The Israeli Colonization Activities in the Palestinian Territories during the 2nd Quarter of 2015, (September - November) / 2015

(September – November)/ 2015

The Quarterly report highlights the chronology of events concerning the Israeli Violations in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip, the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

This report is prepared as part of the project entitled “Addressing Israeli Actions and its Land Policies in the OPT”, which is financially supported by the EU and SDC. However, the content of this report is the sole responsibility of ARIJ & LRC and does not necessarily reflect those of the donors.
Bethlehem Governorate (September - November )/2015

Israeli Violations in Bethlehem Governorate during the Month of September 2015

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Rachel tomb, north of Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds 1 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out military orders to demolish five Palestinian houses (one of them consists of 2 floors) and two retaining walls and a 400 square meters animal barracks in Tuqu’ village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The targeted houses are owned by: Ali Mohammad Isma’il, As’ad Mahmoud Hussen, Yousif Musa Hassan and Ahmed Mohammad Abed Sobeh. And the targeted walls are owned by: Suliman Ali Isma’il, Mohammad Salem Sobeh and Munir Ahmed Suliman. (Al-Quds 2 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed An-Nashash military checkpoint at the southern entrance of Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. (RB2000 2 September 2015)
- Anan Fares Malsh (16 years) was injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. Noted that the IOA arrested Anan Malsh after he was injured. (Al-Quds 3 September 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in several areas in Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing a number of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 4 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in several areas and neighborhoods in Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds 5 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Khirbet Ad-Dayir in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. three of the targeted houses are owned by: Khalil Mohammad Ta’amrah and his brother Ali and Abdalla Musa Tanoh. (Al-Quds 5 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest against the construction of the segregation wall at Beir ‘Uona area in Beit Jala town, west of 

Map 1: The Israeli Segregation Plan in the occupied Palestinian Territory
Bethlehem city. The IOA prevented the participants from reaching the area where the wall will construct. (Al-Quds 6 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished an agricultural structure in Khallet Sakariya village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The targeted structure is owned by Said Hassan As’ad. (Al-Quds 8 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation bulldozers razed 10 dunums of Palestinian land in Artas village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The targeted land is owned by Riyadh Qaraqi’. (NBPRS 8 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a sudden checkpoint at the entrance of Beit Sahour town, east of Bethlehem city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 8 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed an agricultural road in Arab Ar-Rashayida village in Bethlehem governorate. Noted that the targeted road led to 500 dunums of land planted with olive trees. (NBPRS 8 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided Said Ban Al ‘Ass school in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds 9 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures at Al Container military checkpoint, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 9 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Ras Al Wad area in Al Ubidiya town, northeast of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 9 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched dozens of Palestinian houses at Beir ‘Uona area in Beit Jala town in Bethlehem governorate. The IOA also, erected a sudden checkpoint in the area, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles, checked ID cards and questioned Palestinians. (Al-Quds 10 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest against the Israeli segregation wall at Beir ‘Uona area in Beit Jala town, west of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at participants, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 13 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired live bullets at Palestinian houses located near the Israeli segregation wall in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. (RB2000 16 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in Harmalah and Al Ubidiya towns in Bethlehem governorate. (RB2000 16 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in Al Azza refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA,
where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (PNN 17 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched dozens of Palestinian areas in Husan village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA station at the main road link between Husan and Wadi Fukin villages, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Al-Quds 17 September 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 18 September 2015)

- Two Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Bilal Ben Rabah mosque, at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Maannews & Al-Quds 18 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched several Palestinian houses and areas in Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. During the operation, the IOA closed the main entrance of the village. (Al-Quds 20 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and toured in several neighborhoods in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city and took photos for a number of houses. (Al-Quds 20 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city and stationed at the entrance of the village. (Al-Quds 20 September 2015)

- Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinian houses and schools in Dar Salah village, east of Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds 20 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest against the construction of the Israeli Segregation wall in Beir ‘Uona area in Beit Jala town, west of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three people. (Al-Quds 20 September 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Elazar settlement destroyed a water well in At-Taghra area in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The targeted well is owned by Mohammad Issa Al Beik. (Wafa 20 September 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of two people. (PNN 21 September 2015)
Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Nahhalin village, southwest of Bethlehem city. (PNN 25 September 2015)

Three Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired live bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Maannews 25 September 2015)

Israeli occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the main entrance of Nahhalin village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 25 September 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tuqu’ village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (PNN 27 September 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 29 September 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and land, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the torch of 5 olive trees. (RB2000 30 September 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied an under-construction building in Dhahrat An-Nada area in Beit Sahour town, east of Bethlehem city. The targeted building is owned by Ibrahim Mohammad Abayat. (RB2000 & Raya 30 September 2015)

Israeli settlers torched a vegetable stall at the entrance of Khallit Sakariya village, southwest of Bethlehem city. (PNN 30 September 2015)

Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demonstrated at the entrance of Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem, and chanted anti Palestinian slogans. (Al-Quds 30 September 2015)

**Israeli Violations in Bethlehem Governorate during the Month of October 2015**

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the main road in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 1 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and toured in Solomon pool area in Artas village, southwest of Bethlehem city and performed Talmudic rituals. (NBPRS 1 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Rachel tomb and around Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 2 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers opened fire at Waleed Qouqar (35 years) from Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city, while he was at the Israeli Bypass road No.60. Mr. Qouqar was injured. (Al-Quds 2 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Azza refugee camp in Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (PNN 4 October 2015)

• Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Bilal Ben Rabah mosque, at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenade at Palestinians. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

• Tens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation after clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. During the clashes, the IOA raided a house, occupied its roof, and transformed it to a military base. The targeted house is owned by Hassan Ash-Sha’ir. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers surrounded a Palestinian house in Khallit Al Fahem area, south of Bethlehem city and hurled flammable material at the house. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

• Abed Ar-Rahman Shadi Abdalla (12 years) was killed after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired live bullets at him during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the IOA in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds 5 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Husan village, west of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 5 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided the old city of Al Khader, southwest of Bethlehem city, and fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 5 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers tried to kidnap Mohammad Yousif Al Atrash (14 years) from Jurat Ash-Sham’a village, south of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 5 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers gathered at Qaber Hilwa area at the entrance of Beit Sahour town, east of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 5 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Pal Info 6 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Husan village, west of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Pal Info 6 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases, and the injury about 10 people. (Pal Info 6 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers gathered at the entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city and tried to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds 6 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers occupied 20 dunums of Palestinian land in Al Minya village, southeast of Bethlehem city, and razed it. The targeted land is owned by Jabareen family. (RB2000 6 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Bilal Ben Rabah mosque, at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 7 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at Qaber Hilwa area, east of Beit Sahour town, east of Bethlehem city. clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA and the Israeli settlers fire live and rubber bullets at Palestinians, causing the injury of two Palestinians, one of them was seriously injured and identified as Mujahed Na’im Taha Abu Sarhan (18 years). The Israeli settlers also, hurled stones at Palestinian vehicle traveling near the aforementioned area. (Al-Quds & Wafa 7 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at Qaber Hilwa area, east of Beit Sahour town, east of Bethlehem city, closed the road, hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles, chanted anti-Palestinian slogans and carried out provocative actions. (PNN 7 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at the entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city, closed the entrance and hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles (RB2000 7 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the
clashes, the IOA stormed the office of Tuqu municipality and occupied its roof. (Wafa & RB2000 8 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched five Palestinian houses in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city and fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and their houses. The targeted are owned by: Mohammad Salah, Ahmed Ayesh, Hassan Qatesh, Abdalla Da’dou and Musa Ayesh. (Wafa 8 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. (Maannews 8 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (Wafa 9 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Beit Fajjar village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 9 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three people. (Al-Quds 9 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Bilal Ben Rabah mosque, at the northern of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 10 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Za’tara village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing the injury of Bilal Sami Abu Salem (21 years). Noted that the IOA arrested Mr. Abu Salem after he was injured. The IOA transferred the arrestee to unknown location. (Al-Quds 10 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest against the construction of the Israeli segregation wall in Beir ‘Uona area, in Beit Jala town, west of Bethlehem city. The IOA assaulted the participants and prevented them from reach the confiscation land. (Wattan 11 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (RB2000 11 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Betar ‘Illit settlement hurled stones at Palestinian houses at Thour Az-Za’faran area, southeast of Nahhalin village, south of Bethlehem...
city, and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. Two of the targeted houses are owned by: Ismail Mahnoud Najajra and Na‘im Abed Al Jabae. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. Two (ARN & Al-Quds 11 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at Qaber Hilwa area, at the eastern entrance of Beit Sahour town, east of Bethlehem city, closed the area and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. (Al-Quds & ARN 11 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. Noted that the IOA arrested two Palestinians after they were injured. (Al-Quds 12 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at Qaber Hilwa area, the eastern entrance of Beit Sahour town, east of Bethlehem city. (RB2000 12 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Bilal Ben Rabah mosque, at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing, about 35 suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. During the clashes, an Israeli Sniper shoot and killed Mutaz Ibrahim Hamdan Zawahra (27 years) from Ad-Dhuhaisha refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city. (RB2000 13 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the DCO military checkpoint, west of Beit Jala town in Bethlehem governorate. (RB2000 13 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Bilal Ben Rabah mosque, at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 14 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers living in Har Gilo settlement escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Walaja village, west of Bethlehem city and chased a number of Palestinians. (NBPRS 14 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers living in Tekoa settlement escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at an area in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. (RB2000 14 October 2015)
- A Palestinian was injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (ARN 15 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a Palestinian agricultural land in Husan village, west of Bethlehem city and questioned a number of Palestinian farmers. (RB2000 16 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Qaber Hilwa area, at the eastern entrance of Beit Sahour town, east of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 16 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Bilal Ben Rabah mosque, at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing a number of suffocation cases and the injury of 8 Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA detained a number of Palestinian journalists. (PNN & Maannews 16 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 16 October 2015)

• A Palestinian was injured and tens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians and their houses. (Maannews 16 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 17 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected three tents at the eastern entrance of Marah Rabah village, south of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 18 October 2015)

• A Palestinian was injured in his head during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Dar Salah village, east of Bethlehem city. (Wattan 18 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 18 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) launched a blimp above Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 18 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) surveyed Palestinian land at Khirbet At-Tuqu at the western entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 18 October 2015)
Mohammad Mahmoud Al Amour (16 years) was injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA occupied a house and transformed it to a military base. The targeted house is owned by Khalil Salem Ash-Sha’ir. (Maannews & RB2000 18 October 2015)

Two Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and live bullets at Palestinians. (Al-Quds 19 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Bilal Ben Rabah mosque, at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds 19 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Ibrahim Taqatqah from Umm Salamuna village, south of Bethlehem city, after stopping him at a sudden checkpoint erected by the IOA in Za’tara village, southeast of Bethlehem city. (RB2000 20 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented Palestinian landowners and a number of Palestinian volunteers from reaching the land of Beir ‘una area in Beit Jala town, west of Bethlehem city, to harvest olive trees. (Al-Quds 20 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city after the IOA attacked a non-violent protest. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades and wastewater at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 5 people. During the operation, the IOA occupied the roof of a Palestinian building at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. (Wafa & RB2000 20 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the southern entrance of Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 20 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a number of cement blocks at the northern entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. (RB2000 20 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Bethlehem city and stationed at the Manger square. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades. (RB2000 21 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) uprooted a number of trees around Bilal Ben Rabah mosque, at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. (Maannews 22 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a number of cement blocks at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. (ARIJ Field Workers 22 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 22 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected two military checkpoint at the western and eastern entrances of Husan village, west of Bethlehem city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 22 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Authorities decided to close Giloo 300 military checkpoint, at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city from the 22nd -25th of October 2015. (Maannews 22 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds 23 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided the western part of Husan village, west of Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds 23 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) At An-Nashash military checkpoint and in Um Rukba area n Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 23 October 2015)
• Khalil Raid Fanoun (18 years) from Nahhalin village in Bethlehem governorate, was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted him. (Wafa 23 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing the injury of Palestinians. The IOA also, opened fire and injured a Palestinian journalist, identified as: Abed Ar-Raham Younis. (Al-Quds & Maannews 23 October 2015)
• Two Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds & Wafa 23 October 2015)
• An Israeli settler opened fire at Palestinians in Husan village, west of Bethlehem city. (NBPRS 23 October 2015)
• An Israeli settler assaulted and injured Tae’ Kahlil Taqatqih while he was riding his bike at the Israeli bypass road No.60, near Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds 23 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and
teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (RB2000 24 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Wadi Shaheen area in Bethlehem city and fired teargas grenades at Palestinian houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the operation, the IOA summoned Issam Atta Ash-Sha‘îr (41 years) to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police in Gush Etzion settlement bloc. (Al-Quds 25 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Rachel tomb, at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. (NBPRS 25 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the western entrance of Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (ARN 25 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired metal bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Wafa 26 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a number of security cameras near an Israeli military base, at the western entrance of Beit Jala town, west of Bethlehem city. (RB2000 27 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of four Palestinians. (Wafa 27 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the eastern entrance of Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (RB2000 28 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Fajjar town, south of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 6 Palestinians. (RB2000 28 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at At –Tal area in the old city of Al Khader, southwest of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 29 October 2015)

- An Israeli settler attacked A Palestinian farmer; Ali Hamad Salah (60 years) from Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city, while he was near his land at Faghour area, near the Israeli settlement of Neve Daniyal. (Al-Quds 29 October 2015)
Israeli settlers assaulted and injured Khalid Mahmoud Abu Rajab (42 years) from Yatta town, south of Hebron city, while he was harvesting olive trees in his land which located at Abu Al Humos area in Dar Salah village, east of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 29 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA fired rubber bullets at a Palestinian Ambulance. (Orient FM 30 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 8 Palestinians. (Wafa & Al-Quds 30 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) killed Ramadan Mohammad Fesal Thawabta (8 month) after firing a number of teargas grenades at his family house in Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city, during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians and their houses, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of three Palestinians, two of them were arrested by the IOA. (Wafa & Maannews 30 October 2015)

**Israeli Violations in Bethlehem Governorate during the Month of November 2015**

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. During the clashes, the IOA fired metal bullets at garbage truck. (Wafa & RB2000 1 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (RB2000 1 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. The targeted house owned by the family of the Palestinian Martyr “Ramadan Mohammad Thawabta (8 months)”. (RB2000 1 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched several areas in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. (RB2000 1 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Khirbet Al Tuqu in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds 1 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities decided to confiscate 102 dunums of Palestinian lands in the cities of Bethlehem, Beit Sahour and Beit Jala. According to the Israeli resources, the Israeli Authorities will confiscate 4 dunums of land near the Giloo 3000 military checkpoint, 70 dunums of land from Jabal Abu Ghneim area in Beit Sahour town, and 28 dunums of land in Beit Jala town. (Al-Quds 1 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Bilal Ben Rabah mosque, at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 2 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing the injury of a Palestinian. (2 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Neve Danyial settlement hurled stones at a Palestinian vehicle traveling at Jerusalem-Hebron road. The targeted vehicle is owned by Sami Mura. (RB2000 2 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Al Container military checkpoint. (RB2000 2 November 2015)

• A Palestinian house was torched in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city, after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at the house, during the clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the IOA in the camp. The targeted house is owned by Mahmoud Abu Sha’irah. (Al-Quds 4 November 2015)

• An Israeli settler lets go a number of wild dogs at the eastern entrance of Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. noted that the dogs attacked a number of Palestinians. (NBPRS 3 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wattan 3 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinian students in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city, causing tens of suffocation cases. Noted that at the early morning the IOA stormed Said Al Ass school in the village. (Wafa 4 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 4 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied a Palestinian house in Al Mainya village, southeast of Bethlehem city, and transformed it to a military base, and fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians. (RB20000 4 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 5 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Malek Talal Ash-Sharef (22 years) from Hebron city, while he was at Gush Etzion junctions, south of Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds 5 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 7 Palestinians; one of them was seriously injured. During the clashes, undercover Israeli Army kidnapped Hisham As-Saqa. (Al-Quds & Raya 6 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) set up a number of security cameras at the northern entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 6 November 2015)

• Al Haj Jamal An-Nashah died from wounds he sustained few days ago during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. (Al Wattan Voice 7 November 2015)

• Two Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the eastern entrance of Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians and houses. (Wafa 7 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ad-Dhuhaisha refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city, after the IOA invaded the camp. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Mohammad Omar Daoud (27 years) after storming his family house and assaulted his mother and sister. (Wafa & Sama News 8 November 2015)

• Hilwa Aluan Hamamrah (22 years) from Husan village, west of Bethlehem city, was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at her while she
was at the entrance of the Israeli settlement of Betar Illit. (Wafa 8 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Husan village, west of Bethlehem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of four Palestinians. (Al-Quds & Wafa 8 November 2015)
- Israeli settlers assaulted and injured Ala Khalil Musalam while he was near Husan village, west of Bethlehem city. (Wattan 8 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the main entrance of Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wattan 8 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided five Palestinian houses in Husan village, west of Bethlehem city, and threatened the residents. The targeted houses are owned by: Imad Doud Ash-Sha’ir, Yousif Mohammad Za’oul, Musa Mohammad Za’oul, Hassan Mustafah Hamamrah and Mnawar Abdalla Ash-Sha’ir. (NBPRS 10 November 2015)
- Ahmed Qassem Al Azraq (17 years) was seriously injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinian, causing the injury of three Palestinians and dozens of suffocation cases (Al-Quds 10 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) surrounded and stormed Tuqu High School for Boys in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA detained the headmaster of the School; Majed Ash-Sha’ir and threatened him to close the school if the students hurled stones at the IOA. (Al-Quds & RB2000 11 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 11 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the western entrance of Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. (Orient FM 11 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 12 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected cement bloc at the main entrance of Um Rukba area in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 12 November 2015)
- Two Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the
southern entrance of Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber and live bullets, and teargas grenades at Palestinians, vehicles and a Palestinian Ambulance. (Wafa & Orient FM 13 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) pumped wastewater at Palestinian agricultural land planted with olive trees, located at the western entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Bilal Ben Rabah mosque, at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired metal bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city, and stationed at the southern entrance of the village. (Orient FM 14 November 2015)

- 6 Palestinians were injured and 18 others suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wattan 14 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 16 November 2015)

- Four Palestinians were injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Ad-Duheisha refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city, and clashed with the Palestinians. The IOA used live bullets to attack Palestinians. During the operation, the IOA arrested Dina Ali Musleh (19 years). (RB2000 16 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Jurat Ash-Sham’a village, south of Bethlehem city, and forced Palestinians to close two stone factories and threatened the workers and the owners. (Maannews 17 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 5 Palestinians. (Wafa 17 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out military training in Ush Ghrab area in Beit Sahour town, east of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 17 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the entrances of Al Masarah and Jurat Ash-Sham’a villages, south of Bethlehem governorate, and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the aforementioned villages. The IOA
stormed commercial structures and confiscated the security cameras. (RB2000 17 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the DCO military checkpoint, west of Bethlehem city. (RB2000 17 November 2015)

- A Palestinian was injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 18 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired tear gas grenades and rubber bullets, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 19 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Al Mushahed area at the western entrance of Husan village, west of Bethlehem city. The IOA stormed commercial structures and confiscated the cameras. (Wafa 19 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Ad-Duhaisha refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber and metal bullets, causing the injury of five Palestinians. During the operation, the IOA arrested Mohammad Nedal Abu Akir (0 years) and Salah Mohammad Salah Al Ja’di, and summoned Abdalla Nayef Doud Salem and his brother Mohammad, Wisam Al Hasanat, Ameer Sami Hajajrah (33 years), Anas Azzat Abu Daya and Wael Khalil Attala, to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police in Gush Etzion settlement bloc. (Wafa & RB2000 19 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement bloc the northern entrance of Za’tara village, southeast of Bethlehem city. (Maannews 19 November 2015)

- A Palestinian was injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Um Rukba area, south of Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA used rubber bullets to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 20 November 2015)

- Seven Palestinians were injured and 16 others suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA used rubber bullets and tear gas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 20 November 2015)

- Four Palestinians were injured and 16 others suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA used rubber bullets and tear gas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 20 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement bloc the entrance of Janata village, east of Bethlehem city. (Wafa 20 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement bloc a road reach to Um Rukba area, south of Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The IOA also demolished a retaining wall. (Wafa 20 November 2015)
• Israeli settlers gathered at Gush Etzion junctions, chanted anti-Palestinian slogans, and closed the main road links between Hebron and Bethlehem governorate. (Wafa 20 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented Palestinian students in Khallit Sakariya village, southwest of Bethlehem city, from reaching their schools after stopping their bus at the entrance of the aforementioned village. The IOA also prevented 9 Palestinian teachers from reaching the school. Noted that Palestinian students in Khallaet Sakariya studied in the schools in Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. (Wattan 22 November 2015)
• A Palestinian was injured in the head after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at him while he was at Wad Al Humos area near Dar Salah village, east of Bethlehem city. (PNN 22 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Issam Ahmed Suliman Thawabta (21 years) from Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city, while he was at Gush Etzion junction. After the operation, the IOA invaded the house owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr in Beit Fajjar village and arrested his four brothers; Mohammad, Mahmoud, Ibrahim and ‘Awni. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and tear gas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 8 Palestinians. The IOA also, closed all the entrance of the village and detained tens of Palestinians. (Al-Quds & RB2000 22 November 2015)
• Israeli settlers living in Betar Illit settlement hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles at the main entrance of Nahhalin village, west of Bethlehem city. a number of vehicles were damaged. (NBPRS 22 November 2015)
• Israeli settlers gathered at Gush Etzion junction, chanted anti-Palestinian slogans and carried out provocative actions. (PNN 22 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with earth mound the southern entrance of Marah Rabah village, south of Bethlehem city. (RB2000 22 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied An-Natsha building at the eastern entrance of Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city, and transformed it to a military base. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA in the camp, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and tear gas grenades, causing the injury of a
Palestinian and dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds & RB2000 23 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Beit Fajjar town, south of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, and rubber bullets at Palestinians. (Wafa 23 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at Gush Etzion junction. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Safa 23 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wattan 24 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military tower at the western entrance of Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. During the operation, The IOA stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses. (RB2000 25 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the eastern entrance of Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 245 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) seized a number of tools and machines used for the extraction of stone in Khallit Hajja area in Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. The IOA stormed and closed the aforementioned area and fired stun grenades at Palestinians. (RB2000 25 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) razed Palestinian agricultural land in Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city. Noted that the targeted land located near Gush Etzion settlement bloc. (Al-Quds 25 November 2015)
- Israel settlers demonstrated at Gush Etzion junction, south of Bethlehem city, and closed it. (Wafa 26 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) and bulldozers stormed Al Mashihad area at the western entrance of Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city and demolished two commercial structures. The targeted structures are owned by: Ishaq Odeh Shosha and Bajes Odeh Shosha. (RB2000 26 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing about 30 suffocation cases and the injury of 6 Palestinians. (Wafa 27 November 2015)
Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tuqu village, southeast of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired live bullets and tear gas grenades at Palestinians, causing the seriously injury of a Palestinian. (Orient FM 27 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stole NIS 60 thousand after storming a Palestinian house in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. During the operation, the IOA arrested the owner of the house, Fathi Abu Srour. (Al-Quds 27 November 2015)

Mahmoud Ghinemat (35 years) from Surif village, northwest of Hebron city, was injured after an Israel settler stabbed him while he was near Beta Illit settlement. (Al-Quds 27 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement bloc the western entrance of Beit Jala town, west of Bethlehem city. (Al-Quds 27 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with earth mound and cement blocks several road in Ein Al Qasis and Aqabat Hassna areas in Al Khader village, southwest of Bethlehem city. The Israeli closures will prevent Palestinian farmers from reaching their agricultural lands. The IOA also, closed the southern entrance of Al Khader village. (Al-Quds & Orient FM 27 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Ad-Duhaisha refugee camp, south of Bethlehem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets, causing the injury of 15 years old Palestinian. (RB2000 29 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Beit Jala town, west of Bethlehem city. The IOA erected a number of sudden checkpoint in the town. (PNN 29 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Marah Rabah village, south of Bethlehem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and tear gas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Al-Quds 30 November 2015)

Israeli settlers wrote anti-Palestinian slogans on a Palestinian vehicle in Khallet Sakariya village, southwest of Bethlehem city and punctured its tires. The targeted vehicle is owned by Ahmed Hatim Said. The Israeli settlers also, raised the Israeli flags on Palestinian trees owned by Shaheen and Abu Sawi families. (Wafa 30 November 2015)

**Jenin Governorate (September - November )/2015**
The Israeli Violations in Jenin Governorate during the month of September 2015

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Jenin city and Jenin refugee camp. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 6 people. During the operation, the IOA surrounded a Palestinian house and arrested its owner; Majdi Abu Al Hija’ (45 years), then they demolished the house. (Al-Quds 1 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a number of Palestinian houses in Yabad town, west of Jenin city and threatened the residents to demolish their houses if they attack the Israeli buses and vehicles. At The IOA also, erected a military checkpoint in the town, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Raya 3 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and toured in several neighborhoods in Qabatiya and At-Tayba villages in Jenin governorate. (Raya 3 September 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Ash Shuhada village, south of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians. (RB2000 4 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian school in Yabad town, west of Jenin city. (RB2000 4 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrances of T’innik and Rummana villages in Jenin governorate. The IOA obstructed the movement of the Palestinians. (Wafa 5 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched the Yabad secondary School for girls at Al Maloul area in Yabad town, west of Jenin city. (Wafa 5 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrances of T’innik and Rummana villages in Jenin governorate. The IOA obstructed the movement of the Palestinians. (Wafa 5 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in several areas in Zububa village northwest of Jenin city and threatened the residents. (Al-Quds 6 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in Birqin, Al Hashimiya and Kafr Qud villages in Jenin governorate. (Pal Info 7 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Jenin city and questioned the residents. The targeted house is owned by Said Mohammad. (Raya 7 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the main road which link between Birqin village and Jenin city. (Pal Info 7 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched 5 Palestinian houses in Fahma village, southwest of Jenin city, and destroyed the contents of the houses. The targeted houses are owned by: Samir Suliman Abu Mashayekh and his brother Saleh, Nash’at Samir Al ‘Aw and his brother Yousif and Loay Ahmed Al Batran. (Wafa 8 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Jenin refugee camp, west of Jenin city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of Ahmed Hussni Bale (25 years). During the operation, the IOA arrested two Palestinians; identified as: Suliman Farajnah (22 years) and Mohammad Hussni ‘Ayadiya. (Al-Quds 13 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities decided to close Al Jalamah military checkpoint, north of Jenin city, on the 14th and 15th of September 2015. (RB2000 14 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house at Kharouba neighborhood in Jenin city, and questioned the residents. The targeted house is owned by Abu Abed family. (Raya 15 September 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in ‘Anin village, west of Jenin city, after they stormed the village. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Safa 19 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint near Wad Du’oq village, southwest of Jenin city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 27 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded, searched and toured in several areas and neighborhood in Deir Abu D’if and Yabad towns in Jenin governorate. (Wafa 30 September 2015)
Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Rummana village, northwest of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Safa 30 September 2015)

Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed an archaeological area in T‘innik village, northwest of Jenin city and performed Talmudic rituals. (Safa 30 September 2015)

The Israeli Violations in Jenin Governorate during the month of October 2015

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered near Mevo Dotan settlement, southwest of Jenin city and carried out provocative actions. (RB2000 2 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in several areas in Yabad town, west of Jenin city (Safa 4 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Jenin refugee camp, west of Jenin city, and surrounded a Palestinian house owned by Qes As-Sa’di. The IOA fired a number of missiles the house and damaged part of it. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury more than 15 Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA arrested three Palestinians. (Al-Quds & Wafa 4 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers living in Mevo Dotan settlement escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered near Yabad town, west of Jenin city, and at the main road which link between Jenin and Tulkarm cities. (Wafa 4 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and gathered at the evacuation site of Homesh, near Silat Ad-Dhahr village, southwest of Jenin city. And they also, stormed the aforementioned village and carried out provocative actions. (Wafa 4 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected sudden checkpoint between Arraba and Beir Al Basha villages in Jenin governarate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 4 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in ‘Anin village, west of Jenin city. The IOA also, invaded and searched two Palestinian houses and questioned the residents. The targeted houses are owned by: Yasser Khalil Yassen and Mahmoud Yassen. (Wattan 5 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Barta’a Ash-Sharqiya village, west of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 5 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Rummana village, northwest of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 5 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Zububa village, northwest of Jenin city. clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of Muhammed Jaradat. (Wafa 5 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers stormed the evacuation site of Homesh and carried out provocative actions and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. (Wafa 5 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers gathered at the entrance of Mevo Dotan settlement, raised the Israeli flags and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans near Yabad town and near Jenin-Tulkarm road. (Wafa 5 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Mevo Dotan settlement escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered near Yabad town, west of Jenin city, and on Jenin - Tulkarm road, and chanted anti Palestinian slogans. (Wafa 5 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed ‘Anin High School for boys in ‘Anin village, northwest of Jenin city. (Wafa 5 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Barta’a Ash-Sharqiya village, west of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. During the clashes the IOA arrested two Palestinians, identified as: Tareq Sabri Qabha (16 years) and Ja’far Yasser Qabha (16 years). (Raya 6 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the evacuation site of Homesh and Tarsalah, chanted anti-Palestinian slogans and hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles traveling near the aforementioned areas. (Wafa 6 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Mevo Dotan settlement destroyed a Palestinian vehicle while it was crossing Mevo Dotan Military checkpoint, near Yabad town, west of Jenin city. (Pal Info 6 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the main entrance of Yabad town, west of Jenin city, carried out provocative actions. (Al-Quds Wafa 6 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched several areas and neighborhood in Birqin village, west of Jenin city. (Wafa 7 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Barta’a Ash-Sharqiya village, west of Jenin city and declared it as “closed military area”. The IOA closed the entrance of the village, stopped and detained Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 8 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Barta’a Ash-Sharqiya village, west of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Safa 9 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted Fadi Abed Al Fatah Yahya (28 years) from Al ‘Araqa village in Jenin governorate, while he was interview the Israeli Intelligence Police. (PNN 9 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Zububa village, northwest of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 9 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Rummana village, northwest of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Safa 10 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Zububa village, northwest of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Safa 10 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and toured in several areas and neighborhoods in Silat Al Harithiya, Al Yamun and Qabatiya villages in Jenin governorate. (Safa 10 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Barta’a Ash-Sharqiya village, west of Jenin city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets at Palestinians and a vehicle, causing the injured of a Palestinian. During the clashes, the IOA arrested four Palestinians; identified as: Mohammad Nabil Mohammad Qabha, Said Mahmoud, Mohammad Hussen Qabha and Shadi Hussen Qabha. (Maannews 10 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Rummana village, northwest of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Safa 11 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a gas station in Barta’a Ash-Sharqiya village, west of Jenin city. (Wattan 11 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian houses in Al ‘Araqa village, west of Jenin city, and took photos for the house. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner Tareq Yahya. (Wafa 13 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Al Jalama military checkpoint, north of Jenin city, assaulted and injured Mohammad Husam Hantuli (18 years) while he was crossing the checkpoint. During the operation, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA near the checkpoint where the IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Safa & Al-Quds 13 October 2015)
• Fadi Ad-Darabi (30 years) from Jenin city, a Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail, died after he was suffered “Brain Hemorrhage”. (RB2000 14 October 2015)
• A Palestinian was injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Jalama military checkpoint, north of Jenin city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and tear gas grenades at Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Ahmed Huseen Hanuni (33 years) and Ahmed Ala Ad-Dahir (18 years). (Al-Quds & Wattan 16 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Arraba village, southwest of Jenin city. The targeted house is owned by Kamal Qassem Asaf. (Wafa 17 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at a Palestinian school, At-Tayba High School for boys, which located near the segregation wall in At-Tayba village, northwest of Jenin city. (Wafa 18 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers living in Mevo Dotan settlement escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at the southwestern entrance of Yabad town, west of Jenin city and tried to storm the town. (RB2000 18 October 2015)
• Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in At-Tayba village, west of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas and sun grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 20 October 2015)
• Saqir Mahmoud Hussen Harzalla (14 years) was injured after a number of Israeli settlers living in Mevo Dotan settlement assaulted him while he was harvesting olive trees in his family land which located near the settlement. (Wafa 20 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Mirka village, southwest of Jenin city and surrounded a Palestinian house, and detained two Palestinians. The IOA declared the village as “closed military area”. The targeted house is owned by Mohammad Ibrahim Jalboush. During the operation, the IOA closed the main entrance and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the village. Note that a number of Israeli settlers stormed the village with the IOA. (RB2000 21 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched Al Jabiriyat area in Jenin city and closed the streets. (Safa 22 October 2015)

• Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Yabad town, west of Jenin city. (Al-Quds 23 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded an under construction house in Yabad town, west of Jenin city and detained three workers. (Wafa 23 October 2015)

• Ihab Fathi ‘Asa’sa (18 years) was injured after an Israeli jeep hit him during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the Jalama military checkpoint, north of Jenin city. During the clashes, the IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 23 October 2015)

• Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tura village, west of Jenin city, where the IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and their houses. (Wafa 23 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Mevo Dotan military checkpoint, south of Yabad town, west of Jenin city. (Wafa 23 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shot and killed Mohammad Zakarnah (16 years) from Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city, while he was at Al Jalamah military checkpoint, north of Jenin city. (Maannews 24 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted a Palestinian from Jenin refugee camp, while he was leaving the mosque in the camp. (Al-Quds 24 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Zububa village, northwest of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 24 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Mevo Dotan settlement stormed and destroyed an agricultural greenhouse planted with tobacco, in Yabad town, west of Jenin city. The targeted structure is owned by Kayed Abu Bakir. (RB2000 24 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the evacuation site of “Homesh”, near Silat Ad-Dhahir village, southwest of Jenin city, chanted anti Palestinian slogans, and hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles traveling at Jenin-Nablus road, near the aforementioned village. As a result, a number of vehicles were damaged. (Safa Raya 26 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Jenin refugee camp and Birqin village, west of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Qaes Mazen As-Sa’di and Tahir Jaradat. (Raya 27 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in several areas in Bir Al Basha village, southwest of Jenin city. (Raya 27 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers stormed the evacuation site of Homesh, near Silat Ad-Dhahr village, southwest of Jenin city, hurled stones and opened fire at two Palestinian houses and carried out provocative actions. The targeted houses are owned by Nour Al Qadi and Abed Al Aziz Al Qadi. (Wafa 27 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out military trainings between Yabad town and Bartaa Ash-Sharqiya village, west of Jenin city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles, checked ID cards and storming Palestinian houses. Three of the targeted houses are owned by: Mohammad and Nasser Sameh Abu Bakir and Ibrahim Hamdouni. (ARN 28 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Al Malol area in Yabad town, west of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Pal Info 30 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian houses in Jenin city, and questioned the residents. The targeted house is owned by Moayyad Abu Samidi. (RB2000 30 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in several areas in Bartaa Ash-Sharqiya village, west of Jenin city. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 31 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Mahmoud Talal Abed Al Karem Nazal (18 years) from Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city, while he was at Al Jalamah military checkpoint, north of Jenin city. Noted that the IOA declared the area as “closed military zone” and decided to close the checkpoint. (Wafa & Al-Quds 31 October 2015).

The Israeli Violations in Jenin Governorate during the month of November 2015
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stopped and questioned a number of Palestinians at Dotan military checkpoint near the entrance of Yabad town, west of Jenin city. (Safa 1 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Al Jalamah military checkpoint, north of Jenin city, prevented the families of the Palestinian prisoners from visiting their sons in the Israeli Jails (Wafa 2 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded a Palestinian house in Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city, questioned the residents, took photos for the house and confiscated a number of cellphones. The targeted house is owned by the family of a Palestinian martyr; Ahmed Mohammad Kamil. (Wafa 2 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Ahmed Awad Abu Al Rub (16 years) and injured other while they were at Al Jalamah military checkpoint, north of Jenin city. Noted that Palestinian martyr from Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city. (Wafa 2 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in several areas in Qabatiya village in Jenin governorate. (Safa 3 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Silat Al Harithiya village, northwest of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 3 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Zububa village, northwest of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 3 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) decided to close Al Jalamah military checkpoint, north of Jenin city. (Al-Quds 3 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a Palestinian house in Bir Al Basha village in Jenin governorate, questioned the residents and detained them in a small room for hours. The targeted house is owned by Amir Nedal Ghawawda. (Wafa 4 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. During the clashes, the IOA arrested three Palestinians, identified as: Salah Naji Kamel, Majd Kamel and Feras Kamel. (Maannews & Al-Quds 4 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) decided to close Al Jalamah military checkpoint, north of Jenin city, where they prevented Palestinians from crossing it. (Maannews 4 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched five Palestinian houses in Jenin refugee camp, west of Jenin city, and questioned the residents. The targeted
house is owned by Bassam As-Sa’di and his sons Rabee and Abed Ar-Rahman and his two brothers; Ghassan and Qassem and (Al-Quds 5 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a sudden checkpoint near Arraba village, southwest of Jenin city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Safa 5 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Tura village in Jenin governorate. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 6 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Silat Ad-Dhahr village, southwest of Jenin city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired stun grenades at Palestinians. Note that the Israeli settlers escorted by the IOA stormed the evacuation site of “Homesh”. (Orient FM 6 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched areas in Zabuba, Wadi Birqin and Yabad town in Jenin governorate. (PNN 6 November 2015)
- Israeli settlers let go a number of cows at Palestinian agricultural land planted with olive trees located at the southern part of Jalbun village, east of Jenin city. Noted that the targeted surrounded by two Israeli settlements. The Israeli settlers also, prevented Palestinians from entering their land to harvesting olive trees. (Wafa & ARN 8 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Sadeq Ziyad Gharbiya (16 years) from Sanur village in Jenin governorate, while he was crossing Al Container military checkpoint, northeast of Bethlehem governorate. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA at the aforementioned checkpoint, where the IOA fired metal bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Al-Quds 10 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished three artesian wells, water tank and a room in Sahel Marj Bani Ameer area, in Ti’innik village and northwest of Jenin city. The targeted wells, tank and room are owned by: Imad Mohammad Ismail Jaradat, Suliman Salman Zayoud and Nu’man Jaradat. (RB2000 10 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched two Palestinian houses in Beir Al Basha village in Jenin governorate, and questioned the residents. (Wafa 12 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Nazlat Ash-Sheikh Zeid, west of Jenin city. The targeted house is owned by Khalid Mustafah Zeid, where the IOA arrested two Palestinians, one of them was identified as: Hadi Abed Ar-Rahma Zeid (18 years). During operation, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, here the IOA fired teargas and stun
grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al ‘Araqa village in Jenin governorate. The IOA fire teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Safa 14 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Nazlat Ash-Sheikh Zeid village, west of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Safa 14 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided Kufeirit village, southwest of Jenin city, and erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of the village. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wattan 17 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Silat Ad-Dhahr village, southwest of Jenin city, and erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of the village. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 19 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Misilya village, south of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (ARN 20 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Tura village in Jenin governorate. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the operation, the IOA arrested Anas Jihad Qabha (20 years) and Riad Hilal Qabha (18 years). (Wafa 20 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed an area in Kafr Ra‘l village, northwest of Jenin city, carried out provocative actions and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. (Wafa 20 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Arraba village, southwest of Jenin city. (RB2000 21 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Nablus-Jenin road, near the evacuation site of Tarsalah, and hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles. (RB2000 21 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Yabad town, west of Jenin city, after the IOA erected two military checkpoint at the entrance of Yabad town and near Tura village, where the IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. During the clashes, the IOA used metal bullets and stun grenades to attack Palestinians. During the clashes,
the IOA handed out the residents of Yabad town flyers threatened them if they attack the IOA or the Israeli settlers. Noted that on the night of 21st of November 2015, the IOA invaded and searched dozens of Palestinian houses, questioned the residents and forced them to evacuate their houses during the operation. (Al-Quds & Orient FM & RB2000 22 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed an area in Kafr Ra’I village in Jenin governorate, carried out provocative actions, chanted anti-Palestinian slogans and performed Talmudic rituals. (NBPRS 22 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the entrance of At-Tarem village, west of Jenin city, and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the aforementioned village, where they detained a number of vehicles. (RB2000 22 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out military trainings around Yabad town, west of Jenin city. The IOA also, stormed the town and closed its entrance. (RB2000 23 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the evacuation site of Homesh near Silat Ad-Dhahr village, southwest of Jenin city, set up a number of tents in the aforementioned site, and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. (RB2000 23 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Zububa village, northwest of Jenin city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 24 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Az-Zahra’ neighborhood in Jenin city. The IOA detained and questioned the residents. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner; Azzmi Suhail Nafa’. (RB2000 25 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched four Palestinian houses in ‘Arraba village in Jenin governorate, and questioned the residents. The targeted houses are owned by: Khader Adnan, Tareq Qadan, Mohammad Shebani and Said Lahlulh. (RB2000 26 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) forced Palestinian farmers from Al ‘Araqa village, west of Jenin city, to leave their land while they were working in it, which located near the Israeli segregation wall and the Israeli settlement of Shaked. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians. (RB2000 27 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out military orders to close “Nass” Radio station in Jenin city, and to confiscated the equipment. (Al-Quds 27 November 2015)

Jerusalem Governorate (September - November)/2015

The Israeli Violations in Jerusalem Governorate during the month of September 2015

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. At the same time, the IOA prevented Palestinians from entering the mosque and arrested three Palestinians; two of them were identified as: Abada Najeb and Mohamamd Az-Za’tari (Maannews 1 September 2015)

• The far-right settler group Ateret Cohanim occupied a Palestinian house in Baten Al Hawa neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by Sarhan family. In the early morning a group of Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the neighborhood and destroyed the main door of the targeted house and occupied it. Noted that the targeted house located near a building occupied by the Israeli settlers a week ago. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Samah Sarhan and Maher Sarhan. (SilwanIC 1 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented dozens of Palestinian students from At-Tur town in Jerusalem city from reaching their schools after they closed Suliman Al Faresi road with cement bloc. The targeted road consider the main entrance and road which links to three schools in the town. (Maannews 1 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a house in Jabal Al Mukabbir town, south of Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr “Adi Abu Jamal”. (PNN 2 September 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. At the same time, the IOA prevented dozens of Palestinians from entering the mosque and assaulted others. The IOA also, arrested Khadir Al ‘ajlouni while he was at Bab As-Silsila gate. (Al-Quds & ARN 2 September 2015)
Israel confiscates ‘part of Islamic cemetery’ next to Al Aqsa mosque. Israeli authorities confiscated a stretch of land belonging to an Islamic cemetery outside the eastern walls of the Old City of Jerusalem. The Israeli nature authority inspectors and Israeli Army stormed Bab al-Rahma cemetery and set up a barbed wire fence around a large area of the cemetery’s land. Bab al-Rahma, meaning Door of Compassion, runs along the eastern wall of Jerusalem’s Old City and has been in use for more than 1,000 years. Noted that the land belongs to the Palestinian Authority Ministry of Endowment, which also oversees the adjoining Al-Aqsa Mosque compound, the third holiest site in Islam. However, two weeks ago, Israeli forces set up barbed wire fence around a 7,000 square meter stretch of land next to the Bab al-Rahma cemetery belonging to the al-Husseini and al-Ansari families. (Maannews & SilwaIC 2 September 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and house, causing the torch of a house. (NBPRS 3 September 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at vehicle for a Palestinian with special needs in At-Tur town, in Jerusalem city. The targeted vehicle is owned by Qusa Abu Jum’a. (SilwanIC 3 September 2015)

Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. At the same time, the IOA arrested Sameh Al Hadad while he was at the courtyard of the mosque. The IOA also, prevented dozens of Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (Wafa 3 August 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Ahmed Anwar Jamjum (13 years) while he was leaving his school in the old city of Jerusalem. (SilawnIC 4 September 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at a Palestinian vehicle near Al – Eaziriya town, east of Jerusalem city, and arrested the driver. (Al-Quds 4 September 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Qalqndiya refugee camp, north of Jerusalem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. During the operation, the IOA arrested four Palestinians; identified as: Mohammad Abze’ (21 years), Ali Khalid Hamad (19 years), Amer Mater (27 years) and Mustafah Fayal (20 years). (Wafa 4 September 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city, after the IOA
stormed the neighborhood and erected a military checkpoint, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. The IOA fired rubber bullets, tear gas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the operation, Zaki Al Razem (34 years) was injured after the IOA hit him by their military jeep. (SilwanIC 6 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military tower at the main entrance of Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 6 September 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. At the same time, the IOA prevented about 40 Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (Al-Quds 6 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a number of Palestinian students while they were in their way to school in the old city of Jerusalem and arrested one of them; identified as: Mohammad Abu Lil. (Wattan 7 September 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. The IOA arrested Hanadi Al Halawani after stopping her at Bab As-Silsila, and assaulted Mahmoud Idres. Noted that the IOA still prevented 40 Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (RB2000 7 September 2015)

- Israeli Nature Authority and Elad colonial organization closed a public park (it’s area reaches to 1 dunums) in Silwan town in Jerusalem city, under the claim that they discovered Talmudic antiquities in the area (ARN 7 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured three Palestinians while they were crossing a road in Beit Ayoub neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The Palestinians were identified as: Ahmed Shweki (15 years), Mohammad Qa’qour (14 years) and Mohammad Awad (14 years). (SilwanIC 8 September 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Wadi AL Jouz neighborhood in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired stun grenades at Palestinians. The IOA also, stormed a Palestinian house owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Mohammad Sanqrount. (Maannews 8 September 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired stun grenades, causing the injury of two people. (Maannews 8 September 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city. (Maannews 8 September 2015)
• Israeli settlers assaulted and injured Mustafah Jamel Al-Hashlamun (18 years) from Jerusalem city, while he was in his way to work. (SilwanIC 8 September 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. And for the third weeks in a row, the Israeli Authorities prevented more than 40 Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (Maannews 8 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in several areas in Al Eaziriya and Abu Dis towns, east of Jerusalem city. The IOA stopped, detained and questioned dozens of Palestinians. (PNN 9 September 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. During the operation, the IOA still prevented dozens of Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (Pal Info 9 September 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. Noted that the IOA still prevented more than 50 women from entering the mosque. (Wattan 10 September 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses. (SilwanIC 11 September 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Ziad Abu Qwider (8 years) while he was at Batten Al Hawa neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (SilwanIC 11 September 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (SilwanIC 13 September 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Adam Muhesen (17 years). (SilwanIC 13 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city, assaulted Palestinians, and fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at them. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, causing the injury of dozens of Palestinians. At the same time, the IOA closed Al Qabali mosque and detained dozens of people inside it and attacked them with rubber
bullets and teargas grenades. However, the Israeli Minister of Agriculture; Uri Ariel, and a group of Israeli settlers escorted by the IOA stormed Al Aqsa mosque, toured in its courtyard, and performed Talmudic rituals. At the same time, the IOA prevented tens of Palestinians (men and women) from entering the mosque. The IOA also, arrested Hazem As-Salhi. (SilwanIC 13 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians, causing the injury of an old men. During the operation, the IOA arrested five Palestinians. (SilwanIC & RB2000 14 September 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Raya 14 September 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Shufat refugee camp, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (SilwanIC 15 September 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of Murad Sarandah. Noted that the IOA stopped and detained the ambulance which carried Murad Sarandah to the hospital and arrested him. (Al-Quds & SilwanIC 15 September 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Eaziriya town, east of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 15 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Masla Al Qabali in Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city, destroyed its door and window. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades inside it, arrested a Palestinian and forced others to leave it. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IAO, where the IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and physical assaulted them, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 26 people. (SilwanIC & Al-Quds 15 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest in Ar-Ram town, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the operation, the IOA closed the northern entrance of the town and prevented the Palestinians from entering or leaving it. (Wafa 15 September 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in several streets and areas in Silwan town in Jerusalem city and performed Talmudic rituals. At the same time, the IOA closed several streets in the town and occupied the roofs of several houses. (SilwanIC 15 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Issawiya town in Jerusalem city and opened fire at a Palestinian vehicle, causing the injury of the driver, where the IOA arrested him and another Palestinian was in the vehicle. The IOA also, fired live bullets at Sally Yousif Muheseen (13 years) while she was at the entrance of the town. (Maannews 16 September 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Shufat refugee camp, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Maannews 16 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided At-Tur town in Jerusalem city, stopped and questioned Palestinians and arrested Muaz As-Sayad (13 years). During the operation, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (Maannews 16 September 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in As-Sawana neighborhood in Jerusalem city. (Maannews 16 September 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and wastewater at Palestinians and houses. (Maannews 16 September 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Qalandiya refugee camp, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 9 people. (Maannews 16 September 2015)

• Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in neighborhoods in Sur Baher town in Jerusalem city. (Pal Info 16 September 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. During the operation, the IOA prevented dozens of Palestinian women from entering the mosque, and assaulted others. (RB2000 16 September 2015)

• Israeli settlers demonstrated at the entrance of Sur Baher town, south of Jerusalem city. (Maannews 16 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) chased Palestinian students while they were in their way to the school in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in
Jerusalem city, and fired stun grenades at them, assaulted and detained a number of students. (SilwanIC 17 September 2015)

- At the midnight, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched “Al Makassed” Hospital in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city. The IOA surrounded the hospital, stopped and searched the Palestinian vehicles. (SilwanIC 17 September 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (SilwanIC 17 September 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Shufat refugee camp, north of Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 17 September 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard and performed Talmudic rituals. (Al-Quds 17 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented Palestinians under the age of 40 years from reaching to the old city of Jerusalem or entering Al Aqsa mosque. Where dozens of Palestinian were forced to pray in the street. The IOA also, attacked the Palestinian prayers in several areas around the old city, by firing teargas and stun grenades at them. During the operation, the IOA arrested Wassem Badir. (SilwanIC 18 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked Palestinians in the old city of Jerusalem and at the entrances of Al-Aqsa mosque. The IOA fired stun grenades at Palestinians and assaulted them. During the operation, the IOA arrested Nasser Al Ajlouni and Wissam Hamouda. (SilwanIC 18 September 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army in Jabal Al Mukabbir town, south of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live bullets, teargas and sun grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. During the clashes the IOA arrested eight Palestinians after storming and searching their houses and assaulted their families. The arrestees were identified as: Mujahed Ali Abidiya (16 years), Laith Nasser Mohammad Khalilah (17 years), Mohammad Aliyan Mohammad Shqirat (21 years), Yazan Awisat (18 years), Shadi Za’atrah (20 years), Ibrahim Mashahra (20 years), Ahmed Awisat (17 years) and Mohammad Ali Awisat. (SilwanIC 18 September 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA)in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. During the clashes, the IOA arrested 6 Palestinians; identified as: Ala Abu Tayha (17 years),
Mohammad Abu Diyab (17 years), Mohammad Hisham Al Qaq (21 years), Ali Abu Diyab (20 years) and Salah Al ‘awar (20 years). (SilwanIC 18 September 2015)

- A Palestinian was injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, tear gas and stun grenades at Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Sami Abu Sara. (SilwanIC 18 September 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired tear gas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses. The IOA also, erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of the town, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (SilwanIC 18 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed As-Sawana neighborhood in Jerusalem city and occupied the roofs of a number of Palestinian houses. (SilwanIC 18 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented the Palestinian Prime Minster; Rami Al Hamdalla, the Palestinian Intelligence chief; Majed Faraj and the Head of the Preventive Security Service; Ziyad Hab Ar-Reh, from entering Jerusalem city, after stopping them at Hizma military checkpoint, north of Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 18 September 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, tear gas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. During the clashes, the IOA assaulted a number of As-Sa’ida family, and destroyed three vehicles owned by the family. (SilwanIC & Wafa 18 September 2015)

Five Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Qalandiya military checkpoint, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, tear gas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Al-Quds 18 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented the Palestinian Prime Minster; Rami Al Hamdalla, the Palestinian Intelligence chief; Majed Faraj and the Head of the Preventive Security Service; Ziyad Hab Ar-Reh, from entering Jerusalem city, after stopping them at Hizma military checkpoint, north of Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 18 September 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, tear gas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury
of Mohammad Issa (11 years). During the clashes, the IOA arrested 5 Palestinians. The IOA also, closed with cement blocks the main entrance of the town. (Al-Quds 20 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest at Bab Al Qataneen in the old city of Jerusalem. The IOA assaulted the participants. Noted that this protest carried out by Palestinian journalists against the Israeli violence against them. (Al-Quds 20 September 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Al-Quds 20 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished five commercial structures in Hizma town, north of Jerusalem city. (NBPRS & ARN 20 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement bloc the main entrance of Ar-Ram town, north of Jerusalem city. (ARN 20 September 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. During the operation, the IOA prevented dozens of Palestinians from entering the mosque. (Al-Quds 21 September 2015)

- Israeli settlers wrote anti-Palestinian slogans on several walls in Jerusalem city. (Safa 21 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished an under construction house in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by Al ‘Abbasi family. During the operation, the IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (SilwanIC 21 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted Kamal Akram Abu Wahdan (14 years) in Beit Hanina town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 22 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures in the old city of Jerusalem and at the entrance of Al-Aqsa mosque. The IOA prevented Palestinians under the age of 40 years from entering the mosque and forced them to pray on the streets. (Maannews 22 September 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Wattan 22 September 2015)

- 30 East Jerusalem streets given Hebrew names, enraging Arab residents. Defending decision, municipality says 800 roads given Arabic names; Arab MKs slam attempt to ‘Judaicize al-Quds’. The Jerusalem municipality on Sunday night approved 30 Hebrew street names in predominantly Arab East Jerusalem
neighborhoods, drawing fierce condemnation from both Arab residents and lawmakers. The new Hebrew street names, which were okayed as part of an ongoing project to map out the neighborhoods in the east of the city, were given to areas that house Jewish historical sites, according to the municipality. Over 800 streets in East Jerusalem have already been given Arabic names, city hall said. Around the City of David archaeological site in the Silwan neighborhood, seven streets were given Hebrew names, including “Ma’alot Ir David” and “Shir LaMa’alot,” according to the Walla news website. On the Mount of Olives, several streets were given Hebrew names reflecting Jewish ties to the site, and in Sheikh Jarrah, two streets will be called “Nahalat Shimon” and “Nahalat Yitzhak.” The committee decided against naming a street in Sheikh Jarrah “Kohen Gadol” (High Priest), agreeing that the reference to a prominent figure in the Jewish temples would spark riots in East Jerusalem neighborhoods, which have already seen heightened tensions and repeated clashes over the Temple Mount and perceived Israeli attempts to alter the status quo at the holy site. Israel maintains that it is not seeking to change the status quo at the compound known to Muslims as al-Aqsa, the third-holiest site in Islam and most holy in Judaism. Under the new directive, a street near Damascus Gate will be renamed “Amir Drori,” for the founder of the Israel Antiquities Authority, in a nod to the adjacent Rockefeller Museum, which houses the IAA’s offices. Former Supreme Court justice Jacob Turkel had advised against giving the streets Hebrew names in light of the security situation. He recommended the committee “reevaluate whether it is appropriate, at this point in time, and in light of the complicated and delicate situation in East Jerusalem,” to give the streets these names. The Jerusalem city hall committee rejected the recommendation. The decision was met with strong opposition from East Jerusalem residents, who said it would “cause more violence.” “This is all part of one plan — first, to Judaize al-Aqsa, second, the Arab villages, third, the history and names,” Silwan resident Ahmad Karaeen Abu Hamid told Walla. Joint (Arab) List party leader Ayman Odeh decried the decision as a “vile attempt” to erase residents’ Palestinian identity. “We have recently been witness to aggressive attempts to change the status quo in East Jerusalem and deepen the occupation and dispossession. The choice of street names, with a total disregard for who built and lives on these streets for thousands of years, is a vile attempt to eradicate the national Palestinian identity,” he said. Referring to recent riots in Jerusalem, Joint (Arab) List MK Ahmad Tibi said “someone decided to add fuel to the fire of tensions in Jerusalem, and this is a pyromaniac decision.” The city’s actions are part of “ongoing efforts to Judaize al-Quds” — the Arabic name for Jerusalem — “and
falsify history,” he added. The Jerusalem municipality defended the decision.
“More than 800 names that were approved in East Jerusalem were selected by
the Arabs themselves, giving broad expression to their historical and religious
legacy,” it said in a statement. “For sites that have a weighty Jewish historical
legacy, the street names reflect this legacy.” In February, an adviser to Mayor Nir
Barkat said the Jerusalem municipality had nearly completed the mapping and
naming of streets in East Jerusalem, in what he said was endeavor that would
both boost the residents’ sense of belonging and allow city hall to more
effectively collect taxes. The naming mechanism allowed local residents to
propose street names, which were then vetted by Islam expert Professor Yitzhak
Reiter “to preclude terrorists,” the adviser said. Finally, they were approved by a
municipal naming committee headed by former Supreme Court justice Turkel.
(Time of Israel 22 September 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa
mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. During the operation, the
IOA prevented Palestinians under the age of 40 years from entering the mosque.
(Al-Quds 23 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a 100 square meters animal shed in
Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The targeted shed is owned by Said Abed.
(SilwanIC 23 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the three entrances of Sur Baher town,
south of Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 23 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the three entrances of Jabal Al Mukabbir
town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 23 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the main entrance of Al Issawiya town in
Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 23 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the main entrance of Silwan town in
Jerusalem city and closed a number of streets in the town. (SilwanIC 23
September 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at
the courtyard of Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets,
tear gas and stun grenades at Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA assaulted
Nabel Mazrawi, a journalist work with Al Jazeera press. Noted that the IOA
tightened its procedures at the entrances of the mosque and prevented
Palestinian men under the age of 50 from entering the mosque. (Al-Quds &
SilwanIC 27 September 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at
the courtyard of Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city, after the IOA stormed the
courtyard and attacked Palestinians. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (Al-Quds 28 September 2014)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. (RB2000 29 September 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. During the operation, the IOA prevented tens of Palestinians from entering the mosque. The Israeli settlers also, attacked Palestinians while they were at the courtyard of the mosque, causing a number of injured. (Wattan & RB2000 29 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted a Palestinian woman while she was at the courtyard of Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. (Safa 30 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) removed the Palestinian flags from the roofs of several Palestinian houses and commercial structures in Shufat town, north of Jerusalem city. (RB2000 30 September 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in the courtyard of Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. Noted that the IOA still prevented tens of Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (RB2000 30 September 2015)
- Thousands of Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at the courtyard of the Wailing Wall, at the western part of Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and performed Talmudic rituals. (Safa 30 September 2015)

The Israeli Violations in Jerusalem Governorate during the month of October 2015

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest against the Israeli violations in Jerusalem city, at Hizma military checkpoint, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 1 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a Palestinian house in Ein Al Louza neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by Khalil Al Abbasi. During the operation, the IOA assaulted Mr. Al Abbasi and his wife, also they fired rubber bullets at their son Mohammad (23 years), and assaulted his friend Ayed Al Abbasi (25 years). The IOA also arrested Ali Al Abbasi. (SilwanIC 1 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in the courtyard of Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. During the operation, the IOA prevented the Palestinians under the age of 50 years from entering the mosque. (SilwanIC 1 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers assaulted and injured Mohammad Al Ja’ouni while he was in Jerusalem city. (NBPRS 1 October 2015)
• An Israeli settler fired teargas grenades at a Palestinian woman while she was walking in the street in the old city of Jerusalem. Noted that before few hours, the same Israeli settler attacked two Palestinians while they were at Aqbet Al Khalidiya area in the old city of Jerusalem. (Al-Quds 1 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Authorities decided to close a number of road in Jerusalem city, to allow Israeli settlers to demonstrate in the city to celebrate “Sukkot holiday”. (Al-Quds 1 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented Palestinians under the age of 40 years from entering Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city, and forced them to pray on the streets. The IOA also, assaulted Palestinians, causing the injury of dozens. (Al-Quds 2 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, teargas grenades and wastewater at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury more than 20 Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA closed all the entrances of the town. The IOA also, arrested three Palestinians, identified as: Mohammad Yousif Dari, Asmat Abed and Munther Mahmoud. (SilwanIC & Maannews 2 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched an area in Jabal Al Mukabbir town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 2 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Anata town, northeast of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live bullets at Palestinians, causing the injury of two. (Maannews 2 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Wadi Al Jouz neighborhood in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Maannews 2 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers tried to kidnap three Palestinian children in Jerusalem city. (PNN 2 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented Palestinians from entrain Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 3 October 2015)
• Rani Naim At-Tamimi (8 years) was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired stun grenades at him while he was at the courtyard of his house in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. (Maannews 3 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured two Palestinians while they were crossing the Israeli checkpoint erected at the entrance of Beit Iksa village, northwest of Jerusalem city. The Palestinians were identified as: Anas Anwar Zayed and Abdalla Alqam. (Wafa 3 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures in Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. The IOA prevented Palestinians from entering it and assaulted others while they were at Bab Al Asbat and Huta in the old city. The IOA also, erected dozens of military checkpoints in several streets in the old city of Jerusalem and prevented Palestinians under the age of 50 years from entering the city. (SilwanIC 4 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in several neighborhoods in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades and wastewater at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of Mohammad Yousif Barqan (17 years) in his eye. Noted that the IOA arrested Mr. Barqan after he was injured and arrested Farid Raid At-Tawel. The IOA also, occupied a roof of a Palestinian house owned by Al Abbsi family. (SilwanIC 4 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al –Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of two Palestinians. (SilwanIC 4 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Shufat town, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozen of suffocation cases and the injury of 30 people. During the clashes, the IOA arrested two Palestinians. (SilwanIC 4 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Wadi Al Jouz neighborhood in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets at Palestinians, causing the injury of 4 people. (SilwanIC 4 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired stun grenades at Palestinian in Beit Hanina town, north of Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 4 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Qalrandiya military checkpoint, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing
dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 6 people. During the clashes, the IOA fired live bullets at two Palestinian Ambulances. (Wattan & Maannews 4 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ar Ram town, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

- Fadi Aloun (19 years) from Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city was killed after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at him while he was at Al Musrara area in Jerusalem city, after the Israeli settlers claimed that Mr. Aloun assaulted them. As a result, the IOA stormed the house of the Palestinian martyr; Fadi Aloun, and arrested his father, brother and uncle. During the operation, the IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian journalist; Hana Mahamed. (Al-Quds & Wafa 4 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Abu Dis and Al Eaziriya towns, east of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (Al-Quds 4 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles in Beit Safafa town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 4 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers demonstrated and toured in several areas in the old city of Jerusalem and tried to attack Palestinians. (SilwanIC 4 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the courtyard of Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers stormed a number of restaurants and commercial structures at Ma’man Alla Mall in Jerusalem city and attacked two Palestinian workers by firing gas on their faces, and they also assaulted and injured a Palestinian while he was near Hebron gate near the Mall. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers gathered in several streets in Jerusalem city and walked to reach Al Musrara area near Bab Al Amoud, chanted anti-Palestinian slogans and attacked Palestinian vehicles. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers attacked Palestinian houses in Bab Al Magharba area in the old city of Jerusalem and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers attacked Palestinian houses at Wadi Hilwah neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers assaulted and injured Tasir Abu Rumoz while he was in his workplace at Bab Al Magharab area in Jerusalem city. (Wafa 4 October 2015)
Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Ahmed Daoud Nasser (17 years). (Wafa 5 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Shufat refugee camp in Jerusalem city. (Wafa 5 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Authorities approved to hand over the body of the Palestinian martyr: Fadi Samir Aloun (19 years), in Shufat cemetery under the terms of not more than 50-70 people attend the funeral and to pay NIS 20,000 as a guarantee. (Maannews 5 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the courtyard of Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and arrested Yasser Al Qawasmi. (Wafa 5 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Qalandiya military checkpoint, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing the injury of a Palestinian. (Al-Quds 5 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Biddu, Beit Ijza and Beit Daqqu villages, northwest of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 5 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Ashqariya neighborhood in Beit Hanina town, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live bullets, causing the seriously injury of a Palestinian. (Wafa 5 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian vehicles in Jerusalem city, while they were transferring Palestinian injuries to the hospital. (Wafa 5 October 2015)

Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the courtyard of Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. (RB2000 5 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Bab Al Amoud area and prevented Palestinians from entering Al Aqsa mosque and the Old city of Jerusalem. (Pal Today 5 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Qalandiya refugee camp, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 4 people, included a journalist. (Al-Quds 6 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demonstrated at Al Wad street in the old city of Jerusalem, raise the Israeli flags and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. (Raya & Safa 6 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the courtyard of Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. During the operation, the IOA prevented Palestinians under the age of 50 years from entering the mosque. (Raya & Safa 6 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished two homes belonging to the families of Palestinian martyrs. Locals in the East Jerusalem neighborhood of Jabal al-Mukabbir told Ma'an that early on Tuesday morning Israeli forces stormed the homes of Muhammad Jaabis and Ghassan Abu Jamal and demolished them with explosives. Locals said that neighboring homes sustained damage during the demolitions. Meanwhile, in a third house, also in Silwan town, in East Jerusalem, the IOA filled a room with concrete. Israeli forces stormed and ransacked the home of Mutaz Hijazi's family in Silwan neighborhood, before filling Hijazi’s former room with concrete. (Maannews 6 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) surrounded a Palestinian house in Ras Khames area in Shufat refugee camp, north of Jerusalem city. (Sama News 7 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted a number of Palestinians and the family of the martyr; Fadi Aloun, while they were in the mourning tent erected by the family in Beit Hanina town, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (SilwanIC 7 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Battan Al Hawa neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city and assaulted the residents. As a result Suad Abu Rumoz was injured. (SilwanIC 7 October 2015)

• Two Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Qatanna village, northwest of Jerusalem city. The IOA attacked Palestinian by firing live bullets at them. (Wafa 7 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a Palestinian neighborhood in the old city of Jerusalem. (Wafa 7 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a Palestinian house in Sur Baher town, south of Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by the family of a Palestinian girl who was injured after an Israeli settler opened fire at her at Al Wad Street in the old city of Jerusalem. The IOA searched the house and
assaulted the residents. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades. (Maannews 7 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Ar-Ram town, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing a number of suffocation cases. (Raya 7 October 2015)

- A 30 years old Palestinian was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Za’im military checkpoint, north of Jerusalem city, opened fire at him while he was crossing the checkpoint. (Al-Quds 7 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers attacked Palestinian vehicles in Ash-Sheikh Jarah neighborhood in Jerusalem city. (Wafa & Wattan 7 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers gathered at Al Wadi street in old city of Jerusalem and closed it, and prevented Palestinians from opening their commercial structures in the aforementioned area. (Wattan 7 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Ramot settlement punctured the tire of a Palestinian vehicle and attacked other in Beit Iksa village, northwest of Jerusalem city. The targeted vehicle is owned by Mohammad Khader Sader. (Wafa 7 October 2015)

- A 18 Palestinian girl was injured after an Israel settler opened fire at her while she was walking at Al Wadi street in the old city of Jerusalem. (SilwanIC & Wafa 7 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in the courtyard of Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 7 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected electronic gates at the all gates of the old city of Jerusalem; Hebron, As-Silsila, Al Jaded, and Al Asbat and at Al Wad street. (Al-Quds 8 October 2015)

- Dobhi Abu Khalifah (19 years) shoot and killed by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Jerusalem city. The Palestinian martyr from Shufat refugee camp, north of Jerusalem city. As a result, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the camp and tried to reach the house of the martyr, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired Dumdum, live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of more than 40 Palestinian and Wissam Jamal Taleb Faraj (20 years) shoot and killed. (Al-Quds 8 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in the courtyard of Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and tried to perform Talmudic rituals. (RB2000 8 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures in the old city of Jerusalem and prevented the Palestinians under the age of 50 years from entering Al Aqsa mosque. (Al-Quds 9 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ras Khames neighborhood and near Shufat military checkpoint in Shufat refugee camp, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and tear gas grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 5 people. (Al-Quds & Wafa 9 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and tear gas grenades, causing the injury of a Palestinian. During the clashes, the IOA arrested two Palestinians. (Al-Quds & Wafa 9 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Anata town, northeast of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and tear gas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of four Palestinians. (Al-Quds & Wafa 9 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Ezariya and Abu Dis towns, east of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, tear gas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 17 people. During the clashes, the IOA arrested a Palestinian. (Al-Quds & Wafa 9 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. During the clashes, the IOA closed the western entrance of the town. The IOA also, arrested Khadija Abed. (Al-Quds & Wafa 9 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Qalandiya military checkpoint, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and tear gas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 9 Palestinians. (Al-Quds 9 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers hurled stones at a Palestinian vehicle while it was crossing Jaba military checkpoint, northeast of Jerusalem city, causing the injury of a Palestinian. (ARN 9 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demonstrated in the streets of Jerusalem city, chanted anti-Palestinian slogans and attacked Palestinians. (Al-Quds 9 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Kafr Aqab town, north of Jerusalem city. (Pal Today 10 October 2015)
• Ahmed Salah (22 years) shoot and killed by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the IOA Shufat refugee camp, north of Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 10 October 2015)
• Ishaq Badran (16 years) from Kafr Aqab town, north of Jerusalem city, was killed after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at him while he was at Al Musrara neighborhood in Jerusalem city. (Maannews 10 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched Al Maqased and Al Mutala’ hospitals in Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 10 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Mohammad Said Ali while he was at Bab Al Amoud area in Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 10 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers living in Nof Zion settlement tried to attack a Palestinian vehicle while it was traveling near the settlement. The targeted vehicle is owned by Yosra Zahaika. Noted that Mrs. Zahaika was in the vehicle with two children. (SilwanIC 10 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. ARN 11 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented Liwa Abu Irmilah, a Palestinian journalist, from entering Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 11 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Shufat refugee camp, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA attacked a Palestinian Ambulance. (Maannews 11 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city, and stationed near Al-Quds University Campus. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians and land, causing tens of suffocation cases, the injury about 50 Palestinians, and the torch of trees inside the University campus. (Maannews 11 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city. The IOA used live bullets to attack Palestinians. (Maannews 11 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in several areas and neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (Maannews 11 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in the courtyard of Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. During the
operation, the IOA prevented about 52 Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (RB2000 11 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers sprayed pepper gas on the face of a Palestinian worker in Jerusalem city (RB2000 11 October 2015)
- Mustafah Al Khateb (18 years) from Jabal Al Mukabbir town, south of Jerusalem city, was killed after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at him while he was at Lion’s gate in the old city of Jerusalem. (Wafa & Maannews 12 October 2015)
- Hassan Khalid Mahaniya-Manasrah (15 years) was killed and Ahmed Saleh Mahaniya-Manasrah (13 years) was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at them while they were near the Israeli settlement of Pisgat Ze’ev. Noted that two Palestinian child from Beit Hanina town, north of Jerusalem city. After the operation, the IOA stormed and searched their family houses. (Al-Quds 12 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Mustafah Adel Al Khateb (17 years) in Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 12 October 2015)
- An Israeli settler tried to hit by his vehicle three Palestinian children while they were crossing Wadi Hilwa street in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 12 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in the courtyard of Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. (Pal Today 12 October 2015)
- An Israeli settler shoot and injured a Palestinian girl (15 years) in Ash-Sheik Jarrah neighborhood in Jerusalem city. (Maannews 12 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed a Palestinian and injured other in Jabal Al Mukabbir town, south of Jerusalem city. (Maannews 13 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Ala Abu Al Jamal from Jabal Al Mukabbir town, south of Jerusalem city, while he was standing at a bus station in Jerusalem city. (Maannews 13 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest near Qalandiya military checkpoint, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at the participants. (Al-Quds 13 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Eaziriya town, east of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 13 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Jabal Al Mukabbir town, south of Jerusalem city, and closed all the village entrances. The IOA stormed and searched three Palestinian houses, two of the targeted houses are owned by the
family of two Palestinian martyrs: Ala Abu Al Jamal (33 years) and Baha Alayan (23 years), and third house is owned by the family of Bilal Abu Ghanem (22 years). (Wafa & RB2000 13 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Quds University’ campus in Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city, and destroyed the university consists. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired tear gas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the operation, the IOA arrested 7 Palestinians. (Al-Quds 13 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement blocks Sulman Al Farise street in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 13 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Bassam Raghib Sider (20 years) while he was at Bab Al Amoud area in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 14 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Ahmed Fathi Mohammad Abu Sha’ban (23 years), from Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city, while he was at the bus station in the city. After the operation, the IOA stormed and searched his family house and summoned his brother Mohammad to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police. (SilwanIC 14 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in the courtyard of Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. During the operation, the IOA prevented about 60 Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (Maannews 14 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in several neighborhoods in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired tear gas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (SilwanIC 15 October 2015)

- Israeli court in the Municipality of Jerusalem ordered to evacuate a Palestinian house in the old city of Jerusalem within the next 45 days. The targeted house is owned by Ghaith Sub Laban. (ARN 15 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures in the old city of Jerusalem. The IOA prevented the Palestinians under the age of 40 from entering Al Aqsa mosque, and forced them to pray in the streets. The IOA closed several streets, neighborhoods and gats in the city. (SilwanIC & ARN 16 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement blocks the entrances of Ath-Thawri and Wadi Ar-Rababa neighborhoods in Silwan town, in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 16 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement blocks the main entrance of Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 16 October 2015)

• In Jabal Al Mukabbir town, south of Jerusalem city, The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement blocks the four entrances of the town. (SilwanIC 16 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement blocks three entrance of Sur Baher town, south of Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 16 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed several streets in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 16 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Mutaz ‘Awisat (16 years) from Jabal Al Mukabbir town, south of Jerusalem city, while he was walking in the street in Jerusalem city. After the operation, the IOA stormed his family house and arrested his father and mother. (Al-Quds 17 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the mourning tent of the Palestinian martyr Baha Alyan, in Jabal Al Mukabbir town, south of Jerusalem city. (Maannews 17 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Qalandiya military checkpoint, north of Jerusalem city, shoot and killed Omar Al Faqieh while he was crossing the checkpoint. (RB2000 18 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the family house of the Palestinian martyr; Fadi Aloyn, in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. (Pal Today 18 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched the house of a Palestinian martyr; Mustafah Adel Al Khateb, in Jabal Al Mukabbir town, south of Jerusalem city. (RB2000 18 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in the courtyard of Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. Noted that the IOA tightened its procedures at the entrances of the mosque and prevented Palestinians under the age of 35 years from entering it. (NBPRS 18 October 2015)

• Huda Mohammad Darwish (65 years) died after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented her from leaving Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city, to the hospital, after stopping her at a military checkpoint erected at the eastern entrance of the town and opened fire at Palestinian vehicles. (Pal Today 19 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Sur Baher town, south of Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by the family of a Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail; Shourouq Dwikat. During the
operation, the IOA arrested her brother Mohammad and transferred him to unknown location. (PNN 19 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 4 people. (Safa 19 October 2015)

- Israeli colonial organization “Ateret Cohanim” occupied two Palestinian houses in Battan Al Hawa neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The targeted houses are owned by Abdalla Abu Nab and his brother Sabri. Noted that a staff from the colonial organization escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the targeted houses, attacked the residents and forced them to evacuate their houses. (SilwanIC 19 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. During the operation, the IOA prevented Palestinians under the age of 35 years from entering the mosque. (Pal Today 19 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA arrested four Palestinians after storming their houses. The arrestees were identified as: Abdalla Mustafah, Mohammad Issa Mustafah, Basil Jamal Darwish and his brother Mohammad. (Wattan 20 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in the courtyard of Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. During the operation, the IOA prevented about 60 Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (PNN 20 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures at the old city of Jerusalem and prevented tens of Palestinians from reaching Al Aqsa mosque. (RB2000 21 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (RB2000 21 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) killed a Palestinian; Mutaz Attalla Qassem, from Al Eaziriya town, east of Jerusalem city, after shooting him while he was at Jaba junction, near the Israeli settlement of Adam, northeast of Jerusalem city. (Maannews 21 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Orient FM 21 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the main street in As-Sawana neighborhood in Jerusalem city. (RB2000 21 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Jaba military checkpoint, north of Jerusalem city. (Wattan 21 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Baha Al Alayan, in Jabal Al Mukabber town, south of Jerusalem city, and took photos for the house and the neighborhood. (RB2000 22 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Al Issawiyy town in Jerusalem city and fired teargas grenades at rubber bullets at Palestinians and houses, causing the injury of a Palestinian. During the clashes, the IOA stormed a commercial structure and arrested a Palestinian. (Maannews 22 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided Al Bustan and Beir Ayoub neighborhoods in Silwan town in Jerusalem city, and fired stun grenades at Palestinian houses. During the operation, the IOA arrested 6 Palestinians, identified as: Shefa Ash-Shilwadi, Fadi Hamza Ash-Shilwadi, Muhdi Mazen Ash-Shilwadi, Mohammad Nader Odeh, Ahmed Yassen Ar-Rajabi (17 years) and Mohammad Mazen Ash-Shilwadi (17 years). (Maannews 22 October 2015)

• Hiba Aziz Al Abbasi (28 years) from Silwan town in Jerusalem city was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired rubber bullets at her car while she was crossing Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. Noted that in the early morning, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood, where the IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians. (Safa 22 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. At the same time, the IOA prevented about 60 Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (Raya 22 October 2015)

• Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem demolished an animal shed in Jabal Al Mukabber town, south of Jerusalem city. The targeted structure is owned by: Riyad Ali Zahaika. (Al-Quds 22 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Jaba military checkpoint, north of Jerusalem city. (RB2000 22 October 2015)

• More than 27 Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation
Army (IOA) in Abu Dis town, west of Jerusalem city. The IOA attacked Palestinians by firing teargas grenades and rubber bullets at them. (Wafa 23 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers demonstrated at Jaba junction, near Jaba village, north of Jerusalem city, and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. (Wafa 23 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out an order to confiscate and demolish the house of the Palestinian martyr; Ala Abu Al Jamal, in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. The targeted house is inhabited by the wife of the martyr and his three children. (SilwaIC 23 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) chased a Palestinian in the old city of Jerusalem. The IOA tightened its procedures in the city and closed a number of Jerusalem’ gates. The IOA also, erected sudden checkpoint in several area in the old city of Jerusalem to find a Palestinian. (Maannews 24 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures in the old city of Jerusalem. (Wafa 23 October 2015)

- A 13 years old Palestinian was injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli occupation Army (IOA) in Hizma village, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA used metal bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wattan 24 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Qalandiya military checkpoint, north of Jerusalem city. (Wattan 24 October 2015)

- United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) published a report about the new Israeli checkpoint in the occupied East Jerusalem. “Following an Israeli Security Cabinet decision of 14 October, Israeli forces blocked several main streets leading to and from most Palestinian neighborhoods in East Jerusalem. As of 21 October 38 obstacles, including 17 checkpoints, 20 cement blocks and one earth mound have been placed. These obstacles directly impact nine Palestinian neighborhoods home to approximately 138,000 people, or some 45 per cent of East Jerusalem’s Palestinian population. Israeli authorities also erected a concrete barrier partially separating the Jabal Mukkaber neighborhood from the adjacent East Talpiot settlement. Search and checking procedures at the newly deployed checkpoints have resulted in long queues, which delayed and disrupted the access of people to services, including educational and health facilities, places of work, as well as holy sites.” (OCHA 24 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IAO) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 25 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers torched a Palestinian vehicle in Um Tuba neighborhood in Jerusalem city and wrote anti-Palestinian slogans on the vehicle. (Al-Quds 25 October 2015)

• Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem forced Abeer Ar-Rajabi to demolish her 100 square meters house in Beit Hanina town in Jerusalem city. The targeted house is inhabited by 8 family member (Abeer and her husband and 5 children) (SilwanIC 25 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Qatanna village, northwest of Jerusalem city. (Pal Today 26 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded tens of Palestinian houses in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (Pal Today 26 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city and stationed near Al Quds University campus, an fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at the campus and the students, causing dozens of suffocation cases. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. During the operation, the IOA arrested Hamza Mir’I after raiding his house in Abu Dis town. (Maannews 26 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Wattan 26 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Maqased hospital in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city, and searched the files. (Maannews 27 October 2015)

• Two Palestinians were injured and tens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the main entrance of AR-Ram town, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians and their houses. (Maannews 27 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in several areas in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city, and punctured the tires of 6 vehicles. (Safa 27 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (RB2000 27 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers attacked a Palestinian student while he was in his way back home from the school at Al Jabal area in Beit Safafa town, south of Jerusalem city. (Maannews 27 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers attacked a Palestinian while she was waiting the bus in Beit Safafa town, south of Jerusalem city, and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. (Maannews 27 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers tried to stab Mohammad Hassan Nimir while he was in his way to home Beit Safaf town, south of Jerusalem city. As a result, Mr. Nimir was injured in his hand. (Maannews 27 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out an orders to demolish a Palestinian house in Sur Baher town in Jerusalem city. The targeted house owned by Ibrahim Dwikar, the brother of a Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail, Shurouq Dwikat. (Safa 27 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (Safa 27 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Maqased hospital in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city. (ARN 28 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched five Palestinian houses in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. Three of the targeted houses are owned by the families of Palestinian martyrs; Baha ‘Alayan, Mustafah Al Khateeb, and Mutaz ‘Awisat. The two others owned by Safa Abu Jamal and the family of the Palestinian prisoner Shourouq Dwikat. (SilwanIC 28 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city, and stationed near Al Quds University campus and fired teargas grenades, live and rubber bullets at the students. The IOA surrounded a number of Palestinian journalists inside one of the University building. (Orient FM 28 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. During the operation, two Israeli settlers performed Talmudic rituals at an area called “Al Hoursh”, which located between Bab Al Asbat and Al Masalah al Marwani in the mosque. (RB2000 28 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in areas in Qatanna village northwest of Jerusalem city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (Pal Today 29 October 2015)
• Nadem Shqirat (51 years) from Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city, died after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) obstructed the ambulance that tried to carry him to the hospital. (Al-Quds 29 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Wafa 29 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Ahmed Hamada Qanibi (23 years) from Kafr Aqab village, north of Jerusalem city, while he was at Ash-Sheikh Jarrah neighborhood in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC & Maannews 30 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented a Palestinian family (Abu Nab family) from entering their house in Batan Al Hawa neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. Abu Nab house located within the houses that the Israeli settlers occupied in the last few months. (SilwanIC 30 October 2015)

• Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem handed out administrative orders to demolish two Palestinian houses in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. The targeted houses are owned by: the family of the Palestinian martyr; Ala Abu Al Jamal, and his bother Mohammad Abu Al Jamal. (SilwanIC 30 October 2015)

The Israeli Violations in Jerusalem Governorate during the month of November 2015

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city and fired rubber bullets at Palestinian houses. As a result, Mazen Ahmed Abu Al Humos (42 years) was injured in his face while he was in front of his house. (SilwanIC 1 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the celebration of the freedom of Ala Sarhan Al Qamari (22 years) in Beir Ayoun neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired stun grenades at Palestinians and arrested Qaus Al Qamari. (SilwanIC 1 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, causing the injury of a Palestinian. (Pal Today 1 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded At-Tur town in Jerusalem city, and fired stun grenades at Palestinians and their houses, causing the injury of a Palestinian. During the operation, the IOA arrested Yousif Abu Al Hawa. (SilwanIC 1 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers destroyed the fence surrounded Palestinian land in An-Nabi Samwil village, north of Jerusalem city. The targeted land is owned by Eid Barakat. (RB2000 1 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 1 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired stun grenades at Palestinian students in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 2 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Qatanna village, northwest of Jerusalem city, after the funeral of two Palestinian
martyrs; Mohammad Shamasnah (23 years) and Omar Al Faqih (25 years). The IOA used live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 8 people. (Maaannews 2 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the campus of Al Quds University in Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city, and fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinian students, causing tend of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (Al-Quds 2 November 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city from Al Magharba gate and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 2 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished a 80 square meters house in Khallit Al Abed area in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. The targeted house inhabited by 7 family members and owned by Sami Idres. (Wafa 2 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished a Palestinian buildings consist of 3 floors (each floor consist of 120 square meters apartment) in Beit Hanina town, north of Jerusalem city. One of the targeted apartment owned by Khaldoun Nijem. (Maannews 2 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Beir Ayoub and Ein Al Louza neighborhoods in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at the houses, causing a number of suffocation cases. (Wattan 3 November 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (ARN 3 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed a main street in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 3 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Bustan neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and stun grenades at Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA invaded two Palestinian houses owned by Nuha Odeh and Ahmed Jalal Al ‘Awar. (SilwanIC 4 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city, after the IOA invaded the neighborhood, and erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of the neighborhood, where they stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles. During the clashes, the IOA fired stun grenades at rubber bullets at Palestinians and houses. (SilwanIC 4 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched Balandan Heath center in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 4 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. At the same time, the IOA still prevented about 60 Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (Wafa 4 November 2015)

• Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem handed out orders to demolish Al Qa’qa’ mosque (120 square meters) and a commercial structure in Hush At-Tayeh in Ein Al Louza neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 4 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Mohammad Abu Wahdan (23 years) while he was at Al Wad street in the old city of Jerusalem. (Wattan 5 November 2015)

• Ibrahim Maher As-Salaimah (14 years) was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired stun grenades at the courtyard of a Palestinian school in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 6 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Pal Today 5 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished a 30 square meters residential room, an iron gate and a fence in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city, and razed 4 olive trees. The targeted room is owned by Yassir Bashir. (SilwanIC 5 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at Bab Al Asbat area in the old city of Jerusalem. The IOA stopped and questioned Palestinians and checked their ID cards. (Pal Today 5 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Ein Al Louza, Al ‘Abbasiya, Al Bustan and Al Ein neighborhoods in Silwan town in Jerusalem city, and questioned the residents. The IOA fired rubber bullets at Palestinian houses. Eight of the targeted houses are owned by: Abu Diyab family, Al ‘Awar family, Kayed Abu Sara, Omar Al Qatnawi, Al Qimiri family, Sarhan Family, Al Abu Tayha and Mohammad Odeh. (SilwanIC 6 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Jaba military checkpoint, north of Jerusalem city. (Orient FM 6 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Al Abeid neighborhood in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 7 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted a Palestinian after stopping him at a sudden checkpoint erected by the IOA at As-Sawana neighborhood in Jerusalem city, and also assaulted a Palestinian volunteer work with the Palestine Red Crescent Society. (Orient FM 7 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured a Palestinian in Ath-Thawri neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (RB 2000 8 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Al-Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by Wael Mahmoud. (Wafa 8 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched four a Palestinian houses in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. One of the targeted houses is owned by Ziedani family. The IOA also, stationed in the neighborhood, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles. And in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town, the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinian students. (SilwanIC & Wafa 8 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. Noted that the IOA still prevent more than 60 Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (Wafa 8 November 2015)

• Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out administrative orders to demolish 9 Palestinian houses in Al-Bustan and Ein Al Louza neighborhoods in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 8 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Jaba military checkpoint, northeast of Jerusalem city. (ARN 8 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the eastern entrance of Al-Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The IOA prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the town. (Wafa 8 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Al Makassed Hospital in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city, and checked the files. (SilwanIC 9 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard, and tried to perform Talmudic rituals. During the operation, the IOA prevented about 60 Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (NBPRS 9 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and toured in areas in Al-Issawiya town in Jerusalem city and took photos for the streets. The IOA also stationed at the entrance of the town. (SilwanIC 10 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Ein Al Louza and Beir Ayoub neighborhoods in Silwan town. The IOA took photos for houses and commercial structures. And in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town, the IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinian students. The IOA also closed Ras Al Amoud checkpoint for 30 min. (ARN & SilwanIC 10 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Mohammad Abed Ali Nimr (37 years) from Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city, while he was at Bab Al Amoud area in Jerusalem city. after the operation, the IOA stormed the house of the Palestinian martyr and arrested his Father Mohammad Abed Nimr and his three brothers. The IOA closed all the entrances of the town, and prevented Palestinians from leaving it, and fired teargas grenades at them. (Wafa & RB2000 10 November 2015)

• A 12 years old Palestinian (Ali Ihab Hassan Ali) was seriously injured and a 13 years old Palestinian (Mu’awiya Ahmed Ali) was arrested after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked and opened fire at them while they were at the light train in Pisgat Ze’ev settlement. (Maannews 10 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest to support the Palestinian prisoner, Ahmed Manasrah, in front of the Supreme Court of Israel in Jerusalem city. The IOA assaulted the participants and tried to arrest number of them. (Safa 10 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. Noted that the IOA prevented 40 Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (NBPRS 10 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) intensified its presence around Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and in several areas and streets in the old city of Jerusalem. The IOA erected checkpoints at the entrance of the city, stopped Palestinians and checked their ID cars. (Safa 11 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. The IOA prevented the Palestinian women named in the “Black list” from entering the mosque. (Safa 11 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at Palestinian students while they were crossing Shufat military checkpoint, at the entrance of Shufat refugee camp, north of Jerusalem city, causing dozens of suffocation cases. The IOA also, closed the checkpoint and prevented Palestinians from crossing it. (Wafa & Wattan 12 November 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out a protest in the old city of Jerusalem and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. (Wafa 12 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. Noted that the IOA still prevented about 60 Palestinian women (named in the Israeli black list) from entering the mosque. (Wafa 12 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities issued an order to demolish and confiscate a Palestinian house in Jabal Al Mukabir town in Jerusalem city. The targeted house owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr Baha Mohammad Alayan. Noted that the targeted house area reach to 130 square meters, inhabited by 8 family members and within a building consist of three floors. (SilwanIC & Wattan 12 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at participants, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses in Qadi Al Jouz neighborhood in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 14 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched four Palestinian houses in Silwan town in Jerusalem city, and fired teargas grenades in the area. The targeted houses are owned by: Atalla Al ‘Awar, Fouad Al ‘Awar, Bilal Al ‘Awar and Ahmed Al Awar. During the operation, the IOA arrested Youins Maraghi (17 years). (SilwanIC 14 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by Mohammad Muhesen. (Wafa 14 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched two Palestinian houses in Al Bustan neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The targeted houses are owned by Zidani family and Yousif Shriteh. (Wafa 14 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities decided to close a Palestinian house in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. The targeted house is owned by Abu Al Jamal family but inhabited by the family of the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli jail; Bilal Abu Ghanim. Noted that the targeted houses located in the second floor in a building consist of three floors. (SilwanIC 15 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a Palestinian house in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city, took photos for the house and measured it. (The
targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail; Esra’ Ja’abees. (SilwanIC 15 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided a Palestinian house in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The targeted houses is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Ahmed Abu Sha’ban. During the operation, the IOA assaulted the residents. (SilwanIC 15 November 2015)

- An Israeli jeep ran over a Palestinian child, Adel Khader Shaheen (2 years), while he was in Bir Nabala village, northwest of Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 15 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers kidnapped a Palestinian child from At-Tur town in Jerusalem city. The settlers assaulted the Palestinian child and throw him in an area in Jerusalem city. (Al Quds 15 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. Noted that the IOA still prevent about 60 Palestinian women (listed in the Israeli black list) from entering the mosque. The IOA also, prevented Akram Dana (50 years) and his son (5 years) from entering the mosque. (Wattan 15 November 2015)

- Housing and construction Ministry plans to establish a new Israeli settlement neighborhood in Bab As-Sahera (Herod’s gate) area in the old city of Jerusalem, in a dangerous attempt to expand settlements and judaization of the city, and to impose full control over city. According to the proposed scheme, it will build 21 housing units in the area, in addition to the synagogue and Jewish school, according to the Israeli army radio reported. Herod’s Gate is one of the eight gates of the old town and is located on the north side of the city, and is connected to the As-Sahera neighborhood, which inhabited by Palestinians, and enters the town via the Herod’s gate up to Bab hutta and Bab Alguanmh, and all the gates in the north wall of Al-Aqsa Mosque. (RB2000 15 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (Pal Today 16 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected cement bloc at the entrance of Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. (Maannews 16 November 2015)

- Undercover Israeli Army stormed Al Madares street in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city and attacked Palestinian students while they were in the way to their schools. During the operation, the Israeli Army arrested three Palestinians. (SilwanIC 17 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (ARN 17 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 5 Palestinians. (SilwanIC 18 November 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. During the operation, an Israeli settler tried to perform Talmudic rituals in the mosque. Noted that the IOA prevented 60 Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (NBPRS & Wafa 18 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Nasralla Munir Assi (14 years) while he was in his way back home from the school in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 19 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest against the Israeli closure in As-Sawana neighborhood in Jerusalem city. The IOA arrested Nour Jamel Ghaith (11 years). (Orient FM 19 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of Palestinian commercial structures in Ein Al Louza and Beir Ayoub neighborhoods in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 19 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live bullets, causing the seriously injury of a Palestinian. (Maannews 19 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Jabal Al Mukabir town in Jerusalem city. (Safa 19 November 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard, and performed Talmudic rituals at Bab Ar-Rahma at the eastern part of the mosque. During the operation, the IOA tightened its procedures in the old city of Jerusalem. (Wattan 19 November 2015)
• Mohammad Mahir Jamus (17 years) was seriously injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed in a military base in Abu Dis town, east of Jerusalem city, opened fire at him while he was near the military base. (Wattan 20 November 2015)
• Mahmoud Alayan (22 years) from Anata town, east of Jerusalem city, died of wounds he sustained during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Bireh city, before 8 days ago. (ARN 20 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Anata town, northeast of Jerusalem city, after the
funeral of the Palestinian martyr; Mahmoud Alayan. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 20 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the courtyard of Silwan School for boys in Ras Al Amod neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city, after clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA at the entrance of the aforementioned neighborhood. The IOA arrested Jubrail Al ‘Awar (15 years). (Al-Quds 21 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Jabal Al Mukabir town, south of Jerusalem city. (Al-Quds 21 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The IOA used rubber bullets and stun grenades to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds 21 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted a number of Palestinians while they were at Aqabet Al Khalidiya area in the old city of Jerusalem, and arrested two of them. (Al-Quds 21 November 2015)
- Israeli settlers tried to attack a number of Palestinians in the old city of Jerusalem. (Al-Quds 21 November 2015)
- Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem ‘ staffs escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian commercial structures in Silwan town in Jerusalem city, issued breach and fines to the owners, and reprogrammed a week to pay the fines, or they will close their structures. (Pal Info 22 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a Palestinian house owned by Musa Daoud Darbas, in Al Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. During the operation, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (ARN 22 November 2015)
- Undercover Israeli Army assaulted and injured Mohammad Daoud Abed Ar-Rahman Al Abbasi (90 years) while he was at Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (NBPRS 22 November 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city from Bab Al Magharbah, toured in its courtyard, and tried to perform Talmudic rituals. During the operation, the IOA stationed at the entrance of the mosque arrested a Palestinian. Noted that the IOA prevented about 60 Palestinian women (listed in the Israeli black list) from entering the mosque. (Safa 22 November 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. During the operation, An Israeli settler preformed Talmudic rituals near Bab Ar-Rahma area. The IOA
also, tightened its procedures at the entrances of the mosque, where they stopped Palestinians and detained their ID cards. (Wafa 23 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Authorities issued instructions about the entering of the Israeli settlers to Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. According to the instructions only 60 settlers allowed to visit the mosque per a day. And they allowed to enter the mosque during three periods per day: in the morning between 7:30–10:00, afternoon 12:30-13:30 and in the evening from 15:00-19:00. Noted that in the evening tours the settlers must organized the visit with the Israeli Occupation Police. (Al-Quds 23 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. (NBPRS 24 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched the headquarters of Jabal Az-Zaytoun club in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city and confiscated the recordings of security cameras. (Maannews 25 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. The IOA prevented about 60 Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (Wattan 25 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) imposed a blockade on Qatanna village, northwest of Jerusalem city, where they closed all the entrances and arrested a number of Palestinians, after raiding their houses. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. The IOA also, killed a Palestinian, identified as: Yahya Yusri Taha (21 years), during the clashes. (Wafa & Maannews 26 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Qalandiya military checkpoint, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians. (Safa 26 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. At the same time, the IOA prevented Palestinian women from entering the mosque. (Wafa 26 November 2015)

- Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out a number of evacuation orders that targeted commercial structures and stores in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. (SilwanIC 26 November 2015)

- Staff from the Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) issued administrative orders to demolish 7 Palestinian houses, a gas station, a cement factory and a fence, in Al Bustan and Beir Ayoub
neighborhoods in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The targeted houses and structures are owned by Odeh, Ar-Rajabi, Abu Shafe’, Badran and Zaytoun families. (SilwanIC & Orient FM 27 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed all the entrance of Bir Nabala village, northwest of Jerusalem city, and a road reach to Al Judeira, Bir Nabala, Beit Ikra, Qatanna and Biddu villages, northwest of Jerusalem city. (Pal Today & Orient FM 28 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prepared to demolish two Palestinian houses owned by the families of two Palestinian martyrs; Fadi Al Khaseb (in Bir Nabala town) and Omar Az-Za’aqiq (in Beit Ummer town). (NBPRS 29 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shot and killed Basem Abed Ar-Rahman Salah (38 years) from Nablus city, while he was at Al Wad street in the old city of Jerusalem. (SilwanIC & NBPRS 29 November 2015)

- Ayman Sameh Al Abbasi (17 years) was killed during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ras Al Amoud neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The IOA used live bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. As a result, the IOA stormed Ein Al Louza heath center in Ein Al Louza neighborhood in Silwan town, detained the doctor, and the nurse and a number of Palestinians, and prevented them from leaving the center. Noted the IOA was searched for the body of the Palestinian martyr; Ayman Al Abbasi. The IOA also, invaded and searched a number of houses in Ein Al Louza neighborhood, where clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (SilwanIC 29 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) surrounded the headquarter of Al Makasid hospital in At-Tur town in Jerusalem city, and searched the Palestinian vehicles before entre the hospital. (SilwanIC 29 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. During the operation, and Israeli settler preformed Talmudic rituals in front of Bab As-Silsila. (NBPRS 29 November 2015)

- Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem court issued orders to demolish two Palestinian apartments in Bir Ayoub neighborhood in Silwan town in Jerusalem city. The targeted apartments a located in the third and fourth floors within a building consist of 5 floors, each apartment area reach to 130 square meters, and owned by Ayoub Siyan and his brother Maher. Noted that the two apartments inhabited by 13 Palestinian family members. (SilwanIC 29 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city and toured in its courtyard. The IOA prevented tens of
Palestinian women (listed on the Israeli Black list) from entering the mosque. (Pal Today & RB2000 30 November 2015)

Hebron Governorate (September - November )/2015

The Israeli Violations in Hebron Governorate during the month of September 2015

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the northern entrance of Hebron city, and at the entrances of Halhul and Sair towns. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (ARN 1 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities decided to close the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron on the 14th, 15th, 17th, 23rd, 29th and 30th of September 2015, in front of the Palestinians, to allow the Israeli settlers to storm it. (PNN 1 September 2015)
- Issa Mohammad Abu ‘Aram was injured after an Israeli settler tried to hit him by his vehicle while he at Masafer Yatta, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city, after he ran over his sheep and killed 7 of them. (NBPRS 2 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out a military order to demolish a school in Sha’ab al Batam area in Masaref Yatta. (Orient FM 2 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented Al-Ahliya committee from restoration “Yaqin” tomb in Bani Na’im town in Hebron governorate. The IOA prevented the workers from entering the area and threatened to declared the area as “closed military zone”. (Al-Quds 3 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in several areas in Ad-Dhahiriya town, southwest of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and questioned Palestinians. (Pal Info 3 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented Palestinian farmers from working in their land, which located at the southern part of Karmi Zur settlement. The targeted land is owned by: Mediya, Aqil, Abu Yousif and Abu Daya families. (NBPRS 4 September 2015)
- Israeli settlers assaulted and injured Jadawi Hani Abu Hikal (21 years) in Tal Ar-Rumida neighborhood in Hebron city. (Al-Quds 5 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Hebron governorate. The targeted house is owned by Said Nawa’ja who working
as a “coordinator for the mobile clinic” in Susiya village, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. (Wattan 6 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted three Palestinian workers from Yatta town, south of Hebron city, while they were near Shim’a settlement. The Palestinians were identified as: Mohammad Riziq Ash-Shamasli (20 years), Faiz Ghanem Abu Qabitah (23 years) and Faiz Mohammad Harb (22 years). (Al-Quds 6 September 2015)

- Israeli settlers assaulted and injured two Palestinians; Abed Ar-Rahman Zuhair Al Bayad (17 years) and Ayman Al Fakhouri (21 years) while they were walking at Ash-Shuhada street in the central of Hebron city. (Wafa 6 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the southern and eastern entrances of Dura town in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped, searched and detained dozens of Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 6 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a sudden checkpoint at the eastern entrance of Halhul town, north of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles. (RB2000 6 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed all the entrance of Ad-Dhahiriya town, southwest of Hebron city. The IOA also, stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses at Abu Injem area, south of the town (RB2000 6 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Bilal Abu Ramilah At-Tamimi (31 years) while he was at Jabal Johar neighborhood in the old city of Hebron. (Wafa 7 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in several areas and neighborhoods in Yatta town and Hebron city. (Wafa 7 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out military orders to demolish three water wells and two residential tents in Khallet Ad-Dabe’ area in Al-Mafqara village, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. The targeted wells and tents are owned by Ad-Dababsa and Al Hamamda families. (RB2000 7 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military orders to demolish 6 residential structures in Al Halawa and Al Markez villages, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. The targeted structures are owned by: Mohammad, Khalil, Jamel, Isma’il, Ahmed and Younis Abu Aram. Noted that the targeted structures funded by the EU. (Wafa 7 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in several areas and neighborhoods in Hebron city and Yatta town. (Wattan 8 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrances of Halhul and Sair towns in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wattan 8 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation bulldozers escorted by the Israeli Army razed three dunums of agricultural land at Al Ba’qa area, east of Hebron city, and seized a water network. (RB2000 9 September 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Al-Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (RB2000 10 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Al Fahes area at the southern part of Hebron city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (RB2000 10 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Hebron city. Two of the targeted houses are owned by: Radi Karama and Jamal Karama. (RB2000 10 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented Awni Abu Shamsiya and his son Imad from Hebron city, from leaving the West Bank to Jordan. (Maannews 10 September 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Karmi Zur settlement escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented Palestinian farmers and a group of International activists from working in land at Wad Al Amir area, north of Halhul town, north of Hebron city. (Al-Ayyam 11 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Hebron city. One of the targeted houses owned by Rashdiya Abu Hadid. (Wafa 14 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrances of Sair, Halhul and Yatta towns in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 14 September 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Sair town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses. (Safa 15 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in several areas and neighborhoods in Halhul town, north of Hebron city. (Safa 15 September 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron and toured in several areas in the city, and carried out provocative actions. During the operation, the IOA stopped and questioned dozens of Palestinians and checked their ID cards. (Pal Info 15 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron and prevented the Palestinians from entering it, under the claim of the Rosh Hashanah holidays. (Maannews 15 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in several areas and neighborhoods in Idhna town, Al Kum village and Hebron city. (Wafa 16 September 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron, performed Talmudic rituals and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. (Pal Info 16 September 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the courtyard of a Palestinian house, located near the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron, and tried to storm it. The targeted house is owned by Hazem Abu Rajab. During the operation, the Israeli settlers assaulted Muntaser Abu Rajab. (Raya 16 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military orders to demolish three houses (one of them consist of two floors) and a residential tent in Khirbet Khallit Al Maya area, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. The targeted houses are owned by: Mohammad Azzat Makhramah Al Adra, Ismail An-Najar and Raid Mohammad Amour. (Maannews 17 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired stun grenades at a number of Palestinian workers while they were near the Israeli segregation wall near Ar-Ramadin village, southwest of Hebron city. (Pal Info 18 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest in Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three people. (Al-Quds 18 September 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Halhul town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the clashes, the IOA arrested three Palestinians. (Al-Quds 18 September 2015)
• Israeli settlers stole a bicycle owned by a Palestinian boy from Hebron city. (Maannews 18 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Surif village, northwest of Hebron city. (Safa 20 September 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Sair town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets,
teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Orient FM 20 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched two Palestinian houses in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city and assaulted Nabila Khalil Mahmoud Abu Daya (20 years) and Jamilah Khalil Mahmoud Abu Daya (22 years). The IOA also, fired teargas grenades at rubber bullets at houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 20 September 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attended a concert in the courtyard of the Ibrahimi mosque in Hebron city. (PNN 20 September 2015)

- Omar Idres (7 years) was injured after an Israeli settler ran over him while he was near the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron. (Wafa 20 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the main entrance of Beit Einun village, north of Hebron city. (Pal Info 20 September 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Halhul bridge, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stub grenades at Palestinians. (PNN 21 September 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of three people; one of them identified as: Hamza Ayman Mohammad ‘Ana’im Abu ‘Ayeash (17 years). (Raya 21 September 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Bab Az-Zawiya area in Hebron city. (PNN 21 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of Halhul town, north of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Pal Info 21 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Al-Burj village, southwest of Hebron city. Three of the targeted houses are owned by: Abed Al-Jalel Hassan Talahmah, Khalil Hassan Harb Talahma and Rami Mohammad Ahmed Mashrqa. (Wafa 22 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in a number of Palestinian areas and neighborhoods in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city, and took photos for tens of houses. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 22 September 2015)
• Hadil Salah Al Hashlamun (18 years) was seriously injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at an Israeli Military checkpoint at Ash-Shuhada street in Hebron city, opened fire at her while she was crossing the checkpoint. The IOA also, prevented the Palestinian Ambulance from reaching her. (Al-Quds & Wattan 22 September 2015)
• Di’a Abed Al Halem At-Talahmah (21 years) was killed after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at him during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the IOA at the Khursa road junction in Dura town, west of Hebron city. (Maannews 22 September 2015)
• Hadil Salah Ad-Diyn Al Hashlamoun (18 years) died of wounds he sustained after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) while he was crossing an Israeli military checkpoint at the entrance of Ash-Shuhada street in Hebron city. (Al-Quds 23 September 2015)
• Israeli settlers living in Ramat Yeshay outpost assaulted Sara Ghanem (14 years) and Faraj Al Qasrawi (9 years) in Tal Al-Rumida neighborhood in Hebron city. (Al-Ayyam 24 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrance of Dura, Deir Samit and Beit ‘Awa towns in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 25 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in several neighborhoods and areas in Hebron city, and erected military checkpoints. (Raya 26 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest against the confiscation of “Beit Al Baraka”, at the entrance of Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. (Al-Quds 27 September 2015)
• Palestinians Excluded From Israel Police Map of Southern West Bank. According to the map, which hangs in the Kiryat Arba-Hebron police station, the population of the region is 81,000, 99.6 percent of whom are Jewish. The map of the Hebron region used by the Israel Police excludes all the Palestinian villages and communities in the area, other than the three big cities, and omits written data about the Palestinian population. In the map’s segmentation of the terrain between "built-up" and "open" areas, the populated Palestinian areas are included under "open". The map was published in 2014 by the police's planning division and bears the signature of division head Maj. Gen. Danny Chen. The Hebron sector in the Judea and Samaria police district covers the southern West Bank (up to and including Bethlehem) but not the Judean Desert. The map, a photograph of which was obtained by Haaretz, is framed and hangs on the wall
in the patrol room of the Kiryat Arba-Hebron police station. It consists of a large information board, in the center of which is the map. Only the cities of Bethlehem, Halhul and Hebron appear on the map, alongside Israeli settlements (but excluding unauthorized outposts). The other Palestinian cities, towns, villages, shepherding communities – together numbering more than 200 localities – don't appear. Areas A, B and C as defined by the Oslo Accords are color coded. The police don't operate in Area A, but are authorized to operate in areas B and C, in other words to enter the dozens of villages and communities in those areas. They are also authorized to detain, arrest and issue traffic tickets to any Palestinian travelling the roads in Area C. The information section of the map puts the "number of residents" at 82,000. An asterisk points to a note that reads "Irrespective of the Palestinian population." The religious segmentation of the area is given as 99.6 percent Jews and 0.4 percent others. The list also includes population growth information (6 percent), number of settlements (28, seven urban and the rest rural) and the breakdown of the population (82.9 percent urban and the rest rural). The police’s Hebron sector roughly coincides with two Palestinian governorates: Hebron and Bethlehem, with a combined area of 1,680 km². The "area of the station" (i.e. the area covered by the sector without division into A, B and C) is – according to the map – 1,473 km², of which 0.7 percent is built-up and 99.3 percent is "open" – i.e. the opposite of built-up. In practice, however, the built-up area in the Hebron and Bethlehem governorates is 6.5 percent or 104 km² (as of 2011,) according to the Bethlehem-based Jerusalem Institute for Applied Research. It’s worth noting that the website of the police’s Judea and Samaria district gives different figures: 1,600 km² for the Hebron sector, as opposed to 1,473 km² on the map in the police station, 32 settlements (28 on the map) and 62,000 residents. The website also notes that 811,000 Palestinians live in the sector in 99 communities. The Israel Police responded: “We stress forcefully that the Israel Police operates professionally and equally with no connection to the identity of the citizens. Maps are a tool that provides visual representation for the officers and policemen and in no way encompasses a position, type of action or attitude to the population for which the force in the sector is responsible.” When the Israel Police compiles a demographic profile, it is based entirely on public data from the Central Bureau of Statistics, which does not publish population estimates about the Palestinian communities and is not authorized to provide population estimates that are not based on its data. “It goes without saying that the comment relating to the Palestinian population refers only to the way that demographic data is calculated and nothing else. All the localities in the sector, without reference to their identities, appear in the
The Israeli Violations in Hebron Governorate during the month of October 2015

police’s computerized mapping system, as well as the map itself". (Haaretz, 27 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in several areas and neighborhoods in Hebron city. (Wattan 28 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched dozens of areas and neighborhoods in Taffuh. Ad-Dhahiriya and Yatta towns in Hebron governorate. (Wattan 28 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrances of Sair and Halhul towns in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 28 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities decided to close the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron on the 29th and 30th of September 2015. (RB2000 28 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Mahmoud Talal Manasrah (23 years) after stopping him at an Israeli checkpoint erected at the entrance of Bani Na‘im town in Hebron governorate. (RB2000 29 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in several areas and neighborhoods in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. (Pal Info 29 September 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Bab Az-Zawiya neighborhood in Hebron city. (RB2000 29 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the northern entrance of Hebron city and at the main entrances of Sair and Hahlul towns. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 29 September 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Tareq Ben Ziyad school in Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, tear gas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Raya 30 September 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Ma’om, Karmel, Susiya, Avigal, Metzpe Ya’ir, Beit Yattir and Havat Ma‘on escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the archaeological park in Al Karmel village, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city, toured in park and performed Talmudic rituals. (Maannews 30 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of four Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Mohammad Mahiayr Ased Awad (18 years) and Arwad Mohammad Awad Badran (18 years). (Maannews 1 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tried to storm An-Nabi Younis mosque in Halhul town, north of Hebron city. (Pal Info 1 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities issued a military order to confiscate a Palestinian house owned by Fathi Mohammad Mir’eb at Al Hawawer area, north of Halhul town, north of Hebron city. The Israeli Authorities confiscated the house for military uses. Noted that the targeted house located near the Israeli settlement of Karme Zur. (Wafa 1 October 2015)
- Ya’alon decided to annex the church compound near Highway 60 to Gush Etzion. Army Radio reported that the defense minister has decided in principle to annex the compound, located in a strategic location, to the jurisdiction of the settlements. Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon has decided in principle to annex the church compound 40 dunums, located in a strategic location off Highway 60, in front of Al Arroub refugee camp, to the jurisdiction of the Gush Etzion Regional Council. Six months ago, Haaretz reported, that “the right-wing Aryeh King, a member of the Jerusalem City Council, the secret is behind the renovations taking place there. (Haaretz 1 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Jerusalem-Hebron road, near Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. (ARN 1 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Bab Az-Zawiya area in Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing the injury of two people. (RB2000 2 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 2 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a Palestinian house located near the Israeli settlement of Beit Hagai. The targeted house is owned by Salhab family. The settlers stormed the courtyard of the house and tried to attack Palestinian residents. (RB2000 2 October 2015)
• For the second days in the row, Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Ein Miyah Far’a area, which located between Taffuh and Dura towns in Hebron governorate, and performed Talmudic rituals. The IOA declared the area as “closed military area”, and prevented Palestinian farmers from reaching their land in the aforementioned area. (RB2000 2 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Hagai settlement hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles while they were traveling near the settlement. (RB2000 2 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers gathered at the Israeli Bypass road links between As-Samu and Ad-Dahiriya towns in Hebron governorate and hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles. (RB2000 2 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers gathered at the entrance of Khirbet Qalqas, south of Hebron city and closed it. (RB2000 2 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers gathered at Frush Al Hawa road, which links between Hebron city and the western villages. (RB2000 2 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers gathered at the entrances of Beit Einun and Sa’ir towns in Hebron governorate and tried to attack Palestinian houses. (NBPRS 2 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers attacked a Palestinian house in Beit Einun town, north of Hebron city and opened fire at other houses and Palestinians. The targeted house is owned by Mohammad Ziyad Al Ja’bari. (NBPRS 2 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Ash-Daher area in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 3 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Khursa village, southwest of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 3 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in At-Tabaqa village, southwest of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Al-Quds 3 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers stormed a Palestinian park in Al Karmel village, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city and assaulted the guard; Jaser Hassan Hazazrah (63 years). (Wafa 3 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Qiryat Arba settlement escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demonstrated in the central part of Hebron city and carried out provocative actions. (Wafa 3 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired live bullets, teargas
and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Safa 4 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at rubber bullets at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

- Five Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Bab Az-Zawiya area in the central of Hebron city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit ‘Awa town, west of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 4 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 4 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers gathered at Tal Ar-Rumida neighborhood in Hebron city and tried to attack Palestinian houses. (Safa 4 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Susiya settlement tried to reach Palestinian houses at Wadi Rakhem area at the eastern part of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Mitzipe Yattir settlement prevented Palestinians from reaching their houses after they closed Beir Al-‘ad road in Janba village in Masafer Yatta, and assaulted Iyad Omar As-Sarei’ (35 years) while he was trying to reach his house by using Beir Al ‘Ad road. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Beit Yattir settlement destroyed a number of solar panels in Khirebt Imneizil, south of Yatta town, south of Hebron city, and hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles, causing the damage in a number of them. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Otni’el settlement closed Hebron- As Samu road and obstructed the movement of the Palestinians. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Qiryat Arba settlement hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles traveling near the settlement. (Al-Quds 4 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers assaulted Palestinian while they were at Ash-Shuhada street in the central of Hebron city. (Al-Quds 4 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked Palestinian houses in Beit Einun and Sair towns in Hebron governorate. (Al Risala 4 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Zef road junction, southeast of Hebron city. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed a road links to the Palestinian areas located between Karmel and Susiya settlements and prevented the movement of the Palestinians in the area under the claim that they declared it as “closed military area”. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation in Beit Einun village, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 5 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the Ash-Share’a (Islamic) court in the old city Of Hebron city and forced the workers to leave it. (Wafa 5 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. The IOA tightened its procedures around the camp and closed all its entrances, and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving it. (Maannews 5 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided a Palestinian house at Ar-Ras neighborhood in Hebron city to arrest a 3 years old Palestinian. The targeted house is owned by Mohammad Jamal Al Ja’bari. (Maannews 5 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Khursa village, southwest of Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, causing the injury of a Palestinian from Dura town. (Wafa 5 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern and eastern entrances of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 5 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained Ibrahim Khalid Mura from Halhul town, north of Hebron city after stopping him at road No. 30 (Frush Al Hawa), north of Hebron city. (Wafa 5 October 2015)

• Israel settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) toured in several areas in the old city of Hebron city and near the Ibrahimi mosque, and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. (NBPR5 5 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Adham Musalam (13 years) and Mohammad Tarairah (24 years) while they were in the old city of Hebron. (Wafa 5 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers stabbed Laith Al Madhoun (16 years) while he was in Tal Ar-Rumida neighborhood in Hebron city. (Wafa 5 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers attacked a Palestinian vehicle traveling at Beir As-Sabe‘ road, which link between Ad-Dhahiriya and Dura towns in Hebron governorate. (Wafa 5 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Halhul bridge, north of Hebron city. (Wafa 5 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented the workers in Ash-Shar‘iya (Islamic) court in the old city of Hebron from entering it (Wattan 6 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the clashes, the IOA arrested three Palestinians, identified as: Nassem Tasir At-Titi (13 years), Anan Kawamlah (16 years) and Yousif Tasir At-Titi (20 years). (RB2000 6 October 2015)
• Tens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at them while they were near “Abu Ar-Rish” military checkpoint in the old city of Hebron. (RB2000 6 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 6 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Qalandiya refugee camp, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 4 people, included a journalist. (Al-Quds 6 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers living in Beit Yattir settlement escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a Palestinian house in Khirbet Al-Asifer near Imniezil village, south of Yatta town, south of Hebron city, hurled stones at it and destroyed a number of solar panels. The targeted house is owned by Mahmoud Khalil Abu Qabita. As result, Osama Abu Qabita (13 years) was injured. (RB2000 6 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers attacked a Palestinian vehicle traveling at the main road between Ad-Dhahiriya and Dura towns in Hebron governorate. The targeted vehicle is owned by Ali Abed Ar-Rahem Abu Shekha. Noted that Mr. Abu Shekha was injured. (Maannews 6 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the main entrance of Bani Na’im town in Hebron governorate. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (Wafa 6 October 2015)
Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Tareq Ben Ziyad junction at the southern part of Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (ARN 7 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Beit Einun area, south of Sair town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians. (ARN 7 October 2015)

Israel Occupation Army (IOA) occupied a Palestinian house at Al Hawawra area, north of Halhul town, north of Hebron city, and transformed it to a military base. The targeted house is owned by Fathi Mohammad Mir’eb. Noted that the targeted house is located near the Israeli settlement of Karmei Zur. (Wafa 7 October 2015)

Amjad Al Jundi (17 years) from Yatta town, south of Hebron city, was killed after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at him. After the operation, the IOA stormed his family house and summoned his father and brother to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police. (Maannews 7 October 2015)

11 Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Zif area, north of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Maannews 7 October 2015)

Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Jabal Ar-Rahma area in Hebron city. The IOA attacked Palestinians by firing rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at them. During the clashes, the IOA stormed a number of Palestinian houses and occupied their roofs. (Al-Quds 7 October 2015)

Israeli settlers carried out provocative actions at the main road link to Janba school in Janba village, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. (ARN 7 October 2015)

Bilal M’amun Al Ja’bari (11 years) was injured after an Israeli settler hit him by his vehicle at Jabla Johar neighborhood in Hebron city. (Wafa 7 October 2015)

Israeli settlers tried to kidnap Nedal Yousif Hamdan Al ‘Alami (12 years) while he was at the entrance of Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. (Maannews 7 October 2015)

Israeli settlers attacked Palestinian houses in Tal Ar-Rumidya neighborhood in the central of Hebron city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli settlers. (Maannews 7 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 15 people. (Al-Quds 8 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and vehicles, causing a number of suffocation cases. (RB2000 8 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied an under construction Palestinian building consists of four floors at Ad-Dhahr area in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city, and transformed it to a military base. Noted that the targeted building is located near the Israeli Settlement of Karmei Zur. The targeted building is owned Omar Jubrail As-Salibi. (Wafa 8 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied a number of agricultural structures at Beit Za’ta area, east of Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city, and transformed it to a military base. The targeted structures are owned by Samir Shahda Al ‘Alami. (Wafa 8 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injured of 17 Palestinians one of them was seriously injured. During the clashes, the IOA arrested 9 Palestinians, 6 of them were identified as: Anwar Imad Bader Akhalil (20 years), Mohammad Jamal Jamel Alqam (14 years), Muhammad Braghith, Mohammad Braghith (16 years), Mohammad Sadiq Mohammad Akhalil (17 years) and Muhdi Ibrahim Abed Al Hamed Aby Mariya (11 years). The IOA transferred the arrestees to unknown location. (RB2000 8 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Susiya settlement hurled stones at Palestinian tents located near the aforementioned settlement. (Al-Quds 8 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Idhna town, west of Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 9 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Zif area, north of Yatta town in Hebron governorate. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Maannews 9 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. (Maannews 9 October 2015)
Mohammad Fares Al Ja’bari (19 years) from Hebron city, shoot and killed by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) while he was near Qiryat Arba settlement. (Al-Quds 9 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ras Al Joura, Bab Az-Zawiya and Al Container areas in Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses. During the clashes, the IOA arrested a Palestinian after assaulting him. (Al-Quds 9 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Halhul, Bani Naim and Yatta towns in Hebron governorate. The IOA used live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (Al-Quds 9 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (Al-Quds 9 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (Al-Quds 9 October 2015)

Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a Palestinian house at Biren area, north of Yatta town, south of Hebron city, destroyed the house’ windows and a number of solar panels. The targeted house is owned by Na’im Nasser Al-‘Azazmah. (Wafa 9 October 2015)

Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA)assaulted Palestinian journalists while they were near Qariyat Arba settlement. (Maannews 9 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire and injured Jalal Shaher Badran (18 years) from Deir Samit village in Hebron governorate, while he was near the Israeli settlement of Negohot. (Maannews 10 October 2015)

Ibrahim Ahmed Mustafah Awad (27 years) died of wounds he sustained during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city, few days ago. (Al-Quds 10 October 2015)

Israeli settlers living in Qiryat Arba settlement escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked Palestinian houses at Wadi Al Hassen area in Hebron city. The IOA also fired wastewater and teargas grenades at Palestinians and their houses in the aforementioned area. (Maannews 10 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers attacked a Palestinian vehicle while it was traveling at the main road link between Idhan town and Hebron city, causing the injury of the driver, identified as: Salah Ash-Shuyykhi. (RB2000 10 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers opened fire at Palestinian houses and Khalid Ben Al Waled mosque in Al Kasara area in Hebron city and attacked the office of a Palestinian organization in Tal Ar-Rumida neighborhood in the city. (Al-Quds 10 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Al Kasara and Jabal Johar areas in Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 11 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the Palestinians during the funeral of a Palestinian martyr; Ibrahim Awad, in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 11 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 22 people. (Al-Quds 11 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked Palestinian houses at Al Kasara area in Hebron city and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA used teargas and stun grenades to attack Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Pal Info 11 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a carwash in Beit ‘Awa town, west of Hebron city. The targeted structure is owned by Nasser At-Tamizi. (RB2000 12 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in several areas and neighborhoods in Surif, Dura and Ad-Dhahiriya towns in Hebron governorate. (Wafa 12 October 2015)

• A 16 years old Palestinian was injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Hebron city. (Al-Quds 12 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrance of Sair and Hallhul towns in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 12 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation. (Raya 13 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. The IOA fired live bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (Wafa 13 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Zif area in Yatta town, south of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 13 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Khursa village, southwest of Hebron city. During the clashes, an Israeli jeep ran over a Palestinian; identified as: Waleed Yousif Al Faqir (22 years). (RB2000 13 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 13 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Beit Einun village, northeast of Hebron city. The IOA fired live bullets, causing the injury of a Palestinian. (Maannews 13 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Idhan town in Hebron governorate. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 13 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired a stun grenade at a Palestinian vehicle while it was crossing Halhul bridge, north of Hebron city. (Wafa 13 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers living in Ma’on settlement hurled stones at a Palestinian vehicle traveling at the Israeli bypass road No.317. (Wafa 13 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at Zif area, north of Yatta town in Hebron governorate, and hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles. (Wafa 13 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers gathered near Thaghrit Ash-Shabak area, at the northern part of Hebron city and tried to attack Palestinian houses. (Safa 13 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers living Havat Gal outpost opened fire at Palestinian houses at Jabal Jales area, east of Hebron city. During the operation, the IOA stormed the aforementioned area and fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and their houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 13 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers tried to kidnap a Palestinian from Beit Ummer town after attacking his vehicle, while he was traveling at the main road near Halhul town, north of Hebron city. (Maannews 13 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at Gush Etzion junction and closed Jerusalem-Hebron road. (RB2000 13 October 2015)
• Bassam Abdalla Al Hur (20 years), from Surif village, was injured after a group of Israeli settlers assaulting. (RB2000 13 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Surif village, northwest of Hebron city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases, and the seriously injury of a 13 years old Palestinian. During the clashes, the IOA assaulted and arrested Omar Hussen Jum’a Al Hih (17 years). The IOA transferred the arrestee to unknown location. (ARN 14 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit ‘Awa town, west of Hebron city. The IOA used live bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of Bare’ Ismail Shalash (17 years). (Maannews 14 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. (Maannews 14 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Bani Na’im town, east of Hebron city. (Maannews 14 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers attacked a group of Palestinian and international journalists while they were in Hebron city. (Wattan 14 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Deir Samit town in Hebron governorate. One of the targeted houses is owned by Shaher Rayan. (Pal Info 15 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Beit ‘Awa town, west of Hebron city. (Pal Info 15 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Khursa junction, south of Dura town in Hebron governorate. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Safa 15 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Bab Az-Zawiyia area in the central of Hebron city. (Safa 15 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Halhil bridge, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (RB2000 15 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Yatta town, south of Hebron city, and took photo for it. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr Amjad Al Jundi. (ARN 15 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Qiryat Arab settlement escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked Palestinian houses in Jabal Jales area in Hebron city. The targeted houses are owned by Ash-Shalhab family. (RB2000 15 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers opened fire at Palestinian children while they were playing at Khursa junction, south of Dura town in Hebron governorate. (RB2000 15 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Efart settlement escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at Gush Etzion junction and hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles traveled at the Israeli Bypass road No.60. and closed Jerusalem-Hebron road. (ARN 15 October 2015)

• About 8 Palestinians were injured and tens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades at Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Basel Jamal Mohammad Braghith (17 years) and Tareq Nasser Hilmi Abu ‘Ayash (16 years). (Maannews 16 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Iyad Khalil Al-‘Awawda (26 years) from Dura town, west of Hebron, during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the IOA at Ras Al Joura neighborhood in Hebron city. (Maannews 16 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 20 Palestinians. (Maannews 16 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Hebron city and at BAB Az-Zawiya area in the central of the city. The fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 6 people. (Raya 17 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Bayan Ayman Abed Al Hadi Al-‘Asili (17 years) while she was at Wad Al Ghrous area near Qiryat Arba settlement in Hebron city. (Maannews & RB2000 17 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Tareq Ziyad An-Natsha (20 years) while he was at the entrance of Ash-Shuhada street in Hebron city. (RB2000 17 October 2015)
• An Israeli settler shoot and killed Fadel Mohammad Awad Al Qawasmi (18 years) from Hebron city while he was walking at Ash-Shuhada street in the city. (Al-Quds 17 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Qiryat Arab settlement escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked Palestinian houses in Wad Al Hasen area, east of Hebron city. The Israeli settlers hurled stones at the houses and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. And the IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinian houses. (NBPRS 17 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing a number of suffocation cases. During the clashes, the IOA erected military checkpoints at the entrances of the town, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Safa 18 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Al Haraiq area, south of Hebron city, near the Israeli Settlement of Beit Hagai. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 18 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the eastern entrance of Beit Kahil town in Hebron governorate. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of four Palestinians. (Wafa 18 October 2015)

• Four Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets at Palestinians. (Pal Today & Wattan 18 October 2015)

• An Israeli settler tried to kill a Palestinian student after opened fire at him while he was at the entrance of Al Arroub collage, north of Hebron city. (RB2000 18 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Qiryat Arba settlement escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) hurled stones at Palestinian houses (about 40 houses), located near the settlement, at the eastern part of Hebron city, carried out provocative actions, and opened fire at the houses. (RB2000 18 October 2015)

• An Israeli settler hit by his vehicle a Palestinian girl, Rula Banat (18 years), while she was crossing the main street at the entrance of Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. (Maannews 18 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoint at the entrances of Sair and Hahlul towns and at the northern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 19 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest in Beit ‘Awa town, west of Hebron city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the clashes, the IOA shoot and killed Adi Hisham Al Masalmah (24 years). (Wafa & Al-Quds 20 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. During the clashes, an Israeli settler attacked a number of Palestinian vehicles in the aforementioned area. (Raya 20 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Abu Ar-Riesh military checkpoint in the old city of Hebron. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing a number of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (ARN 20 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Beit Einun junctions, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. The IOA also fired teargas grenades at the Palestinian Ambulances. (Maannews 20 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Hebron city, and questioned the residents. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr Fadel Al Qawasmi. (Al-Quds 20 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Hamza Musa Al ‘Amlah (25 years) from Beit Ula town in Hebron governorate, while he was at Gush Etzion junction, south of Bethlehem city. After the operation, the IOA stormed the house owned by the family of the martyr and questioned his father. (Wafa & Al-Quds 20 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Bashar Nedal Al Ja’bari (15 years) and Hussam Ismail Jamel Al Ja’bari (17 years) while they were near an Israeli military checkpoint erected near Ar Rajabi building, noted that Ar-Rajabi building occupied by the Israeli settlers. (Maannews 20 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Qiryat Arba settlement escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked Palestinian houses located near the aforementioned settlement, east of Hebron city. The targeted houses are owned by Saied and Kayed Dana. (Wattan 20 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers demonstrated in the old city of Hebron, chanted anti Palestinian slogans, and attacked Palestinian houses in Wad An-Nasarah area. (Maannews 20 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a Palestinian house in Dahit Az-Zaytoun, at the southern part of Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail Mahir Al Hashlamun. (Al-Quds 20 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrance of Sair and Hallhul towns and at the northern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 20 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrance of Al Karmel and Al Markiz village, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles, and detained and assaulted Palestinian workers. (Wafa 20 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in several areas in Hebron city, after the IOA killed two Palestinian children in the city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two people. (RB2000 21 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Beit ‘Awa town, west of Hebron city, after the funeral of the Palestinian martyr Adi Al Masalmah. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 21 October 2015)

• Hisham Youis Hisham (54 years) was killed after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired several teargas grenades at him while he was at Tal Ar-Rumida neighborhood in Hebron city. (Al-Quds 21 October 2015)

• Three Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Sair town in Hebron governorate. The IOA fired teargas grenades and live bullets at Palestinians. the injuries Palestinian were identified as: Aisar Mahmoud Al Matour (13 years), Mohammad Waled Abed Ar-Rahman Al Matour (17 years) and Al Abdalla Jaradat (17 years). (Al-Quds 21 October 2015)

• Tamer Hisham Azat Zeiadat (23 years) was injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Bani Na‘im town in Hebron governorate. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. During the clashes, an Israeli jeep hit a Palestinian, identified as Hussen Sufiyan Tarairah. Noted that the IOA arrested Mr. Tarairah after he was injured. (Al-Quds & Raya 21 October 2015)
Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at Az-Zahra’ School for girls in the old city of Hebron. (ARN 22 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) searched Bab Az-Zawiya and Tal Ar-Rumdia areas and Ash-Shuhada street in Hebron city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (Safa 22 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire and seriously injured Mohammad Fahim Ash-Shalahla while he was at the entrance of Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. (Maannews 22 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at two Palestinians from Surif village, northwest of Hebron city, while they were in Jerusalem city. One of the Palestinians was killed and the other injured. (Wafa 22 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three Palestinians. (Wafa 22 October 2015)

Israeli settlers living in Karmi Zur settlement hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles traveling at the Israeli Bypass road No.60, near the settlement. (ARN 22 October 2015)

Israeli settlers living in Qiryat Arba settlement escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) hurled stones and Molotov cocktails at Palestinian houses at the eastern part of Hebron city, and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. (Al-Quds 22 October 2015)

An Israeli settler opened fire at a Palestinian while he was at Tal Ar-Rumida neighborhood in Hebron city. (Maannews 22 October 2015)

An Israeli settler opened fire at a Palestinian vehicle at the main entrance of Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. (Wafa 22 October 2015)

Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at the entrance of Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades, causing a number of suffocation cases. (Wafa 22 October 2015)

Israeli settlers tried to kidnap Mutasem Raid Abu Rimlha At-Tamimia (10 years) and his brother Muntaser (8 years) while they were near the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron. (Wafa 22 October 2015)

Mus’ab Mohammad Ibraim Aghnemat (16 years), from Surif village in Hebron governorate, was injured after an Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at him while he was harvesting olive trees in Al Jab’a village, southwest of Bethlehem city. (Orient FM 23 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Zif area in Yatta town, south of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 10 Palestinians, one of them was seriously injured. (Maannews 23 October 2015)

• Ayman Nedal Mohammad Akhalil (16 years) was injured after an Israeli sniper opened fire at him during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. During the clashes, the IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 23 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 12 people. (Maannews 23 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Bab Az-Zawiya, Ras Al Joura, Al Hariqa and Al Kasara areas in Hebron city. The IOA fired live and bullets, causing the injury of 6 Palestinians. (Wafa 23 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city, and fired teargas and stun grenades, and rubber bullets at Palestinians and their houses. (Wafa 23 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Halhul town, north of Hebron city. (Wafa 23 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Bani Na’im town in Hebron governorate. (Wafa 23 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ash-Shuuyukh village, north of Hebron city. (Al-Ayyam 25 October 2015)


• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Danya Jehad Hussen Irshed (17 years) while she was near the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron. Noted that the IOA prevented the ambulance to reach her. (Al-Quds 25 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at Ash-Shuhada street in the central of Hebron city. (RB2000 25 October 2015)

• An Israeli settler opened fire and seriously injured Azam Azmi Shalalda (20 years) while he was harvesting olive trees at Wadi Sair area in Hebron governorate. (Al-Quds 25 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Raid Jaradat (27 years) from Sair town, north of Hebron city, while he was at Beit Einun junction. During the operation, the IOA detained a number of Palestinian journalists. (Al-Quds & Maannews 26 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Abu Ar-Rish military checkpoint, at the southern entrance of the old city of Hebron and near the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 26 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at Omar Ben Abed Al Aziz school in Beit Einun village, at the northern entrance of Hebron city. as a result, a number of Palestinian students suffered gas inhalation. (Pal Info 26 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Said Mohammad Yousif Al Atrash (19 years) while he was near the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron. (Maannews & Safa 26 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Mohammad Odeh. (Maannews 26 October 2015)

• Iyad Rawhi Jaradat (19 years) was killed during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Beit Einun junction, north of Hebron city. The IOA used live bullets to attack Palestinians. (Maannews 26 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrances of Al Fawar refugee camp and at Halhul bridge, in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Maannews 26 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest at Bab Az-Zawiya area in Hebron city. The IOA used live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians, causing the injury of 10 Palestinians and dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 27 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Humam Adnan Yahya As-Saied (23 years) while he was at Tal Ar-Rumida neighborhood in the central of Hebron city. (Wafa 27 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Azz Ad-Diyen Nadi Sha’ban Abu Shakhdam (17 years) and Shadi Nabil Abed Al Mu’ti Al Qudsi Dwiek (22 years)
years) from Hebron city, while they were at Gush Etzion junction, north of Hebron city. (Wafa 27 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrance of Sair and Hahlul towns and at the northern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 27 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a number of Palestinian teachers working in Al Masarfer school in Susiya village, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city, and prevented them from reaching to the school, after stopping them at a military checkpoint erected by the IOA near the school. (ARN 28 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Jabal area, which located between Al Arroub refugee camp and Beit Fajjar village, south of Bethlehem city, and occupied the roof of a number of houses. (NBPRS 28 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at three Palestinian workers while they were near the Israeli segregation wall near Ar-Ramadin village, south of Hebron city. One of the worker, identified as Bashir Mohammad Kamal Nassar, was injured and the two others were arrested. The arrestees were identified as: Maher Al Arab and Ahmed Kamel Ash-Sharef. (Maannews 28 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and detained Islam ‘Assim Al Bakri (19 years) and Ibrahim Anwar Al Hashlamun (18 years) after stopping them at a sudden checkpoint erected by the IOA at the eastern part of Hebron city. (Raya 28 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Khallit Al Manara area, east of Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. The IOA stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses. (Raya 28 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Rafeq Hamed Abedo (23 years) while he was at Tal Ar-Rumida neighborhood in the Hebron city. (Maannews 28 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Tareq Bani Ziyad junction, at the southern part of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians. (RB2000 29 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and their houses in Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. (RB2000 29 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Muhdi Mohammad Ramadan Al Muhtaseb (22 years) while he was near the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron. (Orient FM 29 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers tried to storm two Palestinian schools; Al Ibrahimiya and Al Fayha schools, at the southern entrance of Hebron city. (Al-Quds & NBPRS 29 October 2015)

• An Israeli settler shoot and killed Farouq Abed Al Qadir Omar Sider (19 years) while he was at Ash-Shuhada street in the central of Hebron city. (Wafa & Orient FM 29 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched the Palestinian houses in Tal Ar-Rumida neighborhood and Ash-Shuhada street in the central of Hebron city, and census the residents. Noted that the IOA declared the aforementioned areas as “closed military areas”. (Maannews & Wafa 30 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and their houses, causing tens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 30 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures in the old city of Hebron and prevented the Palestinians under the age of 25 years from entering the Ibrahimi mosque. Noted that the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians while they were leaving the mosque, causing a number of suffocation cases. (RB2000 & Maannews 30 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a Palestinian in Hebron city and questioned the residents. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Farouq Sider. During the operation, the IOA erected a military checkpoint near the targeted house, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 30 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Ras Al Joura neighborhood in Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 18 people; 7 of them were injured by the live bullets. (Maannews 30 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Tareq Ben Ziyad area at the southern part of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of four Palestinians. (Maannews 30 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas grenades, and wastewater at Palestinians and their houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 10 Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA
arrested Samer Mohammad Daoud (23 years) after assaulting him. (Maannews 30 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) isolated As-Salamiah neighborhood in the old city of Hebron, after closing all the entrance of the neighborhood expect one they erected a military checkpoint on it. (Maannews 30 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) intensified its presence between Al Arroub refugee camp and Bani Naim town in Hebron governorate. (RB2000 30 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) surrounded a Palestinian house in Ash-Shalalah street in Hebron city. The Israeli settlers occupied the roof of the house and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. The targeted house is owned by Mufed Ash-Sharbati. (RB2000 30 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the western entrance of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles, checked ID cards and detained Abed Ar-Rahem Imresh. (RB2000 30 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a number of Palestinian vehicles at the northern entrance of Beit Einun village, north of Hebron city. (RB2000 30 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the emergency center in Hebron city, and prevented the Palestinians from entering or leaving it. Noted that a number of the center workers were inside it when the IOA closed it, where they prevented them from leaving the center. (Maannews 30 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded several neighborhoods in Hebron city and Bani Naim town. (Wafa 31 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. (Wafa 31 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Bab Az-Zawiyah area in Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 4 Palestinians. (Maannews 31 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the northern entrance of Hebron city, Halhul and Sair towns. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 31 October 2015)

The Israeli Violations in Hebron Governorate during the month of November 2015
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented the Palestinian teachers and students from leaving their School; Kurtuba School, which located at Ash-Shuhada street in the central of Hebron city. The IOA claimed that the teachers and the student do not have the permit to enter or leave the school. (Pal Info 1 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a Palestinian ambulance while it was transferred a Palestinian from Ash-Shuyyukh medical central to a hospital in the central of Hebron city. (Pal Today 1 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city, after clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA used live bullets to attack Palestinians. (RB2000 1 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) launched a blimp in Hebron city. (NBPES 1 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Fadi Hassn Faroukh (29 years) while he was at the entrance of Beit Einun village, north of Hebron city. (Al-Quds 1 November 2015)
• Three Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Sair town in Hebron governorate. The IOA used live bullets and tear gas grenades to attack Palestinians. Noted that after the clashes, the IOA closed all the entrances of the town and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving the town. The IOA also, stormed and searched houses and the medical center. (Al-Quds & RB2000 1 November 2015)
• An Israeli settlers living in Karmi Zur settlement stormed two Palestinian houses at Wadi Ash-Sheikh area in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city, and threatened the residents. The targeted houses are owed by Amer and Azay Khalil Saber Sabarnah. (Maannews 1 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a Palestinian house at Wad Al Ghrous area in Hebron city, and threatened to demolish it. The targeted house is owned by the family of a Palestinian martyr; Bayan ‘Asila. (Pal Today 2 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a Palestinian building owned by An-Natsha family in Hebron city. One of the targeted houses is owned by the family of the martyr Tareq An-Natsha. (Raya 2 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Abu Ar-Rish neighborhood, near the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron. The IOA fired tear gas grenades and wastewater at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 2 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Amy (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr Iyad Al ‘Awawda, in Al Muwarraq
village, west of Hebron city, and surveyed the house. The IOA also, notified the
owner of the house, that they will demolish his house. (Wattan 3 November
2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the office of Al Huriya Radio in Hebron
city, destroyed its consists and confiscated the tools. The IOA also, handed out
the workers in the radio an order to closed the office. (Maannews 3 November
2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Surif village, northwest of Hebron city
and fired teargas grenades at a Palestinian school. The IOA stormed and
surveyed two Palestinian houses, one of them owned by the family of the
Palestinian martyr Khalid Ghneimat, and the other owned by Meqdad Al Hih.
During the operation, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where
the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of
suffocation cases. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Marwan Mohammad Abu
Farah (35 years) and Mohammad Hazem Ehdoush (18 years). (Maannews &
Wattan 3 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in
Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas
grenade, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian.
(Maannews 3 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house owned
by Salamah Mohammad Al Muqawasi in Al Fawar refugee camp, south of
Hebron city. (ARN 3 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a Palestinian house in Beit
‘Awa town in Hebron governorate. The targeted house is owned by the family of
the Palestinian martyr; Adi Hisham Al Masalmah (24 years). (ARN 3 November
2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the northern
entrance of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and
checked ID cards. (Maannews 3 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the entrance of Frish Al Hawa village, Al
Fahes area, Zif area, and Muthalath Al Fawra area in Hebron governorate.
(Maannews 3 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Mohammad Younis Bahar
(77 years) and Ahmed Musa Mohammad Bahar (17 years) after stopping them at
a sudden checkpoint erected by the IOA at the main entrance of Beit Ummer
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Ibrahim Samir Ibrahim Skafi (22 years) while he was at the entrance of Hallhul town, north of Hebron city. (Al-Quds 4 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoint at the southern entrance of Hebron city, and at the entrance of Al Fawar refugee camp. (RB2000 4 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the iron gate at the entrance of Dura town, west of Hebron city. (RB2000 4 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Al Qantara gate in the old city of Hebron, and closed the military checkpoint at the entrance of As-Souq area, and prevented the Palestinians from reaching the Ibrahimi mosque. (Maannews 4 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrance of Al Fawar refugee camp, and at Sadat Al Fahes area, and near An-Nabi Younis area, north of Halhul town, in Hebron governorate. (Al-Quds 5 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing a number of suffocation cases and the injury of two people. (Maannews 6 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Ras Al Joura area, in Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (Maannews 6 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern part of Hebron city, after the IOA stormed the area and surrounded a mosque. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, and rubber bullets, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (Maannews 6 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Tharwat Ash-Sha’rawi (72 years) after opened fire at her vehicle while she was at Ras Al Joura area in Hebron city. (Al-Quds 6 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Hallhul town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 9 Palestinians. (Maannews 6 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at a Palestinian vehicle while it was traveling at the Israeli Bypass road No.60, near Halhul town, north of Hebron city. The targeted vehicle is owned by Sha’ban Mahmoud Abed Al Men’em Basal from Yatta town. (Wafa 6 November 2015)
• Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Bani Na’im town in Hebron governorate, after the IOA stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses. During the operation, the IOA arrested two Palestinians after raiding their houses. The arrestees were identified as: Muaz Daoud Abed Hassan Manasrah and his brother Ma’an Manasrah. (Al-Quds 6 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in several areas in Beit Einun village, north of Hebron city. (Raya 6 November 2015)
• Israeli settlers living in Qiryat Arba settlement attacked and hurled stones at Palestinian houses in Wadi Hassen, Jabara and Wadi An Nasara areas, east of Hebron city. Noted that the Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out a demonstration near the Ibrahimi mosque in Hebron city. (Raya 6 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement bloc the northern entrance of Hebron city. (Orient FM 6 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched the office of Youth against Settlements in Tal Ar-Rumida neighborhood in Hebron city, and confiscated cameras and files. The IOA also, stormed and searched a house owned by Nedal Taha, and detained the residents inside the house and prevented them from leaving it, (Al-Quds 7 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded a number of Palestinian houses near Al Ibrahimi mosque in Hebron city. The targeted houses are owned by Rajab family. The IOA occupied the roofs and transformed it to military bases. (Maannews 7 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Al Madara area in the central of Hebron city and fired teargas and stub grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. The IOA also, stormed Bab Az-Zawiya area in Hebron city and attacked Palestinians, where clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three Palestinians. (Wafa & RB2000 7 November 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked Palestinian houses in As-Salaimah neighborhood, around the Ibrahimi mosque in Hebron city, carried out provocative actions and chanted anti Palestinian slogans. (Maannews 7 November 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at a Palestinian house in Tal Ar-Rumeida neighborhood in Hebron city, stormed the house, occupied its roof, and chanted anti Palestinian slogans. The targeted
house is owned by: Imad Abu Shamsiya. During the operation, the IOA attacked Palestinian journalists and fire teargas and stun grenades at them. (Wafa & RB2000 7 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) decided to close the Ibrahimi mosque in Hebron city. (Wafa 7 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit ‘Awa town, west of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Safa 8 November 2015)
- Israeli settlers living in Qiryat Arba settlement assaulted and injured Thair Fadil Ismail Dana (15 years) while he was near the settlement. (Wafa 8 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the northern and southern entrances of Hebron city, and at the main entrance of Halhul town. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 8 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Beit Ula town in Hebron governorate. The targeted house is owned by the family of a Palestinian martyr Hamza Musa Al ‘Amla (25 years). (Al-Quds 9 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched the office of Islamic Society in Ash-Shuuyukh village, north of Hebron city, and confiscated files and computer devices. (Wafa 9 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the northern and southern entrance of Hebron city, and at the main entrance of Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 9 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Bab Az-Zawiya area in the central of Hebron city, The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 10 November 2015)
- the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) surrounded three Palestinian schools in Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city, and fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades at the students, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. As a result, clashed erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (Al-Quds & Maannews 10 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) seized 1000 piece of Adobe from an under construction house in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. the targeted
house is owned by Ziyad Mohammad Yousif Abu ‘Ayash. (RB2000 10 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired tear gas grenades at Palestinians and their houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 11 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest at the entrance of Dura town, southwest of Hebron city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and tear gas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (RB2000 11 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired live bullets and stun grenades at participants. The IOA also erected a number of cement bloc at the entrance of the town, where the IOA stopped and assaulted Palestinians. (Maannews 11 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched two Palestinian houses in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The targeted houses are owned by: Sami Hassan Mansour Sabarnah and Ahmed Hamed Ahmidan Abu Mariya. (Wafa & Maannews 11 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the northern and southern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 11 November 2015)
- For the seven days in a row, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the main entrance of Bani Naim town, east of Hebron city. (Wafa 11 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at the entrance of Sair town, north of Hebron city, opened fire and injured a Palestinian. (Wafa 12 November 2015)
- Undercover Israeli Army stormed Al Ahli hospital in Hebron city and killed Abdalla Azam Ash-Shalalda (27 years) and arrested Azam Ash-Shalalda (22 years) from Sair town in Hebron governorate. Noted that Azam Ash-Shalalda was injured on the 25th of October 2015, during the clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the IOA in Sair town. (Wafa 12 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished two cows farms (one of its area reach to 1 dunums and inhabited by 45 cows and the other area reach to 500 square meters and inhabited by 20 cows), and a water well at Wadi Al Baqar area, east of Hebron city, and confiscated a milk tank. The targeted structures are owned by: Mahmoud Mohammad Ar-Rajabi, Yasser Idres Barqan and Doud Hamouda Aby Qwider. (LRC Field workers 12 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures at the Israeli Bypass road located between Yatta and As-Samu towns, south of Hebron governorate. The IOA stormed and searched several areas in near the Israeli Bypass road. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Halhul town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. As a result, Hassan Jehad Hassan Al Bou (21 years) was killed after the IOA fired live bullets at him. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Ras Al Joura area, at the northern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

• Mahmoud Mohammad Issa Ash-Shalalda (22 years) from Sair town, north of Hebron city, was killed during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Beit Einun junction, north of Hebron city. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land, which located near the Israeli settlement of Beit Ayin, northwest of Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA forced the farmers to leave their land. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

• An Israeli settler tried to hit by his vehicle three Palestinians while they were crossing the Israeli Bypass road No.60, at the entrance of Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed all the entrances of As-Samu’, Ad-Dhahiriya, Sair, As-Simiya, Rabud, Abu Al ‘Asja, Abu Urqan, Sarra and Al Fawar refugee camp, in Hebron governorate. Noted that the targeted entrances links to the Israeli Bypass road No. 60. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Tarouss area, which located between Dura and Deir Samit towns in Hebron governorate. The IOA also stationed at the western entrance of Dura town, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 14 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Al Hawawir area in Halhul town, north of Hebron city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. During the clashes, the IOA arrested two Palestinians. (Wattan 14 November 2015)

• Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Jabal Ar-Rahma
area in Hebron city. The IOA used stun and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA stormed a Palestinian house owned by Ahmed Mutawi At-Tamimi and arrested his son Shadi and summoned Majdi to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police in Gush Etzion settlement bloc. The IOA transferred the arrestee to unknown location. (Wattan 14 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Palestinian houses and commercial structures in Hebron city, and confiscated security cameras. (Wafa 14 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched the Headquarters of the General Prosecutor's Office and the Court in Dura town, west of Hebron city. (Wafa 14 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Halhul bridge, at the northern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 5 Palestinians. (Wafa 14 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the main entrance of Ad-Dhahiriya town, south of Hebron city, and the western entrance which link between Ar-Ramadin and Be‘ir As-`Same’ terminal, south of the aforementioned town. (Wattan 14 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed a main road reached to Khallit Al May and Ad-Dirat areas, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. (Wafa 14 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed a road links to Beit ‘Awa and Al Majd towns in Hebron governorate. (Wattan 14 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) forced a Palestinian family to evacuate their land, which located near the Israeli settlement of Beit Ayin, northwest of Beit Ummer town in Hebron governorate, while they were harvesting olive trees. (Wattan 15 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement bloc the western entrance of As-Samu town, south of Hebron city, and prevented Palestinians from using it. (Al-Quds 15 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a number of Palestinian houses in several areas in Hebron city, and questioned the residents. (Maannews 16 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched two Palestinian houses in Sair town in Hebron governorate. The targeted houses are owned by the families of the Palestinian martyrs; Raied Jaradat and Azam Ash-Shalalda. (Maannews 16 November 2015)
Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Halhul bridge, north of Hebron city. (Maannews 16 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished 5 tents and 4 animal sheds in Jourut Al Khail and Al Qanoub areas, east of Sair town in Hebron governorate. The targeted structures are owned by: Na‘im Ash-Shalalda and Mohammad Abed Al Fatah Ash-Shalalda. (Wattan 16 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the office of Islamic Charitable Association in Beit Ula town, west of Hebron city, and confiscated files. (Wattan 16 November 2015)

Israeli settlers living in Otni’el settlement set up a number of tents on Palestinian land at the western entrance of As-Samu town, south of Hebron city (PNN 17 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out provocative actions in Al Kasara area at the southern part of Hebron city. The IOA closed a number of commercial structures, detained school bus and seized ID cards. The IOA also, prevented Palestinians living in the aforementioned area from leaving their houses. (Wafa 18 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched several Palestinian houses in Jabal Ar-Rahma neighborhood in Hebron city. (Maannews 18 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a number of tents in Janba village, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. (Wafa 18 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Jabl Johar neighborhood and Al Kasara area in Hebron city. (Wafa 19 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at Al Ibrahimiya, Tareq Ben Ziyad and Az-Zahra’ Schools in the old city of Hebron, causing tens of suffocation cases among the Palestinian students and teachers. (Wafa 19 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Abed Ar-Rahman Karjah from Halhul town in Hebron governorate. (Wafa 19 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained 11 Palestinian teachers and three students, and prevented them from reaching to Susiya School in Susiya village, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city, after stopping him at a military checkpoint. (RB2000 19 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the office of the Emergence center in Hebron city and prevented the workers from leaving it. (Safa 19 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with an iron gate the eastern entrance of Dura town in Hebron governorate. (Wafa 19 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 19 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses and structures in Al Markez area in Masaref Yatta, east of Yatta town, south of Hebron city. (Wattan 20 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Deir Samit village in Hebron governorate and notified the family of Raid Masalmah to evacuate their house within the next hour. (ARN 20 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Ras al Jouza area, at the northern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of more than 15 Palestinians. (Wafa 20 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Shadi Zuhdi Arafah (26 years) from Hebron city while he was at Gush Etzion junction. (Al-Quds 20 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing a number of suffocation cases. During the clashes, the IOA invaded a house owned by Samir Mohammad Al ‘Alli and detained his son Abada and notified him and his father to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police. The IOA also, closed the northern entrance of the town. (Maannews 20 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Qiryat Arab settlement hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles and houses at Al Baq’a area, at the eastern part of Hebron city. (ARN 20 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the entrance of Dura town, west of Hebron city, and prevented Palestinians from crossing it. (Maannews 20 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with earth mound a number of main roads links four Palestinian villages; Khallit Al May, Ad-Dirat, Ma’on and Al Barak villages, in Hebron governorate, with each other. (Wafa 20 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched several Palestinian houses in Al Yasariya village, west of Hebron city, and destroyed the houses consists. The IOA closed all the entrance of the town with earth mound and declared the town as “closed military area”. During the operation, an agricultural barracks was torched after the IOA fired a teargas grenade at it, the Palestinian Civil defense tried to put out the fire when the IOA fired rubber bullets at them, causing the injury one of the firemen. The IOA also, detained the Palestinian civil defense crew, 5 volunteers and the mayor of Al Yassariya village, in the fire location. (Wafa & Maannews 21 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Deir Samit town, west of Hebron city, after the IOA invaded the town and closed all its entrances and main road link to Beit ‘Awa, Al Kum and Al Maraqa villages, west of Hebron city. The IOA stormed and searched tens of Palestinian houses and questioned the residents. The IOA also arrested Adam Arafat Al Hroub (21 years). (Pal Today 21 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) issued an order for the closure of a Hebron radio station, the second news outlet to be shut by Israel this month in the occupied West Bank city. Director of Al-Khalil Radio (Hebron Radio), Amjad Shawar, told Ma’an that Israeli forces stormed the station, confiscating equipment and damaging offices. Intelligence officers then delivered a military warrant ordering the station to close for six months due “incitement against Israel.” Shawar said the Palestinian Authority -- namely the Ministry of Information -- should work alongside human rights organizations to “stop ongoing Israeli piracy.” The Israeli army confirmed that military forces, in operation with Israel’s internal security service, Shin Bet, and civil administration, confiscated broadcasting equipment from the station. (Maannews 21 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA stormed Irq Al Latun area in the aforementioned town, and invaded and a Palestinian house, destroyed the main door, and confiscated a laptop and three cellphones. The targeted house is owned by Musa Hassan Za’aqiq. (Wafa 21 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with earth mound a number of sub-entrances nearby the main entrance of Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. (Maannews 21 November 2015)

• For three days respectively, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied a Palestinian house in Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city, and
transferred it to a military base. The targeted house is owned by Mohammad Jawabrah. (Pal Info 22 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out a military operation in Beit ‘Awa town in Hebron governorate. The IOA stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses, and closed the main entrance of the town with earth mound. (Safa 22 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 22 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at Zif junctions, north of Yatta town on Hebron governorate. The IOA prevented the movement of the Palestinians in the area. (Al-Quds 22 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at the entrance of Beit Hagai settlement, south of Hebron city. The IOA prevented the movement of the Palestinians in the area. (Al-Quds 22 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Qiryat Arba settlement attacked Palestinians and their houses in Wadi Al Hassen, Wadi An-Nasarah and Al Kasara neighborhoods in Hebron city. (Maannews & Al Quds 22 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out a demonstrate at the Israeli bypass road No. 60 in Hebron governorate. During the operation, the IOA closed the northern entrance of Hebron city (Ras Al Joura, Halhul “Al Hawawra” and Ani Nabi Youis areas), and the entrance of Sair town, also Frush Al Hawa road No. 35. (Al-Quds 22 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Idhna town in Hebron governorate. The targeted houses are owned by the family of a Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail; Naem Salimiya. During the operation, the IOA destroyed the houses consists and detained all the family members outside their houses for more than 4 hours. The IOA also, stole about NIS 21 thousand. (Safa 23 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses at Arqan and Awad areas, at the western entrance of Dura town, west of Hebron city. (Safa 23 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Beit ‘Awa town, west of Hebron city. (RB2000 23 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the main road link between Dura and Deir Samit towns in Hebron governorate. (RB2000 23 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) threatened to confiscate a number of tools after they stormed the Al Yasariya municipality headquarter in Beit ‘Awa town, west of Hebron city. The IOA informed the municipality that they have to close all the roads and entrances opened by the municipality in Deir Samit and Beit ‘Awa towns. (Safa 24 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained and assaulted two Palestinian journalists after stopping them at an Israeli military checkpoint erected near Al Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron. The Palestinian journalists were identified as: Jwed At-Tamimi, work with the Palestinian News and Info Agency (Wafa), and Manal Dana work with B’Tselem organization. (Wafa 24 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Surif and Idhna towns, Al Fawar refugee camp, and Hebron city. (Wafa 24 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a number of Palestinians while they were at As-Sahel area near the Ibrahimi mosque in the old city of Hebron. (Wattan 24 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the eastern entrance of Al Karmil village, east of Yatta town in Hebron governorate. (Wafa 24 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the northern entrance of Hebron city and at the entrances of Sair and Halhul towns in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 24 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed a Palestinian, identified as: Mohammad Isma’il Ash-Shubaki (19 years), while he was at the entrance of Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. As a result, the IOA closed Al Fawar junction, and raided the camp. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa & Maannews 25 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and the searched the headquarters of the Veterinary Department in Hebron city. The IOA detained and questioned the workers and checked their ID cards. (Maannews 25 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities issued a military orders to confiscate Palestinian land surrounded Al Container military checkpoint, at the entrance of Ash-Shuhada street in Hebron city. (Al-Quds 25 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the entrances of Hebron city and Al Fawar refugee camp. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 25 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched several Palestinian houses in Beit Ula town, northwest of Hebron city. (Al-Quds 26 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city and fired teargas grenades and live bullets at Palestinian houses. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases, and the injury of three Palestinians. (Maannews 26 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by the family of a Palestinian martyr Bahjat Al ‘Alami. (RB2000 26 November 2015)
• Khalid Mahmoud Jawabrah (20 years) was killed during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. (Orient FM 26 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished an agricultural pool (capacity of 80 cube) at Al Hawawra area in Halhul town, north of Hebron city. The targeted pool is owned by Jehad Abdalla Karja. (Wafa 26 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the southern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 26 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at Wad Al Jouz area in Hebron city. (Wafa 26 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a sudden checkpoint at the entrance of Idhna town, west of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 26 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with an iron gate the eastern entrance of Dura town, west of Hebron city. (Wafa 26 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the northern entrance of Hebron city, and prevented Palestinians from leaving the city. (RB2000 26 November 2015)
• Ya’alon: Israel intends to build security fence between Hebron, Kiryat Gat. Defense minister says security establishment plans to erect massive security barrier similar to that between the Israel-Egypt border. Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon informed the Knesset on Wednesday evening that the security establishment intends to construct a security fence, separating the West Bank city of Hebron and the southern Israeli city of Kiryat Gat. "We are aware of the issue of the fence, and now with the budgetary approval for the massive fence we plan
to build one similar to the border fence with Egypt - it will take some time but it will happen,” the defense minister vowed. (JPOST 26 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired tear gas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA occupied the roofs of houses located at the entrance of the camp. (Safa 27 November 2015)

- Two Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit ‘Awa town, west of Hebron city. The IOA used live bullets to attack Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Mohamamd Iyad As-Switi (12 years) after storming his family house. The IOA transferred the arrestee to unknown location. (Safa 27 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Fawar refugee camp and Deir Samit village in Hebron governorate. The IOA used live and rubber bullets, and tear gas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 27 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses in ‘Asida, Khallit Al Ein an Ad-Dahir areas in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA destroyed the houses consists and questioned the residents. Two of the targeted houses are owned by: Zuhair Mahmoud Al ‘Alami and Mohammad Kamel Hamad Abu Mariya. (RB2000 27 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a Palestinian house owned by the family of a Palestinian martyr; Said Al Atrash, at the southern part of Hebron city. (RB2000 27 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Omar Arafat Issa AL-Za’aqiq (19 years) while he was at the entrance of Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. after the operation, the IOA summoned and questioned Arafat Az-Za’aqiq. (Al-Quds 2 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Ras Al Joura area in Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and tear gas grenades, causing 26 suffocation cases and the injury of 5 Palestinians. (Al-Quds 27 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) surrounded and stormed the headquarter of Youth against settlements in Tal Ar-Rumida neighborhood in Hebron city, chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. During the operation the IOA arrested Issa ‘Amro and Ahmed Al Azza (two Palestinian
activists worked with Youth against Settlements). The IOA transferred the arrestees to unknown location. (RB2000 & PNN 27 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out a military orders to close “One” Radio station in Hebron city, and to confiscate the equipment. (RB2000 27 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a number of Palestinian houses owned the family of a Palestinian martyr; Omar Arafat Az-Za’aqiq, and a mosque in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA took photos for the house, detained and questioned the residents. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. Noted that the IOA closed all the entrances of the town and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving it. (Wafa & RB2000 28 November 2015)


- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Al Arroub refugee camp, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians. (RB2000 29 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures around Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city, after closing all the entrances of the town. The IOA stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses, five of the targeted houses are owned by: Ahmed Hamed Abu Mariya, Samir Sadeq Abu Mariya, Sami Hassan Mansour Sabarnah, Yousif Abed Al Hamed Abu Mariya and Ahmed Mahmoud Musa. During the operation, the IOA arrested Mohammad Murshid Awad (19 years) and his brother Muhammad (17 years), and Turki Mohammad Mahmoud Al ‘Alami (37 years). (RB2000 29 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Ad-Dhahr area, near Karmi Zur settlement, in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 29 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a Palestinian kindergarten (Future Hope) in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The IOA destroyed the main door, the windows, and the children toys. (RB2000 29 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prepared to demolish two Palestinian houses owned by the families of two Palestinian martyrs; Fadi Al Khaseb (in Bir Nabala town) and Omar Az-Za’aqiqi (in Beit Ummer town). (NBPRS 29 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at all the entrances of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 29 November 2015)
- Israeli forces close 3rd Hebron radio station this month. Israeli forces issued an order for the closure of a Hebron radio station on Sunday morning, the third news outlet to be shut by Israel this month in the occupied West Bank city. Director of Dream Radio station, Talab Al-Jaabri, told Ma'an that Israeli forces stormed the station, destroying equipment and damaging offices. Al-Jaabri said Israeli forces told him the radio station would be closed for six months due to “incitement against Israel.” Following the closure, Al-Jaabri called on the Palestinian Authority to take action against "the violations." An Israeli army spokesperson did not immediately respond for comment. Last week Israeli forces shut down Al-Khalil Radio (Hebron Radio), also in Hebron, on the same grounds of incitement. The Palestinian government, at the time, denounced the Israeli military raid on the station, describing it as violation of international law. Secretary-general of the Palestinian cabinet, Ali Abu Diak, had said in a statement that the attack was part of Israel’s policy to "oppress the voice of Palestinian rights" and to prevent publication of the truth about "the ongoing ugly crimes Israel is committing against the Palestinian people." The closures of the two stations marks the latest violation of press freedoms in the occupied Palestinian Territory. Earlier this month, Israeli forces ordered the closure and ban on broadcasting from Manbar al-Hurriyya (Freedom Tribune) radio station, also located in Hebron and reportedly affiliated with Fatah. The Israeli army accused the radio station of encouraging "stabbing attacks" and "violent riots," and reporting "false and malicious claims of security forces executing and kidnapping Palestinians in order to provoke violence." The incident came a day after a Palestinian press freedoms watchdog condemned more than 450 violations of media freedoms since the beginning of the year. The watchdog, MADA, has repeatedly reported violations against the press -- both international and Palestinian -- while reporting from the occupied Palestinian territories. Such violations are carried out by both Israeli and Palestinian security forces, according to MADA documentation. MADA said that while press violations had not reached last year's proportions, when 17 Palestinian journalists were killed by Israeli forces in Gaza, violations in 2015 had "witnessed an enormous escalation." (Maannews 29 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement bloc the main entrance and a sub entrance of Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. (Al-Quds 29 November 2015)
Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided a Palestinian house in Al Fawar refugee camp, south of Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Mohammad Ash-Shubaki. The IOA threatened to demolish the house. (Wafa 30 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched two Palestinian houses in Taffuh village, west of Hebron city, and threatened to demolish one of them which owned by the family of a Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli jail; Taha Hussen At-Tarda. (Wafa 30 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military orders to demolish a Palestinian house and an under construction cooperative society in Al Baq’a area, east of Hebron city. The targeted house is owned by Bilal Azmi Jaber. (Wafa 30 November 2015)

Israel’s Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints at the northern entrance of Hebron, and at the entrances of Sair, Halhul towns and Al Fawar refugee camp in Hebron governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 30 November 2015)

**Qalqilyia Governorate (September - November) 2015**

**The Israeli Violations in Qalqilya Governorate during the month of September 2015**

- Israeli settlers living in Keddumim settlement destroyed the main transmission tower providing electricity to Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliya city, causing a power outage across the village for several hours. (Al-Quds 2 August 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of Riyad Shtiwi (42 years). (Al-Quds 4 September 2015)

- Four Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at participants. (Al-Quds 11 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city, and detained the residents in a small room. The targeted house is owed by Loay Izriqat. (PNN 11 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at participants, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three people; identified as: Nasser Barham, Mohammad Abdalla and Bashar Ishtawi. (Al-Quds 18 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing the injury of the Director of the Palestinian Police in Nablus city and his daughter. (Al-Quds 25 September 2015)

The Israeli Violations in Qalqilya Governorate during the month of October 2015

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired live bullets and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing the injury of two people; one of them identified as: Ahmed Tal’at Hassan, a Palestinian journalist. (Al-Quds 2 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the eastern entrance of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. After the clashes, the IOA closed the eastern entrance of the city. (Al-Quds 2 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered near Jit and Immatin villages, east of Qalqiliyah city and closed the entrances of the villages. During the operation, the IOA detained dozens of Palestinians and their vehicles and prevented them from entering or leaving their villages. (RB2000 2 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers assaulted and injured Jawdat Nedam Bashir (20 years) and tried to kidnap Aref Rida Bashir (16 years) in Jinsafut village, east of Qalqiliyah city. (Al-Quds 2 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the eastern entrance of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury
of Amir Zahran (15 years). During the clashes, the IOA arrested two Palestinians, identified as: Kamal Taher Harb (15 years) and Ghazi Ashraf Jalo (13 years). (Wafa 3 October 2015)

- Yosif Bayan At-Tabib (6 years) was injured after an Israeli settler opened fire in Izbat At-Tabib village, east of Qalqiliyah city. (Maannews 3 October 2015)
- Two Israeli settlers stormed Kafr Laqif village, east of Qalqiliyah city. (Wafa 3 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers raided Jit villages, east of Qalqiliyah city. (Wafa 3 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied a Palestinian house in Al Funduq village, east of Qalqiliyah city, and transformed it to a military base. The targeted house is owned by Hassan Muhseen. (Wafa 4 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers tried to storm Farata village, east of Qalqiliyah city. (Safa 4 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers gathered at Qalqiliyah – Nablus road, near Kafr Laqif village, east of Qalqiliyah city and hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles. (Wafa 4 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers gathered near the entrance of Jit village, east of Qalqiliyah city and closed the street, and obstructed the movement of the Palestinians. The Israeli settlers tried to storm the village. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli settlers. As a result, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the village and fire teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases included a Palestinian pregnant woman. (Al-Quds & Wafa 4 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints near Jinsafut and Hajja villages, east of Qalqiliyah city. (Wafa 4 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Funduq village, east of Qalqiliyah city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (Wafa 6 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers closed Wadi Qana road, east of Qalqiliyah city, and prevented Palestinians from using it. (Wafa 6 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 7 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers gathered at the entrance of Jit village, east of Qalqiliyah city and tried to storm the village, and attacked Palestinian houses. (RB000 & ARN 7 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) razed Palestinian land and closed an agricultural road at Ash-Shila area, south of Azzun Al Atma village, southeast of Qalqiliyah city. (Maannews 8 October 2015)
• Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation during clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Qalqiliyah city. (Maannews 8 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) ay the northern entrance of Azzun village in Qalqiliyah governorate. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing a number of suffocation cases. (Maannews 8 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at the entrance of Jit village, east of Qalqiliyah city and tried to attack Palestinian houses. (NBPRS 8 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers gathered near the entrance of Kafr Laqif village, east of Qalqiliyah city, at the Qalqiliyah-Nablus road. The Israeli settlers closed the street and hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles. (Al-Quds 8 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Azzun village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 9 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of Muayyad Ishtawi (60 years). (Al-Quds 9 October 2015)
• Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Al-Quds 9 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of Immatin village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 9 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the main entrance of Al Funduq village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinian, causing the injury of Salah Zuhair Basalat. (RB2000 11 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas
and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (RB2000 11 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 12 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Azun village, east of Qalqiliyah city. (Wafa 13 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 13 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Karni Shomron settlement assaulted and injured Mahmoud Shaheer Ref’at Yassen (18 years) while he was in land near the settlement. (NBPRS 13 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Karni Shomron settlement escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at Qalqiliyah- Nablus road, near Kafr Laqif village, east of Qalqiliyah city and hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles. (Wafa 13 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. (ARN 14 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and structures, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the torch of two plastic houses. The targeted structures are owned by Tahseen Shqiro and Daraghma Adwan. (RB2000 15 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 16 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Azzun village, east of Qalqiliyah city. During the clashes, the IOA assaulted three Palestinian children after detaining them in a house at the northern entrance of Azzun village. The Palestinians were identified as: Anas Murad (14 years), Ahmed Yousif (16 years) and Zied Ali (18 years). (Maannews 16 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah
city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and stun grenades at participants. (Maannews 16 October 2015)

- A Palestinian was injured and tens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Qalqilya city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (RB2000 17 October 2015)

- Three Palestinians were injured and others suffered gas inhalation, during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Al Naqar neighborhood, west of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (RB2000 18 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (RB2000 19 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 5 Palestinians. (Wafa 20 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of 8 Palestinians and tens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 23 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlement in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. Noted that before the protest, the IOA carried out military training near the Israeli settlement of Kedumim, and fired teargas grenades at Palestinian land planted with olive trees, causing the torch of 50 olive trees. (Wafa & Maannews 23 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Kedumim settlement set fire in Palestinian agricultural land, located near the aforementioned settlement. Noted that the targeted land planted with olive trees. (Wafa 23 October 2015)

- Two Palestinians were injured and tens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Naqar neighborhood, west of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians and their houses. (RB2000 30 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at protesters. (Wafa 23 October 2015)
city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing a number of suffocation cases. (PNN 30 October 2015)

The Israeli Violations in Qalqilyia Governorate during the month of November 2015

- Ala Hassan Al Khateb (25 years) was injured after an Israeli settler hit him by his vehicle at the main road near Azzun village, east of Qalqiliyah city. (Al-Quds 1 November 2015)

- Three Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the main entrance of Azzun village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 6 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements on Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired metal bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (PNN 6 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlement in Jayyus village, northeast of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired metal bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 4 Palestinians. During the operation, the IOA arrested Ahmed Ma’zouz Qadumi, Qassam Nufal (14 years) and Yazan Abed Al Hafed As-Salem (13 years). (Raya 6 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched a number of Palestinian houses and commercial structures in An-Nabi Elias village, east of Qalqiliyah city. (Wafa 8 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers hurled stones at Palestinians and their vehicles while they were traveling at Nablus- Qalqiliyah road. (Wafa 8 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the eastern entrance of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA prevented Palestinians from leaving or entering the city. (Wafa 8 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained the crew of Palestinian Television while they were in An-Nabi Elias village, west of Qalqiliyah city. (Wafa 9 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at “Eliyahu” military checkpoint, south of Qalqiliyah city, shoot and killed Rasha Ahmed Hamed ‘Awisat (23 years) while she was crossing the checkpoint. (Wattan & Maannews 9 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (Al-Quds 9 November 2015)

• Three Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Nuqar neighborhood, west of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (RB2000 10 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Al Nuqar neighborhood, west of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 8 Palestinians. (Wafa 11 November 2015)

• Seven Palestinians were injured and more than 30 others suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Al Nuqar neighborhood, west of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wattan 12 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at the participants, causing tens of suffocation cases. (PNN 13 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at An-Naqar neighborhood, west of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 10 Palestinians. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Al Naqar neighborhood, west of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing 25 suffocation cases and the injury of 10 Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Mu’en Mahmoud Qubtan (30 years). (Wattan 14 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at An-Naqar neighborhood, west of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 8 Palestinians. (Al-Quds 15 November 2015)

• Five Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in An-Naqara neighborhood in Qalqiliyah city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds 18 November 2015)
Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 20 November 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at An-Naqar neighborhood in Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing 182 suffocation cases and the injury of 37 Palestinians. (Wafa 20 November 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Azzun village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing about 29 suffocation cases. (Wafa 20 November 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Kafr Qaddum villages, east of Qalqiliyah city, after the IOA invaded the village. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 22 November 2015)

A Palestinian was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Oranit military checkpoint, south of Qalqiliyah city, opened fire at him while he was crossing the checkpoint. (Orient FM 22 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Azun, Jayus-Azun, Izbit At-Tabib roads in Qalqiliyah governorate. The IOA also, stationed at the entrances of Azzun and Izbit At-Tabib villages in Qalqiliyah governorate, and attacked Palestinians. (Maannews 22 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Qalqiliyah city. (Pal Info 23 November 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Azzun village, east of Qalqiliyah city. (Pal Info 23 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented Palestinians from using a road near Al Funduq village, east of Qalqiliyah city. (Wafa 23 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the Al Jeser area at the southern entrance of Azzun village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 23 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the eastern and northern entrances of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 23 November 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Jayyus village, northeast of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and
teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Pal Info 24 November 2015)

- Seven Palestinians were injured and more than 37 others suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in An-Naqar neighborhood in Qalqiliyah city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (RB2000 26 November 2015)

- Two Palestinians were injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliyah city. The IOA used live bullets to attack the participants. (RB2000 27 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in An-Naqar neighborhood in Qalqiliyah city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing a number of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (Al-Quds 27 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Kafr Qaddum village, east of Qalqiliya city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of a 50 years old Palestinian. (Wafa 28 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in An-Naqar neighborhood in Qalqiliyah city. The IOA used teargas grenades to attack Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Raya 29 November 2015)

**Tubas Governorate (September - November )/2015**

**The Israeli Violations in Tubas Governorate during the month of September 2015**

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) issued an order threatened to confiscate tools from Khirbet Um Al Jamal area in the northern of Jordan valley, if the residents did not evacuate the area. Noted that the Israeli Authorities confiscated an agricultural tractor owned by Salem Ka’abnah after they detained it for more than a month. (Raya 16 September 2015)

**The Israeli Violations in Tubas Governorate during the month of October 2015**
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out military trainings in Humsa and Ar-Ras Al Ahmar areas in the northern of Jordan Valley. Noted that the IOA forced Palestinians living in the aforementioned areas to evacuate it. (Raya 13 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military orders to demolish a number of tents and barracks in Al Hadidiya area in the northern of Jordan valley. The targeted structures are owned by Lutfi Mohammad Fahed Bani Odeh and Mohammad Ali Bsharat. (Maannews & Safa 20 October 2015)

The Israeli Violations in Tubas Governorate during the month of November 2015

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) forced 13 Palestinian families to leave their houses and the areas in Humsa Al Fuqa village in the northern of Jordan valley, under the claim of “Israeli military trainings”. Noted that the IOA informed the residents, that they have to evacuated their houses on the 5th and 12th of November 2015. (RB2000 2 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) forced 13 Palestinian families to evacuate their houses in Humsa area in the northern of Jordan valley under the claim of the Israeli Military trainings. (Raya 9 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) forced 13 Palestinian families living in Humsa area in the northern of Jordan valley, to evacuate their houses from 6:00 a.m. unit the 12 p.m., under the claim of military trainings. (Wafa 12 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out military orders to demolish two residential tents, two animal sheds and two barracks in Al Hadidiya area, southeast of Tubas city. (LRC 19 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a Palestinian agricultural land in Khirbet ’Atuf village, southeast of Tubas city, and confiscated two trucks and a bulldozer. (NBPRS 22 November 2015)

• Israeli bulldozers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Hadidiya area, southeast of Tubas city, razed and destroyed a road used by the residents. (Wafa 25 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) and bulldozers demolish 22 structures (residents, agricultural and animal sheds) in Al Hadidiya area, southeast of Tubas city. The targeted structures are owned by 3 Palestinian families. (Raya & Wafa 26 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation bulldozers escorted by the Israeli Army stormed Khallit Makhoul in the northern or Jordan valley and demolished a number of tents owned by Burhan Hussen Asmar. (Pal Info 29 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished two residential tents in Al Hadidiya area, southeast of Tubas city. The targeted tents are owned by Abed Ar-Rahman Bisharat. (Pal Info 29 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) confiscated a number of water pumps from Khirbet Ad-Deir in the northern of Jordan valley. Noted that the targeted water pumps benefits about 1000 dunums of agricultural land. (RB2000 30 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished and confiscated 10 residential tents from Al Hadidiya area, southeast of Tubas city. Noted that the Palestinian Red Crescent Society and the Palestinian Ministry of Local Government donated the tents for the residents of Al Hadidiya area after the IOA demolished their houses a week ago. (RB2000 & Pal Today 30 November 2015)

Ramallah Governorate (September - November )/2015

The Israeli Violations in Ramallah Governorate during the month of September 2015

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded a Palestinian building in Um Ash-Sharaiyet neighborhood in Al Bireh city. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (RB2000 1 September 2015)

• Two Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al –‘Am’ari refugee camp, south of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, tear gas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses. (Maannews 3 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation bulldozers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished four houses and three animal and agricultural barracks in At-Tayba village, northeast of Ramallah city. The targeted houses inhabited by 25 Palestinians and owned by Arab Al-Ka’abnah Bedouin community. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets, tear gas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa & RB2000 3 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village in Ramallah governorate.
The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at participants, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 4 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at participants, causing dozen of suffocation cases. During the operation, the IOA detained five Palestinians, identified as: Dar Ali Dar, Mahmoud Zawahra, Mohammad Al Khateb, Jamel Al Barghouthi and Luma Nazeh. (Al-Quds 4 September 2015)

- Israeli prosecutors decided to arrest four members of At-Tamimi family (3 women and a girl) who lives in An-Nabi Saleh village in Ramallah governorate, under the claim that they attacked an Israeli soldier on the 28th of August 2015. (Wattan 6 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at a Palestinian school in Kharbatha Al Misbah village, west of Ramallah city, causing dozens of suffocation cases among the students. (Wattan 9 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected military checkpoints in Beit ‘Ur At-Tahta and Kharbatha Al Misbah villages in Ramallah governorate. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 9 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and Israeli settlements in An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at participants, houses and land, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian and the torch of a number of olive trees. (Zaman Press 11 September 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Al Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Pal Today 11 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and the Israeli settlements in Bilin village in Ramallah governorate. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at participants, causing dozes of suffocation cases. (PNN 11 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 16 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village in Ramallah governorate. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at participants, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wattan 18 September 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Abud village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of four people. (Al-Quds 18 September 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Al Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of 2 Palestinians. (Al-Quds 18 September 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the Israeli Jail of Ofar, near Beituniya town in Ramallah governorate. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 15 people. (Maannews 18 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city, destroyed the house contents, and assaulted the residents. The targeted house is owned by Mu’amar Ayad. During the operation, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets, causing the injury of a Palestinian. The IOA also, arrested Maher Thaljiya and Riyad Allan and transferred them to unknown location. (Maannews 18 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at participants. (Maannews 18 September 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the Israeli Jail of Ofar, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 22 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at participants, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three people. (Maannews 25 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Beit Rima village in Ramallah governorate and surrounded a farm. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. During the clashes, the IOA destroyed part of the farm and arrested two Palestinians, identified as: Adli Farah Ar-Rimawi and Mohammad Shukri Ar-Rimawi. (Al-Quds 29 September 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near DCO military checkpoint, northeast of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Safa 29 September 2015)

• In response to the petition: The state will legitimize Adi Ad outpost in Ramallah governorate. State Attorney’s Office announced that that they intends to legitimize the outpost of Adi Ad Binyamin, in response to a petition filed by "Yesh Din" which called for the evacuation of the illegal outpost. The petition was filed late last year on behalf of dozens of villagers in the Palestinian Turmusayya, Al Moaiir, Area & Jalud. (Wallah 30 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed two roads and a checkpoint around Ramallah city; Al Mahkama checkpoint, Beitin and Al Jalazoun roads. (PNN 30 September 2015)

The Israeli Violations in Ramallah Governorate during the month of October 2015

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Budrus village in Ramallah governorate. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 2 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 2 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the Segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at participants and land, causing dozens of suffocation cases, and the torch of tens dunums of Palestinian land planted with olive trees. (PNN 2 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Jabal At-Taweel area in Al Bireh city. Clashes erupted between
Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA detained a Palestinian Ambulance, and arrested a Palestinian. (Al-Quds 2 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the Israeli segregation wall and settlements in An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. During the operation, a group of Isareli settlers living in Halamesh settlement escorted by the IOA demonstrated in the area. (Al-Quds 2 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered around Sinjil and Turmus‘ayya villages, north of Ramallah city, and tried to attack Palestinian houses, and hurled stones at others. (Wafa 2 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers torched a Palestinian vehicle in Beitillu village, northwest of Ramallah city, and wrote anti Palestinian slogans on the walls. (ARN 2 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Beit El settlement hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles traveling near the settlement. (Maannews 2 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah city. The IAO fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses. (Al-Quds 3 October 2015)

- Muhammad Shafeq Halabi (19 years) from Al Bireh city was killed after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at him while he was near Bab Al Asbat in the old city of Jerusalem. (Al-Quds 3 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at the northern entrance of Sinjil village, north of Ramallah city. as a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases (Al-Quds & Wafa 3 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked two Palestinian houses at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city. The targeted houses are owned by: Al Harini and Mu‘awad families. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing the injury of Ala Alawnah. (Al-Quds 3 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers attacked Palestinian houses in Beitin village, northwest of Ramallah city. a number of the targeted houses were damaged. (Al-Quds 3 October 2015)

- 10 Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the eastern
entrance of Al Bireh city. The IOA used live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two people. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA stormed and searched a house owned by Nedal Ayad. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest in An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the house of the Palestinian martyr; Muhammud Halabi, in Surda village, north of Ramallah city, and forced the family to leave the house. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA around the house, where the IOA used teargas and stun grenade to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds 4 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Dahiyt Az-Zira’a area near Al Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah city, and hurled stones at Palestinian houses. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli settlers. (Al-Quds 4 October 2015)

- Israel settlers living in Hallamish settlement hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles traveling near the settlement, and near An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint near Umm Safa village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA detained dozens of Palestinian vehicles. (Safa 4 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest near the Israeli settlement of Beit El. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 5 people. (Maannews & Wafa 5 October 2015)

- Three Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at ‘Atara military checkpoint, north of Birzeit town, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Maannews 5 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded a Palestinian house owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Muhammud Halabi, in Surda village, north of Ramallah
The IOA detained the residents in a small room and assaulted them of. (Maannews 5 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement blocks the northern entrance of Deir Nidham village, northwest of Ramallah city. (RB2000 5 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the Israeli settlement of Beit El, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and live bullets, causing the seriously injured of a Palestinian. (Wafa 6 October 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a Palestinian house in Deir Nidham village, north of Ramallah city. The targeted house is owned by Safi At-Tamimi. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (Raya 6 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Turmus’away village, northeast of Ramallah city. The UIA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Safa 7 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the Israeli settlement of Beit El. The IOA fired live bullets at Palestinians, causing the injury of two, one of them was seriously injured in his head. During the clashes, undercover Israeli Army kidnapped three Palestinian, one of them was identified as: Ahmed Hamed from Surda village, north of Ramallah city. (Maannews 7 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Budrus village, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Safa 7 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 7 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Burdrus village, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas and stub grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the clashes, the IOA stormed a school. (Wafa 8 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired wastewater at Palestinian houses and land at Al Balu’ area, which located near DCO military checkpoint, in Ramallah city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber
bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two people. (Maannews 8 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out the body of the Palestinian Martyr; Muhammad Al Halabi, to his family in Surda village, north of Ramallah city. Noted that the Israeli Authorities detained the body of the Palestinian martyr for about 6 days. (Al-Quds 8 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Beit El settlement attacked a Palestinian house located near the settlement, and tried to storm it. The targeted house is owned by Al Harini family. (RB2000 8 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Beit El settlement escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) hurled stones at Palestinian houses in Ad-Dahiya Az-Zira’iya area near Al Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses. (Wafa 8 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at participants, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 9 October 2015)

- Three Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Abud village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber and live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 9 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Nilin village, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 9 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Sinjil village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 9 October 2015)

- 8 Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Mughayyir village, northeast of Ramallah city. The IOA attacked Palestinians by firing rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at them. (RB2000 9 October 2015)

- About 23 Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Al-Quds 9 October 2015)
Two Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Silwad town, north of Ramallah city. The IOA attacked Palestinians by firing live bullets and teargas grenades at them. (Al-Quds 9 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city, near DCO military checkpoint. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (ARN 10 October 2015)

Israeli settlers attacked a Palestinian house located near DCO military checkpoint, near Beit El settlement, at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city. The targeted house is owned by Al Harini family. (Al-Quds 10 October 2015)

Ahmed Abdalla Sharaka (12 years) was killed after an Israeli Sniper opened fire at him during clashes that erupted between Palestinian and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Al Balou’ area in Al Bireh city. During the clashes, the IOA also, fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 2 people. The Israeli bulldozers also, staged into the area, and razed Palestinian land near DCO military checkpoint. (Maannews 11 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 11 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at ‘Atara military checkpoint, north of Birzeit town, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing a number of suffocation cases. (RB2000 12 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Al Bierh city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Raya 12 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA used live bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Maannews 12 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. (Al-Quds 13 October 2015)

Two Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near DCO military checkpoint, near the Israeli settlement of Beit El, north of Al Bireh
city. The IOA used live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds 13 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers hurled stoned at a Palestinian vehicle traveling at Ramallah-Nablus road, near Turmus’ayya village, northeast of Ramallah city. As a result, Mohammad Hilmi Qatab (58 years) were injured. (RB2000 13 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in Beit Rima and Kafr Ein villages in Ramallah governorate, and fired stun grenades at Palestinian houses. (Raya 14 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the entrance of An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city and opened fire at Palestinian vehicles if they tried to leave or enter the village. (RB2000 14 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Beit El settlement, at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (ARN 15 October 2015)

- Riad Ibrahim Dar Yousif (46 years) was killed after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted him after storming his house in Al Janiya village, west of Ramallah city. (NBPRS 15 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out orders to demolish two Palestinian houses in Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. The targeted houses are owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner; Abdalla Munir Hamad, and the family of Muaz Hamad. According to the orders the family have to evacuate their houses within 72 hours. Noted that the targeted houses are located in the areas classified as “Area A” according to Oslo Agreement ,1995. (Maannews 15 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out orders to demolish the house of a Palestinian prisoner; Abed Mohammad Abu Shaheen, in Qalandiya refugee camp, south of Ramallah city. According to the orders the family have to evacuate their houses within 72 hours. Noted that the targeted house is located in the areas classified as “Area A” according to Oslo Agreement ,1995. (Maannews 15 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Authorities issued an order to demolish a Palestinian house in Surda village, north of Ramallah city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian martyr; Muhannad Shafeq Al Halabi. Noted that the targeted house is located in the areas classified as “Area A” according to Oslo Agreement ,1995. (Maannews 15 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, west of Ramallah city. The
IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at participants, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the operation, the IOA attacked Palestinian farmers while they were harvesting olive trees. (Wattan & ARN 16 October 2015)

- Two Palestinians were injured and tens suffered gas inhalation after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Nilin village, west of Ramallah governorate. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at participants. (PNN 16 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. The IOA opened fire at Palestinians and houses. During the clashes, the IOA arrested three Palestinians, identified as: Mohammad and Nour Hamed, and Mohammad Awad Hamed. After the clashes, the IOA closed the eastern and western entrances of the town. (Al-Quds 16 October 2015)
- More than 21 Palestinians were injured and others suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Al Balu’ neighborhood, at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades at Palestinians and journalists. (Maannews 16 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Budrus village, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two people. (Maannews 16 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at the office of Raya Press Network in Al Bireh city. (Orient FM 17 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement blocks the main street links to the northeastern villages in Ramallah governorate. (RB2000 17 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Qalandiya refugee camp, south of Ramallah city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets, causing the injury of two Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Ahmed As-Saqa after raiding his house in the camp. (ARN 18 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Balo’ neighborhood, at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 6 Palestinians, included a Palestinian journalist; Nebal Farsakh. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Qies Imad Shaja’aiya (12 years) after he was injured. (Al-Quds & Maannews 18 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 20 October 2015)

• Two Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Nilin village, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. Maannews 20 October 2015

• A Palestinian was injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern of Al Bireh city. The IOA attacked Palestinians by firing rubber bullets at them. (Al-Quds 21 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement blocks the entrance of Nilin village, west of Ramallah city. (ARN 21 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Jabal At-Tawel neighborhood in Al Bireh city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of four Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA arrested five Palestinians. (Wafa & Maannews 22 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases, and the torched tens of dunums of Palestinian agricultural land planted with olive trees. The targeted land is owned by Mahmoud Yassen and Mohammad Abu Rahma. (Wafa 23 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Balo’ neighborhood, north of Al-Bireh city. The IOA attacked Palestinians by firing live, metal and Toto bullets and teargas grenades at them, causing tens of suffocation cases, and the injury of 3 by the live bullets, 7 by the Toto bullets, and 14 by metal bullets. The IOA also targeted Palestinian journalists by firing wastewater at them (Maannews 23 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live and metal bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 9 Palestinians, one of them identified as: Mohammad Daboyr (13 years), was seriously injured. (Maannews 23 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlement in An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing a number of suffocation cases. The IOA also, fired teargas grenades a Palestinian
house owned by Khalid Attala At-Tamimi, causing the suffocation cases for his family, and the torch in a part of his house. (Maannews 23 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the main entrance of Nilin village, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live bullets at Palestinians, causing the injury of three people. Noted that during the clashes, the IOA used the Palestinian journalists as “Human shield”. (Maannews 23 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the eastern entrance of Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing the injury of a Palestinian and tens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 23 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit ‘Ur At-Tahta village, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 23 October 2015)

- Video: Palestinian youth violently and wrongfully arrested for five days because the Israeli Police didn’t bother to check his alibi. CCTV footage shows soldiers assaulting and arresting youth wrongfully suspected of stone throwing. On the 6.16, while Ansar ‘Aasi, 25, was at work at a cleaning products company in al-Bireh, clashes between soldiers and Palestinian youth took place in the area. At a certain point, as ‘Aasi was standing at the entrance to the storage room, soldiers spotted him and began to violently arrest him, kicking and assaulting him with their rifles. The incident was captured on the company’s security cameras. ‘Aasi required medical treatment and was taken to Hadassah Ein Karem hospital on 7.10.2015. ‘Aasi was held in detention for two days before even being taken for interrogation at the Binyamin police station. Police interrogators there told him that three soldiers identified him as a stone thrower. In spite of his denials, the police did not bother to check his alibi claim, in spite of the existence of footage. Only following an arrest extension hearing at the Ofer military court, was the police willing to view the footage, which was brought to them on Friday, 9.10.2015. ‘Aasi was released unconditionally on Sunday, 11.10, after five days in wrongful detention. B’Tselem does not know whether the soldiers who arrested ‘Aasi were held accountable for assaulting him and making up false charges. (B’Tselem 23 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at participants, causing tens of suffocation cases, and the injury of 5 Palestinians. (Wafa 26 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city, near Beit El settlement. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three people. (Orient FM 27 October 2015)

• An Israeli settler living in Hallamesh settlement hit by his vehicle a Palestinian woman from Deir As- Sudan village, north of Ramallah city. Noted that the Palestinian woman was seriously injured. (RB2000 27 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed by an iron gate the main entrance of Nilin village in Ramallah governorate. (Wafa 27 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades. (Raya 29 October 2015)

• Two Palestinian were injured and tens suffered gas inhalation after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village in Ramallah governorate. The IOA used live, sponge and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades to attack the participants. (Wafa 30 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the eastern entrance of Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three Palestinians. (Wafa 30 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at the eastern part of An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city, opened fire at Palestinian houses. (Orient FM 30 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched tens of Palestinian houses in Kharbatha Al Misbah village, west of Ramallah city. (Al-Quds 30 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Balo’ neighborhood, north of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing tend of suffocation cases and the injury of 37 Palestinians, included 4 journalists and 4 Ambulance officers. Also, an Israel jeep ran over a Palestinian, identified as: Mahir Al Faroukh, and arrested him. The IOA prevented the Palestinian ambulance and medic officers from reaching him and fired paper gas on their faces. The IOA also assaulted a Palestinian journalist, identified as: Muaz Al Khateb, and detained him for a few hours. (Maannews 30 October 2015)
Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Budrus village, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at rubber bullets at Palestinians. (RB2000 31 October 2015)

The Israeli Violations in Ramallah Governorate during the month of November 2015

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses and shops in Ein Yabrud and Dura Al Qar’ village in Ramallah governorate. (Safa 2 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest near the Israeli Jail of Ofar in Ramallah governorate. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Wattan 3 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Budrus village, west of Ramallah city and fired teargas grenades and wastewater at Palestinian houses. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (Maannews 3 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the eastern entrance of Ein Yabrud village, northeast of Ramallah city, and prevented the Palestinians from leaving or entering the village. The IOA also, stormed the village and fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at Palestinians. (Maannews 3 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Saffa village, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, and rubber bullets at Palestinian houses, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Wattan 4 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Raya 5 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at the eastern and western entrances of Silwad town in Ramallah governorate, and prevented Palestinians from leaving or entering the village. (RB20000 5 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched four Palestinian houses in Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city, destroyed the houses contents and questioned the residents. The targeted houses are owned by: Firas Ahmed, Khadir Alla Hamed, Sami Warda and Salah Hamed. (Orient FM & RB2000 5 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah
city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at participants, causing a number of suffocation cases. (Pal Today 6 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired sponge bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of Hamdi Abu Rahma, a Palestinian journalist. (PNN 6 November 2015)

- About 10 Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Jabal At-Tawel and Al Balo’ neighborhoods, at the eastern and northern entrance of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Maannews 6 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Sateh Marhaba neighborhood in Al Bireh city and fired teargas grenades at Palestinian houses. The IOA erected a military checkpoint in the neighborhood, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 8 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Sinjil village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Al-Quds 8 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the main entrance of An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. (ARN 8 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Jifna village, north of Ramallah city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. The IOA also, stormed a number of commercial structures, destroyed the contents and confiscated a number of security cameras. (RB2000 9 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at a group of Palestinians while they were near the segregation wall in Budrus village, northwest of Ramallah city. (Safa 10 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at statue in the yard of a Palestinian house in An-Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. The targeted house is owned by Abdalla At-Tamimi. (Maannews 11 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Qalandiya refugee camp, north of Ramallah city, and opened fire at a Palestinian, identified as: Faris Abu Al ‘Aesha (16 years), he was injured and then the IOA arrested him. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of 11 Palestinians. During the clashes, the
IOA stormed a Palestinian house owned by Mohammad Abed Raboh, and detained his three sons; Nibal, Yasser and Wissam. (Maannews 11 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Atara military checkpoint, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (Wafa 11 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Balo’ neighborhood, near the DSO military checkpoint, north of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and tear gas grenades, causing the injury of 20 Palestinians, one of them was seriously injured, and dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews & Al-Quds 11 November 2015)
- Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Jalazoun refugee camp, north of Ramallah city. The IOA used tear gas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds 11 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched several Palestinian houses and structures in Beit Rima village in Ramallah governorate. (Wafa 12 November 2015)
- Israeli court approved the demolition of a Palestinian house owned by Muaz Hamad in Silwad town in Ramallah governorate. (Wattan 12 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed ‘Atara military checkpoint, north of Ramallah city, and prevented Palestinians from crossing it. (Wattan 12 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Jabal At-Tawel neighborhood, east of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and tear gas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 7 Palestinians. (RB2000 13 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Budrus village, west of Ramallah city, where the IOA shoot and killed Lafi Yousif Awad (22 years). (Wafa 13 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, tear gas and stun grenades, causing the injury of 4 participants. (Wafa 13 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Al Balou’ neighborhood at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city. The IOA used tear gas grenades and live bullets to attack Palestinians, as a result 5 Palestinians
were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation. (Wattan & Wafa 13 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Budrus village, west of Ramallah city, after the funeral of the Palestinian martyr Lafi Awad. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 6 Palestinians. (Orient FM 14 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a Palestinian house in Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. The targeted house owned by Muaz Hamid. The IOA invaded the town, and forced the residents to evacuate the house and the nearby houses. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 14 November 2015)

- An Israeli jeep ran over a Palestinian family while they were at Surda junction, north of Ramallah city. (Wattan 15 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Balo’ neighborhood, north of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 4 Palestinians (Maannews 15 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three Palestinians, included a Palestinian journalist. (Raya 16 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Qalandiya refugee camp, south of Ramallah city after closed all of its entrances, and demolished a Palestinian house owned by Mohammad Abu Shaheen, a prisoner in the Israeli Jail. During the operation, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets at Palestinians and killed Laith As’ad Manasrah (21 years) and Ahmed Abu Al ‘ayesh (28 years). The IOA also, arrested Yousif Abu Latifah (17 years) after he was injured and the Ambulance tried to carry him to the hospital. (Maannews 16 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the entrance of An Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city, from several weeks ago. (Raya 16 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Sateh Marhaba neighborhood in Ramallah city and fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinian houses. (Safa 17 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Mohammad Munir Hassan Saleh (24 years) from ‘Aroura village, north of Ramallah city, while he was at the entrance of Turmus’ayya village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA also,
prevented the ambulance from reaching him and fired teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Maannews 18 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of Ein Yabrud village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Pal Today 18 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Sateh Marhaba neighborhood in Al Bireh city, after the IAO stormed the aforementioned neighborhood. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 19 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched 4 Palestinian houses in Silwad town in Ramallah governorate. The targeted houses are owned by: Abed Al Majed Ta’imah Hamad, the family of the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail Firas Sami Abu Warda, Mahmoud Mohamamd Hamad and Ziyad Abed Al Jalil Hamad. (Raya 19 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Sinjil village, north of Ramallah city, after the IOA attacked a non-violent protest started from ‘Arura village. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians and the nearby houses. (Maannews 19 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at participants, causing dozens of suffocating cases and the injury of four Palestinians. (Wafa 20 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (Wafa 20 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in An Nabi Saleh village, north of Ramallah city. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases (Wafa 20 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Silwad town in Ramallah governorate. The IOA used live bullets, teargas and stun grenades to attack Palestinians, where dozens suffered gas inhalation. During the clashes, the IOA stormed a house owned by Mu’amar Ayad and occupied its roof. (Wafa 20 November 2015)
• Israeli settlers hurled stones and Molotov cocktail at a Palestinian house in Al Mazra’a Al Qibliya village in Ramallah governorate, and wrote anti-Palestinian slogans on the walls. (Wafa 20 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Al Balu’ area in Al Bireh city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Raya 21 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Shadi Mohammad Mahmoud Khaseb from Al Bireh city, while he was at Al Khan Al Ahmar area, near the Israeli settlement of Kfar Adumim, east of Jerusalem city. (RB2000 & NBPRS 22 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed a Palestinian girl, identified as Hadil Awad (16 years) from Qalandiya refugee camp, and seriously injured other while they were in Jerusalem city. (Maannews 23 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation army (IOA) shoot an killed a Palestinian while he was near a gas station at road No. 443, west of Ramallah city. The Palestinian martyr is Ahmed Jamal Ahmed Taha from Qatanna village, northwest of Jerusalem city. (Maannews 23 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Mughayyir village, northeast of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of three Palestinians. After the clashes, the IOA closed all the entrances of the aforementioned village, and prevented Palestinians from entering or leaving it. (Maannews & Wattan 24 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Deir Nidham village, north of Ramallah city, and fired teargas grenades at houses. The IOA also, closed the entrances of the village. (Raya 24 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest against the Israeli violations in the occupied West Bank, at the northern entrances of Al Bireh city. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets at participants, causing a number of suffocation cases. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (Wafa 24 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Beit Ur junction, west of Ramallah city. The IOA detained and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (ARN 24 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) started to construct a wall at the Israeli road No. 443, west of Ramallah city. (Maannews 25 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with cement bloc the southern entrance of Sinjil village, north of Ramallah city. (Wafa 25 November 2015)
- Ibrahim Abed Al Halim Daoud (16 years) from Deir Ghassana village in Ramallah governorate, died of wounds he sustained two weeks ago during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Ramallah city. (Al-Quds 26 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) occupied a Palestinian house in Sinjil village, north of Ramallah city and transformed it to a military base. The targeted house is owned by Hussen Ash-Sheikh Shabanah. (Al-Quds 26 November 2015)
- Five Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Deir Jarir village, northeast of Ramallah city after an Israeli jeep hit a Palestinian vehicle while 4 passengers in it. The IOA used live bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. Noted that the IOA after they hit the vehicle, prevented the ambulance from reaching the injuries. (RB2000 26 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Budrus village, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live bullets at Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA invaded and searched a house and questioned the residents. (Wattan & Safa 27 November 2015)
- A Palestinian journalist, identified as: Hamdi Aby Rahma, was injured and dozens Palestinians and international activists suffered gas inhalation after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Bilin village, northwest of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at participants. (Raya 27 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around the Israeli jail of Ofar, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three Palestinians. (Orient FM 27 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked the weekly non-violent protest against the segregation wall and settlements in Nilin village, west of Ramallah city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at the participants. (Orient FM 27 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched the industrial area in Al Bireh city, stormed a number of stories and factories and confiscated the security cameras. (Al-Quds 27 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Fadi Al Khaseb (30 years) while he was near Kfar Adumim settlement, east of Jerusalem city. Noted that the
martyr from Bir Nabala town, and he is the brother of Shadi Al Khaseb, a Palestinian martyr, the IOA killed him five days ago in the same place. (Al-Quds 27 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. The IOA used live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 27 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the northern entrance of Al Bireh city, near Beit El settlement. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a 70 years old Palestinian. During the clashes, the IOA opened fire at a Palestinian vehicle, causing the injury of the driver; identified as: Abdalla Rustom Issa (27 years) from Burin village in Nablus governorate. (Maannews & RB2000 29 November 2015)

- Three Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Silwad town, northeast of Ramallah city. The IOA used live bullets, teargas and stun grenades to attack Palestinians. (Maannews 29 November 2015)

**Jericho Governorate (September - November )/2015**

**The Israeli Violations in Jericho Governorate during the month of October 2015**

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Jericho city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (Al-Quds 7 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in areas in Al Fasayil village, north of Jericho city. (Al-Quds 7 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the southern entrance of Jericho city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing a number of suffocation cases. During the clashes, the IOA arrested 8 Palestinians; two of them were identified as: Ahmed Abu Nahla (9 years) and Hamza Awad (21 years). (Wafa & Pal Today 9 October 2015)
The Israeli Violations in Jericho Governorate during the month of November 2015

- Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out 8 Palestinian families military orders to demolish their houses and animal sheds in Al Fasayil village, north of Jericho city. (ARN & PNN 18 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out five military orders to demolish a number of residential tents and animal sheds in Al Fasayil village, north of Jericho city. The targeted structures are owned by: Ibrahim Suliman Abu Khabesh and Ali Suliman Al Malihat. (RB2000 22 November 2015)

Salfit Governorate (September - November )/2015

The Israeli Violations in Salfit Governorate during the month of September 2015

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed for few hours the main road link between Salfit city and Biddya village, northwest of Salfit city. (RB2000 1 September 2015)
- Israeli settlers living in Isem post razed Palestinian lands owned by four Palestinian villages; Kafr Ad-Dik, Sarta, Rafat and Deir Balut, in Salfit governorate. (Orient FM 6 September 2015)
- Israeli settlers hurled stoned at a Palestinian house in Deir Istiya village, northwest of Salfit city. The targeted house is owned by Mohammad Abu Zeid, and located at the northern entrance of the village. (Wafa 8 September 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a number of Islamic sites in Kafl Haris village in Salfit governorate and carried out provocative actions. (Al-Quds 8 September 2015)
- Israeli settlers razed Palestinian land planted with olive trees at Al Musrara area, west of Deir Istiya village in Salfit governorate. Noted that the targeted land located near the Israeli bypass road which used by the Israeli settlers. The razing work carried out on 7 kilometers length. (Maannews 9 September 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities issued military orders to evacuate 26 dunums of Palestinian land and to uproot 123 trees in Beir Abu Ammar area, north of Qarawat Bani Hassan village, northwest of Salfit city. The targeted land owned by: Omar Rashid Rayan and Saber Mustafah Mar‘i. Noted the Israeli Authorities claimed that the targeted land located within an area classified as “Nature Reserve”. (Maannews 17 September 2015)
• Israeli settlers stormed and toured in Deir Sem’an village; an archaeological area, located west of Kafr Ad-Dik village, west of Salfit city. (NBPRS 20 September 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Yakir settlement pumped wastewater at Wadi Qana area, northwest of Salfit city. (PNN 22 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out military orders to uproot 140 olive trees from As-Safar area near Beir Amar in Qarawat Bani Hassan village, north of Salfit city, under the claim that the targeted area classified by the Israeli Authorities as “Nature reserve”. (RB2000 28 September 2015)

The Israeli Violations in Salfit Governorate during the month of October 2015

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Deir Sam’an archaeological site, west of Salfit city and performed Talmudic rituals. (Pal Info 1 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers stopped a Palestinian Ambulance at the entrance of Salfit city and assaulted the Ambulance crew. (Al-Quds 2 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) cut a number of olive trees in Kafr Ad-Dik village in Salfit governorate. (Al-Quds 3 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Marda village, north of Salfit city. The IOA fired stun grenades at Palestinians and their houses. (Wafa 5 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers torched a part of a Palestinian house in Kafr Ad-Dik village, west of Salfit city. The targeted house is owned by Rabee Ad-Dik. (RB2000 9 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Arial settlements escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demonstrated at the entrance of Haris village, north of Salfit city and closed it. (RB2000 9 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Yasuf village, northeast of Salfit city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Al-Quds 11 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Yasuf village, northeast of Salfit city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians and land, causing dozens of suffocation cases, the injury of a Palestinian, and the torch of agricultural land. (Maannews 12 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers prevented Palestinian farmers and International activists from reaching land in Salfit city, to harvest olive trees. (PNN 14 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in several neighborhoods in Salfit city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians and their houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Safa 18 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers razed Palestinian land in Dhahir Sobeh area, northwest of Kafr Ad-Dik village, west of Salfit city. (Safa 19 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers living in Leshem outpost harvested Palestinian olive trees in Kafr Ad-Dik village, west of Salfit city and destroyed Palestinian agricultural land. The targeted trees and land are owned by Musleh Nayef Salman Ad-Dik. (Safa 19 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the western entrance of Deir Istiya village, north of Salfit city, and hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles. (Al-Quds 21 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers gathered at the entrance of Kafr d-Dik village, west of Salfit city. (PNN 25 October 2015)
• An Israel settler stab Tamir Shawkat Khdair from Beita village, south of Nablus city, while he was at the entrance of Kafl Hair village in Salfit governorate. After the attack, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Beita village and arrested Tamir Shawkat Khdair. (Al-Quds & Maannews 25 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Kafl Haris village in Salfit governorate. (Pal Today 26 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Deir Istiya village, north of Salfit city and fired stun grenades at houses. (RB2000 28 October 2015)

The Israeli Violations in Salfit Governorate during the month of November 2015

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the gate at the entrance of Kafl Haris village, north of Salfit city. (Wattan 9 November 2015)

Tulkarem Governorate (September - November )/2015

The Israeli Violations in Tulkarem Governorate during the month of September 2015
Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the Israeli military checkpoint of “Sani Oz”, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired live bullets, teargas and stun grenades at participants, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Maannews 15 September 2015)

The Israeli Violations in Tulkarem Governorate during the month of October 2015

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at a Palestinian vehicle at an Israeli military checkpoint erected near the Israeli settlement of Enav, causing the injury of the driver. (Al-Quds 1 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the Israeli factory of “Gashouri”, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 6 people. (Al-Quds & Wafa 4 October 2015)
- Hatheqa Othman Ali Suliman (18 years) was killed during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Bal’a village, east of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Maannews & Al-Quds 5 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western part of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 8 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western part of Tulkarm city near Al Khadouri University. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. The Israeli bulldozers staged into the clashes areas and demolished a fence surrounded the university campus. (Al-Quds 9 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Al Khaduri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 12 people. During the clashes, the IOA stormed the University campus. (Wafa & Al-Quds 11 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Khadouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 12 October 2015)
• A Palestinian was injured after an Israeli settler opened fire at him while he was crossing Jabara military checkpoint in Tulkarm city. (Al-Quds 12 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the Israeli Factory of Ghashouri, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 18 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al-Khadouri University campus in Tulkarm city, and fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 18 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Khadouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of three people. (Maannews 19 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Al Khadouri University campus in Tulkarm city and fired teargas grenades at the students and the buildings, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 21 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a non-violent protest near Al Khadouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at metal bullets, causing the injury of four Palestinians. (Maannews 22 October 2015)

• A Palestinian old woman (70 years) from Deir Ghusun village, north of Tulkarm city, died after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained the Ambulance, and prevented it from transferred her to the hospital in Tulkarm city. (RB2000 23 October 2015)

• Three Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Al Khadouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired teargas grenades, live and rubber bullets at Palestinians. (Wafa 27 October 2015)

The Israeli Violations in Tulkarem Governorate during the month of November 2015

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Dahiyt Shwaika, northwest of Tulkarm city, after the IOA attacked a non-violent protest against the confiscation of Palestinian land in the area. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases, and the injury of two people. (Maannews 3 November 2015)
Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western part of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, causing the injury of two Palestinians. (Al-Quds & Pal Today 4 November 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Khadour University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired metal and rubber bullets, and tear gas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (Wattan 6 November 2015)

Three Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Al Khadoouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA used metal bullets and tear gas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds 8 November 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Al Khadouri University campus in Tulkram city, and fired live bullets and tear gas grenades at the students, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Pal Today 9 November 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Khadouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and tear gas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 8 Palestinians. (Wafa 11 November 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Al Khadouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and tear gas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 15 Palestinians. During the clashes, an Israeli jeep ran over Qassem Sadouq (19 years), and then the IOA arrested him. (Wattan & Wafa 12 November 2015)

Four Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Khadouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and tear gas grenades at Palestinians. (Wafa 23 November 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) around Al Khadouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and tear gas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 10 Palestinians. (Al-Quds & PNN 24 November 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Khadouri University campus in Tulkarm city. The IOA fired tear gas grenades and live bullets, causing the injury of a Palestinian. (Wafa 25 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Khadouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing the injury of two Palestinians. (Wafa 26 November 2015)

• Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Tulkarm city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds 27 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Al Khadouri University campus, west of Tulkarm city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of five Palestinians. During the clashes, the IOA invaded the university campus, and forced the students to evacuate it. (Quds 29 November 2015)

Nablus Governorate (September - November) /2015

The Israeli Violations in Nablus Governorate during the month of September 2015

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a tent at Palestinian land in Aqraba village, southeast of Nablus city. The IOA took photos for the surrounded land. (Wafa 1 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Mahfouda Istiya and arrested 8 Palestinians while they were working in their land in Salem village, east of Nablus city. (PNN 2 August 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided the Joseph tomb, east of Nablus city, and performed Talmudic rituals. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 & Al-Quds 3 August 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Eli settlement razed Palestinian agricultural land in Qaryut village, south of Nablus city, to construct a colonial road. Noted that the targeted road located with an area reach to 400 dunums. (Pal Info 3 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched several Palestinian houses and structures in Beit Furik village, east of Nablus city. (Safa 4 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Shadi Ahmed Hassan Abu ‘Ayesha from Beit Wazan village in Nablus governorate, after stopping him at Al Hamra military checkpoint. (Wafa 5 September 2015)

• Mother of infant Killed in Duma settlers attack dies from injuries. Riham Dawabsha, the mother of 18-month-old Ali Dawabsha who was burned alive in an arson attack by Israeli settlers on July 31, died from her injuries late Sunday, after fighting for her life for over a month, relatives and hospital officials said. Relatives said that Riham, 27, who suffered third degree burns to 90 percent of her body in the attack, had succumb to her injuries. Israeli settlers smashed the windows of two homes in Duma, before throwing flammable liquids and Molotov cocktails inside, killing infant Ali, who was trapped inside the house, and critically injuring the other family members. On Aug. 8, Saad Dawabsha, the father of 18-month-old Ali, died from injuries sustained in the attack. Following the incident, Israeli authorities arrested a number of extremist settlers without charge, but later released nearly all the suspects. The perpetrators of the attack have still not been arrested by Israeli authorities. Israeli settlers have carried out at least 142 attacks on Palestinians in occupied East Jerusalem and the West Bank since the start of this year, according to the UN Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs. Only 1.9 percent of complaints submitted by Palestinians against Israeli settler attacks result in a conviction, the Israeli human rights group Yesh Din reported. (Maannews 6 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Deir Al Hatab village, east of Nablus city. (Pal Info 7 September 2015)

• An Israeli settlers tried to hit by his vehicle a number of Palestinians while they were gathering at the main entrance of Duma village, southeast of Nablus city. (Pal Info 7 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures at the main road links between Za’tara and Huwara military checkpoints, south of Nablus city, and closed the main entrance of Einabus and Beita village. (Wafa 9 September 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Yetzhar settlement torched tens of olive trees in Burin village, south of Nablus city. (Maannews 9 September 2015)

• Israeli settlers hurled stones at a Palestinian vehicle traveling near Shave Shomron settlement, causing the injury of three Palestinians; identified as: Burhan Mustafah ‘Amsha (34 years), Tasir Rashid Al Atrash (78 years) and Mohammad Hussen Al Atrash (23 years). (Maannews 9 September 2015)

• An Israeli settler assaulted and injured Fadi Wissam Abed Ar-Rahem Said (7 years) while he was crossing the main street in Huwara village, south of Nablus. (Raya 14 September 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and toured in Nabi’ Silon area in Qaryut village, south of Nablus city and performed Talmudic rituals. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (Pal Info 15 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation bulldozers continued razing Palestinian agricultural land at Marah Bassam and Al Marah Al Gharbi areas, west of Qaryut village, southeast of Nablus city, and uprooted a number of olive trees. The Israeli bulldozers also, razed land at the southern part of Qaryut village. (Pal Info 15 September 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Shave Shomron settlement opened fire at a Palestinian vehicle, near the settlement, forced it to stop and assaulted the driver; identified as: Said Anabtawi (20 years) from Anabta village in Tulkarm governorate. (Al-Quds 17 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) issued a military order to stop the construction in 2 agricultural structures (each one area reach to 100 square meters) in Frush Beit Dajan village, east of Nablus city. The targeted structure is owned by Nasser Abu Jesh. (Safa & Al-Quds 17 September 2015)

• Hmed Khatatba (26 years) was seriously injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at him while he was crossing Beit Furik checkpoint, east of Nablus city. (Wattan 18 September 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed a main road in Huwara village, south of Nablus city. (Wattan 18 September 2015)

• Israeli settlers opened fire at a Palestinian vehicle owned by Amaar As-Sukarje at the entrance of Beit Dajan village, east of Nablus city. (Wafa 20 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Immatin village, southwest of Nablus city. The targeted house is owned by Mohammad Abed Ar-Rahman Sawan. (Al-Quds 21 September 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the main entrance of Beita village, south of Nablus city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Safa 21 September 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided Joseph tomb, east of Nablus city, and performed Talmudic rituals. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing a number of suffocation cases. (RB200 & Watttan 21 September 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Nablus city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing the injury of three people; identified as: Mohammad Basalat (19 years),
Mohammad Nafiz Hussen (19 years) and Nour Ad-Diyen Ahmed Sharedah. During the clashes, the IOA arrested Mufed Ghazal. (Raya 22 September 2015)

- An Israeli settler hit by his vehicle a herd of sheep, killed 40 ones and injured about 20, while they were crossing road, east of Aqraba village, southeast of Nablus city. The sheep are owned by Ayesh Mahmoud Da’ajnah. (Wattan 22 September 2015)

- Ahmed Azzat Khatatba (25 years) died of wounds he sustained after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at him while he was crossing an Israeli military checkpoint at the entrance of Beit Furik village, southeast of Nablus city. (Al-Quds 24 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured two journalists working with AFP, while they were filming a report at the entrance of Beit Furik village, southeast of Nablus city, and destroyed their camera. (Al-Quds 25 September 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the entrance of Beit Furik village, southeast of Nablus city, after hundreds of Palestinians attended the funeral of the Palestinian martyr; Ahmed Azzar Khatatba (25 years). The IOA fired live bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of Hamuda Waleed Haneeni. (Maannews & Al-Quds 25 September 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed an archaeological area in Sabastiya village, northwest of Nablus city. (Wafa 29 September 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures at Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Safa 30 September 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) carried out a demonstrate between Beit Furik and Awarta villages, south of Nablus city. the demonstration started from the Israeli bypass road near Itamar settlement and they walked to reach an area located between Beit Furik and Awarta villages. (Safa 30 September 2015)

The Israeli Violations in Nablus Governorate during the month of October 2015

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted Mohammad Ghassan Abed Al Karem Ziyad (25 years) after storming his house in Madama village, south of Nablus city. (Maannews 1 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers erected about 12 tents a coast located between Awarta and Rujeib villages, south of Nablus city. (NBPRS 1 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a number of caravans and tents at the Israeli Military checkpoint at the entrance of Beit Furik village, southeast of Nablus city. (RB2000 2 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at an Israeli military checkpoint at the entrance of Beit Furik village, southeast of Nablus city. The IOA closed the checkpoint, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles. The Israeli settlers tried to storm the village. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. Noted that the IOA prevented Palestinian Ambulances from entering the village. (Al-Quds 2 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers carried out provocative actions on a road link between Qalqiliyah and Nablus cities, and hurled stones at vehicles, causing the damage in a Palestinian taxi owned by a Palestinian from Al-Fandaqumiya village, southwest of Jenin city. (ARN 2 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers hurled stones at Palestinians vehicles traveling at Ramallah-Nablus road, and near Al Lubban Ash-Sharqiya village, south of Nablus city. according to Palestinian resources more than 200 Palestinian vehicles were damaged. (RB2000 2 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers living in Yetzher settlement torched tens dunums of Palestinian agricultural land in Huwara village, south of Nablus city. (RB2000 2 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers closed with stones the entrance of Beit Dajan village, east of Nablus city. (RB2000 2 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers surrounded a Palestinian park located Tulkarm- Nablus road, near the Israeli settlement of Sheve Shomron. Noted that there were about 60 Palestinian families in the part, and the Israeli settlers prevented them from leaving it. (Maannews 2 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers torched tens olive trees in Burin village, south of Nablus city, and tried to storm a house. The Israeli settlers also, attacked Palestinian Civil Defense crew. (Wafa & Maannews 2 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) after the IOA stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in several areas in Nablus city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 10 people. During the clashes, the IOA stormed Palestinian houses and arrested 12 Palestinians. The arrestees were identified as: Abed AL Karem Muna, Rasem Khatab, Ragheb ‘Alyol, Zahi Al Kusa, Samir Al Kusa, Abdalla Al Kusa, Bassam Abu Ghazala,
Rashid Abed, Issa Ghilani, Abed Ar-Rahman Al Haj Hamad and Yahya Al Haj Hamad. (Wafa & Wattan 3 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Huwara village, south of Nablus city and forced Palestinians to close their commercial structures. (Al-Quds 3 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers torched Palestinian agricultural lands at Al Lahef and At-Tira areas in Huwara village, south of Nablus city. (Wafa 3 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Yetzhar and Bracha settlements escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked Palestinian houses and land in Burin village, south of Nablus city and torched agricultural land planted with olive trees. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 3 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers hurled stones at a Palestinian vehicle in Huwara village, south of Nablus city. As a result, Sa’da Shahada (42 years) and her daughter Yara (18 years) were injured. (Wafa 3 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at Ramallah-Nablus road, near Al Lubban Ash-Sharqiya village, south of Nablus city.

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tried to storm Sarra village, west of Nablus city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (Al-Quds & Wafa 3 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Authorities issued a military order to demolish a Palestinian house in Askar refugee camp, east of Nablus city. The Israeli Authorities notified the family to evacuate their house within the next three days. The targeted house is owned by a Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail Nour Ad-Diyen Khalid Abu Hashiya. (Al-Quds 3 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Huwara and Za’tara military checkpoints, south of Nablus city. (Al-Quds 3 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Urif village, south of Nablus city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of 7 Palestinians, identified as: Yousif Abed Al Kareem As-Safadi, Mahmoud Yousif Suliman As-Safadi, Mohammad Najeh As-Safadi, Sultan Mohammad As-Safadi, Amer Falah As-Safadi and Ahmed Yousif As-Safadi. (Wafa 4 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers set up a number of tents near the Israeli military checkpoint at the entrance of Beit Furik village, southeast of Nablus city, where the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) set up a number of caravans. (Wafa 4 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers attacked a number of Palestinian houses in Jalud village, southeast of Nablus city. (Wafa 4 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers torched Palestinian agricultural land planted with olive trees at the eastern part of Urif village, south of Nablus city. (Wafa 4 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers attacked a Palestinian vehicle owned by the Palestinian Mayor of Jenin governorate; Mr. Ibrahim Ramadan while he was traveling at Ramallah-Nablus road, and near the Israeli settlement of Shilo. Noted that Mr. Ramadan was in his way to Jenin city. (Al-Quds 4 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers living in Yetzhar settlement gathered at Qalqiliyah-Nablus road and closed it. (Wafa 4 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers gathered at the entrances of Eli and Shilo settlements and tried to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 4 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched four Palestinian houses in Huwara village, south of Nablus city and torched tools. The targeted houses are owned by: Thahir Mahmoud Odeh, Mazen Mahmoud Odeh, Ashraf Ahmed Khalil Odeh and Adnan Abu Haniya. And the targeted tools are owned by Mustafah Fawzi Mohammad. (Maannews 5 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Beit Furik village, southeast of Nablus city, and destroyed the houses contents. The targeted houses are owned by: Mohammad Al Hashish, Alan Mohammad Khatatba, Asad Shqirun Malitat, Nather Hinni, Nafer Hamad Nassarah, Jamal Nasasrah, Rabeh Khatatba and Majed Al Haj Husseen. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of five people. (Wafa & Pal Today 5 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing the injury of Musa Bashar Abed Al Karem Mubarak (17 years). (Wafa 5 October 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Lubban Ash-Sharqiya villages, south of Nablus city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Wafa 5 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers attacked Palestinian vehicles near Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. (Al-Quds 5 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers surrounded a number of Palestinians while they were inside an animal shed in Beit Dajan village in Nablus governorate. (Raya 5 October 2015)
Israeli settlers attacked the Prime Minister of Palestinian’s motorcade; Rami Al Hamdallah, while he was near Sarra village, west of Nablus city, and chanted anti Palestinian slogans. Noted that Mr. Al Hamdallah was in his way to Nablus city. (Al-Quds 5 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Balata refugee camp, east of Nablus city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, tear gas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Raya 6 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Huwara village, south of Nablus city. (Raya 6 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and searched three Palestinians houses in Nablus city and questioned the residents. The targeted houses are owned by: Karam Rizeq Al Masri, Zied Ziyad Ameer and Yahya Al Haj Hamad. (RB2000 7 October 2015)

Israeli settlers gathered at the entrance of Majdal Bani Fadel village in Nablus governorate, closed the entrance and tried to storm the village. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli settlers. (Maannews 7 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses and commercial structures in Beit Furik village, southeast of Nablus city. The IOA questioned the residents and destroyed the houses consists, also they stole money from the targeted houses. Four of the targeted houses are owned by: Ma’roud Hinni, Abed Shaher, Nassem Malitat and Ala Hinni. (Wattan 8 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Tell village, west of Nablus city, questioned the residents and destroyed the houses consists. Five of targeted houses are owned by: Mustafah Ahmed ‘Asidah and his brothers Abed As-Salam and Jamal, Adi Abed As-Salam ‘Asidah and Ahmed Mohammad Ramadan. (Wattan 8 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked a Palestinian vehicle traveling near Sarra village, west of Nablus city, at Qalqiliyah- Nablus road. The targeted vehicle is owned by Abed Al Men’em Al Bari. (Maannews 8 October 2015)

The Palestinian Minister of Technology and Commination; Alam Musa, was injured after the Israeli settlers hurled stones at his vehicle while he was in his way to Nablus city. (Al-Quds 8 October 2015)

Israeli settlers attacked a Palestinian vehicle near Tell village, west of Nablus city, while it was traveling at Ramallah-Nablus road, as a result the driver was injured. The targeted vehicle is owned by Khalid ‘Atiyani. (Al-Quds 8 October 2015)
Israeli settlers living in Yesh Kodesh outpost escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked Palestinian houses at the southern entrance of Qusra village, south of Nablus city. (RB2000 8 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) issued a military order to demolish a Palestinian house in Beit Furik village, southeast of Nablus city. The targeted house is owned by Nimir Al Haj Mohammad, a Palestinian outcast in Gaza strip. (Maannews 8 October 2015)

Four Palestinians were injured and tens of others suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Al-Quds 9 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the western entrance of Beir Furik village, southeast of Nablus city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians, identified as: Majd Mulitat, and Basel Abu Ghalmi. (Al-Quds 9 October 2015)

Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked Palestinian houses at the southern part of Qusra village in Nablus governorate. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians. (RB2000 9 October 2015)

Israeli settlers assaulted Palestinian farmers while they were harvesting olive trees in Yanun village, southeast of Nablus city. (Al-Quds 9 October 2015)

Israeli settlers living in Elon Moreh settlement destroyed a number of olive trees in Rujeib village, southeast of Nablus city. (Al-Quds 9 October 2015)

Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at the entrance of Al-Lubban Ash-Sharqiya village, south of Nablus city. (Al-Quds 10 October 2015)

Israeli settlers living in Mekhola settlement demonstrated at the Israeli Bypass road No.90. (Al-Quds 10 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury more than 45 people. (Al-Quds 11 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Qaryut village, south of Nablus city, and questioned the residents. (Pal Info 12 October 2015)

Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. The IOA fired live and
rubber bullets, and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 15 people. (Al-Quds 12 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers gathered at the entrance of Aqraba village, south of Nablus city and attacked a Palestinian vehicle. The targeted vehicle is owned by Amjad Khair Bani Jaber (36 years). (Al-Quds 12 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Beit Furik military checkpoint, southeast of Nablus city. The IOA used live bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of four of them. (Al-Quds 13 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Huwwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of two Palestinians. (Al-Quds 13 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained and assaulted four Palestinian farmers while they were harvesting olive trees in Tell village, west of Nablus city. The Palestinians were identified as: Abdalla Mohammad Abdalla Shteh, Ahmed Nayef Hindi, Muqdad Zedan and Karem Abed Al Men‘em Ramadan. (NBPRS 13 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a number of Palestinian houses in Asira Ash-Shamaliya village, north of Nablus city. 6 of the targeted houses are owned by: Salah Raghib Jawabrah, Ma’an Salah Jawabrah, Ahmed Saleh Raghib Jawabrah, Muntasir Saleh Raghib Jawabrah, Omar Bahjat Yassen and Mustafah Jawabrah. (Maannews 14 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers torched Palestinian agricultural land planted with olive trees in Jabal Salman area in Burin village, south of Nablus city, and opened fire and hurled stones at Palestinian farmers and International activists, causing the injury of an Italian activist. (PNN 14 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Authorities handed out orders to demolish four Palestinian houses in Nablus city. The targeted houses are owned by families of Palestinian prisoners in the Israeli Jails, identified as: Karam Al Masri, Yahya Hamad, Hakam and Amjad Awad. (NBPRS 15 October 2015)

- Jehad Hinne (19 yeas) shoot and killed by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the IOA at Beit Furik military checkpoint, east of Nablus city. During the clashes, the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 9 people. (RB2000 16 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched a Palestinian house in Nablus city. The targeted house is owned by Fathi Qatab. During the operation,
the IOA opened fire and injured the owner of the house. The IOA also, arrested Samad Abdalla. (ARN 16 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, tear gas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (ARN 16 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers attacked a Palestinian vehicle in Huwara village, south of Nablus city. The targeted vehicle is owned by Zakariya Atalla. (Wattan 16 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented Palestinian farmers from Burin village, south of Nablus city, from reaching their land to harvest olive trees. (Raya 17 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Beit Furik military checkpoint, east of Nablus city. The IOA fired rubber and live bullets, and tear gas grenades at Palestinians. (ARN 17 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers tried to kidnap two Palestinians while they were at the entrance of Burin village, south of Nablus city. The targeted Palestinians were identified as: Yousif An Najar and Arafat An-Najar. (NBPRS 18 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers stormed Joseph tomb, east of Nablus city. (NBPRS 18 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Nablus city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired rubber and live bullets at Palestinians, causing the injury of Bara Musa Sulaiman. (Wafa 19 October 2015)

- Israeli settlers prevented the Mayor of Nablus governorate; Akram Ar-Rujob, and a number of Palestinian farmers from harvesting olive trees form Palestinian land in Salem village, east of Nablus city. Noted that the targeted land located near the Israeli settlement of Elon Moreh. (RB2000 19 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) confiscated two water tanks from land in Aqraba village, southeast of Nablus city. The IOA claimed that the targeted tanks erected in an area classified as ‘closed military zone’. (ARN 20 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Authorities issued an order to demolish a Palestinian house in Nablus city. The targeted house is owned by the family of a Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail Raghib ‘Alawi. (RB2000 20 October 2015)

- Istabraq Ahmed Nour (15 years) from Madama village, south of Nablus city, was injured and arrested after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at her while she was near the Israeli settlement of Yetzher. (Maannews & RB2000 21 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered at the entrance of Madama village, south of Nablus city, and hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles. (ARN 21 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed a number of Palestinian commercial structures in Huwara village, south of Nablus city, and assaulted two Palestinians. At the same time, the IOA forced Palestinians to close their commercial structures, and they closed Huwara military checkpoint. (ARN 22 October 2015)

• Four Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city, where the IOA fired live bullets at Palestinians. (Wafa 23 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Furik village, east of Nablus city. The IOA fired tear gas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 23 October 2015)

• An Israeli settler living in Itamar settlement stabbed an Israeli human rights activist while he was helping Palestinians in their land which located near the Israeli settlement of Itamar. (Al Quds 23 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Yetzher settlement gathered near a Palestinian house in Madama village, south of Nablus city, attacked and tried to storm the house. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail; Istabriq Ahmed Nour. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli settlers. (Maannews 23 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers gathered at Beit Furik military checkpoint, closed it and tried to attack Palestinians. (Maannews 23 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers torched Palestinian agricultural land at the eastern part of Burin village. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli settlers. (Orient FM 24 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Suliman Ahmed (22 years) after stopping him at Za’tara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. (Wattan 25 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers opened fire at a Palestinian vehicle traveling at Ramallah-Nablus road. (Pal Today 25 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) gathered near Za’tara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city and chanted anti-Palestinian slogans. (Pal Today 25 October 2015)
• Israeli settlers hurled stones at Palestinian houses and commercial structures, which located at the main street in Huwara village, south of Nablus city. (Al-Quds 25 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided and toured in Huwara village, south of Nablus city. (Pal Today 26 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Elon Moreh settlement attacked Palestinian farmers while they were harvesting olive trees in Deir Al Hatab and Azmut village in Nablus governorate, and assaulted a Palestinian old man. (Al-Quds 26 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected an iron gate at Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. (Maannews 27 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Beita village, south of Nablus city. (RB2000 27 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out military orders to confiscate Palestinian land in Beit Furik (at Abdalla and Ash-Sheikh Mohammad areas), Salem (pool No. 8, at At-Tin area), Awarta (pool No. 3, at Al Ma’laqa area), Yasuf (pool No. 3, at Al Qarn and Ras Al Balad areas), As-Sawiya (pool No. 9, at Al Qarn and Ras Al Balad area) and Azmut (pool No 5) villages in Nablus governorate. (PNN 27 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles traveling between Bizzariya and Burqa villages, northwest of Nablus city. Also, they chased Palestinian farmers and attacked Palestinian houses in Burqa village. (Wafa 28 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) forced the owner of commercial structures in the central of Huwara village, south of Nablus city, to closed their structures. (RB2000 30 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Qasem As-Saba’nah (20 years) from Qabatiya village, south of Jenin city, and injured Feras An-Na’san (17 years) from Al Mughayyir village in Ramallah governorate, while they were crossing Za’tara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. (Al-Quds 30 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the western entrance of Nablus city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and detained four Palestinians. (Pal Today 30 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) detained a number of volunteers came to Burin village, south of Nablus city, to help the Palestinian farmers to harvest olive trees. The IOA stopped their bus and detained them at the Israeli Bypass road No.60, near Yetzhar settlement. (Maannews 31 October 2015)

• Israeli settlers attacked Palestinian farmers while they were harvesting olive trees at the eastern part of Burin village, south of Nablus city. The Israeli settlers also,
stole the olive crop sand the tools that used to harvest olive trees. (Wafa & Maannews 31 October 2015)

The Israeli Violations in Nablus Governorate during the month of November 2015

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Za’tara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city opened fire at a Palestinian vehicle while it was crossing the checkpoint. (Safa 2 November 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Joseph tomb, east of Nablus city, and carried out restoration work inside the tomb. The IOA closed the area. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA. (Al-Quds 3 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Nablus city, and questioned the residents. The targeted house is owned by Al Aghbar family. (Pal Info 4 November 2015)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tried to storm the eastern part of Qusra village in Nablus governorate. As a result, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 6 Palestinians. (Al-Quds 4 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Authorities informed Shawkat Ahmed Abed Al Jaber Khdeir from Beita village, south of Nablus city, that the IOA will demolish his house within the next 2 months. The Israeli Army invaded the house and took photos for it. (Maannews 4 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) handed out four military orders to demolish 10 Palestinian houses in Jalud village in Nablus governorate. According the IOA, the targeted houses are located near an Israeli outpost called “Ahiya”. (ARIJ Field workers 4 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched tens of Palestinian commercial structures and house in Huwara village, south of Nablus city. The IOA also, tightened its procedures at Huwara checkpoint, stopped and questioned Palestinians, and checked ID cards. (Wattan 5 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a sudden checkpoint near Deir Sharaf village, northwest of Nablus city. The IOA stopped, searched and detained Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Safa 5 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Beit Furik village, east of Nablus city. The IOA fired teargas grenades at
Palestinians and their houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. During the clashes, the IOA invaded and searched a Palestinian house owned by Jala Bassam Salman Nasasrah. (RB2000 7 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Za’tara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city, opened fire and killed Suliman Adel Shaheen (22 years) from Al Bireh city, while he was crossing the checkpoint. (Wafa & Al-Quds 8 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demonstration near Za’tara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city, and their reach to the entrance of Huwara and Beita villages in Nablus governorate. (NBPRS 8 November 2015)

- An Israeli settlers tried to ran over three Palestinian journalists while they were at Za’tara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. The three journalists were identified as: Issam Ar-Rimawi, Shadi Hatim and Majdi Ishtiya. (Wafa 8 November 2015)

- An Israeli settler living in Ma’ale Levona settlement opened fire at a number of Palestinian farmers while they were harvesting olive trees in Al Lubban Ash-Sharqiya village, south of Nablus city. (Maannews 9 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected 30 cement bloc at Za’tara military checkpoints, south of Nablus city. (Wattan 9 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation bulldozers razed Palestinian land in Khirbet Saloun in Qaryut village, south of Nablus city, to establish the Tourism project in Shilo settlement. (Al-Quds 10 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Joseph tomb in Nablus city and performed Talmudic rituals. (Wattan 12 November 2015)

- Mohammad Raid Khames Hinni (15 years) was injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the Israeli military checkpoint erected by the IOA at the entrance of Beit Furik village, east of Nablus city. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers gathered near Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city and hurled stones at Palestinian vehicle, causing the damaged in a number of them. (Safa 14 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) demolished a Palestinian house owned by the family of a Palestinian prisoner in the Israeli Jail; Karam Al Masri, in Nablus city. The IOA forced the residents in the nearby houses to evacuate the area and
fired tear gas grenades at them, causing the injury of a Palestinian old woman. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded Iskan Ar-Rujeb and Ad-Dahiya areas in Nablus city and demolished two Palestinian houses owned by the Palestinian prisoners in the Israeli Jails; Yahya Al Haj and Samir Kusa. During the operation, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 10 Palestinians. (Wafa 13 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) assaulted and injured Muhdi Nedam Mahmoud Mahareb (19 years) from Huwara village, south of Nablus city. (Maannews 16 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched several areas and neighborhoods in Qaryut village, south of Nablus city. (Safa 17 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Nablus city. The targeted house is owned by the family of the Palestinian prisoner; Rasem Khateb. (Wattan 17 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) tightened its procedures at the entrances of Aqraba and Osarin villages in Nablus governorate. The IOA erected military checkpoints, stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. The IOA also issued flyers threatened the residents in the aforementioned villages. (Wafa 17 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched dozens of Palestinian houses in Tell village, west of Nablus city. Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury two Palestinians and dozens of suffocation cases. During the operation, the IOA arrested 9 Palestinians, identified as: Hazem Tawfeq ‘Asida, Issam Hassan ‘Asida, Ahmed Yacoub ‘Asida, Ayoub Ahmed ‘Asida, Mahmoud Mustafah ‘Asida, Imad Yousif Rihan, Muaz Yousif Rihan, Musa Ahmed Yameen, Yaser Mohammad Ramadan. The IOA also, summoned Ja’far Yousif Rihan, Mohammad Saqir ‘Asida, Muthana Jamil Ishtiya, Issam Jamel Ishtiya, Anas Jamil Istiya and Osama Khalid Yameen, to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police in Huwara military base. (RB2000 19 November 2015)

- Israeli settlers living in Yetzhar settlement demonstrated at Huwara mean road, near Yetzhar junction, south of Nablus city and hurled stones at Palestinian vehicles, causing the damage in number of the vehicles. During the operation, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Huwara military checkpoint, and prevented Palestinians from leaving or entering Nablus city. (Safa 20 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed with earth mound the entrance of Aqraba village, southeast of Nablus city. The Palestinian tried to re-open it, but the IOA prevented them. (Pal Today 20 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed the entrances of Awarta, Osarin and Burin villages in Nablus governorate. (Pal Today 20 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) imposed curfew on Huwara village, south of Nablus city. The IOA forced the Palestinians to close their commercial stores. The IOA also closed Huwara military checkpoint for more than an hour (Maannews 22 November 2015)
• Israeli settlers attacked Burin High School in Burin village, south of Nablus city and tried to storm it. After the operation, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded the village, and clashes with the Palestinians, where the IOA used rubber and live bullets to attack Palestinians. (RB2000 22 November 2015)
• An Israeli settler hit by his vehicle Ashraqat Qatnane (16 years) from Askar refugee camp in Nablus city, while he was at Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. after the accident, the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at the checkpoint shoot and killed Mrs. Qatnane. (Al-Quds 22 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Beit Furik military checkpoint, southeast of Nablus city, for more than an hour. (Maannews 22 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed all the entrance of Aqraba village, southeast of Nablus city. (RB2000 22 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed ‘Ala Khalil Hashash (16 years) from Askar refugee camp in Nablus city, and injured Samah Abed Al Men’em Abdalla while they were crossing Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. (Maannews 23 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a number of cement blocks at Za’tara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. (Wattan 24 November 2015)
• Azmi Suhail Nafa’ (21 years) from Jenin city, was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Za’tara military checkpoint opened fire at him while he was crossing the checkpoint. After the operation, the IOA summoned his Father; Suhail Nafa’, to interview the Israeli intelligence Police in Salem military base. (Maannews 24 November 2015)
• Israeli settlers living in Yetzher settlement attacked a number of Palestinian farmers while they were harvesting olive trees in Al Mayadeen area in Burin village, south of Nablus city. (Maannews 24 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Beit Furik military checkpoint, east of Nablus city, and prevented Palestinians from entering the village. (Maannews 24 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed at Za’tara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city, shoot and killed Samer Hassan Sirisi (51 years) from Jenin city, while he was crossing the checkpoint. The IOA closed the checkpoint, and prevented Palestinians from crossing it. (Maannews 26 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed the headquarter of At-Tamimi transporter company in Krum ‘Ashour area in Nablus city and confiscated 8 buses. The IOA also, raided and searched dozens of Palestinian houses at the eastern part of Nablus city. (Maannews 26 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invade and searched tens Palestinian houses in Rujeib village, southeast of Nablus city. (Maannews 26 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Elon Moreh settlement tried to attack Palestinian houses at the eastern part of Salim village, east of Nablus city. (NBPRS 26 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers living in Elon Moreh settlement attacked a Palestinian shepherd while he was at the Israeli Bypass road near the aforementioned settlement, and stole a number of sheep. (NBPRS 26 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the eastern part of Qusra village, south of Nablus city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 13 Palestinians. (Maannews 27 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) confiscated a Palestinian bulldozer from Beit Dajan village, east of Nablus city. (Maannews 27 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinian and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Al Qa’da area, west of Beit Furik village, east of Nablus city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of Ibrahim Khatatba (14 years) and Salah Hanini (14 years). (Maannews 27 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked Palestinians in Qusra village, south of Nablus city. (Pal Today 27 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Huwara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 28 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) forced Palestinian farmers to leave their land, while they were harvesting olive trees, in Burin village, south of Nablus city. (RB2000 28 November 2015)

• Israeli settlers attacked Palestinians in Madama village, south of Nablus city, and threatened them. (RB2000 28 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) imposed blockade at Nablus city, after closing all the entrances. The IOA closed Huwara, Deir Sharaf, Beit Furik and At-Tanib military checkpoints. (NBPRS 29 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and searched three Palestinian houses in Askar refugee camp and Nablus city, and threatened to demolish the houses. The targeted houses are owned by the families of three Palestinian martyrs; identified as: Ashraaqat Qatani, Basem Salah and Ala Hashah. (Maannews 30 November 2015)

The Gaza Strip (September 2015 - November 2015)

Israeli Violations in the Gaza Strip during the month of September 2015

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city, and at Al Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahiya town. (Al-Quds 1 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) and bulldozers staged few meters into the eastern part of Ash-Shuaja’iya neighborhood, east of Gaza city, razed land and opened fire at houses and land. (Al-Quds 1 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city. (RB2000 2 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land, east of Al Burij and Al Maghazi refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 2 September 2015)
• A Palestinian was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at him while he was near the border fence, north of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 2 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) staged few meters into the eastern part of Gaza city and razed Palestinian agricultural land. (RB2000 3 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army and bulldozers staged few meters into Palestinian land, east of Deir Al Balah city in the central of Gaza strip. (Wafa 3 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Warplanes launched missiles at an area located near the border fence, north of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 3 September 2015)
• Bilal Musalam (13 years) was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at him while he was near the border fence, north of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 4 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city and Al Waha shore northwest of Beit Lahiya town. (Al-Quds 6 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses and land, located at the eastern part of Al Maghazi refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 6 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city. (ARN 8 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation jeeps and bulldozers staged tens meters into and area located near the border fence, east of Al Khaza’a town, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip, and razed Palestinian agricultural land. (Maannews 8 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya and Al Waha shores northwest of Gaza strip. (ARN 9 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses and land located near the border fence, east of Wadi As-Salaq and Johar Ad-Dik areas in the central of Gaza strip. ( ARN 9 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Navy opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city and at Rafah shore, southwest of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 10 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers and houses located east of Ash-Shaja’aya neighborhood, east of Gaza city. (PNN 12 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city and at Al Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahiya town. (Al-Quds 12 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) staged few meters into the eastern part of Jabaliya town, north of Gaza strip, and opened fire at a group of Palestinians. (Al-Quds 13 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land, east of Beit Hanun town, north of Gaza strip. (RB2000 14 September 2015)
• A Palestinian was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at him while he was driving his vehicle near the border fence, east of Khan Younis town, south of Gaza strip. (Maannews 15 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Al-Waha shore, northwest of Beit Lahiya town, north of Gaza strip. (ARN 17 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city. (Safa 18 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at a group of Palestinians while they were near the border fence, north of Beit Lahiya town, north of Gaza strip. (Maannews 18 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation warplanes launched missiles at an area located east of Jabaliya town, north of Gaza strip, causing the damage in the location and the injury of a Palestinian. (Al-Quds 19 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation warplanes launched several missiles at Abu Jarad area, south of Gaza city. (Al-Quds 19 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation warplanes launched two missiles at Palestinian land and water tank, northeast of Beit Hanun town, north of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 19 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Khan Younis shore, southwest of Gaza strip. (Pal Today 20 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation bulldozers escorted by the Israeli Army staged few meters into Palestinian land, east of Jabaliya town, north of Gaza strip, and razed land. (Maanenws 21 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya and Al Waha shores, northwest of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 22 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses and land, east of Johr Ad-Dik and Bo’rit Abu Samrah areas, east of Gaza city. (Al-Quds 22 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses, east of Al Shuja’aiya neighborhood, east of Gaza city. (RB2000 25 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses, east of Al Faraheen neighborhood in Khan Younis town, south of Gaza strip. (RB2000 25 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats destroyed a Palestinian fishing boat while it was sailing at Khan Younis shore. The targeted boat is owned by Fouad Al-‘Amudi. (Pal Info 27 September 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land, east of Al Maghazi and Al Burij refugee camps, and at the eastern part of Juhr Ad-Dik area, east of the central part of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 28 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses at the eastern part of Al-Maghazi refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Safa 29 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) and bulldozers staged 50 meters into the eastern part of Al Qarara town, northeast of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip, and razed Palestinian land. (Maannews 30 September 2015)

• Israeli Occupation warplanes launched missiles at Asqalan area and an agricultural land, northwest of Gaza strip, causing the damage in the area. (Al-Quds 30 September 2015)

• Israeli Warplanes launched missiles at a Police station at As-Sudaniya area, northwest of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 30 September 2015)

• Israeli Warplanes launched missiles at an area and land in Gaza city. (Al-Quds 30 September 2015)

Israeli Violations in the Gaza Strip during the month of October 2015

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses and land, located near the border fence, east of Al Maghazi refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (RB2000 3 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats attacked Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Gaza shore. The Israeli Army forced the Palestinian fisher men to jump on the water and then arrested two of them. (Maannews 5 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation warplanes launched missiles at an area located south of Gaza city. (Al-Quds 5 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) and bulldozes staged few meters into the northeastern part of Beit Lahiya town, north of Gaza strip, and razed land. (RB2000 8 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city. (Wafa 9 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Ash-Shaja’ya neighborhood, east of Gaza city. As a result, four Palestinian were killed and about 20 others were injured. The Palestinian martyr were identified as: Ahmed Al Harbawi (21 years), Abed Al
Wahidi (20 years), Shadi Hussam Dawla (20 years) and Iyad Nabil Sharaf (20 years). (RB2000 9 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. As a result, two Palestinian were killed, identified as: Mohammad Ar-Raqab (15 years) and Adnan Abu Aliyan (22 years). (RB2000 9 October 2015)
- Jehad Salem Abed (22 years) from Deir Al Balah city in Gaza strip, died of wounds he sustained on the 9th of October 2015, during clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Gaza city. (Al-Quds 10 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Gaza city. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 10 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live bullets at Palestinians, two Palestinians were killed; identified as: Marwan Hisham Barbakh (13 years) and Khalil Omar Othman (15 years). (Al-Quds 10 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Gaza city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (Al-Quds 10 October 2015)
- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Rafah shore. (Pal Today 11 October 2015)
- A Palestinian pregnant woman and her 2 years old daughter were killed and four others were injured after the Israeli Occupation warplanes launched missiles at their house in Az-Zaytun neighborhood in Gaza city. (Al-Quds 11 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of 6 Palestinians. (Maannews 11 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Beit Hanun town, north of Gaza strip. The IOA fired rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Maannews 11 October 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip.
The IOA used live bullets to attack Palestinians, causing the injury of 7 of them. (Al-Quds 12 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Beit Hanun terminal, north of Gaza strip. The IOA used live and rubber bullets to attack Palestinians, causing the injury 5 of them. (RB2000 13 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses, east of Al Burij refugee camp, in the central of Gaza strip. (Raya 13 October 2015)

- Two Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stationed near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip, attacked a non-violent protest. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Safa 15 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation jeeps and bulldozers staged 100 meters into the eastern part of Al Maghazai refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip, and razed land. (Wattan & Safa 15 October 2015)

- Shawqi Abed (37 years) from Jabaliya refugee camp in Gaza strip died of wounds he sustained 5 days ago during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Beit Hanun terminal. (Al-Quds 16 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Beit Hanun terminal, north of Gaza strip. The IOA shoot and killed Mahmoud Hatim Hamida (22 years) and Yahya Abed Al Qadir Farahat (24 years). The IOA also, fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 16 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 16 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Ash-Shuja’aiya neighborhood, east of Gaza city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and house, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Safa 17 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Beit Hanun terminal, north of Gaza strip. The IOA fired teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases. (Al-Quds 17 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip.
The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of three Palestinians. (Wafa 17 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation jeeps and bulldozers staged 200 meters into the eastern part of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip, and razed land. (Safa 18 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza strip, and at Khan Younis and Rafah shores. (Al-Quds 18 October 2015)

- Three Palestinians were injured and tens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Maannews 18 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at several shores in Gaza sea. (Raya 19 October 2015)

- Two Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Beit Hanun terminal, north of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Maannews 20 October 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Ahmed Sharef As Sarhi (28 years) from Deir Al Balah refugee camp, during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the IOA near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. During the clashes, the IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing tens of suffocation cases and the injury of 6 Palestinians. (Al-Quds 20 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Beit Hanun terminal, north of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of others. Noted that during the clashes, the IOA attacked Palestinian Journalists and Ambulances. (Al-Quds 23 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades at Palestinians. (Al-Quds 23 October 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, causing the injury of 19 Palestinians. (Al-Quds 23 October 2015)
Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at Palestinian houses located near the border fence, east of Khan Younis city and east of Ash-Shuja’aiya neighborhood in Gaza city. Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation. (Al-Quds 23 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 23 October 2015)

Yahya Hisham Karirah (20 years) died of wounds he sustained during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, northeast of Ash-Shuja’iyya neighborhood in Gaza city, on the 16th of October 2015. (Wafa 23 October 2015)

Khalil Hassan Abu Abed (25 years) died of wounds he sustained during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip, on the 16th of October 2015. (Maannews 24 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers and houses at the eastern part of Al Khaza’a town, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Pal Today 26 October 2015)

A Palestinian was injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) while he was near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Wafa 26 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation warplanes launched missiles at an area, east of Al Maghazi refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip, causing the injury of a Palestinian. (Wafa 26 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation warplanes launched a missile at an area located near Gaza international Airport, east of Rafah city, south of Gaza strip. (Wafa 26 October 2015)

Dozens of Palestinians suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp, in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA used rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Wafa 27 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land at Al Malaka area, east of Az-Zaytoun neighborhood, southeast of Gaza city. (Al-Quds 28 October 2015)

Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land at several areas, north of Beit Hanun town, north of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 28 October 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinians at the eastern part of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Pal Today 28 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live bullets, causing the injury of two Palestinians. (Maannews 28 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land which located near the border fence, east of Jabaliya refugee camp, north of Gaza strip. (Wattan 30 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades, causing, a number of suffocation cases and the injury of others. (Al-Quds 30 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Gaza city. The IOA used live and rubber bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (Al-Quds 30 October 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Beit Hanun terminal, north of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 30 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land near the border fence, east of Abbsan and Al Khaza’a towns, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Safa 31 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were near the border fence at Bo’rit Abu Samra and area 16, north of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 31 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire area, east of Gaza city. (Al-Quds 31 October 2015)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Az-Zudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza strip. (Wattan 30 October 2015)

**Israeli Violations in the Gaza Strip during the month of November 2015**

• Two Palestinians were injured after the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at a number of Palestinians while they were near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Maannews 1 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza strip. (Raya 2 November 2015)
• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp, in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Maannews 2 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp, in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live bullets at Palestinians, causing the injury of a 23 years old Palestinian. (Al-Quds 3 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land at Bo’rit Abu Samra area at the northern part of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 4 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land near the border fence at Wadi As-Salqa area, east of Deir Al Balah town in the central of Gaza strip. As a result, a Palestinian was injured. (Al-Quds 4 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinians while they were near the border fence, east of Al Magahzi and Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 4 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) and bulldozers staged 150 meters into Al Faraheen and al Qarara towns, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip, and razed Palestinian agricultural land. (Al-Quds & Maannews 5 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at Palestinians while they were near the border fence, east of Gaza city. (Wattan 6 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) shoot and killed Salamah Musa Abu Jam’a (23 years) during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the IOA near the border fence, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 6 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were near the border fence, east of Khan Younis and Deir Al Balah cities in Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 7 November 2015)

• A Palestinian was injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp, in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA used live bullets and teargas grenades to attack Palestinians. (RB2000 7 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Khan Younis shore. (Wattan 8 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) and bulldozers staged 90 meters into the Palestinian land, north of Beit Lahiya town in Gaza strip, razed the land and opened fire at houses. (Al-Quds 9 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land, near the border fence, east of Juhr Ad-Dik and Al Malaka areas, southeast of Gaza city. (Al-Quds 9 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya and Al Waha shores, northwest of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 9 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation warplanes launched missiles at an area located between Rafah and Khan Younis cities, south of Gaza strip. (Maannews 9 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya and Al Waha shore, northwest of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 10 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were near the border fence at Bo’rit Abu Samra and site 16, north of Gaza stip. (Al-Quds 11 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinians land and houses, near the border fence, east of Deir Al Balah city in Gaza strip. (Wattan & Wafa 12 November 2015)

• Israeli Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon revealed, on Thursday, that his government would start digging a “groove” around the Gaza Strip. According to Israeli military radio, Ya’alon said that his army is ready to start digging the groove around the coastal enclave very soon. The groove, he said, would be a deep and long hole in the ground to prevent infiltration from Gaza to Israel. Previously, informed and incredible sources told Days of Palestine that the Israeli army had already started working on the groove. “They imported 150 new bulldozers and started working in a deep and long groove around the Gaza Strip, from the north and the east,” the source said. He added: “The Israeli groove to be connected to the Egyptian, which already exists and is filled with seawater, from time to time.” According to the source, who preferred to remain unknown, the Israeli occupation is also to fill their groove with water, in order to damage the tunnels dug by the Palestinians from Gaza to Israel. After the Israeli occupation establishes the groove, the Gaza Strip would technically become an island, as it will be encircled with water from all sides. (IMEMC 12 November 2015)

• Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Ash-Shuja’iya neighborhood, east of Gaza city. The
IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of 5 Palestinians. (Wattan & Wafa 13 November 2015)

- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at the eastern part of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. The IOA fired teargas grenades and live bullets, causing the injury of 6 Palestinians. (Wattan 13 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Beit Hanoun terminal, north of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of 7 Palestinians. (Wafa 13 November 2015)
- A Palestinian was injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Wafa 13 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA fired teargas grenades at Palestinians, causing dozens of suffocating cases. (PNN 15 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses and land in an area located northeast of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip, where they forced the Palestinian farmers to evacuate their land. (Al-Quds 15 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Beit Lahiya shore, northwest of Gaza strip, causing the injury of two Palestinians. (Wattan 16 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses and land located near the border fence, east of Gaza city. a number of houses were damaged. (PNN 17 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian land and houses, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip, where they forced the Palestinian farmers to leave their lands. (Al-Quds 17 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Beit Lahiya shore, northwest of Gaza strip. (Maannews 17 November 2015)
- A Palestinian was injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Maannews 17 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land, at Juhor Ad-Dik area, south of Gaza city. (Al-Quds 18 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation warplanes launched several missiles at three areas in Gaza city and Al Burij refugee camp in Gaza strip. A number of houses were damaged. (Wafa 18 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land near the border fence, north of Beit Lahiya town, north of Gaza strip. (Safa 19 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya shore, northwest of Gaza city. One of the targeted boat was destroyed. (Wattan 19 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses and land near the border fence, east of Al Maghazi refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Maannews 19 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) east of Ash-Shuja’iyya neighborhood, near Nahal Ozz area, east of Gaza city. The IOA fired rubber and live bullets, causing the injury of 7 Palestinians. (Pal Today 20 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA fired rubber bullets, causing the injury of two Palestinians. (Pal Today 20 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, north of Gaza strip. The IOA fired teargas grenades and rubber bullets, causing the injury of a Palestinian. (Pal Today 20 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land near the border fence, at Al Malaka area, south of Gaza city, and at location 16 and Bo’rit Abu Sarmra areas, north of Gaza strip. (Al Quds 21 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Pal Today 22 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land east of Rafah, Khan Younis and Beiy Hanun towns, and at the northern part of Beit Lahiya town. (ARN & Pal Info 22 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya and Al Waha shores, northwest of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 23 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of a Palestinian. (Al-Quds 23 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation warplanes launched a missile at an area in Al Maghazi refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 24 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian houses and land, located near the border fence, east of Al Khaza’a and Abu Rida gate, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 24 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya and Al Waha shore, northwest of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 25 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) and bulldozers staged few meters into the eastern part of Ash-Shaja’iya neighborhood, east of Gaza city, and razed land around Nahal Oz area. (Safa 25 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) and bulldozers staged 300 meters into the eastern part of Jabaliya town, north of Gaza strip, razed land and erected earth mound inside the border of Gaza strip. (Maannews 25 November 2015)
- Two Palestinian fishermen were injured after the Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at their boat while they were sailing at Gaza city shore. (Al-Quds 26 November 2015)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinians farmers while they were working in their land near the border fence, north and east of Beit Hanun, north of Beit Lahiya towns in Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 26 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Gaza city. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of 5 Palestinians. (Orient FM 27 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) east of Al Burij refugee camp in the central of Gaza strip. The IOA fired live bullets and teargas grenades, causing the injury of two Palestinians. (Orient FM 27 November 2015)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near the border fence, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. The IOA used live bullets to attack Palestinians, causing the injury of two of them. (Orient FM 27 November 2015)
- Two Palestinians were injured during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Beit Hanun terminal, north of Gaza strip. The IOA fired rubber bullets at Palestinians. (Al-Quds 27 November 2015)
• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at Beit Lahiya shore, north of Gaza strip. (Maannews 28 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation gunboats opened fire at Palestinian fishing boats while they were sailing at As-Sudaniya and Al Waha shores, northwest of Gaza strip. (Al-Quds 29 November 2015)

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) opened fire at Palestinian farmers while they were working in their land near the border fence, northeast of Beit Hanun and north of Beit Lahiya towns and at Bo’rit Abu Samra and area 16. (Al-Quds 30 November 2015)

Annex,

• After consultations between the Ministry of the Interior, finance and other relevant departments in the promotion of the fundamental law, which considers Jerusalem the capital of Israel, the occupation’s municipality decides 260 million shekels to support the economy, education and other aspects of the city, as well as to strengthen the security in the city. Interior Minister; Silvan Shalom seeks to strengthen Jerusalem as the capital of the State of Israel, " adding that he would seek support Jerusalem's social and economic infrastructure and other areas. Where they decided to grant additional budget to the Jerusalem municipality with $ 57.5 million shekels. (Maannews 1 September 2015)

• Yaalon Won’t Raze Etzion Bloc Memorial Reserve. Contrary to earlier fears, Minister of Defense wants to legalize Oz Vegaon, not tear it down. Contrary to earlier fears and reports, Minister of Defense Moshe Yaalon wants to legalize the Oz Vegaon memorial nature park at Gush Etzion, not tear it down. The Head of the Etzion Bloc Regional Council, Davidi Perl, expressed his gratitude Wednesday for the decision by Yaalon to speed up bureaucratic approval of the park near the Etzion Junction, and prevent it from being destroyed. "The minister of defense has once again proven that he is a friend of the settlement enterprise,” Perl added. He said that the incident proved that working quietly and directly vis-a-vis the Defense Ministry is the best way to achieve results in Judea and Samaria. "Together with the security establishment, we will continue to take action toward the quick and quiet legalization of all of Judea and Samaria," he predicted. MK Oren Hazan (Likud) assisted in preventing the move to tear down the park. (Israel National News 2 September 2015)

• Netanyahu: Israel to weigh changing open-fire orders on those throwing rocks and fire-bombs. PM says that he is not willing to tolerate rock and petrol-bomb
attacks on a central road to Jerusalem, or inside the capital. Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu convened a special high-level security meeting on Wednesday where it was decided to increase security forces in Jerusalem and on Road 443 from the capital to Mod’in, and weigh new open-fire orders on those throwing rocks and fire-bombs. The meeting, which included Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon, Public Security Minister Gilad Erdan, Transportation and Intelligence Minister Yisrael Katz, General Security Services (Shin Bet) head Yoram Cohen, and other security officials was called in light of a recent spike in terror incidents in the capital and on 443, which is one of the major roads to and from the capital. According to a statement put out by the Prime Minister’s Office, Netanyahu said that he was not willing to tolerate rock and petrol-bomb attacks on a central road to Jerusalem, or inside the capital. “The policy is zero tolerance for rock throwers and zero tolerance for terror,” he said, legislating a minimum punishment for those offenders, “since the legal system is having difficulty dealing with juveniles” engaged in those activities. It was agreed at the meeting that the number of security forces along 443 and in Judea and Samaria will be increased, and that observation posts and intelligence gathering means will be enhanced. Likewise, two additional border patrol squadrons will be sent to the capital, as well as another 400 police. This is the second consultation on the worsening security situation that Netanyahu has held this week, saying at the end that the number of violent incidents needed to be drastically reduced. (JPOST 2 September 2015)

- Israeli Government Erases $76m in Debts Owed by Settlements. State writes off the majority of debts owed by dozens of Jewish settlements, but released figures this week only after Haaretz filed suit to obtain the information. The Israeli government has erased 65 percent of the debts of 36 Jewish communities in the West Bank and Golan Heights that are owed to the World Zionist Organization’s settlement division, forgoing 300 million shekels ($76.5 million) of the 360 million shekels these communities owe. Dozens of other settlements still owe money on loans granted as far back as 1978. The debts stem from loans provided by the WZO with government funds granted to settlements in the West Bank and Golan Heights, used for agriculture and development of the communities. The settlement division has done almost nothing to collect these debts, with only about 15 percent of the total paid back over the years. The management of the debts was faulty and part of the loans were listed for years in Israeli pounds (which were replaced by shekels in 1980, and subsequently replaced by the new shekels in 1985). Most of the loans were taken out by “cooperative societies” representing the communities, and some by the farmers themselves. In the
government’s annual financial report of 2010, the Finance Ministry noted that the debt collection over the years for the loans provided through the settlement division was minimal, or nonexistent. The treasury also pointed out that construction loans had not been listed in previous years, that no terms for their repayment had been set, nor any method of accounting and management of these loans determined. As a result of this report, the settlement division, in cooperation with the Finance Ministry, started a debt repayment campaign in May, 2011 to pay off the loans granted through the end of 2003. Regulations were published outlining how to write off such debts, and under which conditions debtors could turn to a joint committee of the Finance Ministry and settlement division to request that their debts be erased. In recent years, the state has listed these debts as having fallen from 588 million shekels in 2010 to 35 million shekels. In January 2015, Haaretz filed a request under the Freedom of Information Law to receive information on these debt settlements, including the amounts written off. The Finance Ministry refused to provide the data. Haaretz then filed suit in the Jerusalem District Court to receive the information. This week, a few days before the scheduled hearing on the petition, the state provided the requested figures “beyond the letter of the law,” it said. The documents reveal that at the end of 2013 there were over 100 cooperative societies with debts to the WZO’s settlement division, totaling 360 million shekels. The government estimates that only 60 million shekels of this amount can be collected. Among the major the settlements with the largest debts are: Kedumim (24 million shekels), Shvut Rahel (18 million), Halamish (17 million), Beit El (16 million), Kfar Adumim — where Agriculture Minister Uri Ariel (Habayit Hayehudi), who is responsible for the settlement division lives (14 million), Ofra (14 million) and Kfar Tapuah (13 million). In the Golan Heights, 36 communities reached debt settlements with the government. The original debts were 158 million shekels, but only 22 million shekels of this amount was paid back as part of the arrangements. After the debt agreements, the total owed by these communities was 49 million shekels — meaning a 64 percent write off. Sansana in the southern Hebron hills received a 93 percent debt relief, the largest granted. The community had borrowed 622,000 shekels and had not paid off a single shekel of this debt. In the end, the debt arrangement left Sansana with 44,000 shekels to repay. Shani-Livne, which straddles the Green Line south of Hebron, borrowed 3.1 million shekels, and after reaching a debt arrangement will have to pay back only 988,000 shekels. But the settlement division was quite generous to the community and will allow it to pay back this sum in 180 monthly payments — in other words through 2029. Neot Golan borrowed 4.7 million shekels and never
repaid any part of it. After the debt agreement the community paid 572,000 shekels — only 12 percent of the original amount owed. In comparison, Kfar Haruv on the Golan Heights borrowed 9.2 million shekels and paid back 5.3 million shekels over the years. It later repaid another 1.6 million shekels - for a total repayment of 74 percent of its debts. In the Jordan Valley the cooperative societies owed a total of 146 million shekels. But since only partial figures were provided concerning those communities, and it is difficult to estimate the amount of debt written off. The settlement division reached debt settlements with 372 debtors who owed a total of 17 million shekels. The average private debtor had 50 percent of their loans written off. (Haaretz 3 September 2015)

- Settlers to hold rally near Palestinian village of Nabi Saleh in support of IDF soldiers. The group will gather at the entrance to the Neveh Tzuf settlement, otherwise known as Halamish, which is located just across the road from Nabi Saleh. Right-wing activists and settlers plan to stage a protest on Friday on the outskirts of the Nabi Saleh village, 20 km. northwest of Ramallah, to counter the weekly Palestinian demonstrations held there. Led by Beit Aryeh Council head Avi Naim, the group will gather at the entrance to the Neveh Tzuf settlement, otherwise known as Halamish, which is located just across the road from Nabi Saleh. Naim said he was inspired to hold the rally in support of soldiers after he saw a video that went viral from last Friday’s demonstration in which women and children from Nabi Saleh attack a soldier as he tried to arrest 11-year-old Muhammad Tamimi, whose left arm was visibly in a cast. The video shows a partially masked soldier with one hand on a rifle and another on the neck of a terrified-looking boy. Palestinians from Nabi Saleh have held weekly demonstrations against Israel’s presence in the West Bank as well as what they term settler “land expropriation” since 2009. Most of the demonstrations end with Palestinians throwing stones at soldiers and soldiers firing tear gas to disperse the crowd. The time has come to stop these Palestinian demonstrations, not just in Nabi Saleh but elsewhere in Judea and Samaria, Naim said, adding that the IDF should use collective punishment against villages that hold these violent rallies. Soldiers are pitted against the protesters without adequate support, he said, particularly given that protesters often create negative videos of them that are then posted on the Web, such as occurred on Friday. On Wednesday, Palestinian Authority President Mahmoud Abbas hailed Tamimi and the rest of his family heroes. Last Friday, at his office in his Ramallah headquarters, known as the Mukata, Abbas received Tamimi and his family, including his sister Ahed, 14, and mother, Nariman, who was seen racing to his aid in the video and helping to beat the soldier. He thanked them for their
courage in “fighting for their land” and in “confronting the tyranny of the occupation.” Such “popular peaceful resistance” is a powerful weapon in the hands of the Palestinian people, Abbas said. (JPOST 4 September 2015)

- Israel Begins Construction of Fence Along Jordan Border. As refugees pour into Europe, Netanyahu cautions over 'countries losing control of their borders'; new fence will cost an estimated $75 million. Work on the fence along the Israeli-Jordanian border began on Sunday – about a month earlier than planned – and will continue for about a year. Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu said Sunday: "We see today what happens when countries lose control of their borders." He seemed to be referring to the massive influx of refugees from the war-torn Middle East and African migrants heading to Europe. The Defense Ministry moved up the start date of some of its contracts, apparently fearing potential infiltration by global jihad activists from Jordan. Defense officials have noted that the construction of the new airport at Timna required special preparations, since its perimeter will be only 200 meters from the border. The cost of the 30-kilometer fence that will be built at this stage is estimated at 300 million shekels ($76.4 million); building a fence all along the Israeli-Jordanian border would cost some 3 billion shekels. After the construction of the fence was approved by the cabinet in June, the state took pains to announce that the fence “would not undermine the sovereignty of Jordan’s Hashemite kingdom”. The speed with which the military formulated the plan and with which the government approved it indicates that Israel is eager to completely surround its land borders with physical barriers. The Jordanian border was Israel’s only land border not reinforced by a fence. Earlier on Sunday, Netanyahu bemoaned the "human tragedy" of Syria’s civil war and said Israel has aided its victims. However, he said Israel is too small to take them. Opposition leader Isaac Herzog said Saturday that Israel should take in a limited number of Syrian refugees. (Haaretz 6 September 2015)

- Record Number of Palestinian Structures Slated for Demolition in West Bank. The demolition orders have been issued against homes, cisterns and shacks in the area under full Israeli control. More than 11,000 demolition orders are pending against at least 13,000 Palestinian structures in the part of the West Bank known as Area C, which is under full Israeli control, according to data from Israel’s Civil Administration in the West Bank. The data show that in 1988-1995, only 49 demolition orders a year, on average, were issued in the 60 percent of the West Bank designated as Area C under the 1993 Oslo Accord. The average shot up to 304 in 1996-2001, then rose to 511 in 2002-2009; throughout these 13 years, there was a slow but steady rise from year to year. But in 2010-2014, the average almost
doubled, to 966 per year. Demolition orders are issued against many different types of structures, from homes and public buildings solidly built of concrete blocks through tents and tin shacks to sheepfolds, portable toilets, electricity pylons, solar panels and cisterns for collecting rainwater. What they all have in common is that they were built without permits from the Civil Administration. The UN Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs analyzed the Civil Administration data, which was obtained thanks to a freedom-of-information request filed by Bimkom – Planners for Planning Rights and independent researcher Dror Etkes. OCHA’s report will be published today. The data show that from 1988 through the end of 2014, Israel issued 14,087 demolition orders against Palestinian structures. Of these, 2,802, or 19.9 percent, were carried out. During those same years, the Civil Administration issued 6,984 demolition orders against structures erected by Jewish settlers. Of those, only 854, or 12 percent, were implemented. Some 300,000 Palestinians and about 356,000 settlers live in Area C. But OCHA’s report stresses that a strictly numerical comparison is unfair, because the two populations start from radically different positions. The Civil Administration has thus far approved master plans for Jewish settlements covering 282,174 dunams, or 8.5 percent of Area C. The unplanned area encompassed by the settlements’ municipal boundaries is much larger. In contrast, approved master plans for Palestinian communities cover only 18,243 dunams – less than one percent of Area C. Moreover, the report says, Palestinians filed 2,030 requests for building permits in 2010-14, yet of these, only 33 – 1.5 percent – were approved. In contrast, Israel issued tenders for building 2,359 housing units in the settlements in 2014 alone. OCHA began documenting the demolition of Palestinian structures in the mid-2000s. In 2009, it documented 190 demolitions, jumping to 351 in 2010 and a peak of 577 in 2011. In 2012, 2013 and 2014, the numbers were 524, 564 and 496, respectively. But this year is on track to set a new record, with 384 demolitions in the first six months alone. The report also quotes Israel’s rationale for the demolitions: They are a legitimate enforcement measure under Jordanian law – the law in force when Israel captured the West Bank in 1967, which the Hague Conventions require an occupying power to respect – as well as under military orders issued since 1967 and the 1995 interim agreement with the Palestinians, which said that planning in Area C must be approved by Israeli planning agencies. In response to the report the Coordinator of Government Activities in the Territories issued the following response: "The numbers that appear in the report do not correspond to what is happening on the ground, since, among other reasons, the report includes data from East Jerusalem, which isn't under our jurisdiction. In accordance with the interim
agreements Israel and the Palestinian Authority signed, agreements that are recognized by the international community, all construction in Area C requires the authorization of the responsible authorities. It should be noted that the Civil Administration is currently working on 13 outline plans, as per the requests on the Palestinian population, plans which are in advance planning stages, of which four have already passed the planning stage". Contrary to what is stated in the response OCHA’s report does include buildings in Palestinian Authority’s Jerusalem District, but doesn’t include those in East Jerusalem. (Haaretz 7 September 2015)

- Israel Bans Two Muslim Activist Groups From Al-Aqsa Mosque. Informal Mourabitoun and Mourabitat groups, composed mostly of Arab women and elderly men, demonstrate when Jews visit the Jerusalem holy site. Israeli Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon outlawed on Tuesday two Islamic Movement organizations operating on Jerusalem’s Al-Aqsa Mosque, known to Muslims as Haram al-Sharif. According to his office, the declaration of the two organizations, called Morabiton and Morabitat, as unlawful received approval from the attorney general. Consequently, anyone participating in the organizations’ activities, organizing them or funding them is subject to punishment by law. The declaration is backed by force of the Mandatory Defense (Emergency) Regulations. According to the minister’s office, the Shin Bet security service and police recommended outlawing the groups after Ya’alon was convinced that “the matter was necessary to protect state security, peace and public order. “The activity of the Morabiton and Morabitat groups constitutes a central figure in creating tension and violence on Al-Aqsa Mosque in particular and Jerusalem in general,” Ya’alon’s office announced. “The activity is inflammatory and endangers tourists, visitors and worshippers at the site, leading to violence that could harm human life. The goal of Morabiton and Morabitat is to undermine Israeli authority on Al-Aqsa Mosque, alter reality and existing arrangements and restrict freedom of worship, and it is tied to the activity of hostile Islamist organizations and even directed by them.” The northern branch of the Islamic Movement in Israel founded the two organizations – Morabiton for men and Morabitat for women – to harass Jews visiting Al-Aqsa Mosque. The organizations operate a daily shuttle service from the Triangle (a concentration of Arab villages including Umm al-Fahm and Taibeh), the Galilee and the Negev to the Al-Aqsa Mosque. A few dozen men and women usually arrive on a given day, joined by some East Jerusalem residents. The participants spend most of the day praying or listening to lectures, but when Jews enter Al-Aqsa Mosque, they draw close, shouting and cursing at them. This behavior has led to occasional
violence. Public Security Minister Gilad Erdan asked Ya’alon late last month to outlaw the groups. “These organizations stalk Jewish visitors to Al-Aqsa Mosque, yelling impassioned and inciting things and blocking the visitors’ way on the Mount,” said Erdan. “Their goal is to narrow the steps of Jews seeking to visit the Al-Aqsa Mosque through violence and intimidation, and I will do anything within my ability to stop the activities of these dangerous organizations that upset the balance on the Al-Aqsa Mosque.” The police a few days later began preventing almost all Muslim women from entering the Al-Aqsa Mosque complex before 11 A.M. They were permitted to enter after this hour, on condition that they leave their ID cards as a deposit. The directive came about because of the increase in run-ins and violence against Jewish visitors on Al-Aqsa Mosque by Morabitat members. The Shin Bet and the police had closed in January the offices of organizations set up by the northern branch of the Islamic Movement, which were dedicated to funding Morabiton and Morabitat. The organizations are “dedicated to hurting Israeli sovereignty at the site by violating the security of Al-Aqsa Mosque visitors, raising tensions and disturbing the peace,” according to the Shin Bet. Security officials say the NGOs that were closed recruited paid activists for both groups so they would visit Al-Aqsa Mosque every day at set times. Activists earned 3,000-4,000 shekels ($771-$1,028) per month, according to the officials. They added some of the funds were sent from the Gulf States, sometimes via couriers, to the West Bank, and from there were transferred to East Jerusalem. “When a group of visitors would arrive at Al-Aqsa Mosque, the activists tended to use verbal violence as well as physical violence against them, violating their freedom of religion in a way that threatens their personal security,” asserted a Shin Bet official. “The activity of these institutions caused agitation and incitement at the site, exploiting the holy site for Islam and Judaism.” (Haaretz 10 September 2015)

- **Settler housing finishes up by 54.8% from last year. Central Bureau of Statistics releases quarterly report on settler homes in West Bank.** The number of homes built in the West Bank increased 54.8% in the first half of this year, compared with the first six months of last year, the Central Bureau of Statistics reported on Wednesday. Similarly, there was a 49.6% jump in the number of housing starts in the same period, the CBS said. Its quarterly release of data comes as Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu headed to London to speak with his British counterpart, David Cameron, about the Quartet’s new push to revive the peace process, which has been frozen since April 2014. Palestinians insist that they will not hold talks with Israel until it halts all building in West Bank
settlements and east Jerusalem. Israel contends that such construction has no impact on a final status agreement for a two-state solution. In the first two quarters of 2014, ground was broken on 657 new West Bank homes, and an additional 657 units were completed. In terms of real numbers, the 983 construction starts in the West Bank make up only 3.9% of the 25,099 new housing units nationwide in the first half of 2015. Similarly, the 1,017 finished homes from January to June of this year equal only 4.7 of the overall 21,470 housing units completed the first half of this year. Still, the growth rate for new construction in the West Bank significantly outpaces that of new building nationwide, which registered a 7.9% increase in housing starts and a 6.9% rise in finishes in the first half of this year, compared to the same time period last year. Only the southern part of the country, which registered a 78.1 percent leap in new housing starts, outpaced building in Judea and Samaria. Yigal Dilmoni, the deputy head of the Council of Jewish Communities of Judea and Samaria, says that he welcomes all news of construction growth, but that this is still not enough to provide adequate housing for the nearly 15,000 new people who move into communities there annually. The new building in these areas was authorized as part of the agreement Israel made with the PA to release “murderous terrorists” in exchange for settlement growth, Dilmoni said. “We must be able to build in Judea and Samaria without freeing prisoners,” he adds. For the past year, residents in Judea and Samaria have persistently complained about a freeze in construction, noting that, while there is growth in some communities, many others are frozen. Peace Now executive head Yariv Oppenheimer says that the CBS data shows that “all complaining about a settlement freeze is an illusion and a spin. On the ground, things are being built all the time.” Such building, he says, destroys the possibly of a two state resolution to the Israeli-Palestinian conflict. “So this will be another year in which we are moving forward to a bi-national state,” Oppenheimer says. (JPOST 10 September 2015)

- High Court to State: Explain Plan to Raze West Bank Bedouin Village. Khirbet Zanuta existed before Israel was founded, yet has no building permits. Residents of Khirbet Zanuta, south of Hebron in the West Bank, received a reason for hope last week that they won’t be uprooted from the village they and their families have lived in for decades. Responding to a petition by the Association for Civil Rights in Israel, which represents the village residents, the High Court of Justice issued a restraining order in which it ordered the state to explain within 90 days its intention to demolish the village buildings before finding a reasonable solution for the villagers. The High Court’s position deserves attention, given the rise in the number of demolitions the Civil Administration has carried out in...
recent weeks in Palestinian communities without providing residents with alternative living quarters. The High Court ruling came after nearly a year of discussions between the sides that went nowhere. The Civil Administration issued 15 demolition orders for village structures in 2007, arguing they were built without permits. Israel refuses to prepare master plans for villages like Zanuta, which existed before Israel conquered the West Bank in 1967 and even before Israel’s founding in 1948 – so there is no legal way to ask for a building permit. The 27 families living in Zanuta make a living from shepherding and engage in subsistence farming. They lived in natural caves until the 1980s, adding stone entrances. The caves began to collapse, and the residents were forced to build tin shacks and tents next to them. Demolition orders were issued against these structures. ACRI petitioned the High Court in 2007, seeking a restraining order and ordering the state to prepare a master plan for the village, which is not connected to the national electricity grid or water system. A restraining order prevented the demolitions. The case went cold for three years until settler organization Regavim sought to join the process. Then the state filed its response to the petition. In addition to its basic position that the place is a random collection of illegal structures, the state argued that the residents should leave because they were living in an archaeological site (including an ancient mosque). The Civil Administration is developing the Meitarim industrial zone a few hundred meters from the village. The court ordered the sides to begin a dialogue. ACRI and Bimkom, a planning rights organization, proposed preparing a master plan for the village in its present location. An opinion paper by archaeologist Avi Ofer and architect Giora Solar, who specializes in conservation and belongs to the Israeli Institute of Archaeology, stated that like in other communities, Zanuta could exist in an archaeological site while conserving it. Civil Administration representatives stuck to their position that the residents must relocate to Dahariyya, in Area A (under full Palestinian control), and bear the cost of planning their new residences. ACRI filed its request for a restraining order on August 30, arguing the state had not answered residents' fears of relocation. An examination by Bimkom discovered that the area the state was suggesting was not topographically suitable. Even more serious, Dahariyya urban residents opposed this new neighborhood. Likewise, the new location offered next to the Tene Omarim settlement and the Har Mor farm is a recipe for altercations and blocking residents' access to grazing areas, based on past experience. Justices Hanan Melcer, Uzi Fogelman and Noam Sohlberg issued the restraining order. Attorney Sharona Eliahu-Chai of ACRI said the High Court decision confirms that the state did not answer substantial questions such as why it didn’t prepare
a master plan for the present village, and why it insisted on relocating the village to a place that does not meet the residents’ basic needs. (Haaretz 11 September 2015)

- Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu announced a toughening of the penalties for stone-throwers following a third day of clashes in and around the Al-Aqsa Mosque compound in East Jerusalem. Despite international calls for calm, Israeli forces stormed the site for the third straight day on Tuesday, leading to fierce clashes with Palestinian protesters. Netanyahu made the announcement at the start of an emergency meeting of ministers and security officials that was called after the death of an Israeli driver who lost control of his car on Sunday. Israeli police have claim that they suspect he lost control after a stone was thrown at his car, although they have released no evidence and the Jerusalem Magistrate's Court has issued a gag order on the details of the incident. "It has been decided to toughen the measures in many areas; a modification of the rules of engagement will be examined as well as the establishment of a minimum penalty for those who throw stones," the prime minister said. He added that there would be "significant fines" for minors who commit such offences, as well as for their parents. "On the day before (Jewish) new year, it has been proved once again that stones can kill," said Netanyahu, alluding to the death of the Israeli driver. In July, the Knesset passed a law making penalties for stone-throwing more severe. The new law allowed for stone-throwers to receive a 20-year prison sentence where intent to harm could be proven, and 10 years where it could not. At the time the bill was passed, Palestinian MK Jamal Zahalka said: "Who will the judge send to prison? He who demolished the home, seized the land, killed the brother, or the boy who threw a stone?" Israel detains hundreds of Palestinians for alleged stone-throwing every year, and Israeli rights group B'Tselem reported that from 2005 to 2010, "93 percent of the minors convicted of stone throwing were given a prison sentence, its length ranging from a few days to 20 months." Palestinians fear Israel is seeking to change rules governing the Al-Aqsa Mosque compound, which is the third holiest site in Islam, with far-right Jewish groups pushing for more access to the compound and even efforts by fringe organizations to erect a new temple. Jews are allowed to visit the compound at certain times, but are forbidden from praying there, under an agreement between Israel and the Islamic Endowment that administers the site. However, in recent weeks, and over the Jewish new year holiday, Israeli forces have restricted Palestinian access to the site while escorting large numbers of Jewish worshipers through it. These actions have reinforced fears among Palestinians that Israel wants to scrap the current arrangements and impose a
division of the use of the compound, with Jews in the morning and Palestinian Muslims for the rest of the day. Netanyahu during the overnight meeting insisted that the status quo at the mosque would be maintained, under which Muslims can visit the site when they wish. However, he said that he would not let "trouble-makers" upset visits by Jews to the site. *(Maannews 16 September 2015)*

**Palestinian hunger-striker Allan released from hospital and rearrested.** A Palestinian prisoner went on a hunger strike to protest his administrative detention, and was released due to his deteriorating medical condition. Muhammad Allan, a Palestinian hunger-striker who was released from administrative detention last month after refusing food for over 60 days, was rearrested Wednesday after having been discharged from Barzilai Medical Center in Ashkelon. The High Court of Justice ordered the release of Allan from his administrative detention in late August due to his deteriorating medical condition, including the revelation that his brain had been damaged. However, his medical condition had forced him to remain in the hospital. On Wednesday, after he finally was discharged from Barzilai, he was rearrested on administrative detention. Police did not immediately give an explanation for the move. *(JPOST 16 September 2015)*

**Israel approves new homes in Jerusalem settlement amid violence.** Israel has given a final approval for the construction of 153 housing units in a Jewish settlement neighborhood in Jerusalem, officials said on Wednesday. The approval was made as tension is running high in Jerusalem, amid four-day clashes between Israeli police and Palestinians over the Jews' rights to visit the flashpoint al-Aqsa mosque compound. Sapir Peles, a spokeswoman with the Jerusalem Municipality, told Xinhua that the housing units are planned to be constructed as part of a new country club in the settlement neighborhood of Ramot, northeast of Jerusalem. She added that the city's Local Committee for Planning and Building has decided to issue the permits after a preliminary plan was approved in 2009. The committee also revised building permits for additional housing units in Ramot, which were originally approved last year, allowing the contractor to add porches to 243 units. Hagit Ofran, a researcher with the Israeli settlement watchdog Peace Now, told Xinhua that the permits mean the construction could begin within a few days. "Expanding settlements is fanning the flames at a volatile time in the Temple Mount," she said, referring to the Israeli term for Haram al-Sharif, were the al-Aqsa mosque is located. Dozens of Palestinians and Israeli officers were injured over the past week, as police raided the Temple Mount/Haram al-Sharif compound in order to allow Jewish visitors
to the holy site. Jews revered the place as the site of their biblical temple. Palestinians consider such visits as a provocation. Israel occupied the West Bank, including East Jerusalem, during the 1967 Mideast War and has been controlling it ever since. The Jewish settlements are constructed on lands considered by the Palestinians as their future state. International law deems the settlement as illegal. (Sama News 17 September 2015)

- Netanyahu Asks Attorney General to Authorize Sniper Fire Against Stone-throwers. At emergency meeting on tensions in Jerusalem, it emerged that there is a difference in open-fire regulations for police and Israel's army. AG asked to okay police following same guidelines as military. There is a significant difference in the open fire regulations followed by Israeli Police and by the Israeli army. This is what emerged in Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu emergency meeting with senior members of Israel’s defense establishment on Tuesday about the increasing tensions and violence in Jerusalem. While the Israel Defense Forces permits troops in the West Bank to operate snipers and use small caliber 0.22 inch Ruger rifles fitted with a sniper scope, the police is not allowed to do this. When it comes to the IDF, sniper and Ruger fire are allowed when firebombs or large stones are being thrown and commanders in the field are certain that lives are in danger. Shots are mostly fired at perpetrators’ legs. In Jerusalem police units, meanwhile, such measures are not allowed. Open fire regulations only permit using crowd dispersal measures, such as firing rubber bullets and throwing tear gas grenades. Ahead of an additional meeting on the security situation set for Monday, Israel’s Attorney General Yehuda Weinstein has been asked to give an opinion on whether to allow the police to follow the same open fire regulations as the army does in the West Bank. Ruger rifles were used in the West Bank during the Second Intifada. They were prohibited for a few years after a number of Palestinian youths were killed by Ruger fire. Today, their use is once again permitted. Attendees at Netanyahu's emergency meeting Tuesday said that allowing police to follow these guidelines would only require an internal police adjustment, and not a change in legislation. If, that is, Weinstein okays it. The IDF says that the permissive West Bank regulations are necessary because of a great number of incidents where Israeli lives are in danger because of firebombs and thrown stones. So far, Netanyahu, Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon and Public Security Minister Gilad Erdan support police following the same guidelines as part of their fight against Palestinian stone throwers in Jerusalem. Netanyahu, who visited the Armon Hanatziv neighborhood in Jerusalem Wednesday - the site of the deadly car crash that took
place on Sunday after stones were thrown at the vehicle - said that the government would take an even harder line on stone throwers. The policy will change, "not just in Jerusalem and the main routes to [the city]. But also in the Galilee and in the Negev," he said. (Haaretz, 17 September 2015)

• Israel plans to bring in 20,000 Chinese construction workers. Move to import labor meant to target the increasing cost of living in Israel by increasing building efficiency. Israel plans to bring in 20,000 Chinese construction workers to help build new apartments as part of efforts to lower housing costs, Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu said today. Netanyahu announced the plan at the start of a cabinet meeting, his office said. The Finance Ministry later said the cabinet had approved it. Attorney General Yehuda Weinstein has opposed the move because the two countries lack a formal agreement related to such cooperation. The lack of an agreement can lead to immigrant workers paying middlemen hundreds or even thousands of dollars to obtain permits. Chinese workers are currently brought into Israel under private contracts between Israeli and Chinese companies. The two countries have engaged in negotiations on working conditions, but have not yet reached an accord. A statement from the Finance Ministry said that due to the urgency of the matter, the workers would be brought without a bilateral agreement, while creating mechanisms to ensure their rights were protected and prevent them from paying middlemen for permits. Netanyahu said that it was important to move forward despite "side costs," with the cost of living a major issue in Israel. "In my view, this is a necessary and important step to lower housing prices," Netanyahu said. Israel’s construction sector currently employs 216,000 workers, including 37,000 Palestinians and 6,000 foreigners, with some 3,700 Chinese. The Finance Ministry said the lack of skilled Israeli and Palestinian construction workers, as well as the instability in employing Palestinians - whose permits can be revoked due to the security situation - have created a shortage of workers. The Chinese's work pace in building high-rises was 50 percent higher than that of Israelis, Palestinians and others, the Finance Ministry said. China told Israel that it would not allow migrant builders to work on settlements in the West Bank. Construction in settlements, where some 400,000 Israelis live, accounts for about three percent of all new construction. (Ynetnews, 20 September 2015)

• Israeli Army Renovating Contested Hebron Building Where Settlers Live. House purchased by settlers in Palestinian neighborhood is to serve as military post, claims Israel Defense Forces. The Israel Defense Forces is renovating a contested building in Hebron to serve as a military post that was supposed to have been temporary when the army first moved in six years ago. The soldiers were
stationed in the building, on the main road leading to the Tomb of the Patriarchs in 2009. The army’s presence in the house, known in the media as the “house of contention” is not supposed to affect the right of ownership of the building itself. Work began about 10 days ago, using IDF career army personnel, apparently to install plumbing. According to the army, the work was carried out with the agreement of the owners although in the past right-wing activists opposed the army’s presence in the house, which they said the army has no right to use. Dror Etkis, who follows settlement policy in the territories, said with regard to the work now underway: “The time has come that every Jewish mother should know that her children in the army are responsible for getting rid of the settlers’ excrement, and not only metaphorically speaking.” Last April three settler families moved into the building after receiving permission from Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon. The previous month, the High Court rejected a petition by Palestinians and ruled that the building had been legally purchased by settlers. In 2012, the building was evacuated after a number of settlers squatted there. The IDF Spokesman’s Office said: “The High Court ruled that the building in question was purchased legally. The soldiers are present in the building for security reasons. The renovations in the house are being carried out to meet the needs of the soldiers and with the agreement of the owners. The four-story building, located in a Palestinian neighborhood outside Kiryat Arba, on the road to the Tomb of the Patriarchs, was built by Palestinian businessmen. In 2007, a group of settlers, who claimed they had purchased the building, broke into it. The settlers were subsequently evicted by the IDF pending a court ruling on the validity of the purchase, which Palestinians claimed was based on forged documents. In March, 2014 the Supreme Court upheld a lower court ruling that the purchase was valid, and the house must be returned to the purchasers. (Haaretz 20 September 2015)

- Israeli Army to Seal Off West Bank and Gaza on Yom Kippur. Border crossing with Gaza Strip will be opened during holiday only for humanitarian cases, IDF statement says. A complete closure will be imposed on the West Bank during the Yom Kippur holiday, just as it has in previous years, Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon has decided. In addition, all border crossings between Israel and the Gaza Strip will be closed for the duration of the holiday, which starts Tuesday night, a statement issued by the Israel Defense Forces Spokesperson’s Unit on Monday said. The closure is scheduled to last 36 hours, from noon on Tuesday until midnight on Wednesday. The statement added that the lifting of the closure would ultimately be determined “based on the situation assessment”. (Haaretz 22 September 2015)
Cabinet approves tougher punishments for throwing stones, firebombs. Measures include expanding conditions in which police can open fire, mandatory minimum four-year sentences and increased fines on minors’ parents. The Security Cabinet on Thursday evening unanimously approved a series of measures submitted by Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu aimed at cracking down on rock-throwing. Among the new measures passed was a change in the circumstances in which a police officer can open fire. Until now, opening fire could occur only when the officer’s life was in danger. Now, however, police will be permitted to open fire if any lives are in danger. Public Security Minister Gilad Erdan agreed with the stance taken by the police, which stated that it is impossible to tell whether stone-throwers are minors or adults, essentially meaning that police can also shoot minors who are throwing stones or Molotov cocktails. The ministers also approved the use of Ruger rifle to disperse riots, which is already permitted in the West Bank. The Cabinet also approved mandatory minimum sentences of four years for adults who throw firebombs or rocks. The four-year sentence is one-fifth of the maximum sentence of 20 years. The minimum sentence had been temporarily set at three years. Additionally, a decision was made to increase fines on minors and their parents for throwing rocks, Molotov cocktails, or firecrackers. This includes imprisonment and fines on minors aged 14-18 and their parents and withdrawal of support payments for imprisoned minors. The prime minister also noted after the meeting that "the possibility of imposing minimum fines on the parents of minors aged 12-14 and the imposition of one year bonds on the parents of minors under age 12, will be legally evaluated." Stone throwing, which has seen a sharp uptick in recent weeks in Jerusalem, has also become common in the Negev. Since the beginning of 2014, there have been 130 recorded incidents of stone throwing in the southern region. Wednesday saw police arresting 15 local residents who were suspected of throwing rocks at a police facility in Tel Sheva. (Ynetnews 24 September 2015)

Israel Will Never Hand Over Parts of the West Bank, Says Deputy FM Hotovely. Deputy foreign minister also says EU labeling of produce from the West Bank would be tantamount to a boycott of Israel. Handing over parts of the West Bank to the Palestinians is not "even on the list of options we’re offering the Palestinians,” Deputy Foreign Minister Tzipi Hotovely said in an interview on Sunday. While professing to support the creation of a Palestinian state in principle, Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu never said evacuating the West Bank was an option, Hotovely averred. The interview with her was published on the Times of Israel. In the absence of a permanent foreign minister – the post is held by Netanyahu – Hotovely functions as Israel's top diplomat. Hotovely also
said that any European country that introduces the labeling of settlement products will be regarded as supporting a boycott of Israel and will remove itself from playing a significant role in the Middle East conflict. She described labeling as a "red line" for Israel and threatened to downgrade Israel’s economic ties with countries that implement it. The European Parliament passed a motion earlier this month supporting the labeling of products from Israeli settlements in the occupied territories. The EU Commission is expected to decide on the issue next month. Hotovely added that Israel had mapped the European capitals which Israel believed could be persuaded not to implement EU labeling guidelines and would be embarking on a diplomatic campaign to lobby them. “Europe is Israel’s number one trade partner," she said. “They, too, have something to lose”. “Our concern is that once you put a label on Judea and Samaria, you put a label on Israel,” she said, referring to the West Bank. “We see it as a boycott of Israel for all intents and purposes. We view it as a slippery slope. It's simply a sweeping disqualification of Israel". (Haaretz 27 September 2015)

- Israeli Weekly newspaper ‘Kool Ha’er’, revealed that an Israeli construction company called “Euro Israel” started to market housing units in two residential buildings in a colonial project in the Israeli Settlement of Neve Ya’akov, north of Jerusalem city. This project consists of 78 housing units in 4 buildings; each building is consist of 9 floors. According to the company, and from the first stage of the project, which it included the construction of 37 housing units, they market about 22 housing units. And nowadays, the company is working in several construction projects in Jerusalem city; “Euro gold” in Har Homa settlement- 122 housing units, “Euro” project in the Israeli settlement of Pisgat Ze’ev, also the construction of 32 housing units in Arial settlement and 96 housing units in the Israeli settlement of Mod’in. While the Israeli Company “Tserfata Shimon” get the permitting to construct three residential buildings in Har Homa settlement; each building is consist of 9 floors, which means they will construct about 142 housing units. And the new project will located in the middle of the settlement. The newspaper also revealed that the Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem and the Israeli company “Moreh” started to implement new projects in the Israeli neighborhoods of Khoufat Shamual A&B by investing about 75 million Shekel to improve the municipality serves in the Israeli settlement of Har Homa. (Al-Quds 28 September 2015)

- Ya’alon in West Bank: There will be no settlement freeze. Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon says Israel will respond with a heavy hand to any threat to its security or sovereignty, the Hebrew-language Walla website reports. Speaking during a visit to the Hebron Hills in the southern West Bank, Ya’alon also says
that “there is not, nor will there be, a freeze in [settlement] construction, given that our legitimacy to settle the land has come under attack.” (Time of Israel 30 September 2015)

- Israel Intends to Authorize West Bank Outpost Bloc Containing Hundreds of Illegal Buildings. Plan revealed in response to Yesh Din petition to evacuate illegal outpost of Adei Ad, east of Shilo, built on private land and home to residents involved in violent acts against Palestinians. Israel intends to authorize a bloc of five West Bank outposts east of Shilo that covers six square kilometers and includes hundreds of illegal structures. The state submitted the announcement to the High Court of Justice in response a petition filed last year by the human rights group Yesh Din and the owners of the lands in question. The petition calls for immediate evacuation of the Adei Ad outpost because it was built without any building permits on private lands, and because outpost residents have been involved in violent acts threatening local security. In its response filed Tuesday to the High Court, the state announced its intention to authorize all the Shilo region outposts. To this end, work is being carried out to verify the borders of state lands in the area referred to as “Blue line team,” as a preliminary stage for authorizing the outposts. After the team’s work is completed, the state intends to evacuate buildings found to be on private land and authorize the buildings on state land. Sixteen buildings in Adei Ad are estimated to be on private land. The planning authorities have received from the Mateh Binyamin Regional Council a preliminary blueprint for planning construction in the location, which was discussed informally. A substantial bloc of outposts and farms were built in the late 1990s, spread over six square kilometers of state land. There are four larger outposts, each with dozens of families: Adei Ad, Kida, Esh Kodesh and Ahiya. There are in addition a number of smaller outposts, including the Yishuv Hada’at, Geulat Zion and Gal Yosef farms. The state response on Adei Ad suggests a total lack of enforcement of building violations over the Green Line. Data indicate that construction in Adei Ad began in the late 1990s, leading to 150 cases of illegal building, including 93 residential structures, nine agricultural structures, 27 instances of land development and 14 general cases. Despite the large number of cases, action was taken in only five instances to halt further construction. After the outpost was evacuated in 1999, the Civil Administration on three occasions seized portable structures and construction equipment, and twice demolished structures. Regarding claims of violence by outpost residents toward Palestinian residents, the state asserted that 36 cases were opened in 2014 in the Shilo area and the
adjacent Habladim outpost for illegal political acts including attacks and causing property damage. The cases led to 11 indictments against 19 individuals. In 2015, 16 cases were opened, only two of which have led to indictments. Three of the accused are from Adei Ad; the others are from the Shilo bloc, Beit El and Samaria. The chaos in the World Zionist Organization’s Settlement Division became clear in the margins of the state’s response. Settlement Division officials asserted they own the rights to the land and leased them for agricultural work. But the state’s response indicates that the division had only one land-leasing agreement, which was only for one year starting April 2000. Despite this, the division continued working the land as if it were its own. “Only a country that disdains the rule of law acts to authorize an outpost that the state itself admits is in the heart of a violent and criminal region,” says attorney Shlomi Zacharia from Yesh Din’s legal team. “Only a country that chooses to ignore the law and assists in its violation prides itself on awarding criminals rather than enforcing the law. It’s illegal and unethical behavior, which attests to the depths to which the rule of law has descended”. On the other hand, the head of the Mateh Binyamin Regional Council said that he welcomed the decision to authorize the outposts. “The state declared in the past that all that can be arranged will be arranged, and that is what we expect,” he said. (Haaretz 1 October 2015)

- Defense Minister Ya’alon Awards Controversial Church to Settlement Bloc. Army radio reports that the area will be a tourist site — not a settler compound — in the Gush Etzion region. Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon is awarding a controversial 10-acre church compound to the Gush Etzion settlement bloc in the West Bank, Army Radio reported Thursday. The former Presbyterian church has a strategic location: on Route 60, which runs north-south throughout the West Bank. A key issue is whether settlers would move to the compound, which sits between Hebron and Gush Etzion. Eight buildings dot the site. In late May, sources told Haaretz that a nonprofit group controlled by U.S. businessman Irving Moskowitz had bought the abandoned compound near the Arroub refugee camp between Hebron and Bethlehem. That reportedly happened three years ago, with the help of a Moskowitz ally on the Jerusalem city council, Aryeh King. In recent months, the purpose of renovations at the site was reportedly concealed from the Palestinian laborers. According to Army Radio, Ya’alon had no legal authority to stop the work; in any case, there were no immediate plans for people to move in, the station said. Instead, the site would be a tourist destination. A similar version was given last week to Palestinian news agency Ma’an by attorney Arieh Sokolovsky, but he said the land actually hadn’t been sold and reports of a plan by settlers to move in were false. “The church owns
the land and we’re renovating buildings so that they can serve as a hostel for Jews, Muslims and Christians traveling in the area,” he said. (Haaretz 3 October 2015)

- State Won’t Revoke Funding of Illegal West Bank Outpost, Despite Attorney General’s Instructions. Over $100,000 was given for infrastructure in Negohot, which has no building permits. 'Funds that were given illegally must be returned, and those responsible for the allocation should be prosecuted,' incensed Meretz chairwoman says. The Justice Ministry will not work to cancel an allocation of hundreds of thousands of shekels to build infrastructure for the Negohot outpost in the western Hebron Hills, even though the funding contravenes the attorney general’s instructions as the settlement has no building permits, Deputy Attorney General Dina Zilber has said. Zilber recently informed MK Zehava Galon of Meretz of the ministry’s position, although Galon had first protested the 400,000 shekel ($105,000) allocation two years ago. The funding came from the World Zionist Organization’s Settlement Division, which is controlled by the Agriculture Ministry. Zilber said the Justice Ministry would only make sure that such allocations no longer occur. The Justice Ministry decided this year that the WZO’s Settlement Division would no longer be allowed to fund third parties and that the government would be the only authorized body to transfer such funding. “Given the binding legal instructions in the legal opinion in general and on the issue of allocations by the Settlement Division in particular, I believe we have resolved the problem you indicate in your query,” Zilber told Galon. Galon was incensed. “Funds that were given illegally must be returned, and those responsible for the allocation should be prosecuted,” she said. “An absurd situation has emerged in which the sinner is rewarded, and the legal opinions of the attorney general become meaningless. “By ignoring the blatant violation of the law according to the legal opinion that came from his own office, the attorney general is undermining his authority to interpret the law for government agencies,” the Meretz chairwoman continued. “Transferring funds from the state to perform work without a permit or master plan is a criminal offense and the attorney general’s turning a blind eye makes a mockery of the law”. At the same time, another opposition MK, Eitan Broshi of Zionist Union, called on party leader Isaac Herzog to cooperate with Likud in drawing up a clear planning policy in the settlements. According to Broshi, encouraging construction in the settlement blocs, those areas it is assumed will remain under Israeli control if an agreement with the Palestinians is ever reached, would reduce the Jewish presence in isolated areas that will make it difficult to ever separate into two
According to Broshi’s data, the number of Israelis living outside the blocs rose from 18,000 in 1993 to 110,000 in 2014. During the past six years, the number of housing starts in the isolated settlements has risen to 40 percent of all West Bank housing starts. A policy of containment, he said, would “demonstrate the government’s commitment to the two-state solution, reduce the escalating friction, conserve resources and strengthen the Israeli presence in the central blocs”. (Haaretz 7 October 2015)

Settler Group Wins Right to Run Jerusalem Archaeology Park After Appeal. Court rules against state, allows Elad to operate site adjacent to West Wall. The right-wing City of David Foundation, better known as Elad, will be allowed to operate the Jerusalem Archaeological Park adjacent to the Western Wall, after the Jerusalem District Court on Monday overturned a lower court ruling that had voided the agreement enabling it to do so. The court accepted Elad’s appeal of the Jerusalem Magistrate’s Court ruling in its entirety, reinstating the agreement the NGO had signed with the Company for the Reconstruction and Development of the Jewish Quarter to manage the park and the adjacent Davidson Center, both major tourist attractions located south of the Western Wall plaza. Elad manages the City of David National Park, just outside the Old City, and is also involved in settling Jews in the adjacent, predominantly Arab village of Silwan. The City of David National Park is connected to the Jerusalem Archaeological Park via a Second Temple-era drainage tunnel whose excavation was completed in 2012. For decades the archaeological park had been under the control of East Jerusalem Development Corporation, a government company. After a lengthy legal dispute, the area was transferred to the Jewish Quarter development company, which assigned Elad the right to operate the site. When news of the agreement was published in Haaretz in early 2014, it was harshly attacked both by left-wing organizations, which oppose Elad’s activity, and by pluralistic Jewish organizations, because the site includes the wooden deck at Robinson’s Arch that was built for the Women of the Wall and other egalitarian prayer services. The leaders of the pluralistic groups had been promised by Cabinet Secretary Avichai Mendellblit, who had negotiated the establishment of the third plaza with them, that Elad would not administer the site. Shortly afterward, the State Prosecutor’s Office petitioned the Jerusalem Magistrate’s Court against the agreement. That court accepted the state’s arguments and canceled the agreement on grounds that the government company needed the government’s approval before transferring the site to the NGO. Elad appealed the ruling in November, and on Monday judges Moshe Drori, David Cheshin and Oded Shaham ruled in its favor. The judges rejected the state’s argument that
transferring the site to Elad’s control would harm state security, citing the testimony of the David precinct commander who praised Elad for its cooperation with police. The judges also rejected the argument that transferring the site to the right-wing group would generate incitement by Sheikh Ra’ad Salah, who heads the northern branch of the Islamic Movement in Israel. “It’s hard to understand how the state chooses to rely on Salah’s ‘expertise,’ when the state itself, less than a year ago, filed a criminal appeal against Salah who incited to racism,” Drori wrote. Similarly, the court rejected the claim that the agreement would harm Israel’s foreign relations, particularly ties with Jordan, and the claim that the agreement would undermine the government’s negotiations with the pluralistic Jewish groups, saying these arguments were insufficient to cancel the agreement. However, during the hearings Elad agreed to relinquish control of the section of the park closest to the Western Wall, where the egalitarian prayer area is located. (Haaretz 13 October 2015)

- Is Netanyahu Responsible for Rise in Settler Numbers? In a recording of a meeting broadcast on Army Radio, Netanyahu is heard boasting that the number of settlers has grown by 120,000 during his time in power. While this is correct, it isn’t due to settlement construction. Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu said on Tuesday that the number of West Bank settlers has grown by about 120,000 since he took office in 2009. But while the number is correct, the reason has little to do with the pace of construction in the settlements during his tenure. In fact, since Netanyahu became prime minister in 2009, there has been less construction activity in the settlements than under any other prime minister since 1995. Netanyahu made his statement during an internal meeting on Tuesday, in an effort to rebuff growing criticism from the right. A recording of his remarks was obtained later by Michal Shemesh, a reporter for Army Radio. “The left accuses us that from 280,000 [settlers] we’ve risen to 400,000, and that was during years when we were told that official U.S. policy was not even one house,” Netanyahu can be heard to say. “Praise God, this isn’t far from the truth. It’s the biggest increase in our world”. This increase, however, isn’t because Netanyahu has gone on a building spree. According to data from the Housing and Construction Ministry, an average of 1,554 houses a year were built in the settlements from 2005 to 2014 — fewer than under any of his recent predecessors. By comparison, the annual average was 1,881 under Ariel Sharon and 1,774 under Ehud Olmert. As for Ehud Barak, during his single full year as prime minister, in 2000, he built a whopping 5,000 homes in the settlements. The current rate is also only about half the pace of settlement construction during Netanyahu’s first term of office, in 1996-99, when it averaged almost 3,000 homes a year. So why has the number of
settlers increased so sharply? Due to natural growth, especially in the two ultra-Orthodox towns of Betar Illit and Modi’in Illit. According to the Central Bureau of Statistics, the fertility rate in the settlements is 5.01 children per woman, which is far higher than anywhere else in Israel. In the northern district, which ranks second, the fertility rate is just 3.91 children per woman. Thus in 2013, for instance, 12,129 children were born in the settlements and only 535 people died. This is also a very low death rate, which stems from the fact that the settler population is relatively young. The statistics bureau’s data also shows that 74 percent of the growth in the number of settlers from 2009-2014 stemmed from natural increase. In 2014, for instance, the number of settlers rose by 14,200. Of these, 11,800, or 83 percent of the growth, was a result of natural increase (births minus deaths) and only 2,400 the result of net migration to the settlements. In 2012, by contrast, natural increase accounted for only 68 percent of the total increase in the number of settlers. (Haaretz 14 October 2015)

- Olmert, Sharon, and Barak built more in settlements than I did,' Netanyahu says. Attempts to tie Israeli building with the current wave of terror is "patently absurd" and its proponents believe in it with "religious fervor," the premier said. Rejecting suggestions that Israeli expansion of Jewish settlements in the West Bank is responsible for fueling the recent wave of Palestinian violence, Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu told delegates at the World Zionist Congress in Jerusalem on Tuesday that his administrations have built less aggregate homes beyond the Green Line than his three predecessors - Ehud Olmert, Ariel Sharon, and Ehud Barak. "During my first term as prime minister, we built, on average, 3,000 housing units per year in Judea and Samaria," Netanyahu said. "When Barak was prime minister, he built 5,000 units, Sharon built 1,900 units, and Olmert built 1,700 units." "In light of the circumstances, the average number of housing units built during my terms in office dropped to 1,500 per year," the premier said. "We can have a discussion about this another time, but facts are facts," Netanyahu said. "These numbers are precise. So instead of seeing a rise in settlement construction, there has actually been a drop." In 2010, Netanyahu’s government approved a 10-month freeze on construction in the settlements as a gesture to the Palestinian Authority before the start of direct peace negotiations. Attempts to tie Israeli building with the current wave of terror is "patently absurd" and its proponents believe in it with “religious fervor,” he asserted, recalling Israel’s 2005 unilateral withdrawal from the Gaza
strip. Tel Aviv and other cities outside of Judea and Samaria are also considered settlements by the Palestinians, he added. While Netanyahu has a reputation as a strong proponent for settlement expansion, data from the Central Bureau of Statistics indicate that under Netanyahu showed housing starts in West Bank settlements dropped 19 percent and the number of finished settler homes fell 15% when compared with 2003 to 2008. Last week US Secretary of State John Kerry linked settlement building with the current wave of terror attacks here, stating that “there’s been a massive increase in settlements over the course of the last few years, and now you have this violence because there’s a frustration that is growing.” After heated objections from Israel and Jewish groups, the State Department partially walked back Kerry’s comments. "The secretary wasn't saying, 'Well now you have the settlement activity as the cause for the effect we're seeing,'" a spokesman told The Jerusalem Post. "Is it a source of frustration for Palestinians? You bet it is, and the secretary observed that. But this isn't about affixing blame on either side here for the violence. What we want to see is the violence cease.” Netanyahu has blamed the rise in violence on Palestinian incitement generally and on Palestinian Authority President Mahmoud Abbas specifically. Speaking on Palestinian Authority television recently, PA President Mahmoud Abbas stated that “we bless every drop of blood that has been spilled for Jerusalem, which is clean and pure blood, blood spilled for Allah, Allah willing.” “The al-Aksa [Mosque] is ours, the Church of the Holy Sepulchre is ours, and they have no right to defile them with their filthy feet. We will not allow them to, and we will do everything in our power to protect Jerusalem.” The international community has given the PA a “pass,” Netanyahu said Tuesday, asserting that the “core of the conflict” was the Palestinians’ “persistent refusal to recognize the Jewish state.” “There is no way to battle lies except to tell the truth,” he added, saying that a “peace based on lies will crash against the rocks of reality.” “We want a real peace” in which Jewish rights are respected, he asserted. “The biggest battle we have to fight is the battle for facts.” Israel yesterday came out against a draft resolution brought before the United Nations United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization by several Arab states on behalf of the PA, which declares the Western Wall to be part of the al-Aksa mosque. Speaking to the Zionist delegates, Netanyahu stated that despite the Temple Mount being holy to Jews long before the advent of Islam, Jerusalem has no interest in changing the status quo at the site in which Jewish prayer is forbidden and the Waqf, an Islamic religious endowment, controls day to day operations. He also rejected the claims of the leaders of the Arab world that Israel wants to destroy the al-Aksa Mosque. "This lie has been 100 years old.
But going to the Temple Mount, the al-Aksa mosque stands.” Israel is the only one that preserves the mosque,” declared Netanyahu, saying that Islamic holy places were destroyed during the internal conflict in the Arab world. "We have witnessed a lot of changes since the last Congress, a lot of opportunities, a lot of challenges," the prime minister said. "Despite our efforts for peace we are in a campaign aimed at killing Israelis wherever they may be. We know the various attackers use Facebook to deliver messages and their intentions. We are fighting not only against physical attacks, but also attack against the truth." (JPOST 20 October 2015)

- Pro-settler lobby: Apply Israeli law in settlement building. Ministers join ‘Land of Israel’ bloc in demanding more construction in West Bank. The Land of Israel Caucus held its inaugural meeting in the 20th Knesset on Wednesday, with members from the coalition and opposition, and support from ministers. MK Yoav Kisch (Likud), who co-chairs the caucus with MK Bezalel Smotrich (Bayit Yehudi), began with a call to action to Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu and Yisrael Beytenu chairman Avigdor Liberman to “put your anger and egos aside and work together in a united, right-wing government. “Yisrael Beytenu belongs in the coalition,” he said, adding that a stable, strong right-wing coalition can help the caucus obtain its goals. Kisch also called on caucus members to sign his bill applying Israeli building and construction laws to the West Bank. The bill would allow residents of the area to go through the regular bureaucracy process when building beyond the Green Line, without needing approval from the IDF, which governs in the West Bank. “The settlers in Israeli towns in Judea and Samaria have a great difficulty when it comes to laws relating to land or to building and construction, from building pergolas to more significant and larger things, and that is because the laws do not apply to them,” the bill’s explanatory portion states. Bills applying Israeli laws to the West Bank have been controversial in the past, with the Left considering them to be a form of creeping annexation. Kisch’s bill is almost identical to one proposed by now-Deputy Foreign Minister Tzipi Hotovely in the 18th Knesset. “This will make life significantly easier for residents of Judea and Samaria, especially in the bigger towns,” Kisch said. Kisch told the many caucus supporters crowding in the conference room in the Knesset that the group is meant to “spearhead resolving and developing settlements in Judea and Samaria” and to “protect the rights and security of its residents.” One of the caucus’ central goals will be to “totally bury the Talia Sasson report and fully adopt the Levy report,” Kisch said. The 2005 Sasson report, commissioned by the Sharon government found Israeli state institutions had diverted millions of shekels to build illegal settlements and
outposts. The Levy Report, published in 2012 by a committee commissioned by Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu, said that Israel does not occupy the West Bank, that settlements are legal, recommends authorizing outposts, and proposes guidelines for building new settlements. Knesset Speaker Yuli Edelstein expressed his support for the caucus, saying that “as a resident of Judea and Samaria for the past 28 years... I would like to see the caucus do practical things, starting with legislation. If [Kisch’s] bill will make things more simple, the caucus will have justified itself for the coming years.” Edelstein added that the broad representation of MKs from different parties in the caucus makes him optimistic. “Ideology is the basis of [the caucus],” he said. “Anyone who doesn’t think we have a right to Judea and Samaria wouldn’t be here.” The Land of Israel Caucus in the 20th Knesset is made up of MKs from Likud, Kulanu, Bayit Yehudi, Yisrael Beytenu and UTJ. MK Eli Cohen said most his party Kulanu’s MKs support the caucus, because settlements are important to them. “We have a national and socioeconomic interest to strengthen them. We want to give these towns the operative tools to continue developing,” Cohen said. Some in the committee expressed disappointment that the government is not building enough in the West Bank. Agriculture Minister Uri Ariel recounted that on Tuesday, “Netanyahu bragged that he built less than anyone else... I’ve never heard anything like it and I hope not to again. “There is not enough construction in Jerusalem, and Judea and Samaria,” Ariel added. Ma’aleh Adumim Mayor Benny Kashriel complained that the caucus has existed for six years and it hasn’t succeeded in bringing more construction. He threatened not to vote for Likud in the future, saying: “No construction, no votes.” Welfare Minister Haim Katz said Kashriel is right to complain, and lamented that “the people in power think being quiet shows strength. “We’re not trying to take over new land. We’re asking for what we need to live,” Katz said. “When you need me, I will be there to support you.” Settlement activist Daniella Weiss wondered why the government isn’t trying to build on unsettled land. Tourism Minister Yariv Levin, a former caucus chairman, warned that “we may have to make difficult decisions in the coming days... but I am convinced we will come out stronger. “We should apply sovereignty to the entire Land of Israel,” Levin said. (JPOST 22 October 2015)

- **Netanyahu approves urban planning in settlement.** Following protests in front of his house, the prime minister agrees to an urban building plan for Itamar the West Bank. Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu this week approved an urban development plan for Itamar settlement in the West Bank’s Shomron Regional Council, one week after a protest tent opposite his house was
The decision retroactively approves buildings that are already standing in Itamar and further grants permits for the construction of schools, kindergartens and other public institutions. Itamar has become a symbol for many settlers, following the massacre of the Fogel family in 2011. Immediately following the murders, many demanded the approval of an urban development plan for the settlement. Settlers claimed that the gap in security arrangements for the settlement caused by the lack of approval for a building plan led to the massacre not being prevented. The approval was one of the central goals of Yossi Dagan, the head of the Shomron Regional Council. Dagan established the protest tent outside Netanyahu’s house after the murder of Naama and Eitam Henkin a few weeks ago. It is understood that the approval does not allow for additional homes to be built, but rather only buildings that will serve the residential houses that are already in place. While waiting for the approval, children in Itamar were unable to attend school in a fixed location. The Ministry of Finance only recently provided funds to the Shomron Regional Council for the building of a day care center, but because the urban development plan had not yet been approved, the building never became active. "Small approvals such as these are a mockery and do nothing for settlements," the Yesha Council, which represents numerous municipal councils, said regarding the decision. "We are talking about plans that include new neighborhoods and expansion of settlements, but in practice they are reduced to plans that only include what has already been built, with no approval for new housing units," the council added. "Approvals that only deal with existing buildings are also only given after a delay and offer nothing new. This building freeze is by design and the halt in construction is the current government’s biggest failure." Dagan said: "The decision to approve an urban development plan for Itamar is ultimately just a correction to a years-long injustice to Israelis living in the settlement, who have had to deal with murderous terror attacks. "The children in Itamar, like children in Tel Aviv, have the right to an education in kindergartens and schools in a permanent building and not just in caravans," Dagan continued. "The approved plan only relates to existing structures and unfortunately does not give any momentum to building in the settlement," he added. "It must be emphasized that we still expect the prime minister to make a meaningful turnaround and stop the strangulation of construction in Judea and Samaria. "We also need approval for settlements to develop according to their needs and for new buildings and new settlements," Dagan continued. Dagan refused to confirm whether he had reached an agreement with the prime minister to fold up the tent outside the PM's house. After the tent was packed up Dagan put out a vague statement, saying that
progress had been made on the issue of security but things remained stuck regarding construction. (Ynetnews 23 October 2015)

- Government leaves most settlements out of tax-break list. MK Yoel Hasson (Zionist Union) said that the Likud gave into religious right-wing extremists. The Finance Committee is prepared to vote this week, possibly as early as Monday, on a new list of periphery communities that qualify for tax breaks. The list excludes most West Bank settlements, as well as some Israeli cities, such as Ma'alot and Nahariya, which had previously enjoyed the tax benefits. A meeting between Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu and the heads of coalition on Sunday affirmed the list that was prepared by Finance Committee Chairman Moshe Gafni. The number of periphery towns and cities to receive tax breaks will increase from 192 to 407, based on new eligibility criteria. The budget for the expanded list will go up from NIS 850 million to NIS 1.2 billion. Kiryat Arba and settlements in the Har Hebron region of the West Bank are among 28 Judea and Samaria communities included in the slate of periphery towns to receive a six percent tax break, because they meet the same criteria as the other municipalities. On Sunday, the coalition party heads added the Jewish community of Hebron to the list. MK Bezalel Smotrich (Bayit Yehudi) called last week for 60 settlements under high security risk to be given tax benefits, saying that the Prime Minister’s Office and Finance Ministry agreed to do so, but Knesset Finance Committee chairman Moshe Gafni (UTJ) was adamantly opposed, saying it would be too costly, and his position was accepted on Sunday. Instead, the coalition party leaders agreed to give the settlements under risk security grants. Smotrich said Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu is “trampling settlements in Judea and Samaria” and called on his party leader, Education Minister Naftali Bennett, not to accept the outcome. “This is another way that Netanyahu is harming settlements. In the last two years, Bibi hasn’t allowed planning or construction, and now he is excluding them from tax benefits,” Smotrich stated. Deputy Housing Minister Jackie Levy, however, was satisfied with the decision, and thanked Netanyahu, Finance Minister Kahlon, Gafni and government liaison to the Knesset Tourism Minister Yariv Levin for “standing up to pressure and fulfilling their promise to those fighting the just battle for residents of the periphery, which bore fruit.” Still, towns in the periphery whose benefits were slashed lamented the decision, and some threatened to go on strike. Nahariya Mayor Jacky Sabag said that the towns whose benefits were cut will go on strike on Wednesday, and that he and Ma’alot Mayor Shlomo Bohbot are working on a plan to fight the changes. According to Sabag, many people decide to live in the periphery because of the tax break. “Nahariya is the biggest city in the [Western
Galilee region and it provides work to many residents and employers,” he stated. “If the percentages of the benefit are reduced, it will be a serious blow that we cannot absorb.” Acre mayor Shimon Lankri wrote a letter to Netanyahu and Kahan demanding that his town continue to receive tax benefits. The new criteria “can cause great damage to the continued development of the city and will cause people to leave,” he wrote. “In the name of the residents of the city of Acre, I ask you to oppose the new outline, examine the map of beneficiaries in a measured, responsible way and leave the tax benefits the way they are today.” MK Yoel Hasson (Zionist Union) said that the Likud gave into religious right-wing extremists. “Netanyahu lied to periphery residents. 10,565 residents of Nahariya voted for the Likud in the last election. Not a year has passed since Likud MKs went to get votes from the periphery, and today they’re being thrown in the trash in favor of the true guests of honor in the Likud, residents of isolated settlements,” Hasson stated. MK Esawi Frej (Meretz) wondered “how twisted can a government’s priorities be if it gives tax benefits to Jewish ‘provocateurs’ in Hebron and takes them away from Nahariya and Ma’alot.” According to Frej, the decisions were made “under threats from Smotriches” and shows that those who threaten end up benefiting. (JPOST 25 October 2015)

- Ya’alon: There is no West Bank settlement freeze. “The Palestinians didn’t come to the [negotiating] table even when we froze construction,” defense minister said. Israel plans to continue to build responsibly in Judea and Samaria, Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon said on Sunday, attempting to dispel rumors that Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu had promised the Americans he would stop Jewish building in the West Bank. “We haven’t frozen construction,” Ya’alon told Israel Radio. “No decision was taken to do so.” The only freeze Netanyahu has ever imposed was a moratorium on settlement starts for ten months from November 2009 to September 2010. That moratorium was the result of American pressure, but in the end, it didn’t lead to anything, Ya’alon noted. “Since then we have been building,” he said. One of the Palestinians’ criteria for the resumption of talks with Israel is a freeze on settlement construction and Jewish building in Judea and Samaria. It has also turned to the International Criminal Court, which has yet to make a decision on the issue. The US has termed such construction as harmful to the peace process, but Ya’alon said he didn’t believe that halting building over the pre-1967 lines would move the peace process forward. “The Palestinians didn’t come to the [negotiating] table even when we froze construction,” Ya’alon said. Israel, he said, has continued to build responsibly in Judea and Samaria with an understanding that such activity is under “unjust” intense international scrutiny, both legally with regard to the ICC.
and from the UN Security Council. On Saturday night, Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu also issued a tweet in which he said, “Israel has not made any commitments not to authorize new building in Judea and Samaria.” But settlers have argued for months that there is a de-facto freeze, because Netanyahu has failed to advance plans that would allow construction to continue in the future. ([JPOST](http://www.jpost.com) 25 October 2015)

- **Palestinians to Ask UN to Set Deadline for Ending Occupation.** Saeb Erekat announces that Palestinians will seek international protection in Security Council as well establishment of commission of inquiry into current violence. Saeb Erekat, secretary general of the Palestine Liberation Organization’s steering and monitoring committee, announced Sunday that the PLO and Arab League are preparing a motion for the UN Security Council that sets a deadline for ending Israel’s occupation of the West Bank. At a press conference in the Palestinian embassy in Cairo, Erekat said that alongside this proposal, Palestinians will seek international protection in the Security Council as well the establishment of a commission of inquiry into the current violence. Erekat said he arrived in Cairo straight from Amman to update the Arab League secretary general Nabil Elaraby and Egyptian Foreign Minister Sameh Shoukry on his talks with U.S. Secretary of State John Kerry on Saturday. A senior Palestinian official told Haaretz that the Palestinian leadership is aware of the criticism of it in the West Bank and East Jerusalem, adding that reaching understandings on the Al-Aqsa mosque, as Kerry and Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu are seeking, would be insufficient. The official said the Palestinian leadership could not present such arrangements as a diplomatic achievement to its public in light of the violent discontent and Israeli crackdown in the West Bank and the Palestinian neighborhoods of Jerusalem. “The leadership is aware that the main issue is the occupation and its repercussions, and will try to use the recent events to present clear demands to the UN and international community, especially the Security Council decision to end the occupation and establish an international commission of inquiry that would examine the circumstances that led to the current violence”. ([Haaretz](http://www.haaretz.com) 26 October 2015)

- **PM considers canceling residency of 80,000 East Jerusalem Palestinians.** Netanyahu raises possibility in cabinet meeting of canceling residency status of East Jerusalem Palestinians who live on other side of the separation barrier sparking criticism from ministers. Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu recently raised the possibility of canceling the residency status of the 80,000 Palestinians living in East Jerusalem neighborhoods on the other side of the separation wall. Shuafat refugee camp and Kafr Aqab would be among the affected
neighborhoods. Netanyahu brought up the need to address the situation in East Jerusalem's neighborhoods beyond the wall during a cabinet meeting that took place two weeks ago. "There is no enforcement there, no law," Netanyahu said. "We need to examine the possibility of canceling their residency. There needs to be a discussion about it." The prime minister also raised the need to examine how law enforcement and security can be improved in these neighborhoods through the deployment of extra police and army units. The neighborhoods in question are within Jerusalem's municipal boundaries but lie outside the wall and are considered extremely problematic from a security perspective. However, since there has been no further discussion of the issue it is not yet certain whether this is a serious plan. Netanyahu's proposal drew responses from a number of ministers, who were surprised to hear him talk of disengagement. MK Israel Katz had originally raised the topic of the neighborhoods beyond the wall, saying that the area had been abandoned. In response, Netanyahu suggested the possibility of preventing entry to the rest of Jerusalem from those areas. "That is a far-reaching decision which requires a referendum, because it would involve giving up territory," Katz remarked in response to Netanyahu. Other lawmakers taking part in the discussion said that the matter affected residents with blue identity cards and that they could not simply be cut off on a whim. It was subsequently agreed that a special session would be convened to discuss the fate of the neighborhoods beyond the wall. "Netanyahu spoke about a situation which he seems not to fully understand," a minister said after the cabinet meeting. "We are talking about an unequivocal division of Jerusalem." "All of Netanyahu's lies have been exposed," said MK Yoel Hasson of the Zionist Union. "After throwing the periphery into the gutter, Netanyahu decided to break another one of his election promises. "There will no longer be a united Jerusalem. Hysteria and indulgence have brought us to the decision of the Prime Minister's Office to disengage from East Jerusalem," Hasson continued. "This comes without the backing of the international community, without the agreement of the people and with terror spreading throughout the streets," he added. Jerusalem Police erected a concrete wall along a street between the Jerusalem neighborhoods of Armon Hanatziv and Jabal Mukaber in the east of the city last week. The move was billed as an attempt to put a stop to frequent stone-throwing and throwing of Molotov cocktails at homes in the area. At the time, the Jerusalem municipality clarified that the wall was a temporary measure aimed at reducing injuries and damage to property in stone-throwing incidents. (Ynetnews 26 October 2015)
• **IDF legalizes homes in four West Bank settlements.** Samaria Regional Council head Yossi Dagan has lobbied for the legalization, since taking office over the summer. A Civil Administration committee approved retroactive zoning plans for four West Bank settlements, a move which legalized already existing homes in the authorized communities. Two of the settlements, Sansana (97 housing units) and Yakir (377 housing units) are inside the route of the security barrier and the other two, Shiloh (94 housing units) and Itamar (187 housing units) are considered to be isolated settlements outside of the fence. Samaria Regional Council head Yossi Dagan had lobbied for the legalization since taking office over the summer. He made the request during his first phone conversation with Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu and he continued to lobby for it, particularly after Palestinian gunmen killed Eitam and Na’ama Henkin as they drove home in his region with their four children on October 1. Dagan was startled when their death was not followed by an announcement of more building. The absence of new settler building approvals was one of the factors that swayed him to pitch a protest tent in front of Netanyahu’s office. He was particularly concerned by Netanyahu’s failure to authorize a zoning plan for the Itamar settlement in Samaria despite pledging to do so after Palestinians infiltrated that community in 2011 and killed five members of the Fogel family. A source close to Dagan said that he took down the protest tent only after securing a promise from Netanyahu to approve the Itamar zoning plan. On Thursday, Dagan said that the approvals right a small injustice that had been done to the residents of Judea and Samaria, because without the zoning planes, the homeowners lacked full rights with regard to their properties. The buildings fell into a gray legal area because they were constructed in recognized settlements but had not been fully approve because of the absence of a zoning plan. Those who live in Judea and Samaria, “give their all to the State of Israel and deserve the same right” as those who live in Tel Aviv and Ra’anana, Dagan said. Peace Now executive director Yariv Oppenheimer said that, once again, Netanyahu has proved that he prefers settlers to peace. “Once again Netanyahu has caved to the settlers. He approved building just to get rid of one protest tent,” Oppenheimer said. ([JPOST](http://www.jpost.com) 30 October 2015)

• **Israel: New diplomats will be trained to defend settlements.** Israeli soldiers shot dead a knife-wielding Palestinian who tried to stab them on Sunday in the West Bank city of Hebron, the military said, in the latest violence of a bloody six-week spell. The military said the shooting took place during a riot and that no Israelis were harmed. Later Sunday, a Palestinian rammed his car into a group of Israelis standing on the side of the road in the West Bank, police spokeswoman Luba
Samri said. She said the attacker escaped and security forces were searching the area. Three people were hurt, one seriously, said Eli Bin of Israel's rescue service. A series of Palestinian attacks began in mid-September over tensions surrounding a sensitive Jerusalem holy site and have since spread across Israel, the West Bank and Gaza. It has been accompanied by widespread unrest, including clashes between Palestinian stone-throwers and Israeli troops. Israel has blamed the Palestinian attacks on what it says is anti-Israel incitement by Palestinian political and religious leaders. Palestinians say the violence is largely driven by the hopelessness many Palestinians feel after nearly half a century of Israeli military rule, with no end in sight. In recent days, Hebron has become a flashpoint of Israeli-Palestinian violence, with near-daily deadly confrontations at Israeli checkpoints that guard ultra-nationalist Jewish settlers in the center of the city. In these incidents, Palestinians have been shot dead after the military said they stabbed or tried to stab soldiers. Hebron has been divided since the late 1990s, as part of what was meant to be an interim agreement ahead of a final peace deal that never materialized. Israel controls the city center, where 850 Jewish settlers live, while the remaining areas of the city are under Palestinian self-rule. Also Sunday, Israel's deputy foreign minister said diplomats in training will now visit the West Bank and be taught how to defend the status of Jewish settlements there. Tzipi Hotovely told Israel's Army Radio that she initiated changes in the course curriculum to include a greater emphasis on the Jewish people's ancient links to the land. "There are systematic Palestinian attempts to rewrite history and cut the deep ties between the Jewish people and its historic capital," she said. She said the course will include compulsory tours to the City of David, a Jewish enclave in mostly Arab east Jerusalem, seized by Israel in the 1967 war from Jordan and claimed by the Palestinians as part of their future state. Hotovely says it is important to stress that Jewish settlements are legal "by law and custom." The international community generally considers settlement in lands captured in the 1967 war to be illegal and illegitimate. With Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu also serving as foreign minister, Hotovely oversees the office's day-to-day operations. (Business Insider 1 November 2015)

- Israeli Occupation Authorities established a new information Centre called 'Journey from Jerusalem to Jerusalem”, in an area adjacent to the Western Wall tunnels of the Al-Aqsa Mosque. The Centre has sponsored by a religious settlement associations, and consist of computers and display screens for posting pictures and false and forged about the occupied Jerusalem. (Wafa 1 November 2015)
The Judaization of an East Jerusalem Neighborhood Gains Steam. The NGO Ateret Cohanim is cooperating with the government to establish a whole Jewish quarter inside the Silwan neighborhood. Earlier this month, Jerusalem police chief Moshe Edri submitted an affidavit to the Supreme Court, explaining why the police couldn’t help remove a synagogue built illegally on privately owned Palestinian land in the settlement Givat Ze’ev. According to Edri, because of the current terror wave, the police couldn’t divert forces for such a task. As the government stated to the Supreme Court, “the assessment by the Jerusalem district commander is that the security situation requires a further postponement of the demolition of the building”. But the next day, the day of the planned demolition, the police found hundreds of officers for a different assignment: blocking all entrances to East Jerusalem neighborhood Silwan to protect officials implementing an eviction order. The police let a mover’s truck reach the home of the Abu Nab family, who were moving out so Jews could move in. The eviction of the Abu Nab family, after a long legal battle, is the latest success of the NGO Ateret Cohanim – with the police’s close cooperation – in expanding the Jewish presence in the heart of Silwan. Unlike settler group Elad, which buys houses in the City of David near the Old City, Ateret Cohanim aims to establish a Jewish neighborhood in the very center of an Arab one. The takeover of the houses culminates dozens of lawsuits against Palestinian families to persuade them to move in exchange for money, and extreme financial and legal pressure against the families that refuse. In this, Ateret Cohanim enjoys the remarkably close cooperation of the authorities. Ateret Cohanim portrays itself as an NGO that goes beyond the letter of the law; one that in its benevolence pays Palestinian families to move despite the eviction order they already face. In any case, the Judaization of Silwan, with all its consequences, is orchestrated by one man, referred to here as M. The Supreme Court has prohibited the publishing of his name or those of Palestinian residents with whom he has signed agreements. Justice Isaac Amit granted M.’s claim, supported by the attorney general, that his life would be in jeopardy if his name were published. Haaretz argued, through attorney Tal Lieblich of the law firm Lieblich-Moser, that the principle is not protecting a life but defending Ateret Cohanim’s right to do property deals, with all the security and political ramifications, far from the public eye. And in any case, this argument goes, M. is already well known in Silwan. M. lives in a West Bank settlement and has been involved in property deals in Hebron. Silwan residents say he has almost unlimited funds at his disposal and enjoys close relations with the police, the Custodian of Absentee Property and other authorities. In the early 2000s, he began his activities in the Batn al-Hawa
neighborhood, later to be named the Yemenite Village by Ateret Cohanim. The project would substantially change the character of the small neighborhood. (Haaretz 2 November 2015)

- **EU to publish guidelines on the consumer labeling of settlement products** The European Union is expected to publish in the next few weeks its long anticipated guidelines on the consumer labeling of Israeli products produced over the pre-1967 lines – in east Jerusalem, the West Bank and the Golan Heights. The impending EU labeling of what it calls “settlement products” has been a contentious issue between Brussels and Jerusalem since 2012. Monday night an Israeli diplomat said, “We expect the guidelines to be published soon, possibly within days.” The official added, “We’re trying to convince the European Union and its member states that this is a mistake. It has an element of discrimination to it and does not in any way help the diplomatic process.” Israel took issue with the publication of the guidelines at time when the Palestinian leadership refuses to hold direct talks with Israel and during a period in which, since October 1, Palestinian assailants have killed 11 Israelis and wounded more than 100 in a series of some 60 attacks. “If anything, the publication of these guidelines now gives the Palestinians a prize for their terrorism and obstinacy. It also supports the overall atmosphere of Israeli boycotts,” the official said. The guidelines, to be published out of Brussels under the guidance of the EU foreign policy chief Federica Mogherini, do not need to be put to a vote. The document simply puts together already existing guidelines and legislation with regard to “settlement products.” It is designed to help EU member states understand what the law is with regard to the labeling of such products. The EU considers Jewish communities over the pre-1967 lines in east Jerusalem, the Golan Heights and the West Bank to be illegal under international law. For over a decade, Israeli products produced over the pre-1967 lines have been exempt from Israel’s free trade agreement with the EU. Codes have been placed on the products to allow EU custom officials to properly determine if the products were produced within the Green Line or over it. These guidelines would provide European consumers in stores with that same information. Under pressure from the United States, the EU backed away from its push to publish the settlement guidelines during the nine-month negotiations period brokered by US Secretary of State John Kerry that ended without any results in April 2014. Since then the peace process has been frozen. All attempts to bring the two sides together have failed. Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu has called on Palestinian Authority President Mahmoud Abbas to resume direct talks immediately without any preconditions. Abbas has refused to hold such talks unless Israel agrees to withdraw to the pre-1967 borders.
1967 lines and to stop all Jewish building in east Jerusalem and the West Bank. In the absence of any peace process member states have pushed Mogherini to move forward with the publication of the guidelines. Last week Palestinian Authority President Mahmoud Abbas’ visit to Mogherini in Brussels and spoke to her about the danger settlement building poses any possibly of a two-state solution. Israel has longed claimed that settlement building is not a stumbling block to peace and that the main issue is the Palestinian refusal to recognize that Israel is the homeland for the Jewish people. When Netanyahu met with Mogherini on the sidelines of the United Nations General Assembly in New York at the start of October, he said, that for many Israelis product labeling recalls dark days in Europe. He warned that such action also hardens Israeli domestic opinion. On Tuesday, Deputy Foreign Minister Tzipi Hotovely is expected to head to the Barkan Industrial Park in the Samaria region of the West Bank to speak against settlement product labeling. On Sunday, Knesset Speaker Yuli Edelstein attacked the overall issue of boycotting settlement products at a Knesset meeting with Samaria Regional Council head Yossi Dagan and a visiting delegation of Italian Jews. ([JPOST 3 November 2015])

- Israel Moves to Green Light 2,200 New Settlement Units, Recognizes Outposts. Regional master plan approved last week will see two outposts retroactively approved, and existing settlements get thousands of more homes. Israel’s civilian planning committee for construction in the West Bank moved last week to green light some 2,200 new housing units within existing settlements and retroactively recognize two outposts, most likely in a bid to preempt legal attempts by Palestinians and rights groups to see the sites evacuated. The move is only preliminary and is still subject to changes before the new units break ground. The Higher Planning Council of the Civil Administration agreed to advance a master plan for the Ma’aleh Michmash area east of Ramallah that will retroactively approve two outposts and add thousands of homes to the settlements in the region. The plan includes the settlements of Ma’aleh Michmash, Rimonim, Kochav Hashahar, Tel Zion and Psagot, and the area south of the settlement of Ofra. The plan was originally submitted in 2014, and last month Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon gave the green light for the council to discuss it. A hearing was held on October 21 and a decision was reached on November 3 and published on Thursday. Ya’alon’s adviser on settlement issues, Koby Eliraz, attended the council hearing, which is considered unusual. The approval was apparently given in anticipation of a High Court of Justice hearing scheduled for Wednesday on a petition by the Yesh Din organization and Palestinians from the area who want to evacuate the Mitzpeh Danny outpost,
which the plan seeks to recognize. Under the plan, by 2030 there will be 800 homes in Ma’aleh Michmash, which serves as the central land reserve in the region, while 300 more homes will be added to Kochav Hashahar. All told, some 2,200 homes will be added to the area’s settlements. To reach that ambitious goal, the plan seeks to regularize the Mitzpeh Danny and Neveh Erez outposts. The plan also includes tourism sites and an education complex. The Higher Planning Council agreed to submit the plan for public comment, subject to augmentations the council is demanding. This is only a very preliminary stage in the process on the route to construction; after the comment period there will be hearings on the objections, after which the plan will be submitted for validation. Later on, it will be possible to draw up more limited plans that will lead to actual construction. (Haaretz 9 November 2015)

*While the prime minister is in the US, Jerusalem’s committee for planning and construction is expected to approve on Wednesday the building of 891 new housing units in the neighborhood of Gilo, which is located beyond the Green Line. The plan will see the construction of new homes in an empty area between Gilo and the Palestinian village of Beit Jala. The area is under ownership of several bodies, including the Israel Land Administration and KKL-JNF. In order to issue a building permit, all plots will have to come under one ownership, and then be re-divided. The plan was submitted and approved in 2013, but the planning was stopped as a result of the unofficial construction freeze in Jerusalem. After the committee approves the re-division of the plots, it will essentially green light the project, allowing it to move forward. The Jerusalem municipality said in response: "This is not an approval of construction plans, as the plans have been approved two years ago in a district committee. This is a strictly technical process of correcting the internal borders of the plots." (Ynetnews 11 November 2015)*

*Defense Ministry, Treasury Agree on $15.6 Billion Defense Budget for 2016. Both claim victory after deal, but army seems to have held ground on major issues. Next year’s defense budget will be about 60.5 billion shekels ($15.6 million), according to a decision reached Sunday by Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon and Finance Minister Moshe Kahlon, and approved by a Knesset defense committee. The official budget will be less, 56.1 billion shekels, but the two ministers have already agreed on an extra 4.4 billion shekels in funding the defense establishment will receive in 2016. The defense budget committee, headed by MK Tzachi Hanegbi (Likud), approved the budget by 8 votes to 4. A good atmosphere has reportedly prevailed in the talks between the Finance Ministry, Defense Ministry and Israel Defense Forces this year, and in recent days both*
sides made major efforts to present the budget deal as a historic breakthrough. However, it seems the changes are less dramatic than the two ministries made them out to be. The defense establishment will receive extra funding beyond the official budget next year, and agreements on other matters do not particularly conform to the recommendations of last summer’s Locker Committee on the defense budget, which Ya’alon and the IDF brass opposed. The defense establishment compromised on some points, but was able to block changes that it did not want. The result is that the treasury has agreed to the multiyear plan formulated by IDF Chief of Staff Gadi Eisenkot, with some minor amendments. The agreement does not place real pressure on the defense establishment to streamline, except for some improvements to defense-establishment transparency that will help the treasury. The defense establishment is especially proud of the fact it was able to quash the treasury’s demands that certain items – including the move of IDF military bases to the Negev; security for oil rigs at sea, to be provided by the navy; and the privatization of Israel’s military industries – be funded completely from within. Funding for these projects will still remain external to the defense budget. However, it seems the Finance Ministry understands these agreements differently than defense officials, because if the Finance Ministry believes the defense establishment is not meeting its obligations to streamline, it is expecting to go back to demanding internal defense funding for some of these projects. Security sources say the sides have agreed that the defense budget could exceed 60.5 billion shekels in future years. However, this question is also open to interpretation and the details have yet to be hammered out. The treasury and Defense Ministry have also agreed in principle to further shorten service for men, by two months to 30 months (beginning in 2020). It also decided on partial implementation of the Goren Committee’s recommendation to restrict the numbers of disabled veterans receiving full benefits, although this will not affect disabled soldiers already receiving benefits. The sides also reached agreement on pension conditions – in favor of the Defense Ministry’s position. The IDF and Defense Ministry were strongly opposed to the Locker Committee’s recommendation that very few officers should receive bridging pensions when they retire from the army at age 42, instead receiving a retirement bonus. In the end, the sides agreed on a model proposed by another committee and different from the Locker idea: The number of career officers reaching full pension age will be reduced by establishing another exit point from the career army at age 35. In addition, the army will hand over about 40 of its functions every year to civilians, in units like the Military Advocate General and the chief of staff’s financial adviser, thereby also reducing the number of officers reaching full or
partial pension age. This will mean only a few hundred officers will receive bridging pensions. However, implementation will depend mainly on the good intentions of the army; there is no real external oversight on the matter. The bottom line is that the ability of the treasury to oversee or enforce the agreements is limited, with Kahlon relying mainly on Chief of Staff Eisenkot’s reforms. The latter has already shown he is willing to compromise and take risks to improve the readiness of the army. These are important steps, but they remain the responsibility of the IDF, without the treasury or other entities being able to exert real influence. (Haaretz 15 November 2015)

**Netanyahu to ask High Court of Justice to allow state to relocate Givat Ze’ev synagogue.** The community of worshipers who have used the synagogue for the last two decades were not involved in the purchase of the property and have spent the last year fighting to save the synagogue. Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu on Sunday night agreed to appeal to the High Court of Justice to delay, for one last time, the demolition of the Ayelet HaShachar in the Givat Ze’ev settlement to allow for the structure to be relocated to a nearby plot of land. The High Court of Justice had ordered the synagogue to be demolished by November 18th, after it was discovered that documents with regard to the purchase of the property from its Palestinian owners had been forged. The community of worshipers who have used the synagogue for the last two decades were not involved in the purchase of the property and have spent the last year fighting to save the synagogue. Netanyahu held a number of consultations in his office on Sunday, including with Education Minister Naftali Bennett who heads the Bayit Yehudi party, Minister of the Development of the Negev and Galilee and Periphery Aryeh Deri who heads the Shas party and Defense Minister Moshe Ya’alon. Late at night, after further meetings that included Justice Minister Ayelet Shaked (Bayit Yehudi) and Public Security Minister Gilad Erdan (Likud), Netanyahu decided to act on a proposal by Deri to relocate the synagogue. If the structure cannot be moved, than much of the interior would be relocated. The High Court of Justice, must approve the deal, for it to go into effect. The justices have already accepted a number of delay since the initial High Court ruling to raze the synagogue last summer. First the demolition deadline was delayed because of the High Holiday season. Then it was put off again so as not to divert the attention security forces who were combating a wave of Palestinian terror that began on October 1. The High Court of Justice granted an addition extension after police said they feared right-wing extremists would respond to the demolition by executing “price-tag” attacks of revenge against innocent
Palestinians, thereby further inflaming the already existing violence. The battle over the small one-story stone synagogue began seven years ago when the nongovernmental group Yesh Din petitioned the court against the synagogue after it was discovered that documents relating to the purchase of its property from Palestinian land owners were forged. In 2014, a court ordered the synagogue destroyed. Located just outside of Jerusalem, Givat Ze’ev has a population of almost 15,000 and is the fifth-largest West Bank settlement. (JPOST 16 November 2015)

- Illegally Built Synagogue in West Bank Settlement to Be Replaced in Compromise Deal. The synagogue, built on private Palestinian land, was supposed to be demolished Tuesday, but state says its demolition by force would 'lead to bloodshed'. A settlement synagogue that is due to be demolished Tuesday will be replaced by a state-funded structure, according to an agreement reached Monday. The Ayelet Hashahar synagogue in Givat Ze'ev, just north of Jerusalem, was built on privately-owned Palestinian land and without building permits. It is due to be demolished Tuesday by order of the High Court of Justice. The State Prosecutor's Office petitioned the High Court last night to postpone the demolition, after the state reached a compromise agreement with the synagogue's rabbi and worshippers. Under the agreement, the dismantling of the synagogue will be begin tomorrow and it will be replaced by a legal structure on a nearby site. “The demolition of the synagogue using force will lead to bloodshed,” the state argued in its petition. The court has not yet ruled on the petition. The estimated 5.2 million shekels ($1.34 million) cost of the new synagogue will be covered by the state. The synagogue was originally scheduled for demolition in July 2012, but the deadline has been postponed several times. Rabbi Azriel Cohen and local council head Yossi Avrhami agreed that the various auxiliary buildings around the synagogue will be demolished Tuesday, while dismantling of the synagogue will start tomorrow and take no more than 21 days. The compromise was reached in a meeting convened by the prime minister with ministers, Dery, Bennett and Ya'alon. Rabbi Cohen said that once the new building was arranged they would evacuate the synagogue and allow it to be dismantled. He added that according to Jewish law a synagogue cannot be destroyed or abandoned before a new and better one exists to replace it. The IDF’s Civil Administration is responsible for demolishing the buildings, while the Jerusalem police are responsible for providing security. Dozens, if not hundreds, of people who oppose the demolition are staying in the synagogue for now, in an attempt to prevent the demolition. (Haaretz 17 November 2015)
Netanyahu Approves 454 New Housing Units Beyond Green Line. Projects in Jerusalem settlement Ramat Shlomo and neighborhood Ramot had long been frozen for fear of international backlash. Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu approved Monday the immediate marketing of land for the construction of 436 housing units in the Jerusalem settlement of Ramat Shlomo and 18 new housing units in the Jerusalem neighborhood of Ramot, which is also beyond the Green Line. Construction of these housing units had long been frozen by the prime minister, out of fear of international backlash. The Jerusalem Municipality’s Planning and Building Committee had planned to discuss the construction of 88 housing units in Ramat Shlomo two weeks ago, but the meeting was postponed due to orders from the prime minister’s office, according to a senior city official. The prime minister, the source explained, hoped to avoid a diplomatic embarrassment during his trip to Washington, where he met with U.S. President Barack Obama last week. The U.S. administration is particularly sensitive to the construction plans in the neighborhood, as they were first announced during U.S. Vice President Joe Biden’s visit to Israel in 2010, and led to a diplomatic crisis. MK Omer Bar-Lev (Zionist Union) said in response to Netanyahu’s decision that the prime minister is “acting like a child who waits for his parents go to bed to sneak out and watch television. As usual, he is cynically taking advantage of the situation to pass his provocative and defiant decision under the radar. Why thaw the construction in Ramat Shlomo now? Because all the world powers are preoccupied with the murderous attack in France and won’t be paying attention to denounce the move?” In May of this year, less than 24 hours after the new Israeli government was formed, the United States objected to the controversial plan to build new Jewish homes in East Jerusalem. U.S. State Department spokesman Jeff Rathke told reporters the administration was “disappointed” and “concerned” over government approval of the construction plans for Ramat Shlomo in East Jerusalem. “This is a disappointing development as the new Israeli government has been announced – and we are concerned about it. We need to see commitment for the two-state solution in the actions of the new government,” he said. “Building in East Jerusalem is damaging and inconsistent with the commitment to the two-state solution.” The criticism came in response to the Jerusalem District Planning and Building Committee’s decision to go ahead with the construction. The plan gained recognition in 2010, when it was announced during a visit to Israel by United States Vice President Joe Biden, leading to a diplomatic crisis between the two countries. Though the plan was approved in November 2013, construction was put on hold until the
completion of a new traffic interchange at the entrance to the neighborhood. (Haaretz 17 November 2015)

- Ex-minister, Former Israeli Officers Propose Plan to Unilaterally Divide Jerusalem. All sides slam a new plan calling to erect a fence and transfer civil control over the capital’s Arab neighborhoods to the Palestinian Authority. Former minister Haim Ramon and the Peace and Security Association intend to present a new and unilateral plan for the division of Jerusalem this week. The plan is scheduled to be launched in a festive ceremony that includes the laying of what is supposed to be the symbolic cornerstone for the new fence that will divide Jerusalem and transfer most of its Arab neighborhoods to the Palestinian Authority. Even before the plan’s official launch, it has drawn heavy criticism from both the Israeli right and left - and the Palestinians too. The plan, which was written by Col. (res.) Shaul Arieli, is based on the principles of a one-sided separation of most of the Arab neighborhoods of the city and transferring them to the PA with the status of "Area B," territory where the PA has full civil control and shares security responsibility with Israel. The new border under the proposal would leave the Old City and the "historic basin" - which includes large parts of the neighborhoods of Silwan, the Mount of Olives and other Arab neighborhoods - inside Israeli territory. The plan does not include removing settlers living inside Palestinian neighborhoods. The sponsors of the plan speak of the need to protect "Jewish Jerusalem," both demographically and also in security terms. The plan would gradually eliminate the residency rights inside Israel of the Palestinians from East Jerusalem, but they would still be allowed to continue to pass through the border fence and work in western Jerusalem. The crossing points and checkpoints that divide East and western Jerusalem today would remain open permanently, too. The plan would require the Knesset changing the Basic Law on Jerusalem, which would require a special majority of 61 Knesset members to pass. Even before the plan's official launch later this week, it has become a target for serious attacks. Adnan Ghaith, secretary of the Jerusalem branch of the Palestinian Fatah party and the head Tanzim in the city, said the plan will not receive the agreement of any official Palestinian body. If the agreement has "a state next to a state in the 1967 borders, then that is something different. But if it is in such a fashion, without al-Aqsa [mosque] and without Silwan, what does it give?" said Ghaith. The fact that the left offers it is even worse, it tells you there is no hope and when there is no hope we have seen what happens. No one can agree to such a thing, whoever agrees will be a collaborator," he added. Marik Shtern, a researcher at the Jerusalem Institute for Israel Studies, who recently wrote a study on Palestinian employment in the city,
also rejects the proposal: "The Palestinians in the eastern part of the city view themselves as Jerusalemites and they are part of the urban framework, like Gilo and French Hill. The city of Jerusalem cannot exist today without the Arab population, and the ties woven here over the past 50 years are very hard to sever," said Shtern. Shtern estimates that at least half of the workforce in East Jerusalem, over 30,000 workers, are employed in the western half of the capital, or elsewhere in Israel. If the new fence makes it difficult for them to get to work, it will create a severe humanitarian crisis in East Jerusalem and a serious shortage of workers in entire industries in the city, such as hotels, industry, transportation, medicine and others, he said. Ramon rejects the criticism. "To correct historic mistakes is always difficult," he says. "The right objects to it because it wants a [unified] Jerusalem. The left objects because it worries about the Palestinians, and we will worry about what is good for Israel. It was a historic mistake to annex these neighborhoods of the city and we must correct this. The Palestinians who live there are not meant to be Israeli residents. They do not recognize our occupation, and it is also impossible not to recognize and to benefit from it. The basic law will be amended, the map will change and they will return to where they belong - and Jerusalem will be more logical, more Jewish and safer," said Ramon. The Commanders for Israel’s Security organization, a non-partisan group of former senior officials in Mossad, IDF, police and Shin Bet security service, denied it had any involvement in the initiative. (Haaretz 17 November 2015)

- **PM approves marketing housing units beyond Green Line. Building of homes in Ramat Shlomo had been frozen, but Jerusalem municipality has demanded another 1,000 units.** Fresh from a successful trip to Washington, Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu on Monday approved the marketing of 436 housing units in the settlement of Ramat Shlomo, next to Shuafat in the north of East Jerusalem. The building of the units had already been approved in 2012, but had been frozen ever since, with Israel loath to create a diplomatic incident. A discussion on the matter was supposed to take place last week but was postponed due to Netanyahu’s trip to the US. The ground to be marketed covers around a third of the settlement. Ramat Shlomo was previously the subject of a diplomatic dispute between the US and Israel, when building plans were announced during US Vice President Joe Biden's visit to Israel five years ago. Meanwhile, the Jerusalem municipality requested marketing of a further 1,000 housing units. A further 18 housing units in the Ramot neighborhood, also over the Green Line, will also be marketed. Chairman of the local council for building and planning in Jerusalem, Meir Turgeman, has contacted the Prime Minister, requesting that he push for
approval of land development for the other 1,000 housing units in Ramat Shlomo, whose building plans have already been approved, but not yet their marketing. Last July, following the demolition of the Dreinof houses in Beir El, Netanyahu approved the immediate construction of 300 housing units in the settlement, whose constriction was promised three years ago by Israel's government following the moving of the structures from Ulpana Hill. In addition, marketing and building has been approved for housing units in several Jerusalem Neighborhoods: Marketing 91 units in Pisgat Ze'ev, and planning 300 units in Ramot, 70 in Gilo, 24 in Pisgat Ze'ev, and 19 in Har Homa. While PM Netanyahu was visiting the United States last week, the Jerusalem Local Council debated a large 900-unit construction plan in Gilo, which is beyond the Green Line. The council approved the partition plans and gave the green light to go on with construction. The plan in question is the Mordot Gilo South plan, and includes 891 units on empty ground between Gilo and the Palestinian village of Beit Jala. The land on which the houses are set to be built is owned by several different people and bodies, among them Keren Kayemet Leyisrael and the Israel Land Authority, and thus a construction permit would require the unification of the separate land pieces and their redistribution. A similar case occurred in 2010, when Netanyahu went to the US and the local council approved building 32 housing units in eastern Pisgat Ze'ev, outside the Green Line. A memorably controversial moment occurred eight months before the approval of construction in Pisgat Ze'ev, when a 1,600 unit addition in the Ramat Shlomo neighborhood of Jerusalem was approved during a visit to Israel by American Vice President Joe Biden. (Ynetnews 18 November 2015)

- **Israel Ignoring Construction of Two Unauthorized West Bank Roads, Including One on Palestinian Land.** State says the two new roads have never been challenged in court, so there is no reason they cannot be built. The government is ignoring the construction of two new roads in the West Bank, one of them over private Palestinian land, which are meant to replace two other roads the Supreme Court ordered demolished. The state says the two new roads have never been challenged in court, so there is no reason they cannot be built. This week, the Supreme Court held a hearing on the road leading to the unauthorized outpost of Mitzpe Danny, as part of two different cases. The Yesh Din – Volunteers for Human Rights organization appealed to the court asking to demolish the road, which passes over privately owned Palestinian land, as well as a house in the outpost. In the second case, two private Palestinian petitioners have asked to demolish seven homes in the outpost. In response, the state says that the road was in fact built on private Palestinian land, but will be demolished
by February 1, 2016. Attorney Shlomi Zachary, representing Yesh Din, told the court that instead of the existing road, a new road is being built and it also makes use of privately owned land. The government’s response admitted to this fact, but said the new road is not part of the present case. Supreme Court Justice Elyakim Rubinstein accepted the state’s claim and ruled that the issue of the new road was not part of the case, but it would be better to find an interim solution that would not use private land, “and in any case it was a clear justification for speeding up the planning, and the respondents should consider this,” wrote Rubinstein. The other road is being built to connect the outpost of Haroeh near Eli with the nearby settlement of Ma’ale Levona. Here the land is of undetermined ownership, having the status of “survey land,” for which no in-depth examination of the ownership has been conducted. This new road is meant to replace an existing one that the High Court of Justice ordered demolished because it too is partly on privately owned land. The court ordered this carried out by December 7. In its ruling almost a year ago, the court gave the government a year in order to build an alternative – but the state has done nothing to find a solution and the new road is being constructed without proper permits and planning. The IDF’s Civil Administration in the West Bank will not take any action against this new road because the residents “need a road and there is nothing that can be done,” an official in the Civil Administration told Haaretz. The council heads of two nearby Palestinian villages petitioned the High Court Wednesday against the building of the road, and the state is supposed to respond by Friday. The Civil Administration said the work on the new road was illegal and a stop-work order had been issued against it. (Haaretz 18 November 2015)

- Ministers Authorize West Bank Closures That IDF Was Already Conducting. Security cabinet decision grants military commanders power to put Palestinian villages under lockdown, but army source says the IDF never needed such authorization. The security cabinet has authorized the Israeli army to impose full closures on Palestinian villages in the West Bank while searching for suspected terrorists, a senior official in Jerusalem said Friday. However, it has emerged that the IDF hadn’t needed such approval in the past. The cabinet decision taken on Thursday evening allows military commanders to decide whether to put a village under lockdown without waiting for approval from the government. But a military source confirmed that in effect, the tactical decision to put a village on lockdown is already made by military commanders on the ground. (Haaretz 27 November 2015)
- Israeli weekly newspaper “Kool Ha’ir” revealed that the Israeli Municipality of Jerusalem prepared a plan to construct a new road and a roundabout at the entrance of Har Homa settlement. (Al-Quds 28 November 2015)

- Jewish youths tell Palestinian farmers, ‘You’re all Dawabsha’. Teens from Yitzhar settlement seen on video threatening residents of nearby Madama village in northern West Bank. About a dozen Jewish teenage boys on Saturday shouted racist threats at Palestinian farmers in the northern West Bank in footage released by the Rabbis for Human Rights advocacy group on Sunday. The farmers were “all Abu Khdeir,” the youths yelled, in reference to an East Jerusalem Arab teenager brutally murdered by suspected Jewish terrorists in July 2014. The Abu Khdeir trial is ongoing and a main suspect is awaiting his verdict, which is expected Monday. In the video, 12 people can be seen walking in white Sabbath shirts on the side of a hill in the West Bank. Two of the people seem to be older than the rest. As the teens yell the slogans, the adults look on and do not try to stop them. According to the NGO, whose members are rabbis who do not use electronic devices on the Jewish Sabbath, the clip was filmed by an activist identified in a statement by his first name, Zakaria. The clip was filmed near the Palestinian village of Madama, adjacent to Route 60 and north of Yitzhar in the northern West Bank. The settlers can also be heard yelling “You are all Muhammad Dawabsha,” “Dawabsha 2” and “Go to Duma,” references to the terror attack in which three members of the Dawabsha family from the northern West Bank village of Duma were killed when their house was firebombed, allegedly by Jewish terrorists, in an attack that took place at the end of July. In a statement, Rabbis for Human Rights said the incident was “another testimony to the regrettable brainwashing of young people for hate and terrorism among the extremists from the settlements. When this is done on the Palestinian side we are outraged and justifiably so, and it is appropriate that those who are outraged will put their money where their mouth is. We hope this phenomenon will be officially condemned by settler leaders.” (Time of Israel 29 November 2015)

- Netanyahu advances Jewish nation-state bill. Team headed by coalition chairman is attempting to dismantle obstacles that may block the proposal, which would enshrine as a Basic Law the definition of Israel as the nation-state of the Jewish people; PM also advances legislation which would extend voting rights to Israelis abroad. Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu, fresh from passing the 2015-2016 state budget, is now looking to advance coalition talks that will have dramatic political ramifications. The prime minister announced on Sunday that Coalition Chairman Tzachi Hanegbi will head up a team tasked with
dismantling any potential obstacles to the passing of the Nationality Law. Additionally, the team will be responsible for formulating wording for the bill that will be acceptable to all branches of the coalition. In addition to Hanegbi, members of the committee will include Justice Minister Ayelet Shaked and MKs Yifat Shasha-Biton of Kulanu, Uri Maklev of United Torah Judaism and former minister Ariel Atias, who will represent Shas. The nation-state law is a source of considerable division in the government. A few weeks ago, Netanyahu decided to postpone its approval in the Ministerial Committee for Legislation until a team had been established to deal with the proposed law. Although Netanyahu has now decided to push ahead with the legislation, it is still unclear when the bill will be submitted to the coalition and what would be its wording. The first clause in the Nationality Law would enshrine as a Basic Law the concept that Israel is the nation-state of the Jewish people. The clause also sets out that all Israeli law must be interpreted according to this principle. This imperative has already been set out before in Israel, when it was mandated that Israeli law defer to the principles of human rights as enshrined in the Basic Law: Human Dignity and Liberty. The Basic Law also specifies some of the practical aspects of the State of Israel being the nation-state of the Jewish people. The law addresses state symbols (national anthem, flag, icons), Jerusalem as the capital, the language, the right of return, ingathering of the exiles, Jewish settlement, relations with the Jewish Diaspora, the Hebrew calendar and holy sites. There are fears that the law will provoke civil and political clashes, primarily due to the reactions of Arab Israelis and the fear of being depicted globally as a nationalist state that advances nationalist laws. "It is a sensitive law, because we don't want to hurt the Arab-Israeli public," said a senior coalition figure on Sunday. "We need to solve this in the coalition." "I have recently heard voices from public groups in the country against our decision to outlaw the Northern Branch of the Islamic Movement. This will not change our decision one millimeter," Netanyahu said at the opening of the weekly cabinet meeting on Sunday. "We stand by this decision just as we stand by passing the Nationality Law that will clearly set out Israel's being a Jewish and democratic state, the national state of the Jewish People. "Within this framework, the discussions that we promised to hold will start this week led by coalition chairman MK Tzachi Hanegbi. We are starting to advance the legislation of the Nationality Law," Netanyahu added. Netanyahu also appointed MK Yariv Levin (Likud) to deal with issues relating to changing the system of governance in Israel. Levin will head up coalition teams that will deal with these matters as well as with advancing the law for Israelis to vote from abroad. Currently, Israelis who live abroad can only vote if they are in Israel on
election day. A proposal to allow Israelis abroad to participate in elections has been put forward in the past and over the years, various assessments throughout Israel’s political system have shown that the majority of overseas voters fall within the right-wing camp. Statistics gathered in 2009 showed that 550,000 Israelis were living abroad at that time, not including children who were born outside Israel. Other proposals under plan to change the system of governance would be to remove the need for the president to declare who will form the government, and that the responsibility for formation would be imposed on the largest party. (Ynetnews 29 November 2015)

- Government Approves Extra Funding for Jerusalem but Not Through Municipality. Mayor Barkat backs down from anti-Kahlon campaign after finance minister approves assistance through Jerusalem Affairs Ministry. The cabinet approved a plan Sunday to strengthen businesses in Jerusalem by increasing funding to the city, through the Jerusalem Affairs Ministry and other bodies rather than through the Jerusalem municipality. At Sunday’s cabinet meeting Mayor Nir Barkat apologized for a campaign he had launched against Finance Minister Moshe Kahlon before the plan was approved, and said he was ending his boycott of the Jerusalem affairs minister, Zeev Elkin. The aggressive campaign Barkat launched a few weeks ago slammed Kahlon for refusing to increase funding to the municipality. The campaign included numerous posters accusing Kahlon of abandoning the city. Barkat had also refused to cooperate with Elkin because he opposed the latter’s appointment as Jerusalem affairs minister. Barkat said the ministry was only an obstacle to the municipality. In response to the campaign, the treasury began to approve assistance to the city, although it bypasses the municipality. However, on Sunday Barkat came to the cabinet meeting and said he welcomed the plan. “Jerusalem is above everything,” the mayor said after the cabinet meeting. “I’m glad we decided to put political disputes aside and cooperate and do the best thing for Jerusalem”. Officials in the municipality said the plan would not have been approved if Barkat had not mounted his campaign against the finance minister, and now the two sides can sit down to negotiate over increased funding for the city. In the official statement released by the ministries of finance, tourism and Jerusalem affairs, the municipality was not even mentioned. The additional funding will be channeled through the government ministries and the Jerusalem Development Authority, not through the municipality. “Today we are strengthening Jerusalem’s citizens and small and medium-size businesses in the city in days that are not simple,” Kahlon said. “And we say to you, we are all here for you … With this decision we ensure that all the funding we transfer will go directly to
the residents of Jerusalem and to the city’s most essential needs”. (Haaretz 30 November 2015)

- Israeli Prime minister Benjamin Netanyahu said that no plans to deliver land from Area C in the occupied West Bank to Palestinians, claiming the outraged Israeli ministers. According to Al Ray, in a meeting for Likud ministers on Sunday, Netanyahu stressed that there will be no transfer of land to the Palestinian Authority, “not 40 thousand dunams, not 10 thousand, not one meter,” he said. On Sunday, the Israeli Cabinet demanded answers after reports surfaced that the Israeli Civil Administration, under orders from Netanyahu, was preparing to deliver 10,000 dunams (2,471 acres) of land from Area C in occupied West Bank to the PA as a confidence-building measure, as reported by Al Ray. The Yesha Council also strongly denounced the plan, accusing Netanyahu of giving “concessions” instead of attacking the PA and its leaders who “encourage terrorism.” (PNN 30 November 2015)

Statistics of the Israeli Violations during the 2nd quarter of 2015 (September – November) / 2015

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This report is based on information compiled from daily press (Palestinian, Israeli and International) & field verification.

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