kawazbah (18 years) from Sair town, north of Hebron city, while he was at Gush Eztion junction. (Maannews 5 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military orders to demolish two barracks (350 square meters and 400 square meters) and to stop the construction in an under construction house in Beit Za’tah and Farides areas in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The targeted structures are owned by: Musa Abu Mariya, Waheed Abu Mariya and Saber Zamel Abu Mariya. The IOA also, confiscated an agricultural tractor. (Wafa 5 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected cement blocks at Wad Ash-Sheikh area near Hebron-Jerusalem street. (Wafa 6 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military order to remove two water tanks (for agricultural uses) in Thaghra Ash-Shabak area, north of Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The targeted tanks are owned by: Khalid Yousif Abed Al Majed Baraghith and Ghassan Mohammad Abed Al Aziz Baraghith. (Wafa 6 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrances of An Nabi Younis village and Ad-Dhahiriya town in Hebron governorate. (Wafa 6 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) clashed with the Palestinian residents in Beit Awwa town southwest of Hebron. The clashes erupted in the western parts of the town nearby the Segregation Wall path. The IOA launched teargas grenades over the residents and the nearby houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB20000 7 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fiercely clashed with the Palestinian residents at the entrance of Sair town northeast of the city of Hebron. The clashed started when hundreds of Palestinian residents from Sair came out in demonstrations as a response to the Israeli killing of four Palestinian youth from Sair in one day by the IOA. (Wafa 7 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Khalil Mohammad Mahmoud Shalalda (16 years) while he was at Beit Eniun junction near Sair town, north of Hebron city. (Wafa 7 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military orders to stop the construction in two structures in Sha’b Qanous area in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The targeted structures are owned by Issa Mahmoud Hussen Al ‘Alami and his brother Anwar. The IOA also confiscated a ‘container’. (Wafa 7 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures on Sair town, north of Hebron city. The IOA erected checkpoints at all the entrances, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 8 January 2016)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the archaeological castle of Al Moureq, west of Dura town in Hebron governorate and performed Talmudic rituals. (Orient FM 8 January 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Beit Einun junction, northeast of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (Al-Quds 9 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) razed Palestinian land in Wadi Sair area in Hebron city, to erect a military tower. The targeted land is owned by Ismail Shalalda. (Pal Info 10 January 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades, live and rubber bullets. (Raya 10 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the main entrances of Sair and Halhul towns, at the southern and northern entrances of Hebron city and at the entrance of Al Fawar refugee camp in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 11 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed two Palestinians while they were at Beit Einun junction, north of Hebron city. One of the martyrs identified as: Adnan Ayed Hamed Al Mashni (17 years). (Al-Quds & Maannews 12 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out military trainings at the Israeli bypass road No. 60 between Gush Etzion settlement bloc and the Israeli settlement of Qiryat Arba. (PNN 12 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out military orders to stop the construction in 2 houses, an agricultural room and a water well in Ad-Deirat village, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. The targeted structures are owned by: Hussni Rabe’I, Mohammad Mahmoud Al ‘Adrah and Musa Al Adrah. (LRC 12 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military orders to demolish four water pools in Wadi Al ‘Arab area, northeast of Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The targeted pools used for the agriculture and owned by Wahed Hamdi Zamal Abu Mariya, Ghassan Mahmoud Abed Al Aziz Breagith, Jamel Mohammad Ameer Abu Mariya and Khalid Yousif Abed Al Majed Breagith. Noted that the targeted pools benefits in total 40 dunums of agricultural lands. (Al-Quds 12 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out military trainings in Khirbet Al Hawala, Al Markez and Janba areas, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and live bullets. (PNN 13 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army and bulldozers demolished two residential structures and an animal shed in Khirbet Ar-Rahwa area, near Ad-Dhahiriya town, south of Hebron city. The targeted structures are owned by Rajeh Farhan As-Samamrah. The Israeli Army confiscated 4 solar panels from the aforementioned area. (Safa 13 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Moayyad Ad-Dabareen (20 years) from Sair town, north of Hebron city, while he was at Beit Einun junction. Noted that the IOA prevented the Palestinian ambulance from reaching him. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 14 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a fence and a 700 square meters barracks and uprooted a number of trees in Khallet Abu Suda in Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. The targeted fence, trees and barracks are owned by Salah Mahmoud Jawabra and Khalid Al Samaheen. Noted that the targeted land located near “Beit Al Baraka” area. (Wafa 14 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a 140 square meters under construction house in Beit Zita area, east of Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by Yousif Ahmed Ahmiedan Abu Mariya. (Wafa & NBPRS 14 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 14 January 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Beit ‘Einun junctions, north of Sair town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Al-Quds 15 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in several neighborhood near the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron. During the operation, the IOA arrested Mohamamd Said Yacoub Abu Rumoz (20 years) and Ra‘fat Tareq Mahmoud Abu Turki (22 years) and assaulted Hisham Al Atrasgh and Diyab Othamn Al Karki. (Wafa & ARN 17 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) imposed blockade at As-Samu and Ad-Dhahiriya towns, south of Hebron city. Where in Ad-Dhahiriya town, the IOA closed the
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Karma village, south of Hebron city. (Maannews 17 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Sair town, north of Hebron city, and summoned Issa Ash-Shalalda to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police and arrested Mohammad As’ad Al Faroukh (18 years). (Wattan 17 January 2016)
• Israeli settlers living in Qriyat Arba and Kharsina settlements attacked Palestinian houses in Al Baq’a area, east of Hebron city, and hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles. (Maannews 17 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military orders to stop the construction in a water well in Al Mafqara area, near Avigal outpost, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city, and confiscated the construction tools. The targeted well is owned by Al Hamamda family and the tools are owned by Mohammad Hussen Al Hamamda. (ARN 17 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the entrances of Al Fawar refugee camp, Dura town, and Karma, ‘Abda and Deir Razeh villages in Hebron governorate. (Wattan 17 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and toured in several neighborhoods and areas in Hebron city, As Samu’, Yatta, Deir Sami, and Ad-Dhahiriya towns, Karma and Beit Omra villages in Hebron governorate. (Wafa 18 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Sair town, north of Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the two Palestinian martyrs; Mahmoud and Khalil Shalalda. (Wafa 18 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrance of Ad-Dhahiriya town and Al Fawar refugee camp in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 19 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished a 150 square meters house in Beit Ar-Rush At Tahta village, southwest of Hebron governorate. The targeted house is owned by Salem Mohammad Abu ‘Ayesh. Noted that the targeted house located 200 meters away from the Israeli segregation wall. (RB2000 & Maannews 20 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out a military order to demolish a Palestinian house in Khirbet Tarousa, south of Dura town, southwest of Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli jail: Rami Masalmah. (Wafa 20 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out a military order to demolish a Palestinian house in Beit ‘Amra village, south of Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli jail; Murad Bader Ad’es. (RB2000 20 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrances of Ad-Dhahiriya and Idhan towns and Al Fawar refugee camp, in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wattan 20 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army bulldozers demolished a 70 square meters agricultural structure, a water well and tank, and razed 15 dunums of land planted with trees in Beit Ula village, west of Hebron city. The targeted land and structures are owned by Al ‘akil family. (Wafa 21 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished two residential tents in Khirbet Susiya, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. The targeted tents are owned by Nasser Shreteh. (Al-Quds 21 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoint at the entrances of Ad-Dhahiriya town and Fawar refugee camp in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles. (Wafa 21 January 2016)

• Dozens of Settlers Move Into Two Hebron Homes Near Cave of Patriarchs. Jewish settlers claim to have purchased homes in Palestinian neighborhood, challenging borders of local settlement; defense minister expected to reject move due to lack of permits. Settlers in Hebron moved into two empty houses on Thursday afternoon they claim to have purchased in the Old City near the Cave of the Patriarchs. The move came as a surprise to authorities who were not informed or coordinated with in advance. A few dozen of the Hebron settlement's residents entered the homes between the Cave of the Patriarchs and the neighborhood of Avraham Avinu and announced that they had bought the buildings. They called the homes "Beit Rachel" and "Beit Leah," after the biblical wives of Jacob. Police were quick to arrive on the scene, but too late. The residents were not granted a permit of transaction, required under military orders in the Occupied Territories for carrying out real-estate deals. Defense Minister Moshe Ya'alon will decide in the coming days if the settlers will be allowed to stay in the houses, expanding in effect the settlement in the city. Sources close to the defense minister suggested that he is unlikely to approve the move on the grounds that the settlers never received permits required to approve such an action. In the past, houses in dispute have been sealed until the legality of the transaction had been determined. Malachi Levinger, head of the Kiryat Arab-Hebron local council, said: "We are redeeming
two more buildings in Hebron, joining a long line of land redeemers of the land of Israel... ranging from our forefather Abraham to [Menachem] Ussishkin, [Arthur] Ruppin, [Moses] Montefiore and others”. Likud Minister Zeev Elkin congratulated "the settlers of Hebron for determined action for the expansion of Jewish presence in the city of our forefathers ". Elkin said that the homes were legally purchased and urged Ya'alon "to help the settlers as best as he can and not to give in to the pressures of Palestinian rioters. "The appropriate answer to murderous Palestinian terrorism, throughout Zionist history, was the expansion of settlements," he added. The last purchase claimed by the settlers in the city, the "Beit Hamachpela," also near the Cave of the Patriarchs, ended in disappointment after a military appeals committee discussed the issue and decided that the acquisition was not legally completed. In a prior purchasing incident, in 2007, "the Brown House" was inhabited by Jews with approval from the Supreme Court after many legal turnovers. Meanwhile, settlers affiliated with the Ir David Foundation NGO, or Elad, moved into a two-story building in the Silwan neighborhood of Wadi Hilwa in East Jerusalem on Wednesday. The bottom floor of the building was sold, according to residents, to the settler NGO by a local of Umm Tuba in south Jerusalem. The individual rejected the claims, swearing on the al-Aqsa Mosque that he hadn't sold the building to Jews. The second floor of the building was constructed relatively quickly in the last few months. (Haaretz 22 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Authorities issued an order to close the main road link between Beit ‘Amra and Karam village, west of Yatta town in Hebron governorate. (Al-Quds 22 January 2016)
- Israeli settlers attacked Palestinian houses in Umm Al ‘Add area, west of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. The targeted area located near the Israeli settlers of Otni’el. (Al-Ayyam 23 January 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Beit ‘Amra village, south of Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli jail; Iyad Ad’es. (Wafa 28 January 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Beit ‘Awa town, west of Hebron city. (Orient FM 28 January 2016)
- Ownership Dispute of Contested Hebron Settler Homes Could Take 'Years' to Sort Out. Documents indicate buildings, which settlers moved into last week, were purchased from Arab owners in 2008 and then transferred to company owned by former Shin Bet agent. Officials in the Civil Administration who are examining the purchase of the two buildings in Hebron that Jewish settlers
moved into and were evicted from last week say the transaction should be registered with the Civil Administration’s initial registration committee, a process that could take years, Haaretz has learned. Last Thursday settlers moved into the buildings, which they claimed were purchased by Al-Aydun al-Akarat, a company owned by former Shin Bet security service agent Assaf Nehmad. Israeli security forces removed the settlers the following day, on the orders of Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon. He cited their failure to obtain a permit of transaction, as required under the military orders that prevail in the occupied territories. On Sunday, after several cabinet members protested, Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu said the settlers would be allowed to return after the necessary permits were obtained. Documents submitted to the Civil Administration indicate that the buildings were purchased in 2008 from their owners (whose identities are known to Haaretz) by the Israel Land Fund, which purchases property from Arabs. In 2012 the houses were transferred to Al-Aydun al-Akarat, which the same year erroneously claimed to have purchased Beit Hamakhpela, near the Tomb of the Patriarchs in Hebron in 2012. A meeting on the issue is scheduled for Thursday in Ya’alon’s office. Sources in the Defense Ministry say the Civil Administration has not received all the documents it needs to review the transaction permit application, such as the surveyor’s map. According to Civil Administration planners, in any event registration of the properties must go through the initial registration committee. The full registration process could take several years. The initial registry committee deliberated for three and a half years on the claims surrounding the purchase of Beit Hamakhpela before determining that its purchase was not proved. Knesset members Oren Hazan (Likud) and Bezalel Smotrich (Habayit Hayehudi) said they were ending their boycott of Knesset votes, called to protest the eviction of the Hebron settlers, after Netanyahu ordered the formation of a new committee for settlement affairs and promised the settlers’ return to the buildings after the purchase documents were sorted out. A number of Knesset votes were postponed as a result of the boycott by Hazan and Smotrich. “I trust the prime minister to complete the process of approving the sales documents, as he promised,” Hazan said. (Haaretz 28 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Beit ‘Awa town, west of Hebron city. One of the targeted houses are owned by Mohammad Abed Al Hamed Al Masalmah. (Wafa 30 January 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the northern entrance of Hebron city and at the entrances of Sair an Hahlul towns in Hebron
The Israeli Violations in Hebron Governorate during the month of February 2016

The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 30 January 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Tareq Ben Ziyed junction at the southern area of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 31 January 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out military order to halt the construction in a 160 square meters under construction house in Wad Ash-Shaikh area, near Jerusalem-Hebron road, in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by Osama Mohammad Salem Al ‘Alami. During the operation, the Israeli Army seized a number of construction materials. (NBPRS 31 January 2016)

The Israeli Violations in Hebron Governorate during the month of February 2016

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Khirebt Al Hawala and At-Taban area, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city, and took photos for a number of tents. During the operation, the IOA informed the residents that they will receive the demolition orders within the next week. (Wafa 1 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a Palestinian house in Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Ibrahim Samir Ibrahim As Skafi. (Wafa 2 February 2016)
- Israeli settlers assaulted and injured Mohammad Rasmi Al Hadad (21 years) while he was near the Israeli settlement of “Qiryat Arba”, east of Hebron city. (Wafa 2 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished 23 residential structures, 5 solar panels and 5 bathrooms in Janba, Al Fekahit and Al Halawa areas, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. (ARIJ & Wafa 2 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrances of Ad-Dhahiriya and Halhul towns and at the northern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 2 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Ma’in village, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city, and assaulted the residents. The IOA also, fired teargas and stun grenades at houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wattan 3 February 2016)
Israel Demolishes 23 Homes in Hebron Area to Make Way for IDF Training Zones. Latest development in multiyear battle leaves 60 children, 18 adults without dwellings. The Civil Administration in the West Bank on Tuesday demolished 23 homes and three outhouses in the southern Hebron hills villages of Jinba and Halawa. According to Israeli activists who reached Jinba by midday, shortly after the demolitions, 78 people had been living in the newly-built homes, including 60 children. These are two of the 12 villages in the area that have been waging a legal battle for 17 years in an attempt to prevent their evacuation and demolition so they can be used as army training areas. The European Union has been closely following the villagers’ campaign, and has repeatedly stated it would view their evacuation as a coerced uprooting of a protected population, a contravention of international law. On Monday morning, the State Prosecution and lawyers for the Association of Civil Rights in Israel (ACRI), as well as the villagers’ attorney Shlomo Lecker, announced that a bridging process started in October 2013 had failed. To the shocked surprise of residents and lawyers, within hours of informing the High Court of Justice of this development, Civil Administration officials arrived in these two villages and marked 40 dwellings for demolition. Less than 24 hours later they returned, accompanied by the army, and started destroying these structures. They also temporarily blocked a road leading to Jinba and confiscated vehicles and five solar panels. The bridging procedure, mediated by law professor Yitzhak Zamir, was suggested by the High Court of Justice. The two sides were sworn to secrecy during this process. However, the Society of St. Yves learned that during the procedure the army demanded that residents leave their homes for a few days each month so that military exercises could be held in the area. The residents objected, leading to the termination of the bridging process. Prior to the process, the state’s position was that residents of eight villages must move to the village of Yatta permanently, allowing them to cultivate their land and graze their sheep in the area at times when the army was not conducting exercises there, namely on weekends and Jewish holidays. Two more periods for cultivation and grazing would also be allowed during the year. Permanent residence in the villages would not be permitted. The residents of four other smaller villages were permitted to remain in the area, according to the state’s position in 2012. The demolition was interrupted and did not extend to all 40 structures that were slated for demolition after the Society of St. Yves – the Catholic Center for Human Rights – filed a petition to halt the demolitions with the High Court of Justice on Tuesday morning. The court issued a temporary injunction until the state’s reply is received in seven days. All the structures demolished on Tuesday
were newly constructed dwellings, built in 2014 while the bridging process was in progress. They were made of concrete bricks, with corrugated tin roofs. Israel has not developed any construction plans for these villages, which have been there since the 19th century. Thus, any construction there is deemed illegal. However, natural growth and overcrowding have compelled residents to build even without permits. Fifteen of the demolished structures were in Jinba and the rest in Halawa. Many were built with financing provided by European and other foreign agencies. All 12 villages in the area developed naturally from settlements of cave-dwellers, who had originally inhabited the numerous caves in the area. These outlying areas of the adjacent town of Yatta started developing by the mid-19th century. In some of these villages, stone houses were already built before 1967. The residents always maintained social, family and economic ties with Yatta. The area around these villages was already declared a closed military zone back in the late 1970s. Only permanent residents were allowed to dwell there. In August and September 1999 most of the villagers received evacuation orders, based on the claim that they were “illegally residing within a live-fire zone.” The authorities informed them that they were deemed “intruders into a fire range.” On November 16, 1999 the army forcibly removed 700 residents, destroying houses and wells, as well as confiscating property. The residents were left without homes or any means of making a living. Attorney Roni Pelli from ACRI expressed her regret that “the day after the end of the bridging process the army rushed to demolish so many structures, leaving dozens of children, women and men without a roof over their heads in the coldest month of the year.” A defense official told Haaretz that the structures that were demolished and the solar panels that were confiscated “were erected without permits within the firing zone.” He added that “during the bridging process conducted by the Civil Administration to settle the matter of these structures, residents were unwilling to reach a settlement, while continuing with their illegal construction. This led to enforcement of the law”. (Haaretz 3 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Haitham Ismail Al Bo (17 years) in Halhul town, north of Hebron city. (Al-Quds 5 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished two residential tents in Susiya village, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. The targeted tents are owned by Nasser Ahmed Shreteh. (Al-Quds 5 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) issued a military order to demolish a Palestinian house in Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Ihab Medwada. (RB2000 5 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out a military order to demolish a Palestinian house in Beit ‘Amra village, south of Hebron city. The targeted house owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner; Murad ‘Ad’ees. (Maannews 5 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) extended the closure in Tal Ar-Rumida neighborhood and Ash-Shuhada street in Hebron city. The IOA handed out the workers in “Youth Against Settlement” in the aforementioned area a military order to extend the closure in the area. (Maannews 5 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented a Palestinian family to enter their house, which located inside the border of “Beit Al Baraka”, north of Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. The IOA changed the lock of the main door. (RB2000 7 February 2016)

• A Palestinian was injured after the Israeli Army opened fire at him while he was riding his bicycle at the main entrance of Bani Na’im village in Hebron governorate. (RB2000 7 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by Yousif At-Titi. (Wafa 8 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in several areas and neighborhoods in Hebron city, Deir Samit and Sair towns. (Wafa 8 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the school in Al Fekhit village, east of Yatta town south of Hebron city. The IOA also, detained a number of workers and confiscated a vehicle. (Wafa 8 February 2016)


• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the northern entrance of Hebron city, and at the main entrances of Halhul and Sair towns. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 8 February 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the Ibrahimi mosque in Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 9 February 2016)
• Israeli settlers living in Avigail outpost assaulted and injured a Palestinian shepherd; Khader ‘Awes Hamad (65 years), while he was at Shu’b Al Batem area, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. (Wafa 9 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the northern entrance of Hebron city and at the entrances of Sair and Hahlul towns and Al Fawar refugee camp. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 9 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Wadi Nanqar area, west of Hebron city, and took photos for the area and the water wells. (Wafa 10 February 2016)

• Omar Younis Madi (15 years) was killed during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. (Wafa 10 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched the headquarter of Palestinian Red Crescent Society in Idhna town, northwest of Hebron city. (Wafa 11 February 2016)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked two Palestinian schools located near the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron. The IOA also, fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wattan 11 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with earth mounds all the entrances of Khallit Al Maya village, northeast of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. The IOA prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the village. (Wafa 11 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the mourners of a funeral in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the operation, the IOA closed the iron gate at the entrance of the town, and occupied the roof of a Palestinian house owned by Ahmed Younis Abu ‘Ayash. (RB2000 & Raya 12 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed a Palestinian girl; Kalzar Mohammad Abed Al Halem Azmi Al ‘Awiwi (18 years) from Hebron city, while she was near the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron. (Maannews 13 February 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the clashes, an Israeli jeep ran over a Palestinian child (12 years). (NBPRS & Safa 14 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire and injured Yassem At-Tamimi (14 years) after crossing 160 military checkpoint, near the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron. (Al-Quds 14 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Na’im Ahmed Yousif Safi (17 years) from Al Ubidiya town, east of Bethlehem city, while he was crossing Mazmuriya military checkpoint, northeast of Bethlehem city. (Maannews 14 February 2016)
• Israeli Civil Administration handed out military orders to stop the construction in two Palestinian houses in Al Baq’a area, east of Hebron city. Noted that the targeted houses located near the Israeli settlement of Qiryat Arba. The targeted houses are owned by Nimir Fahmi Jaber and Hani Salem Fadel Jaber. (Wafa 14 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the northern entrance of Hebron city, and at the entrances of Sair and Halhul towns. (Raya 16 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Halhul town, north of Hebron city. one of the targeted houses is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli jail; Maher Al Hashlamun. Noted that the IOA sized about 15 thousand shekel from the house. (Maannews 18 February 2016)
• Israeli bulldozers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Janba, Al Halawa and Al Marker area in Masafer yatta, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city, and razed tens dunums of Palestinian agricultural lands, under the claim that the targeted land located near the route of the Israeli segregation wall. The targeted land owned by: Al ‘Amuri, Rab‘I, Jabaren, Mohammad, Housha, Abu Aram and Abu Sobe families. (Al-Quds 18 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) forced a Palestinian farmer to leave his land in Wad Abu Ar-Rish area, near the Israeli settlement of Beit ‘Ayin, north of Beit Ummer town in Hebron governorate. (Maannews 20 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest against the closure of the streets in the old city of Hebron. (Wafa 20 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in several areas in Idhna and Ad-Dhahiriya towns in Hebron governorate. (Wafa 21 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 21 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out military orders to demolish two residential tents, three houses and three animal sheds in At-Taban and Al Fakhit
areas in Masafer Yatta, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. The targeted structures are owned by: Mohiy and Mohammad Ayoub, and Yassir and Akram Abu Sobeh. (Shasha News 22 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrances of Sair and Halhul towns and at the northern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 22 February 2016)

- Israeli bulldozers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Deir Samir village, west of Hebron city, and demolished a Palestinian house owned by the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli jail; Mohammad Al Hroub. (Maannews 23 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a Palestinian house in Dura town, west of Hebron city. The targeted house owned by the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail; Raid Al Masalmah. (Maannews 23 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrances of Halhul and Sair towns and at the northern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 23 February 2016)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demonstrated in Al Fakhit and Al Majaz areas in Masafer Yatta, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city, and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. (Orient FM 24 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Al Majd village in Hebron governorate and took photos for the house. The targeted house is owned by the Palestinian prisoner; Mamdouh Amro. (Maannews & Wafa 25 February 2016)

- Israeli settlers assaulted and injured a number of Palestinians while they were near the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron. Two of the targeted Palestinians identified as: Wael Al Fakhouri and his sister Naiila. (Orient FM 25 February 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (ARN 26 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest against the closure of Ash-Shuhada street in the old city of Hebron. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases. During the operation, the IOA arrested a Palestinian lawyer; Farid Al Atrash amd a Palestinian journalist; Mohammad Jaradat (25 years). (Al-Quds & Orient FM 26 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Hebron city. The targeted houses are owned by: An-Natsha, Al Bayater, Al Qawasmi, Sider and Abu ‘Asha families. (Al-Quds 27 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the headquarter of Gazala company for construction in Beit Za’ta area, east of Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city, and seized a tool used to cut the iron. (NBPRS 28 February 2016)
• Israeli high court ordered to demolish a Palestinian house in Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr Ibrahim Skafi. (Safa 29 February 2016)

Qalqilyia Governorate (December 2015 - February 2016)

The Israeli Violations in Qalqilyia Governorate during the month of December 2015

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a sudden checkpoint at the entrance of Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. (RB2000 1 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at a Palestinian house in Qalqiliyah city, causing the torch of the house. The targeted house is owned by Ziyad Mulhem. The IOA also, fired teargas grenades at Al ‘Awda school in An-Nawar neighborhood, causing dozens of suffocation cases among the students. (Raya 2 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched tens of Palestinian houses in Jayyus village, northeast of Qalqiliyah city. (PNN 3 December 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Naqar neighborhood west of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury f 5 Palestinians and more than 100 suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 3 December 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in An-Naqar neighborhood, west of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing about 200 suffocation cases and the injury of 44 Palestinians. (Wattan 4 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kaf Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing a number of suffocation cases (RB2000 4 December 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at An Naqar neighborhood, west of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired teargas and stun
grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 6 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Authorities issued orders to demolish 11 Palestinian houses in An-Naqqar neighborhood, west of Qalqiliyah city. Ten of the targeted houses are owned by: Mohammad Adel ‘Anayah, Mu’men Ja’idi, Aded Al Karem Ja’idi, Amir Jabarah, Abu Imad Ad-Dalo, Yasser Da’as, Mohammad Nofal, Abed Al Halem Ja’idi, Sameh ‘Anayah and Siham Qatawi. (Wafa & Maannews 7 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses and offices in Qalqiliya city. (Maannews 10 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired metal bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three Palestinians. (ARN 11 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Azzun village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 11 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrance of Qalqiliya city, Jinsafut and Azzun villages. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 13 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 18 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired live bullets, causing the injury of Yazan Abdalla Shtiwi (15 years). (Wafa 25 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Azun village, east of Qalqilia city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three Palestinians. (Maannews 27 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Azzun village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 5 Palestinians. (Wafa 29 December 2015)

**The Israeli Violations in Qalqilyia Governorate during the month of January 2016**
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Azzun village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired metal bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (Wafa 1 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the Segregation wall and settlements in Kaf Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian journalist. (Wafa 1 January 2016)

• Five Palestinians were injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at their house in Jayyus village, northeast of Qalqiliyah city. Noted that the targeted house was torched. (Al-Quds 5 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) issued an order to confiscate 93 dunums of Palestinian land in An-Nabi Elias and Azzun villages, west of Qalqiliyah city, to construct a new colonial road for the Israeli settlers. (PNN 6 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (PNN 8 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of houses in Azun village, east of Qalqiliyah city and fired teargas grenades. (Al-Quds 13 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA used live bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of Mahmoud Hikmat (17 years). (Maannews 15 January 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 17 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished two animal sheds in Jinsafut village, east of Qalqiliyah city, and handed out military order to demolish a house. The targeted sheds and the house are owned by: Hamed. During the operation, the IOA fired rubber bullets at Palestinians, causing the injury of two. The IOA arrested one of the house owner’s son. (Shasha News 18 January 2016)
The Israeli Civil Administration submitted a building scheme in Al Quds Daily Newspaper for Public Review\(^3\). The Regional Plan No. (7/4/149) in Tzofim settlement, Mandate scheme 15-S, and 149/4, parts of basin number 3, which is a part of Jayyus village northeast of Qalqiliyah city. The plan change the status of land from agrcultural area to future residnial areas and to construct roads. (Al-Quds 1 January 2013)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Jayyus village, east of Qalqiliyah city, and fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians and their houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 22 January 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western part of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Orient FM 22 January 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of two Palestinians. (Al-Quds 22 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the operation, the IOA closed with earth mounds a road inside the village. (Wafa 29 January 2016)

The Israeli Violations in Qalqilya Governorate during the month of February 2016

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, causing the injury of two Palestinians. (Al-Quds 5 February 2016)

- Israeli settlers living in Karni Shomron settlement attacked a Palestinian from Azzun village, east of Qalqiliyah city, which he was traveling at Nablus – Qalqiliyah road. (Al-Quds 11 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city.

\(^3\) It is the last step before approving the building scheme, after which, building permits and tenders may be issued.
city. during the operation, the IOA detained and assaulted two Palestinian journalists; Ayman Nubani and Mohammad Turabi, and confiscated their cameras. (Al-Quds & Orient FM 12 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Izbit At-Tabib village, east of Qalqiliyah city and threatened the residents to demolish their properties if they demonstrated against the construction of the new road links to the Israeli bypass road No.55. Noted that the new road will confiscate about 100 dunums of land owned by Palestinians in Azzun and An-Nabi Elias villages in Qalqiliyah governorate. (Maannews 13 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired stun and teargas grenades at the participants. (PNN 19 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (PNN 26 February 2016)

**Tubas Governorate (December 2015 - February 2016)**

**The Israeli Violations in Tubas Governorate during the month of December 2015**

- An Israeli settler living in Rotem settlement assaulted a Palestinian shepherd while he was at Al Bayoud area in the northern of Jordan valley, and hit by his vehicle a sheep; owned by Suliman Ka’abnah. (RB2000 1 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) confiscated a number of tents owned by the Palestinians in Al Hadidiya area, southeast of Tubas city. Noted that the tents funded by the EU. The IOA also, handed out a military order to stop the construction in an agricultural road in Khirbet Ad-Dair area, in the northern of Jordan valley, and demolished two tents in Al Hadidiya area. (Pal Info 4 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Al Far’a refugee camp, south of Tubas city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinian causing a number of suffocation cases and the injury of 3 Palestinians, identified as: Muhammed Maslamani (46 years), Ahmed Haresh (22 years) and Mohammad Hamza (20 years). During the clashes, the
IOA invaded a Palestinian house owned by Mustafah Maslamani and arrested his son Iyad (30 years). (Maannews & Wafa 9 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) seized a donkey while it was near Al Hamammat military base in the northern of Jordan valley. (Wafa 13 December 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Maskiyyot settlement lets go their wild dogs at a Palestinian shepherd; Rami Darahma (18 years), while he was near the aforementioned settlement. Noted that Mr. Darahma was injured. (Wafa 13 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Tammun village, south of Tubas city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner; Mahmoud Fesal Bsharat. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 & Wafa 20 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) forced Nabil Daraghma to demolish an animal shed in Um Al Jamal area in the northern of Jordan valley. (Wafa 25 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) seized the ID card owned by Nabil Daraghman from Umm Al Jamal area in the northern of Jordan valley. (Wafa 25 December 2015)

The Israeli Violations in Tubas Governorate during the month of January 2016

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed two Palestinians while they were crossing Al Hamra military checkpoint in the northern of Jordan valley. The martyrs were identified as Ali Abu Maream (26 years) and Said Abu Al Wafi (38 years). Maannews & Al-Quds 9 January 2016

- Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished four agricultural structures and a water well in Khirbet Yarza in the northern of Jordan valley. The targeted structures are owned by: Mahmoud Maslamani, Musa Ali Al ‘Einbousi, Abu Fesal Masa’eed and Adnan Abu Muheen. While the water-well funded by an Italian church to benefit the residents in the aforementioned area. (NBPRS 14 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out military trainings in Ar-Ras Al Akhdar and Ibziq areas in the northern of Jordan valley, for the second day in a row. (Wafa 27 January 2016)
For more 2 weeks the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out military trainings near Tayasir village and Al Aqaba area, east of Tubas city. (Wafa 27 January 2016)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) seized three bulldozers and three trucks owned by Al Jara’e company while working in the construction of an agricultural road in Deir Al Hadoudiya area, east of Ein Al Beida village in the northern of Jordan valley. The IOA threatened the workers and prevented them from working in the area under the claim that the targeted area classified by the Israeli Authorities as “Closed military area”. (Pal Info 29 January 2016)

Israeli settlers stormed Kirbet Al Burj in Wadi Al Maleh area, in the northern of Jordan valley and carried out provocative actions, where they closed roads and attacked Palestinians. (Safa 29 January 2016)

The Israeli Violations in Tubas Governorate during the month of February 2016

- Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished 7 barracks and tents in Al Maksar area near Furush Beit Dajan village, in the northern of Jordan valley. (RB2000 & Raya 4 February 2016)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tubas city. The IOA used teargas and stun grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 9 February 2016)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) Tayasir village, northeast of Tubas city. The IOA used teargas and stun grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 9 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a residential tent located near Al Hamra military checkpoint in the northern of Jordan valley. (B’Tselem 10 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished 11 residential tents and 16 animal sheds and agricultural barracks in Khallit Khader area in Al Farisiya village, in the northern of Jordan valley. (Wafa & Raya 11 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished a residential caravan and two stores in Bardala village in Tubas governorate. (Al Quds Press 11 February 2016)
- Israeli bulldozers demolished a residential tent and four animal sheds in Ein Al Beida village in the northern of Jordan valley. (B’Tselem & Al-Quds Press 11 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a number of Palestinian farmers in Al Farisiya area in the northern of Jordan valley, and confiscated a number of tents. (RB2000 14 February 2016)
• Yaser Hassan (11 years) from Tayasir village, northeast of Tubas city, was injured after an Israeli bomb explode near his family house. Noted that the IOA carried out the military trainings in the Palestinian areas, where they used live bullets and bombs. (NBPRS 14 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) seized a vehicle owned by Musa Abu Tabekh while he was crossing Al Hamra military checkpoint in the northern of Jordan valley. (Wafa 28 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished four residential tents in Al Farisiya village in the northern of Jordan valley. The targeted tents inhabited by 20 family members. (Pal Today & Wattan 29 February 2016)
• Jordan Valley Settlers Took 150 Acres From Palestinians in 2015. Israeli army, civil administration were apparently unaware of new land grabs. During 2015, Jordan Valley settlements appropriated 600 dunams (150 acres) of Palestinian farmland in an area that is off-limits to Palestinians for “security reasons”. After the West Bank was occupied in 1967, the Israel Defense Forces issued Military Order 151, which prohibits Palestinians from entering the area between the border fence and the Jordan River. This order remained in effect even after the signing of the peace treaty with Jordan. The area contains tens of thousands of dunams of Palestinian-owned land that was cultivated by the Palestinians until they were shut out. Because the Jordan River passes through the area, the land is especially fertile and good for agriculture. In the early 1980s, the Ministerial Committee on Settlement Affairs issued a resolution permitting armed Jewish residents of the Jordan Valley to cultivate government-owned land in the area. Ariel Sharon instructed settler leaders to cultivate the entire area, going beyond the provisions of the resolution. In January 2013, Haaretz reported that 5,000 dunams of these lands were being cultivated by the settlers, many of them after receiving land allocations from the World Zionist Organization in the ‘80s. In the wake of that report, two petitions were submitted to the High Court of Justice. During the hearings on those petitions it emerged that some of the plots from which the Palestinians were being blocked were actually west of the border fence. A new, corrected order is meant to be issued shortly. As for the Palestinian plots that are being farmed by settlers, the state refused to take a position and instead is trying to come to an agreement with the Palestinians on compensation, so far without success. Now it turns out that despite the High Court hearings and the efforts by the IDF General Staff to address the issue, in 2015 settlers began cultivating an additional 600 dunams owned by Palestinians in three different parts of the border zone. Until Haaretz contacted them, neither the army nor the Civil Administration was aware of the new land grabs, and it is not
clear what they plan to do about it. Last month, settlement researcher and left-wing activist Dror Etkes criticized what he called “the harmonious coexistence between what is called ‘security concerns’ and the ongoing enterprise of theft and expropriation [of Palestinian lands] by the government, which has flourished for the past 50 years”. As Etkes put it, “We can assume that had they not petitioned the court, the situation would have stayed the same for many more years”. Taufiq Jabrin, a lawyer representing some of the Palestinians, said “the state pretty much confessed to doing something illegal, but they have yet to decide what they want to do with it .... There is nothing to talk about, we want our land back”. (Haaretz 29 February 2016)

**Ramallah Governorate (December 2015 - February 2016)**

**The Israeli Violations in Ramallah Governorate during the month of December 2015**

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of Beit ‘Ur Al Fuqa village, west of Ramallah city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wattan 1 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched tens of Palestinian houses in Sateh Marhaba neighborhood in Al Bireh city. (RB2000 4 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village in Ramallah governate. The IOA fired sponge rubber bullets and teargas grenades at participants and Palestinian houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of four Palestinians. (RB2000 4 December 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the Israeli jail of Ofar, in Beituniya town in Ramallah governorate. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 9 Palestinians. (RB2000 4 December 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Jabal At-Tawel neighborhood, east of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades at Palestinians and houses. (RB2000 4 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Abed Ar Rahman Wajeh Al Barghouthi (27 years) from Abud village, northwest of Ramallah city, after stopping him at a military checkpoint erected near the aforementioned village. (Al-Quds 4 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Anas Bassam Hamad (21 years) from Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city, while he was at the western entrance of Silwad town. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing the injury of 5 Palestinians, included a Palestinian journalist; Shatha Hamad. (Wattan & Al-Quds 4 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the main with earth mounds the eastern and main entrance of Abud village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the village. (RB2000 & Al-Quds 4 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched two Palestinian houses in Abud village, northwest of Ramallah city. One of the targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Abed Ar-Rahman Wajeh Al Barghouthi. (Pal Today 7 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a Palestinian house in Silwad town, northwest of Ramallah city, and threatened the residents to demolish their house. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr: Anas Hamed. (Pal Today 7 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Al Mughayyir village, northeast of Ramallah city, and destroyed the house consist. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli jail; Bassem An-Na’ssan. During the operation, the IOA arrested Bassel Munir and transferred him to unknown location. (Pal Today 7 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Beitin village, northeast of Ramallah city, questioned the residents and assaulted them. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr: Saji Darwish (19 years). The IOA also, fired teargas grenades inside the house. (Maannews 8 December 2015)

• A 10 years old Palestinian child was seriously injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the main entrance of Al Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah city. The IOA used live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Maannews 8 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at a military checkpoint erected at the western entrance of Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city, opened fire at a Palestinian vehicle carried 6 children. (Zamn Press 10 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah
city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and tear gas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (Wattan 11 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Abud village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live bullets and tear gas grenades, causing the injury of two Palestinians. (Wafa 11 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber and sponge bullets, and tear gas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of Hamdi Abu Rahma, a Palestinian journalist, and Kifah Mansour. (ARN 11 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Nilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired metal bullets and tear gas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of three Palestinians. (Al-Ayyam 11 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Turmus‘ayya village, north of Ramallah city. (Al Ayyam 12 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Silwad town, east of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and tear gas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 22 Palestinians. (ARN 11 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the Israeli Jail of Ofar, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live bullets, tear gas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses. (Maannews & Pal Info 12 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Ramallah city and stationed in the central of the city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets and tear gas grenades, causing the injury of 5 Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA invaded and searched the store of Al Maktaba Al Eilmia and confiscated the security cameras. The IOA also, arrested Mutaz Abu Kwik. (Al-Quds & Maannews 11 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the entrances of Rantis and An-Nabi Saleh villages in Ramallah governorate. (Al-Quds 11 December 2015)

- For the second day in a row, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a science supply store, Al Makraba Al Eilmia, in Ramallah city, and seized the computer devices. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets, tear gas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses. (Maannews & Pal Info 12 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest against the Israeli closure of the eastern entrance of Abud town, northwest of Ramallah city. The
IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 12 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Al Lubban Al Gharbiya village, northwest of Ramallah city. The targeted house owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail; Mohammad Abed Al Halem Abed Al Hamed Abu Salem (37 years). (Wattan 12 December 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near DCO military checkpoint, at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 12 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Al Janiya village, west of Ramallah city and fired teargas grenades at Palestinian houses, causing a number of suffocation cases, included a Palestinian child. During the operation, the IOA assaulted and injured two Palestinians, identified as: Yousif Shabaiyeh and Yazan Madloum. (Al-Quds & Pal Today 13 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the western entrance of Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles. (Wattan 13 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) seized equipment from a Palestinian vehicle after stopping it at a military checkpoint erected by the IOA at the western entrance of Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. The targeted vehicle is owned by Jehad Ghaliun Hamed. (Raya 15 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Al Lubban Al-Gharbiya village, northwest of Ramallah city, and fire teargas and stun grenade at Palestinian houses causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the operation, the IOA closed all the entrances and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the village. (Al-Quds 15 December 2015)

• For the 12 days in a row, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) still closed the main entrance of Abud village, northwest of Ramallah city. (Orient FM 15 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Qalandiya refugee camp, south of Ramallah city and killed two Palestinians, identified as: Ahmed Jahaja (21 years) and Hikmat Hamdan. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of four Palestinians. During the operation, the IOA stormed and searched three Palestinian houses owned by the families of martyrs; Laith Manasrah, Ahmed Abu Al ‘Aiesha and Mahmoud Adwan. The IOA also, arrested Mahmoud Nayif
Abu Latifah (26 years) and Diya Abed Al Qadir (Wafa & RB2000 16 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in several neighborhoods in Budrus village, northwest of Ramallah city. (Maannews 17 December 2015)

- For the second days in a row, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided Qalandiya refugee camp, south of Ramallah city. The IOA stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses and offices, and destroyed its consists. Nine of the targeted houses are owned by: Yacoub Assaf, Yassen Assaf, Said ‘Aslan, Ashrab Amaar, Laith ‘As’ad, Islam Zayed, Amir As-Saqa, Anwar Az-Zeir and Thair Abu Latifah. The IOA stormed also, Ar-Rajeh medical center, Abu Shadi store, Islam internet café. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (RB2000 & Maannews 17 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. During the clashes, the IOA raided a gas station and arrested a Palestinian. (Wafa 17 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out military orders in An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. (Wattan 18 December 2015)

- Four Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the eastern entrance of Beit Liqya village, southwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades. During the clashes, the IOA arrested a Palestinian after shooting him. (ARN 18 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Qalandiya refugee camp, south of Ramallah city. During the clashes the IOA arrested two Palestinians. (RB2000 18 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 18 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Shuqba village, northwest of Ramallah city. (Al-Quds 18 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Nilin village in Ramallah governorate. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three Palestinians. (Wafa & Al-Quds 18 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city.
The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing a number of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 18 December 2015)

- Jalal Showman (30 years) from Khirebt Abu Falah village in Ramallah governorate, was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at them while he was crossing Qalandiya military checkpoint, north of Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 18 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Mohammad Abed Ar-Rahman ‘Ayad (21 years) while he was at the western entrance of Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. After the operation, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. The IOA closed with earth mounds the western entrance of the town. (Wafa & Al-Quds 18 December 2015)

- Nash’at Asour (33 years) was killed during clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Sinjil village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA used live bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds & Wafa 18 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house un Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Mohammad Abed Ar-Rahman Ayad. Noted that the IOA informed the family that they will receive a demolition order very soon. During the operation, the IOA arrested Ghaleeb Warda (30 years) after raiding his house in Silwad town. (Wafa 20 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Sinjil village, north of Ramallah city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 20 December 2015)


- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the main entrance of An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city, and opened fire at Palestinian houses. (RB2000 20 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city, The IOA fire live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of Ahmed Jamal Qatnawi (14 years). (Wafa 21 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Deir Nidham village, north of Ramallah city. (Wafa 22 December 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Nahl’iel settlement attacked a Palestinian house in Beitillu village, northwest of Ramallah city, destroyed the windows and hurled...
teargas grenades inside the house. The targeted house is owned by Hussen An-Najar. The Israeli settlers also, wrote anti-Palestinian slogans in the walls of the house. Noted that the residents of the house (Hussen An-Najar and his wife and 9 month baby) were in the house when the settlers attacked it. (Wafa & Maannews 22 December 2015)

• For the four days in a row, the Israel Occupation Army (IOA) still close the main entrance of An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. (Wafa 22 December 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Mughayyir village, northeast of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 7 Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA occupied a Palestinian house and transferred it to a military base. The targeted house is owned by Ahmed Jaber Abu ‘Aliya. (Wafa 23 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured two Palestinians after stopping them at the entrance of Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. (Al-Quds 23 December 2015)

• Bilal Omar Ziyed was killed and 6 Palestinians were injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Qalandiya refugee camp, south of Ramallah city and clashed with the Palestinians. The IOA used live and rubber bullets to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 24 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Wissam Abu Ghwilah from Qalandiya refugee camp in Ramallah governorate, while he was near Adam settlement. (Wafa 24 December 2015)

• A 40 years old Palestinian was injured after an Israeli jeep ran over him while he was at the eastern entrance of Nilin village in Ramallah governorate. (NBPRS 25 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at the western entrance of Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city, shoot and killed Mahdiya Mohammad Ibrahim Hammad (40 years) while she was at the entrance of the town. (Wafa 25 December 2015)

• A Palestinian was injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the Israeli jail of Ofar, in Beituniya town in Ramallah governorate. The IOA used metal bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 25 December 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas
grenades and rubber bullets, causing a number of suffocation cases and the injury of four Palestinians. (Wafa 25 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 25 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Qalandiya refugee camp, south of Ramallah city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA stormed and searched three Palestinian houses owned by the families of martyrs; Adnan Abu Habsa, Issa Assaf and Wissam Abu Ghwila. (RB2000 & Wafa 25 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Nilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three Palestinians. (Al Ayyam, 25 December 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at the western entrance of Deir Nidham village, north of Ramallah city, chanted anti-Palestinian slogans and carried out provocative actions. (Wafa 25 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) re-closed the entrance of Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city, after the residents re-open it. (ARN 25 December 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city, after the funeral of the Palestinian martyr; Mahdiya Hamad (40 years). The IOA fired spongy and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 6 Palestinians. (Wafa 26 December 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Beit El settlement hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles traveling at Al Bireh-Al Jalazoun road. (Al-Quds 27 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Qalandiya refugee camp, south of Ramallah city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of two Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA arrested three Palestinians after storming their houses in the camp. The arrestees were identified as: Thair Wajeh Mansour, Mohammad Sobeh and Mutasem Badriya. (Wafa & Maannews 28 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched more than 10 Palestinian houses in Qalandiya refugee camp, south of Ramallah city. Clashes erupted
between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets. During the operation the IOA arrested three Palestinians, two of them were identified as: Mu’men Al Qaz’a and Osama Hamad. (Maannews 29 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out a final military order to demolish a Palestinian house in Surda village, north of Ramallah city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Muhammad Al Halabi. (Maannews 29 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched three Palestinians houses in Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. The targeted houses are owned by: Suliman Mohammad Hamed, Omar Abed Al Ghani Hamed and Ali Nimir Hamed. (RB2000 30 December 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Adi Ad outpost kidnapped four Palestinians, while they were near Al Mughayyir village, northeast of Ramallah city. The Palestinian were identified as: Jehad Marzouq Abu Na’im, Ayham Riziq Abu Na’im, Na’man Ahmed Abu Na’im and Muhi Ad-Diyn Mahmoud Abu Na’im. (RB2000 30 December 2015)

The Israeli Violations in Ramallah Governorate during the month of January 2016

• Shadi Ghabesh (38 years) from Al Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah city, died of wounds he sustained during clashes with the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) few weeks ago. (NBPRS 1 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 1 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Nilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades causing dozens of suffocation cases. (PNN 8 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a Palestinian house owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Muhammad Al Halabi (19 years), in Surda village, north of Ramallah city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades and metal bullets, causing the injury of three Palestinians. (Maannews 9 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Budrus village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA stopped and questioned Palestinians. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets. (Safa 10 January 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Bir Zeit village, north of Ramallah city. (Safa 10 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the campus of Birzeit University in Birzeit village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA stormed and searched the headquarters of the student blocs in the University and destroyed all the consists. (Maannews 11 January 2016)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah city, after the IOA stormed and searched a number of houses. During the operation, the IOA arrested Osama Ibrahim Nakhla (38 years) and Mohammad Abu Zied. (Maannews & Al-Quds 13 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures at ‘Atara military checkpoint, north of Ramallah city. The IOA stopped, searched and detained Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 13 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint near Ein Siniya village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 13 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint near Hallamish settlement, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA stopped and detained Palestinian vehicles. (Wafa 13 January 2016)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds 15 January 2016)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. (Al-Quds 15 January 2016)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the Israeli jail of Ofra in Beituniya town in Ramallah governorate. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Al-Quds 15 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Nilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 15 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, west of Ramallah city. The
IOA used teargas grenades to attacks participants, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 15 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the main entrance of An-Nabi Saleh village, northwest of Ramallah city. (Al-Quds 16 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Kafr Ni’ma village, west of Ramallah city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wattan 17 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided Budrus village, northwest of Ramallah city and fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinian houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wattan 17 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest to support the Palestinian prisoner; Mohammad Al Qaq, at the entrance of Ofar jail, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (PNN 17 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished three commercial structures in Kharbatha Al Misbah village, west of Ramallah city. The targeted structures are owned by: Jamal Daraj (owned a garage), Hamdi Karker (owned a mini market) and Ahmed Al Habiya. Noted that the targeted structures located near the Israeli bypass road No. 443. (RB2000 18 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched about 14 Palestinian houses in Beit Rima village in Ramallah governorate. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, live and rubber bullets. The targeted houses are owned by: Hazem Taher Ar-Rimawi, Tamim Hussen Ar-Rimawi, Zaghoul Khateb Ar-Rimawi, Mahmoud Sadeq Ar-Rimawi, Saqir Rashed Ar-Rimawi, Samah Fares Ar-Rimawi, ‘Akif Zuhdi Ar-Rimawi, Akram Salah Al Barghouthi, Afdal Falah Al Barghouthi, Hikmat, Bahjat and Immsat Ar-Rimawi and Mujahed Qadoura Ar-Rimawi. (Al-Quds & ARN 20 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military orders to stop the construction in 5 Palestinian houses in Budrus village, west of Ramallah city. (Safa 20 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented the residents of ‘Abud village, north of Ramallah city, from erecting a Memorial for the Palestinian martyr: Abed Ar-Rahman Al Barghouthi. The IOA attacked Palestinians by firing teargas grenades and rubber bullets. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (Raya 22 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city.
The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians, causing the injury of a Palestinian, and dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 22 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Nilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA used teargas grenades to attack Palestinians causing a number of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 22 January 2016)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of AL Bireh city. (Al-Quds 22 January 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the main entrance of An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city, and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the village. The IOA also, attacked the weekly non-violent protest against segregation wall and settlements. (Wafa 22 January 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shot and killed Ibrahim Alan (23 years) from Beit ‘Ur At-Tahta village and Hussen Abu Ghoush (17 years) from Qalandiya refugee camp, while they were near the Israeli settlement of Beit Horon. (Wafa 25 January 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched Palestinian house in Qalandiya refugee camp, south of Ramallah city, and took photos for the house. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr: Hussen Abu Goush. (Wafa 27 January 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Beit ‘Ur At Tahta village, west of Ramallah city, and took photos for the house. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr Yousif ‘Alan. (Maannews 27 January 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA stopped, searched and detained a number of Palestinian vehicles, and checked ID cards. (Raya 27 January 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed “Beit ‘Ur – Beituniya” road which link between the western villages of Ramallah governorate with Ramallah city. (RB2000 27 January 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Birzeit village, north of Ramallah city, and questioned the residents. The targeted house is owned by Najeb Mahmoud Hassan. (RB2000 28 January 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Nilin village, northwest of Ramallah city.
The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of three Palestinians and 7 suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 29 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in areas and neighborhoods in Kafr Ein village, north of Ramallah city. (Wafa 29 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing a number of suffocation cases. (Wafa 29 January 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in An Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city, after the IOA attacked a non-violent protest to support the Palestinian prisoner in a hunger strike; Mohammad Al Qaq. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 12 participants. (Al-Quds 29 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed all the entrances of Al Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah city, and prevented Palestinians from entering the camp. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (Wattan 29 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at DSO military checkpoint, which located at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city, shoot and killed Amjad Jasser Sukari (29 years) from Al Jamna’in village, west of Nablus city, while he was crossing the checkpoint. (Wafa 31 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at a Palestinian vehicle near Mikabem military checkpoint at the Israeli bypass road No.443, west of Ramallah city. As a result, the Palestinian driver was seriously injured. (RB2000 31 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint near Ein Siniya village, at Ramallah- Nablus road, north of Ramallah city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards, and prevented Palestinians from crossing it. (Wafa 31 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the entrances of Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards, and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the village. (Wafa 31 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Authorities declared that they will prevented Palestinians, not holding ID cards from Ramallah and Al Bierh Governorate, from entering Ramallah city, starting from the 1st of February 2016. (Maannews 31 January 2016)
The Israeli Violations in Ramallah Governorate during the month of February 2016

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city, and tried to arrest a Palestinian, and assaulted others. (Maannews 2 February 2016)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Jabl At-Tawel area, east of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and live bullets, causing the injury of 14 years old Palestinian child. (Maannews 2 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished four Palestinian houses in Ein Ayoub area in Ras Karkar village in Ramallah governorate. Noted that the targeted houses inhabited by 22 family members. (Al-Ayyam 2 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military orders to evacuate 10 Palestinian families (70 Palestinians) from their houses in an area located in Al Mughayyir village, northeast of Ramallah city. (Al-Ayyam 2 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the main entrance of An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA also, razed the land around the entrance. (ARN 3 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished three agricultural structures, a water well, and a bathroom in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The targeted structures are owned by: Othamn Mansour and Ahmed Mohammad Hamad. (Wafa 4 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Nilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injured of three Palestinians and dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 5 February 2016)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 3 Palestinians. (Maannews 5 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 5 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed “At-Tira & Beit ‘Ur Al Fouqa” High school, which located between At-Tira and Beit Ur Al Fouqa villages, west of Ramallah city. The IOA chanted anti Palestinian slogans, and threatened the
teachers. The IOA erected a military checkpoint near the school. (Wafa 9 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided Beit ‘Ur At-Tahta village, west of Ramallah city and fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinian houses. During the operation, the IOA closed the main entrance of the village. (Maannews 10 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Beit ‘Ur At Tahta village, west of Ramallah city, and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the village. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired metal bullets and teargas grenades. The IOA also, invaded a Palestinian garage and destroyed its consist and three vehicles, and demolished an agricultural room owned by Sheikh Thaher. During the operation, the IOA arrested four Palestinians and summoned others to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police. The arrests were identified as: Shaher Abdalla Musa, Degham Yousif Al Barqash, Khalid Abed Al Barqash and Othman Mahmoud Othman. (Maannews 11 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with earth mounds “Beit ‘Ur At Tahta” road, west of Ramallah city. The targeted road used by the Palestinians who lives in Beit ‘Ur At Tahta, Beit Liqya, Kharbatha Al Musbah, Beit Sira and Saffa villages. (Wafa 11 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in a number of neighborhoods and areas in Ramallah and Al Bireh cities. (Al-Quds 12 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the Segregation wall and settlements in Nilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 4 Palestinians, one of them was seriously injured in the head, and identified as: Mamdouh Ayoub Srour. (Al-Quds & Orient FM 12 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village in Ramallah governorate. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 12 February 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the Israeli jail of “Ofar”, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 7 Palestinians. (Maannews 12 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Authorities issued a military order to demolish a Palestinian house in Beit ‘Ur At Tahta village, west of Ramallah city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Ibrahim Alayan (22 years). (RB2000 12 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement blocks Ramalla- Nablus road, near Al Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah city. (Wattan 14 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al ‘Am’ari refugee camp, south of Ramallah city and surrounded and stormed a Palestinian house, owned by Ayman Abu ‘Arab and arrested Ameen Abu Arab. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 28 Palestinians, 6 of them were seriously injured. During the operation, the IOA arrested five Palestinians, identified as: Diya’ Jaber, Baha Jaber, Wissam Jaber, Doud Suliman Haboub, and Nasser Al Hezi. (Maannews & RB2000 15 February 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at DCO military checkpoint, near Beit El settlement, east of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 17 February 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the Israeli military base of Ofar, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of a Palestinian. (Al-Quds 19 February 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Kharabatha Al Misbah village in Ramallah governorate. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases. Noted that the IOA still occupying two Palestinian houses in the village from more than 5 days, where they transformed the targeted houses to military bases. The targeted houses are owned by Iyad and Said Harfoush. (Al-Quds & ARN 19 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the Segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases. (ARN 19 February 2016)

• Iyham Bassam Ibrahim Sabah (14 years) and Salem Mahmoud Taha (14 years) were seriously injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot them while
they were near an Israeli supermarket in Sha’ar Benyamin settlement, southeast of Ramallah city. (ARN & RB2000 19 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied a Palestinian house in At-Tira village, southwest of Ramallah city, and transformed it to a military base. The targeted house owned by Mohammad Hussen Mohammad. Noted that the targeted house located near the Israeli settlement of Beit Horon. (RB2000 19 February 2016)

- Two Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah city. The IOA used live bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Ahmed Ayoub Abed (16 years). (Al-Quds 19 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Beituniya town in Ramallah governorate. One of the targeted houses is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli jail; Ayham Bassam Sabah (14 years). Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (Al-Quds 19 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at the western entrance of Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city, shoot and killed Abad Raid Hamad (22 years). (Al-Quds 19 February 2016)

- A Palestinian child was injured after an Israeli teargas grenade exploded in his face during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three Palestinians. (Wafa 21 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Ash-Shrfa area in Al Bireh city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA used live bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (PNN 21 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement blocks all the entrances of Sinjil village, north of Ramallah city. (Raya 22 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) to confiscate 6 dunums of Palestinian land in Beitin village, northeast of Ramallah city, to construct a military tower and base in the area. The targeted land located near the Israeli Bypass road No.60 in the section near the Israeli settlement of Beit El and the Israeli military checkpoint of “DCO”. (Al-Quds 23 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Beit Ur At Taha village, west of Ramallah city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Ibrahim ‘Alan. (RB2000 24 February 2016)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Rima village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live bullets and tear gas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Mujahed Khader Ar-Rimawi after raiding his house. (Wafa 25 February 2016)
• Israeli bulldozers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished 7 agricultural and commercial structures in Nilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. Noted that the targeted structures located near an Israeli road used by the Israeli settlers living in the Israeli settlements near Nilin village. (Safa & RB2000 25 February 2016)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the Israeli Jail of Ofar, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired tear gas and stun grenades, causing a number of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 26 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied a Palestinian house in Kharabatha Al Misbah village, west of Ramallah city, and transformed the house to a military base. The targeted house is owned by Ali Hussen Daraj. Noted that the targeted house located near the Israeli Bypass road No.443. (Orient FM 26 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Nilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, tear gas and stun grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Orient FM 26 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Mahmoud Mohammad Ali Sha’lan (17 years) from Deir Dibwan village, east of Ramallah city, while he was near the Israeli military checkpoint “DCO”, at the entrance of Beit El settlement. (Al-Quds 26 February 2016)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and tear gas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Al-Quds 26 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and tear gas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 26 February 2016)
Jericho Governorate (December 2015 - February 2016)

The Israeli Violations in Jericho Governorate during the month of January 2016

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military orders to demolish 5 residential structures and two animal sheds in Al Jiftlik village, north of Jericho city. The targeted structures are owned by: Suliman Ibrahim Jahaleen, Mir’I Eid Banu Odeh, Khalil Musa Jahaleen, Ali Odeh Ka’abnah and Najeh Odeh Ka’abnah. (Wafa 13 January 2016)

- The Minister of Defense Approves the Confiscation of 1500 Dunams. This morning the Army Radio reported that Minister of Defense Ya’alon authorized the declaration of 1,545 dunams south of Jericho as state land. This land has been overtaken by settlers years ago for the purpose of agricultural cultivations. According to the Army Radio the declaration will be published in the coming weeks. This is the largest declaration since August 2014, when 4,000 dunams in the Etzion Bloc area were declared as state lands, resulting in an international storm of criticism. Peace Now: Continued land confiscation by the Netanyahu government is a diplomatic catastrophe. The government’s decision is another step on the way to destroy the possibility for a two state solution. Netanyahu is being dragged by Naftali Bennett and begins a silence annexation of area C. (Peace Now 20 January 2016)

- Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished three residential structures located at the eastern part of Jericho city. The targeted structures are owned by: Jamal Mohammad Jahaleen. (Al-Ayyam 21 January 2016)

The Israeli Violations in Jericho Governorate during the month of February 2016

- Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished three residential structures and an agricultural barracks and 9 animal sheds in Arab Al Ka’abnah community, in Ash-Shuna area in Al Jiftlik village, north of Jericho city. The targeted structures inhabited by 25 Palestinians. (B’Tselem & Wafa & Wattan 10 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a residential tent in Al Fasaial village in Jericho governorate. (B’Tselem 11 February 2016)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed “Al Diyouk archaeological site” in Jericho city. (RB2000 19 February 2016)

- Zeinab Ar-Rashida (60 years) was killed and her daughter; Fatma Yassen (30 years) was injured after an Israeli settler hit them with his vehicle while they
were crossing the main road in Al ‘Auja village in Jericho governorate. Noted that the Palestinian martyr and her daughter from Arab Ar-Rashayida village in Bethlehem governorate. (Maannews 24 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed “Al Mu’arajat” road, the western road led to Jericho city. The IOA prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the city by using this road. (ARN 26 February 2016)

**Salfit Governorate (December 2015 - February 2016)**

**The Israeli Violations in Salfit Governorate during the month of December 2015**

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a Palestinian house owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail; Abed Al Azizi Hamad Mar’aI, in Qarawat Bani Hassan village, north of Salfit city and notified them that the IOA will demolish their house. (Pal Today 7 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of Palestinian commercial stores in Kafl Haris village in Salfit governorate. (Raya 8 December 2015)

- Israeli settlers from Arial industrial zone razed Palestinian land in Bruqin village, west of Salfit city and stole the soil. (NBPRS 8 December 2015)

- **First Declaration of State Land Since the Establishment of the Current Government.** Peace Now learned today that last month the Head of the Government Property at the Civil Administration declared of the Palestinian villages of Jinsafut and Dir Istya as state lands. This is, as far as we know, the first declaration of state land since August 2014, when 4,000 dunams were declared as state land - a step which has led to heavy condemnations, including by the United States. While declarations of state land came to a halt after the Roadmap, since Netanyahu came to power declarations of state land have acceded 6,000 dumans. Just like previous declarations, this declaration is not technical but political, as it has to be approved by the Minister of Defense. The main purpose of this declaration is to retroactively legalize construction in the settlement of Karnei Shomron, and to allow it to expand. Palestinians landowners have already submitted an appeal to the Civil Administration against the declaration. Although the declaration is small in size and is adjacent to an already built area of a settlement, it is still a clear step taken by the Israeli Government which is taking over land and handing it over to the settlers. It is important to note that out of all state lands allocations, a necessary step in order to make use of these public lands which are meant to survey the
local population, 98.7% were allocated for Israelis while only 1.3% were allocation for Palestinian purposes. Last week Peace Now submitted a petition to the High Court demanding to publish all land allocations, and to allow for due process in the distribution of public resources. (Peace Now 11 December 2015)

- Israeli bulldozers owned by the Israeli settlers living in Leshem settlement razed Palestinian land located at Bab Al Marj area, east of Deir Ballut village, west of Salfit city. (Wattan 13 December 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a tomb in Kafl Haris village, north of Salfit city, and performed Talmudic rituals. (NBPRS 22 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Mohammad Zahran Abed Al Hamed Zahran (23 years) from Kafr Ad-Dik village, west of Salfit city, while he was near Ariel settlement. (Wafa 24 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched dozens of Palestinian houses and commercial stores in Kafr Ad-Dik village, west of Salfit city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired tear gas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 24 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Kafr Ad-Dik village, west of Salfit city, and took photos. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Mohammad Zahran Abed Al Halem Zahran. (Al-Quds 30 December 2015)

The Israeli Violations in Salfit Governorate during the month of January 2016

- Israeli University in Arial settlement contained pour chemical and liquid waste and harmful to the environment to Wadi Al Matawi area, west of Salfit city. (Maannews 3 January 2016)
- Four Israeli Industrial zones of: Barqan, Arial, Emmauel and Eli Zahav, poured the wastewater and harmful chemicals materials into the Palestinian lands in Bruqin, Kafr Ad-Dik, Haris, Rafat and Deir Istiya in Salfit city. (Al- Quds 14 January 2016)
- Israeli settlers living in Arial settlement started razing Palestinian land at the northwestern part of Salfit city, to construct new housing units and road. (Maannews 18 January 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities issued an order to demolish a Palestinian house in Qarawat Bani Hassan village in Salfit Governorate on the 24th of January 2016. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail; Abed Al Aziz Hamad Mur‘i. (Maannews 20 January 2016)
The Israeli Violations in Salfit Governorate during the month of February 2016

- Israeli settlers razed Palestinian land, north of Burqin village, west of Salfit city. The targeted land located near Barqan industrial zone (NBPRS 7 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities issued orders to stop the construction in four Palestinian houses and a mosque in Deir Balut village, west of Salfit city. The targeted houses are owned by: Nouh, Abed Al Khaleq, Idres and Ibrahim Abdalla. (NBPRS 7 February 2016)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded an Islamic tomb in Kafl Haris village, north of Salfit city, and performed Talmudic rituals. (RB2000 11 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) uprooted 100 olive seedlings and trees in Wadi Qana area, west of Deir Istiya village in Salfit governorate. Noted that the Israeli Authorities claimed that the targeted area classifies as “Nature Reserve”, where they prevented Palestinians to plant it. (Maannews 16 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities ordered to stop the construction in a Palestinian road links between Deir Ballut and Rafat villages in Salfit governorate, under the claim that the targeted road located near the Israeli settlements in the area. (PNN 16 February 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented Palestinian farmers from working in their land which located at the western part of the segregation wall in Mas-ha village, west of Salfit city. (Pal Info 17 February 2016)
- Israeli settlers surveyed tens dunums of Palestinian land in Izbet Abu Basal area, northwest of Salfit city, and put a number of sign in the targeted land. Noted that the targeted land located south of Arial settlement near the industrial zone. (Maannews 24 February 2016)
- Israeli settlers living in Yakir settlement to construct “cable car” on Palestinian land in Qarawat Bani Hassan village, north of Salfit city. (Wattan 28 February 2016)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Al Basaten area in Yasuf village, northeast of Salfit city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (NBPRS 28 February 2016)

Tulkarem Governorate (December 2015 - February 2016)

The Israeli Violations in Tulkarem Governorate during the month of December 2015

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• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israel Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Khadouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city, after the IOA invaded the university campus. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (ARN 6 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a Palestinian house in Seida village, north of Tulkarm city, and informed the owners that the IOA will demolish the house. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Azz Ad-Diyn Abdalla Radad. (NBPRS 6 December 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Khadouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three Palestinians. (Al-Quds 7 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation bulldozers razed 26 dunums of Palestinian agricultural land in ‘Izbet Shufa, south of Tulkarm city, uprooted about 200 olive trees and demolished an agricultural barracks. Noted that the targeted land owned by Munir Fathi Ismail, and located near the Israeli settlement of Avnei Hefez. (Maannews 8 December 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tulkarm city after the IOA stormed the city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA invaded and searched dozens of Palestinian houses and arrested a number of Palestinians. (Maannews 10 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Nour Ash-Shams refugee camp in Tulkarm governorate. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades. During the operation, the IOA arrested two Palestinians. (Maannews 10 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Izbit Shufa village, east of Tulkarm city and closed a road link between Izbit Shufa and Shufa village, where the prevented Palestinians from using the targeted road. (Maannews 10 December 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Khadouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, causing the injury of 8 Palestinians. (Wafa 10 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) imposed blockade on Tulkarm city, after closing all the entrances with cement blocks and earth mounds. (Maannews 10 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched the headquarter of the “Popular Front the Liberation of Palestine” in Tulkarm city, and destroyed the consist. During the operation, the IOA arrested Ahmed Ash-Shalabi. (PNN 11 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with an iron gate the main entrance of Shufa village, southeast of Tulkarm city. The IOA prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the village. (RB2000 11 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented the Al Khadouri University in Tulkarm city, from constructing a wall at the western side of the University campus. (Maannews 12 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian toys factory in Tulkarm city, confiscated the equipment and about 700 toys. (Pal Today 14 December 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Khadouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases, and the injury of others (Maannews & Pal Today 16 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and toured in several neighborhoods in Tulkarm city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (RB200 18 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Dhinnaeba village, southeast of Tulkarm city. (RB2000 18 December 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tulkarm refugee camp, north of Tulkarm city. (RB2000 18 December 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Khadouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 9 Palestinians. (Al-Quds 20 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and toured in several neighborhoods in Tulkarm city. (RB200 24 December 2015)

The Israeli Violations in Tulkarem Governorate during the month of January 2016

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Bal’a, Seida and Qaffe villages in Tulkarm governorate. (Al-Quds 13 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) intensities its presence at Nablus- Tulkarm road. The IOA erected military checkpoints, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 17 January 2016)

• Israeli bulldozers owned by the Israeli settlers living in Avni Hefez settlement razed Palestinian land between Shufa and Kafr Al Labad village, east of Tulkarm city, The targeted land located 1 kilometer away from the settlement and nearby the main road. (Wafa 21 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in a number of area and neighborhoods in Seida village in Tulkarm governorate. The IOA closed the main entrance of the village and erected a military checkpoint. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 30 January 2016)

The Israeli Violations in Tulkarem Governorate during the month of February 2016

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Ahmed Hassan Touba (19 years) from Kafr Jammal village, south of Tulkarm city, while he was near the entrance of Sal’it settlement. (Maannews 1 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) cut 50 olive seedlings in Izbet Shufa in Tulkarm governorate. The IOA claimed that the targeted seedlings planted in land classified as “State land”. The targeted olive seedlings are owned by Munir Fathi Mustafah Ismail. (LRC filed workers 4 February 2016)

• Israeli settlers living in Sal’it settlement prevented a Palestinian farmer from was working in his 32 dunums of land, located at the western area of the Israeli segregation wall in an area closed “Al Hadab”. The Israeli settlers claimed that the targeted land owned by them. The targeted land owned by Mohamamd Abed Ar-Rahman Mudalal from Kafr Sur village. (Wafa 11 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Imad Said Khashan (22 years) from Silat Al Harithiya village in Jenin governorate, while he was crossing Jabara military checkpoint, south of Tulkarm city. (Al- Quds 28 February 2016)

Nablus Governorate (December 2015 - February 2016)

The Israeli Violations in Nablus Governorate during the month of December 2015
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Maram Ramiz Hassuna (19 years) from Nablus city while she was crossing ‘Anab military checkpoint, east of Tulkarm city. (Maannews 1 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Beit Furik military checkpoint, east of Nablus city. The IOA questioned the Palestinians, checked their ID cards and searched their vehicles. (Wattan 1 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Askar refugee camp, east of Nablus city. Noted that the IOA informed the family of the Palestinian martyr; Raghib ‘Alawi, that the IOA will demolish their house in the next 24 hours. During the operation, the IOA arrested Hazem An-Nadi after raiding his house in the camp. (PNN& NBPRS 2 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched Al Hanbali mosque in Nablus city and destroyed its main door. (Maannews 2 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Nablus city, and questioned the residents. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Maram Hassuna. The IOA confiscated all the photos and posters of the martyr. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Al-Quds 2 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted Marhaj Ahmed Hamail (30 years) after storming his house in Beita village, south of Nablus city. (RB2000 3 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched three Palestinian houses in Aqraba village, southeast of Nablus city. The targeted houses are owned by: Munir Awad Bani Fadel, Ayham Musa Diriyah and Ahmed Musa Diriyah. (RB2000 3 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a Palestinian house in Urif village, south of Nablus city. The targeted house is owned by Najeh Said As-Safadi. (RB2000 3 December 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) exploded a Palestinian house in Ad-Dahiya area, south of Nablus city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail; Raghib ‘Aliwi. Noted that the targeted house located within a building consist of four floors, each floor consists of two apartments, and all the apartments were damaged. During the operation, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Maannews 3 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the main entrance of Salim village, east of Nablus city. The IOA stopped and detained dozens of Palestinian vehicles. During the operation, the IOA handed the Palestinian a threatened flyers. (RB2000 4 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Mohamamd Khalil Mohammad Qatt (21 years) in Madama village, south of Nablus city. (Maannews 5 December 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the main entrance of Beit Furik village, southeast of Nablus city. The IOA used live bullets to attack Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA arrested four Palestinians, where one of them during the clashes. The arrestees were identified as: Mahmoud Muhdi Mulitat (16 years), Hamed Mohammad Hinni (16 years), Amir Adel Nfe‘at (16 years) and Aref Nader Mulitat (15 years). (Al-Quds 6 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prepared to demolish three Palestinian houses in Nablus city. The IOA invaded and searched the targeted houses and notified the residents that the IOA will demolish their houses in the next few days. The targeted houses are owned by the families of Palestinian prisoners in the Israeli jails; Zaid Ziyad Ameer, Iyad Wade’ Abu Zahra, and Amjad Adel ‘Alawi. (Al-Quds 9 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with earth mounds a road link between Aqraba and Osarin villages, south of Nablus city. (Maannews 12 December 2015)
• Israeli settlers stormed “Burqa National Park” in Al Mas‘udiya area in Burqa village, northwest of Nablus city and erected a number of tents in the park. (Orient FM 13 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Beit Furik military checkpoint, east of Nablus city. (Wattan 13 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Nablus city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli jail, Mohammad Ameen As-Sayeh. (ARN 14 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded As-Sawiya village, south of Nablus city and fired stun grenades at Palestinian students. (Maannews 14 December 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Joseph tomb, east of Nablus city and performed Talmudic rituals. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas
and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of Issa Hashash (18 years). (Maannews 14 December 2015)

- **Israeli Occupation Army (IOA)** threatened Palestinians in Nablus city to demolish their houses if they re-build the houses after the IOA demolished their houses in the month of November 2015. The targeted houses are owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoners in the Israeli Jails; Karam Al Masri, Samir Al Kusa, Yahya Al Haj Hamd and Raghib ‘Alawi. (Raya 15 December 2015)

- **Israeli Occupation Army (IOA)** invaded and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Balata refugee camp, east of Nablus city. (Maannews 16 December 2015)

- Samah Abed Al Mu’men died of wounds he sustained after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at his father vehicle while they were crossing Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city, on the 23rd of November 2015. (Maannews 16 December 2015)

- **Israeli Occupation Army (IOA)** shoot and killed Abdalla Hussen Nasasrah (16 years) from Beit Furik village, east of Nablus city, while he was crossing Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. (Wafa & Al-Quds 17 December 2015)

- **Israeli Occupation Army (IOA)** invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Beit Furik village in Nablus governorate. One of the targeted houses is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Abdalla Nasasrah. (Al-Quds 18 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Furik village, east of Nablus city, after the IOA attacked a non-violet protest. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of five Palestinians. (Al-Quds 18 December 2015)

- An Israeli settler opened fire at a Palestinian while he was at the main road near Tapuah settlement, south of Nablus city. (PNN 18 December 2015)

- **Israeli Occupation Army (IOA)** erected a sudden checkpoint near Shave Shomron settlement, northwest of Nablus city. The IOA stopped, searched and detained Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 18 December 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tried to attack Palestinian houses in Jabal Al Qa’da area, east of Beit Furik village, east of Nablus city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 20 December 2015)

- **Israeli Occupation Army (IOA)** invaded and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Salem village, east of Nablus city. (Wafa 22 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched tens of Palestinians commercial structures in Nablus city. (Waf 22 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Za’tara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city, stopped a Palestinian vehicle and assaulted one of the passenger. (Safa 23 December 2015)
• Israeli settlers living in Ma’ale Levona settlement uprooted 50 olive trees in Al Lubban Ash-Sharqiya village, south of Nablus city. The targeted trees are owned by Majed Sameh Darghma. (Maannews 23 December 2015)
• Four Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Furik village in Nablus governorate. The IOA used live and rubber bullets to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 25 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city, shoot and killed Mahir Zaki Ghabi (56 years) while he was crossing the checkpoint. (Wafa 26 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Madam village, south of Nablus city, and questioned the residents. (RB2000 27 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented Palestinian farmers from Qusra village in Nablus governorate, from working in their land which located near the Israeli outpost “Yesh Kodesh”. (Al-Quds 27 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Lubban Al Sharqiya village, south of Nablus city, and fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. During the operation, The IOA closed the main entrance of the village. (Wafa 27 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Mohammad Rafeq Hussen Saba’nah (17 years) and Nour Ad-Diyn Mohammad Saba’nah (23 years) from Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city, while they were in Huwara village, south of Nablus city. (Al-Quds 27 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Rujeib village, southeast of Nablus city. The targeted house is owned by Rama’ Ash-Shabrawi. (Orient FM 28 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out military orders to confiscated 500 dunums of Palestinian land in Qusra and Jurish villages, southeast of Nablus city. The targeted land located near the Israeli settlement of Migdalim. (Maannews 29 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the headquarter of Ahrar center for prisoners’ studies and Human Rights in Nablus city, and confiscated all the
The Israeli Violations in Nablus Governorate during the month of January 2016

- Israeli settlers attacked a Palestinian house in Beit Furik village, east of Nablus city, and put a Molotov cocktail at the entrance of the house. The targeted house is owned by Nehad Hinne. (Wafa 2 January 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) confiscated a bulldozer owned by Bial Theban while he was working in land located between Aqraba and Bani Fadel villages in Nablus governorate. (Wafa 6 January 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures at Shavi Shomron military checkpoint, which located between Jenin and Nablus cities. The IOA stopped, detained and searched Palestinian vehicles, questioned Palestinians and checked their ID cards. (Safa 10 January 2016)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Joseph tomb, east of Nablus city, and performed Talmudic rituals. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets. (Al-Quds 11 January 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out military orders to stop the construction in 8 Palestinian houses and structures in Khirbet Al Marajem near Duma village in Nablus governorate. (RB2000 12 January 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities decided to erect 6 military tower along the side of the road (length 7 km) which started from Sara village junctions to Huwara village junction. (RB2000 & Maannews 12 January 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) set up fence at the main road links between Awarta and Al Yanun village, south of Nablus city. The road length about 10 km. (RB2000 12 January 2016)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. (Wafa 12 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Balata and Askar refugee camps, east of Nablus city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (Al-Quds 13 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in several areas in Beit Furik village in Nablus governorate. (Al-Quds 13 January 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tubas city. (Al-Quds 13 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished a 1.5 dunums agricultural barracks, in As-Sawiya village, south of Nablus city. The targeted structure is owned by: Fahed Odeh Saleh. (Maannews 13 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Haitham Mahmoud Yassen (36 years) from Asira Ash-Samaliya village, north of Nablus city while he was crossing the Israeli Checkpoint “17”. (Wafa 14 January 2016)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed an Islamic tombs in ‘Awarta village, south of Nablus city and performed Talmudic rituals. (NBPRS 14 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Wissam Marwan Qasrawi (21 years) while he was crossing Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. (Al-Quds 17 January 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Furik village, east of Nablus city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of Ali Najeh Hinine (16 years). (Maannews 17 January 2016)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demonstrated at Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. As a result, the IOA closed the checkpoint and Yetzhar road and erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of Beit village. (Maannews 17 January 2016)

• Israeli settlers living in Yetzher settlement hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles while they were crossing Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. The vehicles were damaged and a number of Palestinians were injured. (Maannews & Al-Quds 19 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities closed Huawar military checkpoint for passing out from Nablus city, starting from the 19th of January 2016 from the early morning to 9:00 a.m. and from 2:30 p.m. until 7:00 p.m. while opening Awarta commercial checkpoint for traffic. (Maannews 19 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement bloc and earth mounds the entrances of ‘Awarta and Odala villages, south of Nablus city. (Safa 20 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched tens of Palestinian houses in Balata refugee camp, east of Nablus city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of a Palestinian. During the operation, the IOA arrested a Palestinian. (Al-Quds 21 January 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tell village, west of Nablus city, after the IOA invaded and searched a number of houses. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing the injury of two Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA arrested a Palestinian and transferred him to unknown location. (Al-Quds 21 January 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Urif village, south of Nablus city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing the injury of three Palestinians. (Al-Quds 21 January 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Jabal Al Qanitra, near Itamar settlement, in Beit Furik village, southeast of Nablus city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Safa 22 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities informed the residents of Ein Ar-Rashash area, near Qusra village, south of Nablus city, that the IOA will demolish all the structures (about 30 residential tents and 4 animal sheds) in the area on the 1st of February 2016. Noted that the targeted area inhabited by 85 Palestinians. (Safa & Maannews 28 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and toured in Beita village, south of Nablus governorate. (Al-Quds 30 January 2016)

The Israeli Violations in Nablus Governorate during the month of February 2016

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a Palestinian store in Qabalan village, south of Nablus city, and arrested three Palestinians, one of them was injured after the IOA opened fire at him. The arrestees were identified as: Samer Al ‘aqr’a and his brother Abed Al Lateif, and Yousif Shahrouj. (Maannews 2 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Jamma’in village, south of Nablus city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr: Amjad As-Sukari. (Maannews 2 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained tens of Palestinian volunteers while they were planted land in An-Naqura village in Nablus governorate. (Maannews 5 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Authorities issued orders to demolish two houses in Nablus city. The targeted houses are owned by the families of two Palestinian prisoners in the Israeli Jail; Zied Ziyad Jamel Ameer and Amjad Adel Mohammad ‘Aliwi. (Al-Quds 5 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities issued orders to demolish two Palestinian houses in Yatma village in Nablus governorate. The targeted houses are owned by: Faraj An-Najar and Khalil Ibrahim An-Najar. (Al-Quds 7 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military orders to demolish 15 commercial/ stores structures at the western entrance of Beita village, south of Nablus city. (Wafa 8 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Huwara and Za’tara military checkpoints, south of Nablus city. (Wafa 8 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished four residential structures and 11 animal sheds in Khirbet Tana, east of Beit Furik village in Nablus governorate. The targeted sheds are owned by: Ibrahim Abed Al Qader Hinni and Mansour Salman Nasasrah. During the operation, the IOA closed the area and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the area. (B’Tselem & Safa & Wafa 9 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out orders to raze and close an agricultural road, and to demolish a water well in Qusra village, south of Nablus city. The targeted road established in land owned by: Samir Ibrahim Hassan, Mohammad Shukri Odeh, Abed Al Hakim Ahmed Wadi and Rabee Abed AL Aziz Hassan. During the operation, the IOA confiscated an agricultural tractor owned by Fathalla Abu Zeida. (Wafa 10 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the farmer market in Beita village, south of Nablus city. and prevented Palestinians from entering it. Also, the IOA handed out a military order to close the market. (Kofia Press 10 February 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Qabalan village, south of Nablus city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Safa 14 February 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Qusra village, south of Nablus city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades. During the clashes, the IOA erected a military checkpoint at the eastern entrance of Qusra village, and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving it. (Safa 14 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with earth mounds the main entrance of Aqraba village, south of Nablus city. The IOA prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the village. (NBPRS 14 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured at the eastern part of the old city of Nablus. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live and rubber bullets, causing the injury of Ayman Makhluf. During the operation, the IOA arrested three Palestinians after raiding their houses in the aforementioned area. The arrestees were identified as: Firas Halawa, Raid Hamdan and Ala Abu Zanat. (Safa 15 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished 30 residential tents and four animal sheds in Ein Ar-Rashash area near Duma village in Nablus governorate. The targeted structures inhabited by 30 Palestinian families. (Safa 15 February 2016)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Joseph tomb, east of Nablus city, and performed Talmudic rituals. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA near Balata refugee camp, east of Nablus city. The IOA fired rubber and live bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. The IOA also, fired teargas grenades at the “Farmer market” in the area, causing the torch of a number of stores and 500 wood box. (Al-Quds 16 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures at Beit Furik military checkpoint, east of Nablus city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles, checked ID cards and questioned Palestinians. (Pal Info 17 February 2016)

• Israeli settlers living in Shilo settlement uprooted 30 almond trees in Ras Moes area in Khirbet Sarra, south of Qaryut village in Nablus governorate. The targeted trees owned by Mohammad Abed Al Aziz Musa (owned 10 dunums of land in the targeted area). (NBPRS 19 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures at Huwara and Za’tara military checkpoints, south of Nablus city. (Raya 22 February 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in several areas in Balata, Askar, and Al Ein refugee camps in Nablus city, after the IOA stormed and searched tens of Palestinian houses are arrested 13 Palestinians. The arrestees were identified as: Ahmed Abed Al Salaj, Shaher Ali An-Najmi, Maher Khatab, Mohammad Sobhe Abed Ar-Rahman, Ward Jihad Abu Riziq, Akram Al Ba’iyah, Mohammad Mesh’al, Ala ‘Aqab Mansour, Akram Mohammad Hussain, Mohammad Al Marqa, Sami Yaser Salah, Thair Taisir Salah and Mohammad Atiya Hanoun. During the clashes, the IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 8 Palestinians. (RB2000 & Wafa 23 February 2016)
• Israeli settlers assaulted and injured a Palestinian with special needs; Hassan Al Qadi from ‘Awarta village in Nablus governorate, while he was near Yetzher settlement junction, south of Nablus city. (Al-Quds 26 February 2016)

The Gaza Strip (December 2015 - February 2016)

Israeli Violations in the Gaza Strip during the month of December 2015

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land, near the border fence, east of Ash-Shuja’iya neighborhood, east of Gaza city, and at Bo’rit Abu Samra and location 16, north of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 1 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya and Al Waha shores, northwest of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 2 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at An-Nasriyat and Az-Zawaida shores, in the central of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 2 December 2015)
• A Palestinian old woman was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at her while she was working in her land, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 3 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their agricultural land, near the border fence, east of Al Maghazi refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (ARN 3 December 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Ash-Shaja’uiya neighborhood, east of Gaza city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 9 Palestinians. (Wattan 4 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza strip. (Wafa 4 December 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three Palestinians. (Wattan 4 December 2015)
• Five Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij
refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA used live bullets to attack Palestinians. (Maannews 4 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) launched missiles at an area, near the border fence, east of Al Fakhari neighborhood, located between Rafah and Khan Younis cities, south of Gaza strip. As a result, two Palestinians were injured. (Al-Quds 4 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses and land, located near the border fence, east of Al Maghazi refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Safa 6 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their lands, near the border fence, east of Juur Ad-Dik and Al Malaka areas, south of Gaza city. (ARN 6 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their lands near the border fence, north of Gaza strip. (ARN 6 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian areas, located near the border fence, south of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 6 December 2015)

- A Palestinian was injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA used live bullets to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds 6 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation warplanes launched missiles at an area in Az-Zaytoun neighborhood, south of Gaza city. (Maannews & RB2000 7 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city. (Safa 7 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city. (Wafa 8 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation bulldozers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) staged 100 meters into Palestinian land, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA opened fire at houses and land. (RB2000 9 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city and at Al Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahiya town. (Al-Quds 9 December 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip.
The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 9 December 2015)

- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Al Waha shore, northwest of Gaza strip. (Raya 10 December 2015)
- A Palestinian journalist was injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, in Al Faraheen area, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Pal Today 11 December 2015)
- Sami Medya was killed, a number of Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (ARN 11 December 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Ash-Shaja’iya neighborhood, east of Gaza city. (ARN 11 December 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Beit Hanun terminal, north of Gaza strip. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a number of Palestinians. (Al-Quds 11 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at A-Sudaniya and Al Waha shores, northwest of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 12 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Az-Zewidat and Deir Al Balah shores. (Al-Quds 12 December 2015)
- A 22 years old Palestinian farmer was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at him while he was near the border fence, east of Rafah city, south of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 13 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation warplanes launched missiles at the headquarter of the Palestinian Navy in As-Sudaniya area, northwest of Gaza city and at Abu Rajar military area, south of Gaza city. (Maannews 14 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinians while they were near the border fence, north of Beit Lahiya town, north of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 14 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at a group of Palestinians while they near the border fence, east of Al Qarara town, northeast of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Safa 14 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land near the border fence, southeast of Deir Al Balah city in the central of Gaza strip. (Pal Today 15 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they sailing at Al Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahiya town, north of Gaza strip. (Wattan 16 December 2015)
- Three Palestinian shepherds were injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at them while they were near the border fence in Al Fakhari area, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Pal Today & Safa 16 December 2015)
- Israeli bulldozers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) staged few meters into the eastern part of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip, and razed the Palestinian lands. (Al-Quds 17 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinians and their houses, east of Juhr Ad-Dik area, south of Gaza city. (Safa 17 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) launched missiles at Al Faraheen area, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip, causing the injury of four Palestinians. (Wafa 17 December 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live bullets, causing the injury of 7 Palestinians. (Wafa 18 December 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the eastern part of Ash-Shaja’iya neighborhood, east of Gaza city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Waaf 18 December 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Beit Hanoun terminal, north of Gaza strip. (Wafa 18 December 2015)
- Two Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Naha Oz terminal, east of Gaza city. (Wafa 18 December 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Bulldozers escorted by the Israeli Army staged few meter into the eastern part of Al Qarara town, northeast of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip, razed Palestinian land and opened fire at houses. (Al-Quds & Wafa 18 December 2015)
- Mahmoud Al Agha (22 years) was killed during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 18 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city, and at Al Walah shore, northwest of Beit Lahiya town. (Al-Quds 19 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and injured two Palestinians while they were near the border fence, east of Al Magahzi refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Safa 20 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Al Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahiya town, north of Gaza strip. (Safa 21 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation bulldozers escorted by the Israeli Army staged few meters into the eastern part of Khaza’a town, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Wafa 21 December 2015)
• A Palestinian woman was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at her while she was working in her land near the border fence, east of Khaza’a town, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Wafa 22 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Beit Hanoun terminal, north of Gaza strip, opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land near the terminal. (Al-Quds 22 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation bulldozers escorted by the Israeli Army staged 100 meters into the eastern part of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip and razed Palestinian land. (Maannews 23 December 2015)
• For the third days in a row, the Israeli warplanes sprayed pesticides at Palestinian land located near the border fence, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. As a result, tens dunums of Palestinian agricultural land were destroyed. (Maannews 23 December 2015)
• Three Palestinians were injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at them while they were near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 23 December 2015)
• A Palestinian was killed during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Ash-Shuja’iya neighborhood, east of Gaza city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 25 December 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Wafa 25 December 2015)
• Four Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Al Faraheen area, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live bullets at Palestinians. (Wafa 25 December 2015)
• Nine Palestinians were injured and tens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Beit Hanun terminal, north of Gaza strip. (Orient FM 25 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at a group of Palestinians while they were near border fence, east of Ash-Shaja’iya neighborhood, east of Gaza city. (RB2000 26 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers, houses and land, near the border fence, east of Johr Ad-Dik area, south of Gaza city. (RB2000 26 December 2015)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza strip. (Pal Info 28 December 2015)
• Yousif Al Buhiri (48 years) died of wounds he sustained during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip, on the 25th of December 2015. (ARN 28 December 2015)
• Israeli warplanes launched missiles at an area in Um An-Naser Al Badwiya village, north of Beit Lahiya town, north of Gaza strip. (Wafa 2 January 2016)
• Israeli warplanes launched missiles at the headquarter of “Gaza International Airport”, southeast of Rafah city, south of Gaza strip, causing the damage in the surrounded area. (Wafa 2 January 2016)

• Israeli warplanes launched missiles at Al Mugawes tower area, northwest of Gaza city, causing the damage in the area and surrounded houses. (Wafa 2 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at a group of Palestinians while they were near the border fence, east of Beit Lahiya town, north of Gaza strip. (Sama News 3 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land near the border fence, east of Ash-Shuja’iya neighborhood, east of Gaza city. (Pal Today 4 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city. as a result, one of the targeted boats was torched. (Wafa 6 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city. (Wafa 7 January 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Gaza city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and live bullets, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 8 Palestinians. (Wafa 8 January 2016)

• Two Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Wafa 8 January 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of two Palestinians. (Wafa 8 January 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Beit Hanoun terminal, north of Gaza strip. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing the injury of two Palestinians. (Wafa 8 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Al-Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahiua town and As-Sudanya shore, northwest of Gaza city. (Al-Quds 9 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land near the border fence, east of Al Faraheen area, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Pal Info 10 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian land, located near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Pal Info 10 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city and Al Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahia town. (Al-Quds 11 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Al Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahia town, north of Gaza strip. (Pal Today 12 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinians while they were near the border fence, east of Al Taqa area, east of Gaza city. (Pal Today 12 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation bulldozers staged few meters into the eastern part of Al Qarara town, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip, and razed land. (Safa 13 January 2016)
• Musa Z’aiter (23 years) was killed and three others were injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) launched missiles at an area, northwest of Beit Lahia town, north of Gaza strip. (Maannews & Wafa 13 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city and Al Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahia town. (Al Quds 13 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation bulldozers and Army staged 100 meters into the northwestern part of Beit Lahia town, north of Gaza strip and razed land. (Wattan 14 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Beit Hanoun terminal, north of Gaza strip, opened fire at Palestinians while they were near the terminal. (Wattan 14 January 2016)
• Mohammad Adel Abu Zayed (19 years) and Mohammad Majde Qaytah (26 years) were killed during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp, in the central of Gaza strip. (Wafa & Al Quds 15 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades and live bullets at Palestinians while they were near the border fence, east of Ash-Shuja’iya neighborhood, east of Gaza city. As a result, a number of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation. (Wafa 15 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at Palestinians while they were near the border fence in Al Farafeen area, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 15 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were near the border fence, east of Beit Hanun town, north of Gaza strip. (Pal Today 16 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Al Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahiya town, As Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city, Deir al Balah and Khan Younis shores. (Al Quds & Maannews 16 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Al Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahiya town and As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city. (ARN 17 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinians, houses and land, east of Al Maghazi refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (RB2000 17 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation bulldozers staged few meters into the eastern part of Al Qarara town, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip, and razed Palestinian land. (Maannews 19 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army and bulldozers staged few meters into the 150 meters into the eastern part of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip, razed land, erected earth mound and opened fire at the nearby houses. (Wafa 20 January 2016)
• A Palestinian was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at a group of Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land near the border fence, east of Ash Shaja’iya neighborhood, Gaza city. (Wafa 21 January 2016)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Gaza city, The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 2 Palestinians. (PNN 22 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip, fired teargas grenades at a group of Palestinians while they were near the border fence area. As a result, dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation. (Raya 22 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at Palestinians while they were near the border fence area, east of Al Farheen, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip, causing a number of suffocation cases. (Raya 22 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Al Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahiya town, north of Gaza strip. (PNN 22 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land near the border fence, east of Al Fakhari town, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Wattan 24 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Warplanes launched missiles at an area, southwest of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Maannews 25 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Warplanes launched missiles at an area, south of Deir Al Balah town in the central of Gaza strip. (Maannews 25 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were near the border fence, southeast of Gaza city. (Maannews 28 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fires at Palestinian shepherds while they were near the border fence, east of Al Qarara town, northeast of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Maannews 28 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation gunboat opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Al Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahiya, As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city, Deir al Balah and Khan Younis shores, southwest of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 28 January 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, at Al Farahine area, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Maannews 29 January 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Beit Hanoun terminal, north of Gaza strip. The IOA fired teargas grenades and live bullets at Palestinians. (Maannews 29 January 2016)

• Seven Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Gaza city. The IOA used live bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 29 January 2016)

• A Palestinian was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at a group of Palestinians while they were near the border fence, east of Jabaliya town, north of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 29 January 2016)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Al Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahiya town, north of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 30 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land, near the border fence, east of Khan Younis town, south of Gaza strip. (Maannews 30 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers and shepherds while they were near the border fence, east of Al Magahzi refugee camp, in the central of Gaza strip. (Safa 31 January 2016)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city. (Orient FM 31 January 2016)

**Israeli Violations in the Gaza Strip during the month of February 2016**

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Al Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahiya town, and As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city. (Al-Quds 1 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers and shepherds while they were near the border fence, east of Rafah city, south of Gaza strip. (Al Quds 2 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city, and Al Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahiya town. (Al-Quds 2 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land, east of Juhor Ad Dik area, south of Gaza city. (ARN 3 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation bulldozers staged few meters into the eastern part of Al Fakhari town, southeast of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip, and razed the Palestinian land. (RB2000 3 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land near the border fence, east of Beir Al Balah city in the central of Gaza strip. (RB2000 5 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinians while they were near the border fence, east of Juhor Ad-Dik area, south of Gaza city. (RB2000 5 February 2016)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza stip. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the seriously injured of a Palestinian. (Al-Quds 5 February 2016)
- Seven Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Gaza city. (Al-Quds 5 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinians farmers while they working in their land near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 6 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian shepherds while they were near the border fence, east of Ash-Shuja’iya neighborhood, east of Gaza city. (Al-Quds 6 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian land located near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Safa 7 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land, near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (RB2000 8 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city. (RB2000 8 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Deir Al Balah shore in the central of Gaza strip. (RB2000 9 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were near the border fence, east of Al Qarara town, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 11 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza stip. (Al-Quds 11 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were near the border fence, east of Ash-Shaja’iya neighborhood, east of Gaza city. (Al-Quds 11 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses and land located near the border fence, east of Al Khaza’a town, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Orient FM 12 February 2016)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Gaza city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Al-Quds & RB2000 12 February 2016)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 12 February 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Al Faraheen area, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (RB2000 12 February 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Beit Hanoun terminal, north of Gaza strip. (RB2000 12 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land, east of Az-Zaytoun neighborhood, southeast of Gaza city. (Al-Quds 13 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city and Al Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahiya town. (Wafa 13 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinians and their lands which located near the border fence, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (RB2000 15 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city. (RB2000 15 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Al Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahiya town, and As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city. (Al-Quds 17 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinians while they were working in their land near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp, in the central of Gaza strip. (Maannews 17 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation bulldozers staged few meters into the eastern part of Al Qarara town, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Maannews 17 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation bulldozers staged 150 meters into Palestinian agricultural land, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip, razed the land and opened fire at the nearby houses. (Wafa 18 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats launched 8 missiles at Az-Zahra city’ shore in the central of Gaza strip. (Pal Info 18 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city and Al Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahiya town. (Al-Quds 18 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Al Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahiya town. (Pal Info 19 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses and lands located near the border fence, east of Al Magahzi refugee camp, in the central of Gaza strip. (Safa 19 February 2016)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Beit Hanoun terminal, north of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, causing the injury of four Palestinians. (Maannews 19 February 2016)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Ash-Shaja’iya neighborhood, east of Gaza city. The IOA fired live bullets, causing the injury of three Palestinians. (Al-Quds 19 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land, near the border fence, east of Al Magahzi refugee camp and Ash-Shuja’iya neighborhood in Gaza city. (Shasha News & Maannews 20 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were near the border fence at Juhor Ad-Dik area, southeast of Gaza city. (Orient FM 21 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza strip. (Safa 23 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented Mohammad Abu Faiad, a Palestinian journalist work with the Palestinian News & Info Agency (Wafa) in Gaza strip, from reaching to Ramallah city, after stopping and detaining him at Beit Hanoun terminal, north of Gaza strip. (Wafa 23 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire and injured a Palestinian while he was near the border fence, east of Gaza city. (Al-Quds 23 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land, near the border fence, east of Al Maghazi refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Safa 23 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinians while they were near the border fence, east of Al Qarara town, northeast of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Safa 23 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at An-Nasriyat and Az-Zahra’ city shores, west of the central of Gaza strip. (Safa & Al-Quds 24 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city. (Al-Quds & Safa 24 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city, and Al Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahiya town. (Al-Quds 25 February 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Ash-Shuja’iya neighborhood, east of Gaza city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and live bullets, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 6 Palestinians. (Orient FM 26 February 2016)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA used live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 7 Palestinians. (Orient FM 26 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Al Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahiya town. (Maannews 26 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses and land located near the border fence, east of Al Maghazi refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Safa 26 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city. (ARN 27 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses and land, located at the eastern part of Beit Hanoun town, north of Gaza strip. (Safa 27 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed along side of the borders of Gaza strip opened fire at Palestinian lands and houses. (Al-Quds 27 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Al Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahiya town. (ARN 28 February 2016)

• A Palestinian was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at him while he was working in his land, near the border fence, east of Ash-Shaja’iya neighborhood, east of Gaza city. (ARN 28 February 2016)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land near the border fence, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. A Palestinian farmer was injured. (PNN 28 February 2016)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats and Navy opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city, and arrested nine fishermen. The arrestees were identified as: Majed Fadel Bakir, Fadi Majed Bakir, Amran Majed Bakir, Mohammad Zeid Bakir, Khalil Johar Bakir, Fadi Suhail Bakir, Khames Suhail Bakir, Yusri Al Akhmash and Mohammad Nizar Bakir. (Maannews & Orient FM 29 February 2016)

• A 26 years old Palestinian worker was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at him while he was near the border fence, east of Beit Hanoun town, north of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 29 February 2016)

Annex,

• Peace Now to High Court: New land allocations to West Bank settlements must be made public. The secrecy that surrounds such allocations makes it impossible for the Palestinians to oppose them or ask that the land be assigned to them instead, NGO says. Peace Now petitioned the High Court of Justice on Tuesday to force the state to make public new allocations of state land to West Bank settlements. It clarified in the petition that it was not asking the state to stop such transfers, but rather it was insisting that they should be public and not secret so that they fell in line with the principles of good governance and international law. Some 98.7% of land allocations in Area C of the West Bank went to Israeli settlements and only 1.3% went to Palestinian communities, Peace Now said. The secrecy that surrounds such allocations makes it impossible for the Palestinians to oppose them or ask that the land be assigned to them instead, said the Left-wing non-governmental organization. “Such blatant discrimination is the direct result of the abnormal process of land allocations” in the West Bank, Peace Now said in its petition. The fact that these transactions are made “in the dark, behind closed doors and in complete secrecy” indicates that the Defense Ministry knows that its land transfer policy is problematic, Peace Now said. A small plot of land in the Tel Rumeida neighborhood of Hebron was among the examples Peace Now used to illustrate the confusion that stemmed from the lack of transparency. The Civil Administration had for decades rented the property to two Palestinian brothers who resided in the neighborhood — Abdel Aziz Abu and Ferial Abu Haikal — but failed to notify them when it terminated the lease, according to Hagit Ofran of Peace Now. It simply stopped sending bills. Years later the Civil Administration rented it instead to a group that belonged to the Hebron Jewish Community, which together with the Antiquities Authority began an archaeological dig there, Ofran said. The brothers assumed that their
Jewish neighbors along with the Antiquities Authority were trespassing on their land and turned to the High Court of Justice. It was only through the court case that they discovered that the lease had been transferred to Hebron settlers, Ofran said. The second case that underscores the problem relates to 1,341 dunams in a neighborhood in the settlement of Efrat in the Gush Etzion region, called Givat HaEitam, said Ofran. After studying the property, the Civil Administration declared that those dunams were state land. Members of the Palestinian village of Artas who believe the property belonged to their community, which is adjacent to Efrat, petitioned the High Court of Justice against the reclassification of the land. Ofran said Peace Now is concerned if the High Court of Justice upholds the re-classification of the land, the property could then be allocated for housing for Efrat residents without anyone knowing about it. That is why it is important for such transactions to be transparent, she said. (JPOST 2 December 2015)

• New Foreign Ministry document: settlements are legal. The Foreign Ministry will distribute the paper among embassies around the world, and translate it into many languages. The consequences might be risky, as Israeli may be called to defend the stance in The Hague. In a bold move, the Foreign Affairs Ministry is planning to distribute a new legal document which claims that Israeli settlements beyond the green line are fully legal and do not violate international law. The writing of the document, though originally an initiative of Deputy Foreign Minister Tzipi Hotovely, was approved and encouraged by Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu, who also serves as the Foreign Minister. The main claim of the document is that Israel has valid ownership claims on the West Bank territories, also known as Judea and Samaria, due to the fact that they were occupied as part of a "defense war", and were not under any legitimate country's sovereignty. It also rejects the notion of Israeli colonialism by stating that the Jewish people have "an attachment (to these territories) that goes back thousands of years." The document also mentions the 2005 withdrawal from the Gaza Strip, saying that it was the result of "a unilateral government decision" and not an implementation of a legal obligation. The publication of the new document might prompt a political crisis with possibly risky consequences, as opposing countries might call upon Israel to defend its stance before the International Criminal Court in The Hague – a challenge Israel might not be willing to take on. (Jerusalem Online 4 December 2015)

• Fatah official blasts Israeli travel ban as form of 'terrorism' against Palestinians. Israeli authorities ban senior Fatah official from leaving West Bank via Allenby Bridge, say Palestinian sources. Israeli authorities on
Thursday barred a senior Fatah official from leaving the West Bank over the Allenby Bridge, Palestinian sources said. The sources said that Sultan Abu al-Einein, a member of the Fatah Central Committee and a former Fatah security commander in Lebanon, was held for five hours at the bridge before being told to return to Ramallah. Last month, Israel also revoked his VIP card. (JPOST 11 December 2015)

- Demolished, Rebuilt and Razed Again: A Bedouin Community Left Without Shelter. Israeli officials visit the tiny Jordan Valley village of Al Hadidya almost daily to destroy anything that can be used as protection against the cold - including tents donated by relief organizations. Dozens of pigeons, white and gray, now flock together on a small tin roof, pressed up against one another, as though protecting each other. They survived by flying off before the demolition, but their chicks were crushed alive by the bulldozers that razed this hamlet. The pigeons’ lofts, made from plastic olive oil containers, are now scattered on the ground, like the living survivors in Al Hadidya. The local mukhtar, or headman, 65-year-old Abu Saker – whose full name is Abdel Rahim Basharat – says he hears the pigeons crying. With his toothless mouth, he too cries for his pigeons, his home, his three wives, 24 children and multitude of grandchildren, some of whom remain here after the demolition, without a roof over their heads, unsheltered in the biting cold of the Jordan Rift Valley’s nights. When the villagers had the temerity to cover their infants with strips of plastic sheeting, personnel from the Israeli Civil Administration arrived and burned the sheeting. The sheer inhumanity of it is breathtaking. Civil Administration staff showed up in Al Hadidya while we were visiting there, too, swooping down on the little enclave in a white jeep that generally bodes ill. They come nearly every day, to check on overnight developments: Was a small tent erected? Did someone cover himself with plastic sheeting or a blanket? The truth is that it’s hard to imagine what this community of shepherds endures at night. Earlier in the week, the nights were freezing cold, with means to keep warm almost nonexistent. Everything was demolished here, and the Civil Administration also confiscated the tents of salvation and compassion that were brought by relief organizations. Only the ruins of a few tents remain, plus one functioning, small two-person camping tent, in a place where 14 families, comprising 97 souls, including 30 children and six infants, continue to live. One of the babies, 1-year-old Izza-Din, a grandson of the mukhtar, crawled across the ground this week, his cheeks pocked with sores from the cold. This is the province of Israeli demolition and expulsion, the district of ethnic cleansing. As in the South Hebron Hills, here, too, in the occupied rift valley, Israel is trying to expel everyone it can in order to
facilitate future annexation. And what could be an easier target for expulsion and abuse than the lowest denizens on the food chain of Palestinian helplessness – these communities of Bedouin shepherds? The Israeli settlement of Ro’i is next to their land; only a few hundred meters separate its greenery from the devastation of Al Hadidya. That is too close for comfort – the Bedouin must go. Some of the people here have had their home demolished eight times by the Civil Administration. Bekaot 2, a major pumping facility of Israel’s national water company, Mekorot, is situated in the village’s fields – but not a drop of water is available for its residents. “In the event of spillage, leakage or any unusual event, inform the control room,” a sign says there. A winding dirt trail that originates opposite another Bedouin community, Khalet Makhoul – which has also been demolished more than once in recent years; demolished, rebuilt and razed again in a continuing cycle – leads up to Al Hadidya. Before 1967, the village was larger, home to about 50 families, but in the course of the occupation the population has dwindled. At present 27 families live in Al Hadidya in the summer and 14 in the winter, on private land that is formally registered with zoning authorities as belonging to the residents of the Palestinian towns of Tamoun and Toubas. The Bedouin lease the land from them. Israel prohibits any structure, even a tent, from being erected on this farmland. Still, Ro’i is legal, Al Hadidya isn’t. (Haaretz 11 December 2015)

- Residents of Jerusalem Suburb Build Synagogue on Land Slated for Separation Fence. Police, municipality not dealing with Mevasseret Zion site, say it’s beyond their jurisdiction. Residents of Mevasseret Zion, a suburb of Jerusalem, have built a synagogue without permits on land expropriated for the purpose of building the separation fence. The synagogue is located just over the Green Line in the West Bank, northwest of and just outside Jerusalem. The Sulam Yaakov (Jacob’s Ladder) synagogue operates in a trailer set up a few months ago. The synagogue is located on land seized for building the separation barrier between the West Bank and Israel, and is next to the road used by security forces

- for patrolling the fence. To reach the synagogue, worshippers must pass through a gate that used to have signs warning they are entering a military area. The gate used to be locked, but in recent months it has been left open and the signs were removed. The land is located between the Palestinian villages of Beit Ikia and Beit Suriq. The land is not privately owned, but part of it had been farmed by Palestinians before the separation barrier was built. Correspondence from the Mevasseret Zion local council shows the synagogue was connected to electricity illegally, then disconnected a month ago as a result of complaints by residents. Since then, however, the trailer was reconnected to electricity and has continued
to operate without interference. Local residents complained to the local authority and the police, but were told the structure is outside the municipal boundaries of Mevasseret – and neither the police or the local council have the authority to act there. Residents also turned to the IDF’s Civil Administration in the West Bank about the matter, and MK Esawi Freige (Meretz) also asked a parliamentary question about the synagogue, but have yet to receive a reply from the Defense Ministry. A local resident who asked to remain anonymous said the local council and its inspectors, as well as the planning and building committee, all say the area is not their responsibility as it is part of the West Bank. The local police also said the synagogue is located in the West Bank, and outside their area of authority, he said. Two weeks ago the government dismantled the Ayelet Hashahar synagogue in Givat Ze’ev because it was built illegally without building permits on private Palestinian land. In order to prevent violence and confrontations, the government allocated alternative land for rebuilding the synagogue. (Haaretz 13 December 2015)

- **Peace Now: 95% of funding for right-wing NGOs hidden from public. NGO Monitor says foreign states’ funding is the problem.** The sources of some 95 percent funding for right-wing charities over the past decade were hidden from the public, according to a Peace Now report. The origin of NIS 567.7 million was hidden from the public amount, the report estimates. The left-wing NGO checked the transparency of right-wing nonprofits over the course of that period and was able to identify the sources of only 4.6% of their funding. Another 8.4% of the money was what the NGO called “allegedly transparent,” donated under the name of another organization, though in practice it was impossible to know its actual source. “What is happening on the right side of the map with regards to transparency and exposing sources of foreign funding is absolute lawlessness. Hundreds of millions of shekels are flowing into Israel from anonymous sources, and no one has any way of knowing the source of the money,” said Yariv Oppenheimer, head of Peace Now. The study looked into a number of leading right-leaning NGOs including NGO Monitor, Im Tirzu, Regavim, the Council of Jewish Communities in Judea, Samaria and the Gaza Strip, Mida, Ir David Foundation (Elad), Binyamin Settlers’ Association, Shomron Settlers Committee, and the Institute for Zionist Strategies. The report also found that some NIS 100m. of public funds was transferred to NGOs through municipalities. According to Peace Now, this money was transferred via the “participation method,” which sees public funds transferred to municipalities and in turn to various NGOs. “Even hundreds of millions of shekels that the government takes from the citizens of Israel and transfers to right-wing NGOs are not transparent,
and it is impossible to know precisely in real-time how much public money goes to the settlements,” said Oppenheimer. “Instead of putting a stop to the ‘celebration’ and enacting laws requiring transparency of everyone, the government is promoting selective laws that will apply in practice only to organizations opposing the government and whose contributions from abroad are already exposed and transparent,” he said. Prof. Gerald Steinberg, president of NGO Monitor, responded to the report. “We welcome Peace Now’s very belated agreement that full transparency is necessary for all foreign funding of political NGOs, regardless of ideology. Unfortunately, PN’s report exploits this core democratic issue that impacts on Israel more than in any other country, to attack ‘enemies real and imagined,” Steinberg said. “After years of complaining that transparency legislation and research are ‘McCarthyite’ and ‘fascist,’ political NGOs affiliated with the New Israel Fund, including Peace Now, have recognized the importance of funding transparency and accountability for what are ostensibly nongovernment organizations, but [which] receive much of their money from governments,” he said. He added: “NGO Monitor is a non-ideological research institute, receives all funding from private – not government – donors, is fully transparent, and fully complies with all relevant Israeli regulations.” According to NGO Monitor, government funding for NGOs is entirely different than private funding, whether from individuals or philanthropies. States exercise sovereign power on an exclusive basis, and state interference or manipulation of civil society organizations in other countries violates that sovereignty. In addition, while private individuals and funds distribute their money as an expression of free choice, governments do not consult their citizens before deciding on grants to selected foreign NGOs. Another essential difference, according to NGO Monitor, is that many European governments, including those providing Peace Now with almost half of its budget, fail to practice transparency on these issues. They reject Freedom of Information requests, their reporting is years late or nonexistent in some cases, and the decision-making processes remain highly guarded secrets. In contrast, private donors generally report their contributions in detail to tax authorities in order to receive tax deductions. (JPOST 14 December 2015)

• Nearly 900 housing units approved in Jerusalem’s contested Gilo neighborhood. Construction intended to block the contiguity of a Palestinian state, critics say. The Jerusalem Local Planning and Building Committee on Wednesday approved 891 additional housing units in the southeast Jerusalem neighborhood of Gilo according to multiple media reports. In April, construction
commenced for 708 Jewish homes in the contested neighborhood in a forested area, drawing the ire of both Palestinian activists and environmentalists alike. Gilo is over the 1949 Armistice Line. According to critics, the announcement to build in Gilo last year while US Secretary of State John Kerry was in Israel helped derail peace talks, and proved that Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu has no intention of agreeing to a two-state solution. Indeed, when the Construction Ministry announced the approval of the Gilo tenders, Aviv Tatarsky, a researcher at the NGO Ir Amim, contended that the construction was intended to block the contiguity of a Palestinian state. “The units are part of over 4,500 units approved since 2012, and if realized, tenders like this would cut off Bethlehem from east Jerusalem,” he said. “It’s not just building beyond the Green Line, this kind of construction dramatically changes the facts on the ground.” April’s groundbreaking came one week after the planned construction of some 1,500 apartments in the capital’s southeastern Har Homa neighborhood were frozen, and two days after preliminary plans for the construction of 2,200 Arab housing units in the capital’s southeastern Jebl Mukaber neighborhood were approved by the Interior Ministry’s District Planning and Building Committee. At the time, right-wing city councilman Arieh King condemned both the freeze and approved Arab expansion as a “de facto means” of changing demographic facts on the ground. “When the government and municipality are approving thousands of apartments for Arabs, and at the same time are freezing new developments for Jews, what they are doing is changing the demographic status of Jerusalem,” he said following the announcement. The Construction Ministry has repeatedly denied that the Gilo approval is politically motivated. A municipal official did not confirm or deny Wednesday’s report. (JPOST & Walla News 16 December 2015)

- **Knesset Committee authorizes increased transparency in WZO Settlement Division.** Final version of the bill, proposed by Bayit Yehudi MK Bezalel Smotrich, enshrines in law the existing role of the WZO Settlement Division, which helps found and develop rural settlements. The World Zionist Organization Settlement Division will be required to be managed more transparently, according to legislation the Knesset Law, Constitution and Justice Committee approved for a second and third (final) vote Tuesday. The final version of the bill, proposed by MK Bezalel Smotrich (Bayit Yehudi), enshrines in law the existing role of the WZO Settlement Division, which helps found and develop rural settlements, at the government’s orders, in the Golan Heights, Binyamin and Judean Hills, Jordan Valley, Hebron Hills, the Galilee and the Negev. The bill states that the government can exercise its authority over the
Settlement Division, but not to turn it into a governmental body, and agreements signed between government offices and the Settlement Division will be supervised according to the principles of public law. The Law, Constitution and Justice Committee voted to add articles requiring increased transparency in the way the Settlement Division manages its money. Its expenses, income, financial reports, budgetary decisions and implementation, tenders and contracts must all be transparent. The committee rejected dozens of changes the opposition sought to make to the bill, and it is expected to reach a final vote next week. The Zionist Union, especially MK Stav Shaffir, has come out against the Settlement Division in recent years, claiming a lack of transparency that has allowed disproportionate funding for West Bank settlements, citing research on the matter by left-wing think tank Molad. Smotrich’s bill is a response to the criticism. After the bill was authorized, Shaffir said: “It is simply disgraceful to see how an entire government bends over backwards to [Education Minister Naftali] Bennett and Smotrich’s anarchism, which authorizes the Settlement Division’s corrupt behavior. According to Shaffir, “the Settlement Division squeezes out Israeli citizens’ taxpayer money and sends them to settlements and Bayit Yehudi NGOs instead of the periphery. “Shame on this government that cooperates with such behavior, which is leading us to a country with no laws and no national responsibility,” she declared. (JPOST 23 December 2015)

• The Ministry of Housing Plans Exposed. In November 2013, following international pressure, Prime Minister Netanyahu cancelled three tenders issued by the Ministry of Housing (MOH) calling for architects to bid for contracts to plan tens of thousands of housing units in settlements, including in E1. One year later, far from the public eye (without any public tender), the MOH hired architects to plan many of those plans. This planning, which contradicts any possible commitment to a two-state solution, continues through the present day. In July 2013 Peace Now contacted the MOH, asking that it disclose its list of projects in the settlements since 2012, pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act. Only after Peace Now petitioned to the court, requesting that it compel the MOH to disclose the information, did the MOH revealed partial information: 200 pages with tables containing over 1,000 lines of data. This data, together with other sources, reveal that the MOH is working on projects in settlement valued at over 330 million NIS. The main elements of this planning are as follows: The MOH is working on plans for 55,548 units in West Bank settlements, in different phases of planning: ♦ About half of this planning is for construction east of the Separation Barrier. ♦ The plans include more than 8,372 units in the
E1 area. ♦ The plans include two brand-new settlements: Givat Eitam (aka, E2, or A-Nahla, located south of Bethlehem), and Bitronot/Brosh, in the northern Jordan Valley. ♦ The plans include the post-facto legalization/approval of at least six illegal outposts ♦ The plans include construction to transform a number of small settlements into bigger towns. In addition, the MOH is working today on plans for immediate implementation of construction of 3,786 units, 64% of them east of the Separation Barrier. In addition, the MOH is already funding infrastructure work for the construction of 4,054 units, 70% of them east of the Separation Barrier. In addition, it appears the MOH has funded a number of illegal projects in settlements. In addition, the MOH gave at least 1.8 million NIS to local authorities in settlements for campaigns encouraging Israelis to move to settlements. In addition, the MOH funded the expansion of the Beit Romano settlement in the heart of Hebron (1 million NIS), and gave another 350,000 NIS for the renovation of the settlers’ “Beitar Club” in Hebron. In addition, the Ministry of Housing of Housing is planning for settlement expansion in East Jerusalem: The MOH is planning a new neighborhood in Atarot (10,000 units) between Beit Hanina and Ramallah, The MOH is planning for the expansion of Har Homa to the west (2,000 units), The MOH is planning for 21 units in the heart of the Muslim Quarter, near Herod’s Gate. (Peace Now 28 December 2015)

- Israeli Defense Minister OKs Addition of West Bank Church Compound to Settlement Bloc. The property at Gush Etzion was purchased by U.S. businessman Irving Moskowitz, a high-profile supporter of the settlements. A West Bank property once owned by a church that was later bought by a right-wing American Jew will become part of the Gush Etzion settlement bloc, Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon has decided. If the compound is populated, settlers would help consolidate their hold on Gush Etzion’s south. The property’s purchase by U.S. businessman Irving Moskowitz, a prominent supporter of the settlements, was first reported by Haaretz in May. The property consists of eight buildings on a 40-dunam (10-acre) lot. It is located on Route 60 between Jerusalem and Hebron, opposite the Al-Aroub refugee camp. Originally built by an American missionary in the 1940s, it first served as a tuberculosis hospital and later as a hostel for pilgrims. But a few years ago the Presbyterian church group that owned it fell into financial difficulties and decided to sell it. Gro Faye-Hansen Wenske, a Norwegian Christian who is a supporter of the settlements, then set up a company in Sweden that portrayed itself as a church group. The company, Scandinavian Seamen Holy Land Enterprises, offered to buy the
property from the American owners, saying it planned to restore the church and resume its operations. The sale was completed in 2010 and duly registered with Israel’s Civil Administration in the West Bank. In 2012, the Swedish company announced that it was going out of business and sold the property to an American organization controlled by Moskowitz. That organization, the American Friends of the Everest Foundation, is mainly active in East Jerusalem, where it specializes in buying property from Arabs and then encouraging Jews to move in. Its local partner in this activity is Aryeh King, a Jerusalem city councilman and long-time activist in right-wing causes. Moskowitz’s organization posted guards at the church compound and, about a year ago, began renovating the buildings. But the new owner’s true identity was kept secret, including from the Israel Defense Forces. Palestinian workers employed to do the renovations said they were told the owner was a Norwegian who sought to restore the church to its former condition. The same story was given to the army. After Haaretz reported on these events, the Civil Administration briefly ordered the work stopped. But it soon decided it had no grounds for halting the renovations if no changes were made to the building’s exterior. Haaretz’s report that the new owner planned to turn the compound into a settlement spurred politicians from both left and right to visit it, and Palestinians staged demonstrations against the project. The property is located just outside the boundaries of the Gush Etzion region. The local council therefore asked Ya’alon to approve adding it to the municipality’s jurisdiction. Ya’alon has agreed to this request, and the military commander in the territories signed off on the order. This means the property is now officially part of the settlement bloc. It also suggests that families can move in immediately, since the eight buildings on the site were built decades ago and require no construction permits. In contrast, any plans for additional construction that might be submitted in the future would require permits. Representatives of the new owner say there is no plan to let families move into the buildings, with the goal being to open a hostel that will serve Jews, Christians and Muslims alike. But information obtained by Haaretz indicates that the property is intended to become a settlement. (Haaretz 6 January 2016)

- **Knesset Transparency C'tee: Gov't unknowingly funding 'price tag' activities. Funds transferred by different ministries to Samaria and Binyamin local councils used to fund NGOs encouraging Jewish terror activities against IDF soldiers, Israeli citizens, Palestinians, says c'tee chairwoman Shaffir.** The Knesset’s Transparency Committee has received documents and testimony that indicate different government ministries have been unwittingly funding groups
that undermine the State of Israel by encouraging "price tag" attacks and illegal outposts. "It's awful to find out that while we've been paying taxes so the state can provide us with quality of life, millions of shekels from our money are being transferred to support activities that most of the citizens of Israel would not be willing to fund, including activity against the state itself and the rule of law," said committee chairwoman MK Stav Shaffir (Zionist Union). "The funds reached NGOs that encourage the twisted idea of 'price tag' attacks from the Agriculture, Education and Welfare Ministries, and the Authority for National-Civic Service," Shaffir continued. "The indirect support of Jewish terror activities against the IDF, the citizens of Israel, and Palestinians, using public funds that belong to all of us - is an outrage. Government ministers condemn the 'price tag' violence, but at the same time embrace (the perpetrators) with budgets and support. The government is simply undermining itself," she added. For example, the documents obtained by the committee show that the Interior Ministry transferred millions of shekels of taxpayer money earmarked for the Samaria and Binyamin local councils. The local councils in turn used these funds to establish the Samaria Settlers Committee and the Binyamin Settlers Committee. These NGOs encourage activity meant to disrupt the work of security forces coming to evacuate illegal structures and outposts. The Binyamin Settlers Committee received some NIS 3.5 million from its local council, while the Samaria Settlers Committee received some NIS 1 million a year from its own council. (Ynetnews 10 January 2016)

- Agricultural Minister Uri Ariel calls for annexation of West Bank’s Area C. Ariel also called for building E1, where there are plans for 3,500 apartments. Agriculture Minister Uri Ariel called on the government to annex Area C of the West Bank during a tour of Judea and Samaria led by the Knesset Land for Israel Caucus. As he spoke the Bayit Yehudi member stood on the hilltop of a controversial un-built area of the Ma’aleh Adumim settlement known as E1. Ariel has long been a vocal proponent of building in E1 and of unilaterally extending Israeli law to include Area C where all the settlements are located. Areas A and B of the West Bank, where the bulk of the Palestinians live, are under the civil control of the Palestinian Authority. “We should tell the prime minister, the government and the Knesset that the time has come to annex Area C,” Ariel said. “If someone asks about Areas A and B, than their time will come. When, we will see. For now, let’s agree on Area C. There is more than 60% of the [West Bank] territory, with 50,000 Arabs. They do not pose a problem to the state of Israel,” he said. “I am suggesting that we unite around this call,” he said. Jewish residents of Judea and Samaria lack the full rights granted Israeli
citizens in the rest of the country, said Ariel. “This isn’t a normal situation,” he said. “There are too many laws that are not applicable and that discriminate negatively against us,” said the agriculture minister, himself a resident of Area C. Ariel also called for building E1, where there are plans for 3,500 apartments. Every prime minister since Yitzhak Rabin has promised to begin construction on E1. But all have failed to make good on that pledge under pressure from the United States and the European Union which feel that any construction in that bridgehead area near Jerusalem would undermine the chances of ever achieving a two-state solution. When Ariel was the construction and housing minister under the last government he created initial plans for 8,372 housing units. But Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu frozen those plans. His office has said that no building will occur on E1 at this time. Ariel said he wants to strengthen the prime minister so that he would be able to build on E1. “But in the meantime, we have to annex this area,” he said. Ma’aleh Adumim is the third-largest West Bank settlement. It is located just outside of Jerusalem and is home to 37,404 people. Palestinians believe that E1 and Ma’aleh Adumim should be part of their future state. Israel in turn has insisted that the settlement must be within its final borders. It views Ma’aleh Adumim as a vital part of preserving a united Jerusalem under Israeli sovereignty. Ma’aleh Adumim Mayor Benny Kashriel said his city was built with consensus from all the parties and as a result, he has been shocked, that it is part of the freeze on building plans. He charged that Netanyahu has taken his city out of consensus. “It is my government that has frozen this city,” he said. Ariel thanked the caucus for its help, but said that the time had come for more action. “You can come and speak to the cameras as much as you want, but it won’t bring building. That will only happen if you threatened to withhold votes unless building is approved here,” he said. “The moment you say this, the ministers will follow suit. Otherwise there won’t be building here.” (JPOST 10 January 2016)

- Israeli AG Strikes Down Successor’s Plan to Legalize Buildings at West Bank Outpost. Avichai Mendelblit recommended a land swap with Palestinians in West Bank settlement, but Yehuda Weinstein deems move legally untenable. Less than a month before the Attorney General’s Office changes hands, incumbent Yehuda Weinstein has struck down recommendations by his designated successor that were aimed at legalizing illegal construction in a West Bank outpost. The recommendations were issued by Avichai Mendelblit in his most recent role as cabinet secretary. In that capacity, the government appointed him last July to head a professional committee examining legal issues relating to West Bank lands. The committee was established at the request of the Habayit
Hayehudi party, and was seen as an attempt to circumvent the state’s official legal service, headed by the attorney general. One issue the committee discussed was the outpost of Netiv Ha’avot, located near the settlement of Elazar in the Gush Etzion settlement bloc. One of the outpost’s residents is Ze’ev Hever, head of Amana – the settlement movement’s construction arm. Israel’s Civil Administration examined the outpost and found that while part of it was on state land, 17 buildings were on private Palestinian land. Consequently, the Palestinian landowners and Peace Now petitioned the High Court of Justice in 2014 to demand that those buildings be razed. As an alternative to demolishing the buildings, Mendelblit’s committee considered the idea of a land swap, under which the built-up area would become state land while the Palestinians would be compensated with land in other, un-built portions of the outpost. The state prosecution had rejected this idea in the past, saying such land swaps could only be concluded voluntarily, not forcibly. The Mendelblit Committee’s conclusions were passed onto Weinstein. But 10 days ago, the state told the High Court that Weinstein deemed the idea legally untenable. It then said he needed additional time to consider his position on the petition, in light of the fact that Mendelblit’s idea had been ruled out. However, once Mendelblit becomes attorney general on February 1, he could reinstate the proposal. If so, the court would then have to decide whether or not to uphold it. (Haaretz 11 January 2016)

• Israel Appeals Decision to Let Right-wing Group Run Site Near Western Wall. Supreme Court appeal claims that deal with Elad restricts government’s role in regulating prayer arrangements at Wall. The State Prosecution has appealed to the Supreme Court against a Jerusalem District Court decision to approve an agreement allowing the right-wing City of David Foundation, better known as Elad, to manage the archeological park adjacent to the Western Wall. The prosecution filed its appeal under privilege but most of the details were cleared for publication following a request submitted by Haaretz to the court. For around a year the state has been trying to void the deal between Elad, which operates the City of David National Park, and the Company for the Reconstruction and Development of the Jewish Quarter, that would allow Elad to manage the park at the southern edge of the Western Wall and the adjacent Davidson Center, both major tourist attractions. The government has criticized the agreement, saying it was not approved as required and that it will restrict the government’s freedom of action. Any change of status in that area could have far-reaching security and diplomatic ramifications, since it is a holy enclave, the state claims. Aside from fears it would undermine relations with Jordan and the Palestinians because of the site’s proximity to the Temple Mount, the agreement
also disrupted the negotiations between the state and pluralistic Jewish groups that operate a platform for egalitarian prayer in the archaeological park. Shortly after Haaretz revealed the agreement in early 2014, the state filed suit against it in Jerusalem Magistrate’s Court and won, although the court rejected the state’s argument about the area’s political sensitivity and its status as a holy place. But Elad appealed to the district court, which this past October overturned the lower court ruling and reinstated the agreement. In requesting an appeal, the state said the agreement, “Directly restricts the government’s functioning in a real and practical way, including its role relating to prayer arrangements at the Western Wall Plaza.” As such, the Jewish Quarter development company should have asked the government to approve the agreement before signing it, prosecutors said. Elad argues that just as the Supreme Court approved the agreement it had signed with the Nature and Parks Authority to manage the City of David National Park, it must uphold this agreement. (Haaretz 12 January 2016)

State Prosecutor Said to View Appointment of Dery as 'Legally Untenable'. In private discussions, State Prosecutor Shai Nitzan has said he cannot defend the appointment in court due to Dery’s criminal record. The appointment of Shas party leader Arye Dery as interior minister, which was approved by the Knesset on Monday, is legally untenable in light of Dery’s criminal record, and he should be disqualified from serving in the post, State Prosecutor Shai Nitzan is understood to have said privately in discussions of the matter at the Justice Ministry. The Knesset approved Dery’s appointment by a vote of 54 to 43 late Monday after it was unanimously supported by the cabinet on Sunday. The appointment is being challenged in a petition filed by the Movement for Quality Government, and Nitzan’s stance on the matter will pose a substantial legal hurdle in the government’s defense of the appointment. The NGO is calling on the High Court of Justice to intervene, saying that Dery is being allowed to return “to the same crime scene where he stole public funds and corrupted the entire system of government.” Nitzan’s stance contradicts the position of Attorney General Yehuda Weinstein, who has said the appointment would not violate the law, although there would still be room for public debate of the matter. Nitzan expressed his views in discussions to develop the stance that the State Prosecutor’s office is to present to the High Court of Justice in response to the petition against Dery’s appointment. In the early 1990s, Dery was suspended as interior minister following allegations that he took bribes while serving in public posts. He was convicted and sentenced to three years in prison, and was released in July 2002 after serving two-thirds of his sentence. It is not reasonable for Dery to return to the Interior Ministry, where the corrupt acts of which Dery
was convicted were committed, Nitzan is understood to have said. Nitzan is said to have made clear, however, that there are no grounds to barring Dery from serving in another cabinet post, despite the difficulties that it poses. Last year Dery served as economy minister. He then resigned over policy differences and was appointed Negev and Galilee development minister. Monday’s Knesset vote enables him to replace Silvan Shalom who stepped down from the interior ministry post recently after claims of sexual harassment were filed against him. The Justice Ministry declined to comment on internal discussions. In a legal opinion submitted to Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu, Attorney General Weinstein wrote that “the appointment was not tainted on the legal level by extreme unreasonableness.” Nevertheless, Weinstein acknowledged that when the High Court of Justice considered the legality of Dery’s appointment to any cabinet position, it was decided that such an appointment raised legal difficulties. “It has even been deemed by the Supreme Court as on the borderline of the area of reasonable, and the force of such rulings is also valid with respect to the appointment proposed at this time.” Weinstein made specific reference to a court ruling by Justice Uzi Vogelman on Dery’s appointment to the cabinet that allowed that the matter could remain the subject of public debate even if no legal grounds have been found for intervention in the appointment. The Knesset vote on Dary was proceeded by a heated debate during which opposition politicians criticized Netanyahu’s decision to appoint Dery to the vacant position despite his criminal history. (Haaretz 12 January 2016)

• Agriculture Ministry Funnels Money Into Urban Settlements. West Bank farmers are furious over the allocation of funds, which are to be used for projects that have ‘no connection to agriculture’. The Agriculture Ministry recently allocated 60 million shekels ($15 million) to infrastructure projects in West Bank settlements, even though many of the recipients are urban communities with no connection to agriculture. Farmers in the settlements are also furious because the money was transferred to local and regional councils rather than to actual farmers. The allocation was part of the coalition agreement with the Habayit Hayehud party. This agreement called for allocating 240 million shekels in 2015 and 100 million shekels in 2016 to “national infrastructure, public buildings and municipal security grants” in West Bank settlements. The money was divided among various ministries, and the Agriculture Ministry, headed by Minister Uri Ariel (Habayit Hayehud), got 60 million shekels. In September, the ministry invited settlements to apply for funding for projects that served various specified goals, including encouraging agriculture, preserving agricultural land and open spaces, “strengthening rural communities,” “preserving agricultural and rural
heritage” and “developing rural communities.” But the invitation didn’t define what constituted a rural community. Last week, when the funds were finally allocated, it turned out that many recipients were urban settlements. For instance, Kiryat Arba, a dense urban settlement of 7,000 people, received a million shekels to build an access road to the Tomb of the Patriarchs in Hebron. It’s not clear why this project should be funded by the Agriculture Ministry at all, since the Transportation Ministry also received 50 million shekels to allocate to settlements. Elkana, a bourgeois suburb located just over the Green Line, received one million shekels for a park and one million to renovate its auditorium. Beit El, which also has about 7,000 residents, got 1.5 million shekels to improve the settlement’s appearance. Kedumim got one million shekels for a park and another million to improve its appearance and access to its oldest neighborhood. The Binyamin Regional Council was allocated 1.6 million shekels to develop a master plan for tourism and 4.4 million shekels for “the cultural fabric of western Binyamin.” And so forth. Last Friday, following the announcement of the grants, Kedumim Mayor Hananel Dorani organized a small advertisement thanking Ariel in the newspaper Makor Rishon. Altogether, it was signed by eight settlement mayors. But many farmers in the settlements were furious over the grants. “Ever since Ariel took office, the Agriculture Ministry has been cutting all kinds of things connected to agriculture, like solutions for rabies,” said one, who asked to remain anonymous. “There’s a crisis in agriculture, but what they give money for is gates [at the entrances] of settlements and halls and all kinds of large settlements that have no connection to agriculture”. Another farmer, who also asked to remain anonymous, added that at a time when exports to Europe are declining and the Russian market is unstable, “as a farmer, what helps me isn’t improving the settlement’s appearance, but rehabilitating my farm”. (Haaretz 13 January 2016)

- **Gov't promoting tax benefits for West Bank settlements. New initiative seeks to apply benefits in the fields of industry, agriculture and tourism for Israelis living beyond the Green Line as well.** A legal memorandum published Wednesday night for the first time seeks to amend the Income Tax Ordinance, so that the tax benefits granted to businesses in the fields of industry, agriculture and tourism will also apply to businesses in West Bank settlements. This is a joint initiative involving several government agencies working, according to officials, to correct a distortion in the law. The initiative began after residents living in the West Bank claimed they were being discriminated against, and even petitioned the High Court of Justice on the subject in 2013. Until now, residents of the West
Bank paid taxes but did not receive tax benefits in the above-mentioned categories. Now the government wants all the tax benefits to apply to all territories beyond the Green Line. This would be a precarious move that could provoke harsh criticism, partly due to the application of Israeli law and granting benefits to contested areas. According to the memorandum, existing legislation cannot apply the tax benefits and other incentives in these fields to the West Bank settlements. However, settlers do enjoy benefits given as part of a program to incentivize capital investments in the area. Because Israeli citizens living beyond the Green Line are subject to all of the commitments and obligations as Israelis living within the Green Line, the memorandum argues that the settlers should receive the aforementioned tax benefits as well. (Ynetnews 22 January 2016)

• Netanyahu seeks to return evicted settlers to Hebron houses. The prime minister says once proper permits are in place, the 80 settlers removed from the West Bank apartments could return to the apartments they say they bought from the Palestinians. Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu said on Sunday he would allow Jewish settlers evicted by the IDF from two houses in the West Bank city of Hebron to return once proper permits were in place. About 80 settlers were removed from Hebron on Friday a day after Defense Minister Moshe Ya'alon withheld his required approval of their occupancy in apartments in a city where tensions between Israelis and Palestinians run high. The settler group said it had bought the homes from Palestinian owners. But Ya’alon said the settlers had failed to seek permission from Israeli authorities to move in and were trespassing. A Netanyahu aide said on Friday that the prime minister supported Ya’alon's decision to evict the settlers, a step that drew criticism from members of the right-wing coalition government and threats to withhold support in Knesset votes. But the aide said the settlers could take up residency again after completing the necessary paperwork. In public remarks at the weekly cabinet meeting on Sunday, Netanyahu said his government "supports the settlements" and would expedite an examination of the settlers' case. "The moment that the purchase process is authorized, we will allow the population of the two houses in Hebron," Netanyahu said, confirming his aide’s remarks. “The process of checking is starting today,” he added. “We will do it as quickly as possible. If, in any case, it is not completed within a week, I will see to it that the cabinet receives a status report.” Meanwhile, the government decided to form a ministerial committee on settlements, based on the recommendations of the 2012 Levy report. The committee’s formation will essentially strip the defense minister of his authority to evacuate homes in the territories. Education Minister Naftali
Bennett demanded the committee be formed as part of Bayit Yehudi’s coalition agreement with the ruling Likud party. Some of the Likud ministers attacked Ya’alon, also a member of Likud, for the decision to evict the homes. "He caused an injustice that cries out to the heavens," claimed ministers Ze’ev Elkin and Yariv Levin. "It doesn’t make sense that illegal construction in Hebron is enforced, but not in the Arab sector," Levin said. "According to what guidelines was the evacuation done? What are the actions you took before deciding to evict?" Ya’alon addressed the attacks on him from the right, telling Army Radio that he has "no common language" with Bayit Yehudi MK Bezalel Smotrich and certain critics in Likud. Agriculture Minister Uri Ariel referenced Ya’alon’s words before a government meeting. "I have a common language with everyone," he said. "You always have to find ways to reach understandings and rather than criticize." Ariel explained Bayit Yehudi’s demand to form a ministerial committee on settlements, saying "it shouldn’t be a decision of just one minister but of a ministerial committee that represents the entire government." (Ynetnews 24 January 2016)

- Israel Approves New West Bank Homes, Marking End of Informal Building Freeze. After almost two years, Civil Administration and other planning and building bodies have approved construction of 153 residential units in Samaria and East Jerusalem. Israeli planning authorities approved the construction of 153 new apartments in West Bank settlements last week, effectively putting an end to an informal construction freeze that has lasted about 18 months. For almost two years now, the government has largely refused to advance new building plans in the territories, due to fear that the U.S. administration would retaliate by refusing to veto anti-Israel resolutions in the UN Security Council. The only plans that did move forward involved either legalization of existing outposts or master plans for areas where petitions to the High Court of Justice spurred the government to act. Thus, for instance, a master plan for the Ma’aleh Mikhmash region, east of Ramallah, was advanced last November, apparently due to an impending hearing on High Court petitions, filed by the Yesh Din rights organization and local Palestinians, who are demanding that the government evacuate the nearby Mitzpeh Dani outpost. If implemented, the plan would legalize two outposts and add thousands of apartments to existing settlements. But last week, the planning and building committee of Israel’s Civil Administration in the West Bank approved several new construction schemes. One was a private contractor’s plan to build 34 units in Etz Efraim, near Ariel, on a 46-dunam lot (about 12 acres). Rachelim, located in roughly the same area – where 61 units were recently legalized – got permission to build 31 new units. Another plan involved
replacing mobile homes in Carmel, in the South Hebron Hills, with 28 permanent apartments. And Alon Shvut, in the Gush Etzion settlement bloc, received approval to build 60 new units on a 10-dunam plot. The authorization of these new construction plans comes on the heels of Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon’s decision to let the Gush Etzion Regional Council annex a 40-dunam compound that once belonged to a church. The compound was recently purchased by an American organization backed by right-wing American Jewish millionaire Irving Moskowitz. Haaretz first reported the sale last May. In addition, Jerusalem’s local planning and building commission gave final approval last month for construction of 891 units in East Jerusalem’s Gilo neighborhood. The plan had received initial approval in late 2012, but was then put on hold. (Haaretz 26 January 2016)

**Gov't approves mixed prayer area at Western Wall.** New area will be located south of the existing prayer areas, and will be used by Reform and Conservative Jews to pray according to their custom; Haredi parties voted against plan, but accept it as 'lesser of evils.' The government approved on Sunday the creation of a mixed prayer area at the Western Wall in which both men and women can pray together. According to the proposed arrangement, a new prayer area will be set up south of the existing separate prayer areas. The new prayer area will be modeled on the one set up at Robinson’s Arch two years ago where Women of the Wall could worship, and will allow Reform and Conservative Jews to pray according to their custom. This is an achievement for the Women of the Wall group, which has been fighting for women’s prayer rights at the Kotel, aided by both female and male MKs. The Women of the Wall group wishes to pray and read from the Torah collectively and out loud at the Western Wall, while also wearing prayer shawls. The compromise agreement, which was formulated by a team headed by Cabinet Secretary Avichai Mandelblit and signed by Women of the Wall and the Western Wall Heritage Foundation, ensures that "the Western Wall will be open and accessible to any Jew seeking to pray in a manner that befits his identify and beliefs." The new prayer area will be made "respectable, accessible and visible, and serve as an integral part of the Western Wall site." However, the new area will not be connected to the existing separate men and women sections, as it is on a lower level, and located on the other side of the Mughrabi Bridge leading to the Temple Mount. In addition, because of the political sensitivity over construction at the site, it is not possible to create contiguity between the different prayer areas, but the three areas will share an entrance. The Western Wall Heritage Foundation will not be responsible over the new area, as it is on the existing one - it will
instead be managed by a public council formed at the Prime Minister's Office. Among the council's members will be representatives of the non-Orthodox sectors and Women of the Wall. In return, the Chief Rabbinate will have full authority over the prayer customs at the existing separate men and women prayer sections. Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu called the proposal "a compromise on this delicate issue in a place that is supposed to unite the Jewish People. While I know that this is a delicate issue, I think that this is a fair and creative solution." While voting against the plan, ministers from the ultra-Orthodox parties Shas and United Torah Judaism decided not to use their right of veto to thwart the plan, which would have led to a crisis in the coalition because they view it as "the lesser of evils" compared to previous proposals that allocated larger areas of prayer for the mixed section. The haredim are worried of the precedent set by the plan, which will in effect serve as state recognition of Reforms and Conservatives as legitimate Jewish movements. On the other hand, the agreement does enshrine in law the ultra-Orthodox control over the existing prayer area, keeping liberal entities away from it. Agriculture Minister Uri Ariel (Bayit Yehudi) said ahead of the vote that he intends to oppose the plan, saying it is "unnecessary and hurts the Jewish tradition, which is important to all of us. The reform Jews from Israel, and mostly from abroad, are intentionally harming the values we hold dear, and allowing them into the Western Wall (on its southern side) will offend traditional Israeli citizens." But it's not just members of the religious factions that opposed the proposal. The project is estimated to cost over NIS 30 million and according to government officials, three Likud ministers - Ze'ev Elkin, Yariv Levin and Miri Regev - all refused to allocate funds for the prayer area from their ministries. Because of that, the Prime Minister's Office, the Finance Ministry and the Diaspora Affairs Ministry allocated a total of NIS 25 million from their respective budgets to set up the prayer area and its access paths to the Western Wall, while the Jewish Agency will add NIS 10 million for the project. An additional NIS 10 million are still needed and a solution for that will be found in the coming month. (Ynetnews & Haaretz 31 January 2016)

- Almost All West Bank Land Deals for Illegal Settlements Forged, Investigation Finds. From straw men to cash-stuffed suitcases, new investigation reveals that 14 out 15 acquisitions by right wing firm of West Bank lands from Palestinians were forged. A fraud squad investigation has revealed that 14 of 15 supposed real estate acquisitions made by Al-Watan, a company run by pro-settlement activist Ze'ev Hever and owned by the right wing Amana, were forged. Details of the West Bank forgery industry were broadcast on Tuesday in an investigative report on the Channel 10 program HaMakor with Raviv Drucker. In recent years,
whenever the state sought to evacuate illegal outposts in the Binyamin region, Al-Watan officials would announce that they had bought the local lands from their Palestinian owners. The documents often turned out to be forged. A police investigation that was opened in the case ended, and the case was transferred to the state prosecutor. The police did not interrogate Hever, but by questioning a chain of straw men it emerged that 14 of the 15 supposed deals were forged. An investigative report by Raviv Drucker documents two Palestinians who acted as straw men for Al-Watan. The straw men would buy the lands from people using forged documents purporting to be those of the real landowners (many of whom are no longer alive) and then transfer them to Amana in a fake deal. One of them, Akram, said to the camera, “I signed on many plots and lands.” Referring to the land upon which the outpost of Amona was established he said: “I signed in Silwad,” he said, referring to a West Bank Palestinian town northeast of Ramallah. “They told me there is land with such and such a number, and another plot with number … sign. I signed so many times for many lands. I made five or six deals.” He added: “I told them I am signing for all the Palestinians, but let me live in Israel because of my children. My children are in Israel, and I don’t see them, and I am always entering Israel and going to jail because I have no permit, and I tell them in the investigation that I am threatened. I have a problem in the Palestinian Authority, and I am threatened unless you let me live in Israel. I sold [land] because they would help me, and no one is helping me. I am suffering from complexes now.” Straw men, cash suitcases The two straw men attest that at the signing, an Israeli lawyer from Jerusalem, who was investigated in the case and who name is barred from publication under a gag order, handed them a suitcase with half a million shekels ($126,400). When they go outside, the lawyer takes the suitcase back. The goal is to fake a deal. Mohammed, one of the straw men who was interviewed, said that he sat with the lawyer in a restaurant, and afterwards went up to his office. “He told me that this man’s friend cannot put the land under his name because of the Income Tax Authority,” he explained. “I signed on the papers and afterward he gave me a suitcase full of money and told me, ‘Take this.’ When I went downstairs, he took the money back and told me, ‘Take, this is what you get.’ That’s all.” The investigative report documents attorney Eytan Lehman meeting with Akram at a gas station after he learned that Akram was speaking with Drucker, and instructs him to call him and tell him that he does not remember anything, without realizing that he was being recorded. “The question is if you can have the conversation with him,” he said in the recording. “Tell him [Druker] perhaps I no longer remember he story blah blah blah, and then he will tell you: 'but don’t worry, I know the whole story.'
Tell him what does he mean 'know the whole story,' for you don’t remember what I said to the police or something like that … Try to get it out of him without him understanding.” Hever responded by saying he does not have knowledge of the report’s content. Al Watan responded to the report, saying all of their land deals were done legally. (Haaretz 2 February 2016)

- An Israeli group known as Saving Jewish Jerusalem called for the immediate establishment of a “security fence” in occupied Jerusalem in order to separate it from its eastern part. The group was founded by the former cabinet minister Haim Ramon and a number of Knesset members and former army leaders, Maariv Hebrew newspaper revealed. “Saving Jewish Jerusalem’s platform, which will also be presented to the public, calls for handing control of 28 Palestinian villages in East Jerusalem to the Palestinian Authority (PA). The villages in question had been an integral part of the West Bank until Israel annexed them in 1967.” By removing some 200,000 Palestinians from the municipal boundaries of Jerusalem, the city’s Jews will constitute more than 80% of its residents, and the percentage of Palestinians will drop to less than 20%, from the nearly 40% today, according to the newspaper. Not only that, the group stresses, revoking the Palestinians’ Israeli residency permits will ease the economic burden these villages impose on the Israeli taxpayer, some 2-3 billion Israeli shekels ($500-$750 million) in social and medical care. Members of the movement argue that the Palestinian villages are massively detrimental to the prosperity of the Israeli capital in terms of security, demographic balance, standard of living and economic well-being. (Pal Info 7 February 2016)

- EU calls on Israel to stop demolishing Palestinian homes. Diplomatic wrangling ratchets up over European-funded prefab homes given to Palestinians in West Bank, which Israel says are illegal. BRUSSELS, Belgium – The European Union on Saturday called on Israel to halt the demolition of Palestinian housing, some of which was EU-funded, and reiterated its opposition to expanding Israeli settlements in the West Bank. “In the past weeks there have been a number of developments in Area C of the West Bank, which risk undermining the viability of a future Palestinian state and driving the parties yet further apart,” the EU diplomatic service said in a statement. It referred to Israel’s decision on January 25 to declare 154 hectares (380 acres) of land near Jericho in the West Bank as state land, with reported plans to build around 150 new residences for settlers. This was followed by the demolition of several Palestinian residences in the south Hebron hills on Wednesday. “This is particularly concerning both because of the extent of the demolitions and also the number of vulnerable individuals
affected, including children who need support,” the EU said, adding that “demolitions included EU-funded structures.” “We call on the Israeli authorities to reverse the decisions taken and to halt further demolitions,” it said. Foreign ministers from the 28 EU nations had confirmed “the EU’s firm opposition to Israel’s settlement policy” and criticized the actions including demolitions, confiscation and forced transfers. UN Secretary General Ban Ki-moon said Friday he was “ashamed” at a lack of progress in the Israeli-Palestinian peace process, which has been deadlocked since a US peace mission collapsed in April 2014. Israel has criticized the EU-funded construction as “illegal” and intended to create facts on the ground on the Palestinian side. Army Radio reported Thursday that Israeli inspectors were having difficulty keeping up with the pace of prefabricated homes which, it said, are delivered flat-packed in the dead of night to be assembled early in the morning. According to the report, the EU has built more than 200 structures in Area C of the West Bank in recent years, territory which, according to the Oslo Accords signed in 1993 between the Israelis and Palestinians, falls under full Israeli civil and security control. Ten prefabs arrived in the past two weeks alone, the radio report claimed. Israeli forces demolished 24 out of 40 targeted structures on Tuesday in and around the village of Khirbet Jenbah south of Hebron — 10 of them EU-funded — after the buildings were declared to be located in a military firing zone by the army body that oversees civilian activities in the territories. The demolitions came after a protracted arbitration battle failed to produce results, the Defense Ministry stated. The High Court of Justice ordered an emergency stay to the demolition order after a European group appealed the decision. The stay will last at least until a February 9 hearing before the court. On Thursday morning, Israeli forces demolished five tents, three barns and an outside toilet it said had been built without permits in the village of Tammun in the northeastern West Bank, the Ynet news site reported. Danny Danon, Israel’s ambassador to the UN, on Thursday accused the EU of hypocrisy. “They can’t come and on the one hand blame Israel for creating facts on the ground and yet spend hundreds of millions of dollars on a comprehensive plan for illegal construction,” he told Army Radio. He said that while it was fine for the EU to build in Area C in coordination with Israel, “in the same breath, there’s a system that... like thieves in the night, they are building illegal buildings... to create territorial contiguity for the Palestinians. They are creating facts on the ground instead of pressuring the Palestinians to return to the negotiating table.” Army Radio said many of the trailer-type buildings arriving in the West Bank carried the names of the EU or an EU-affiliated organization and were being delivered to areas such as the
Jordan Valley and the hills leading down to Jericho. Israeli supervisors usually identified and dismantled them quickly “but the phenomenon has broadened to the extent that the supervisors’ unit doesn’t always manage to keep up with the pace.” Asserting that Area C is “part of the occupied Palestinian territory and part of any viable future Palestinian state,” the EU Mission in Israel said the union had stepped in on humanitarian grounds because of Israel’s failure to approve more than a handful of master plans that would allow the Palestinians to build themselves. All EU activity in the West Bank was “fully in line with international humanitarian law” and formed part of efforts to promote economic development and improve the quality of life of Palestinian communities in Area C in the private sector, the environment and agriculture,” said the statement. (Time of Israel 7 February 2016)

- Israeli Occupation Authorities approved the expansion of “Atarot settlement industrial zone”, located near Qalandiya airport, north of Jerusalem city. According to the Israeli resources, the Israeli Planning and construction committee in the Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem approved a plan to expand the aforementioned area. According the plan, the construction of building will be on 240 thousand square meters of land (the percentage of construction 300%). And each buildings will consists of 3 floors, and the building area will cover about 60% of the targeted land. (Al-Quds 12 February 2016)

- Israel Broke Ground on 1,800 Settlement Homes in 2015, Peace Now Says. The government’s message to the settlers is that construction will be approved after the fact, the group says. Israel authorized 350 new housing units and broke ground on around 1,800 homes in West Bank settlements last year, Peace Now said in a report released Sunday. For a year and a half, urban planning in the settlements has been frozen and nearly no new construction has been approved. However, nothing bars local government from using existing construction plans. In the absence of new plans, efforts have been heightened to make good on existing plans. According to the Peace Now group, 15 percent of construction last year, or 265 housing units, was done in unauthorized settlement outposts. Only a tiny fraction is being carried out with the participation of the defense establishment’s Civil Administration (the ultimate civil authority in the West Bank settlements). In 2012, the state committed to setting up a criminal-complaint mechanism regarding building in the settlements, but the launching process is mired in bureaucracy. Last year, construction included 1,550 permanent housing units and 250 prefab homes. Also, work began to prepare land for another 700 housing units. In Kochav Ya’akov near Ramallah, for example, construction has begun on 105 units. In Immanuel, the number is 37
units, with lots being prepared for another 100 units. In Ariel, there are 133 such units and another 27 in Karnei Shomron. In addition, three more outposts have been authorized, amid the announcement that several others will be authorized. “The government’s message to the settlers is ‘Carry out illegal construction and we will approve it retroactively,’” Peace Now wrote. “The Netanyahu government claims that the plans receiving approval are plans that don’t add new construction and are therefore not important. But in practice this policy of retroactive approval of plans empties the planning process of meaning. The government’s message to the settlers is that in practice, there is no need for planning and advance approval of plans, as ultimately the construction will be approved after the fact”. (Haaretz & Peace Now 14 February 2016)

• **Israel steps up demolitions in the West Bank.** Data indicates that the Israeli Civil Administration has noticeably stepped up its demolition of large Palestinian buildings in Area C of the West Bank since the beginning of the year, which a particular rise during the first half of February. A report by Amira Hass in Israel’s Haaretz newspaper indicated that in the past few weeks, 293 large buildings were demolished compared to the 447 large buildings that were demolished over the course of 2015. Based on this information, the Israeli authorities are demolishing an average of 49 large buildings every week, compared to last year’s average of 9 a week. The demolition operations during this year included at least 93 residential buildings, leaving 480 people homeless, including 220 children. According to the report, the Ministerial Committee on Settlement Affairs, led by Jewish Home’s Moti Yogev, is pressuring the representatives of the Civil Administration to pick up the pace on demolitions and the evacuation of Palestinians from Area C. They have also been focusing on demolishing buildings funded by international organizations, especially European organizations. According to the text of a closed session held in August, the Coordinator of Government Activities in the Territories Yoav Mordechai, stated that an immediate demolition order will be issued against any “illegal and European funded building” and a letter of protest sent to the embassy of the funding country. According to figures from the UN Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA), 104 buildings funded by European countries have been demolished over the past few weeks, while the number of those demolished or confiscated in 2015 was 108. This suggests a 230 percent increase in the demolition rate. (Haaretz & Middle East Monitor 19 February 2016)

• **Israeli report:** More than 400,000 settlers in West Bank. The number of settlers living in 128 illegal settlements in the occupied West Bank, excluding Jerusalem, has reached 406,302, an Israeli report revealed. The report, issued by former
Member of the Knesset Yaakov Katz, suggested that the Israeli settlements are distributed amongst 11 settlement blocs, the largest of which is located in the Jordan Valley, while the most densely populated is the Benjamin settlement bloc. The Benjamin bloc consists of nearly 26 illegal Israeli settlements and its population is over 83,000 settlers according to the most recent figures for 2015. There are 27 Israeli settlements in the Jordan Valley, with over 8,100 settlers. The report showed that the past two years witnessed a 4.4 per cent increase in the number of settlers in the West Bank, in addition to the 350,000 settlers who have settled in the 20 settlement blocs in occupied East Jerusalem. According to the report, the number of settlers in the occupied West Bank will reached 1.2 million by 2036. (Middle East Monitor 19 February 2016)

- **Herzog: Netanyahu must finish security barrier around West Bank settlement of Ariel.** “The residents of Ariel deserve the same protection as the residents of Tel Aviv,” says opposition leader during visit to Ariel. Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu must complete the security barrier around the settlement blocs, including the West Bank city of Ariel, opposition leader Isaac Herzog said Tuesday. “The residents of Ariel deserve the same protection as the residents of Tel Aviv,” said the Zionist Union leader during a visit to the southern Samarian city. Placing the barrier “around Ariel is not a luxury. It is a security necessity that the state owes its citizens. It is unacceptable for the barrier around the settlements blocs to be only partially constructed,” Herzog said. Ariel is the fourth largest settlement and is home to 18,400 people, as well as the University of Ariel. It is located some 16 kilometers over the pre-1967 lines. A 2006 cabinet vote called for the barrier to be constructed around that bloc as well as the Gush Etzion and Ma’aleh Adumim blocs. But to date only 60 percent of that 790 km. route has been completed. According to the latest data provided to The Jerusalem Post, the project itself has been mostly frozen since 2007. In a written response, the Defense Ministry told the Post last week, “Thus far, 470 km. of the security barrier have been completed.” It added, “an additional 71 km. still remain.” That would account for a built up route of 541 kilometers. In October 2014, the Defense Ministry told the Post that 460 km. of the barrier had been completed out of a 525 km. route that did not include the blocs of Ariel, Ma’aleh Adumim and Gush Etzion. On Tuesday, however, Herzog spoke of the significance of constructing those sections of the barrier both from a security perspective and as a way to separate from the Palestinians. He has been speaking about this issue as part of an overall separation plan that he unveiled last month based on his new understanding that a two-state solution is not feasible at this time. “We have to defend the blocs with a separation contagious separation
barrier that will prevent terrorist infiltrations on one hand and construction on the other side of the barrier on the other hand,” Herzog said. It will also allow Palestinians outside the barrier to take charge of their own life, he said. “We can’t arrive at an agreement with the Palestinians, but we can at least separate the two peoples. We have to create a border beyond which we are no longer building,” he said. “Otherwise the situation will only get worse.” He added that of course, the IDF would remain in the territory beyond the barrier. “We need to create a reality of two separate peoples rather than one living amongst the other. Only in this way will we secure Israel’s existence as a Jewish nation and not an Arab-Jewish state,” Herzog said. (JPOST 24 February 2016)

- **Jerusalem Municipality to submit NIS 7 billion 2016 budget for final approval.** Budget to include ‘dramatic increases’ for education, residential areas, culture and economic development. Following heated arguments between Jerusalem Mayor Nir Barkat and the Finance Ministry over the municipality’s emergency economic needs amid an ongoing terrorism wave, Barkat announced he will submit the 2016 municipal budget to the City Council for final approval by Monday. This year’s annual budget, which at NIS 7 billion is 5% larger compared to last year’s, “continues the increase in allotments for education, residential areas, neighborhoods, culture, and economic development from 2015,” the municipality said. “This continued growth in the city budget has been made possible because of funds Barkat and the municipality secured from the government of Israel, and from growth in independent income in the city.” The announcement comes after a very public, protracted battle between Barkat and Finance Minister Moshe Kahlon over considerable emergency funds for the capital, which culminated in a city-wide sanitation strike by fired workers, leaving the city littered in refuse. The conflict came to an end in January when the ministry agreed to allocate NIS 205 million to balance the municipal budget, allowing the mayor to rehire the sanitation workers and cease threats of massive municipal layoffs. “I am pleased that the government of Israel understands that strengthening Jerusalem must be a top priority for the country. Our response to terrorism is to continue to strengthen and develop the city of Jerusalem,” said Barkat. Deeming 2016 “a crucial struggle for the future of Jerusalem,” Barkat pledged that every resident of the struggling city will benefit from the large budget, which he said “will continue the trends of intense investments that began in recent years.” “In 2016, we will continue the dramatic improvements that we have seen over the past seven years,” he said. “The emphasis, as always, will be on education and investment in the youth, since they are our future.” Barkat added that “massive investments will continue in residential
neighborhoods, in improving the appearance of the city, in playgrounds, schools and kindergartens, in cultural institutions and dozens of events and festivals, roads, intersections and traffic, in municipal services and aid for the elderly and needy.” Moreover, he said the money is intended to reduce “gaps between the various sectors in the city, and in all walks of life,” including Arab and Jewish residents of the capital. “Jerusalem is growing and developing rapidly, and we will continue to make every effort to work to improve the quality of life for you, the residents,” he added. Of the NIS 7 billion, Barkat said NIS 803 million will be invested in infrastructure and transportation; NIS 456m. will go toward construction of public buildings, community centers, swimming pools and youth movement buildings; an additional NIS 128m. will be earmarked for education; NIS 20m. will go toward development; NIS 18.5m. toward culture, sports and leisure; and NIS 57m. toward neighborhood development. It remains unclear what the remainder of the budget will be spent on. (JPOST 28 February 2016)

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<th>Demolished Houses</th>
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This report is based on information compiled from daily press (Palestinian, Israeli and International) & field verification.