The daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats in the occupied Palestinian territory, the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

Brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army

- The Israeli Occupation Army arrested a Palestinian student; Arafat Nizar Mohammad Amin Al-Haj Ahmad (22 years old) and detained 6 other Palestinians at a sudden military checkpoint which was set up at the entrance of Jab'a town south of Jenin city. Meanwhile, the Israeli Occupation soldiers set up military a checkpoint at the entrance of Zabuba village west of Jenin, detained a number of Palestinians cars and checked drivers' ID cards.
• The Israeli Occupation Army released the prisoner; Basel Rezeq Hamid Al-Sofi from Rafah city south of Gaza strip after spending the period of his sentence. The prisoner was arrested in November 11, 2008, and was sentenced for 3 and half years.

• The Israeli Occupation Army arrested Hazem Mustafa Muslimani (18 years old) and took him to unknown destination, after raiding his house and messing with its contents in Tubas city.

• The Israeli Occupation Army arrested Mohamad Al-Tanji (13 years old) from Nablus city.

• The Israeli Occupation Army raided Kifl Haris village east of Salfit. Eyewitness indicated that about 30 Israeli Army vehicles raided the village to secure the visit of the Israeli settlers to Islamic shrines claiming that it is Jewish shrines.

• The Israeli Occupation Army arrested Ahmad Muhamad Mussa from 'Izbat At-Tayyah in Tulkarem city, and handed Fahed Omar Al-Jbali (28 years old) notification to interview the Israeli Intelligence. The IOA patrolled the vehicles in the streets, Tulkarem refugee camp and Al-'Azb, checked the ID cards of the citizens.

• The Israeli Occupation Army suppressed a demonstration held by women at Qalandiya checkpoint north of Jerusalem city marking the International women day and in solidarity with prisoner Hana' Shalabi who is on hunger strike for 22 days already. The IOA, used tear gas bombs and rubber bullets, sprayed dozens of activists with wastewater and attacked activists and closed Qalandyia checkpoint.

• The Israeli Occupation Army arrested Mohamad Jbarin from Sair town north east of Hebron city, raided the entrance of Beit Kahlil town northwest of the city and Beit Ummar town and several neighborhoods, and stopped Palestinian cars and checked in their ID cards.

**Israeli Settlers Violence**

• The Israeli settlers of Kedumim settlement under the protection of Israeli Army expelled Bilal Abd Al-Ra’ouf Jom’a and Ala Deen from their lands while they were working in the lands, and forced them to leave the lands before detaining them.
• Israeli settlers stole 250 olive seedlings after uprooting from the agricultural lands located in Khillet Um Al-Fahim owned by local residents of Al Khadr town near Eli‘zaer settlement.

**Home Demolition & Demolition Threats**

• The Israeli Occupation Authorities notified residents from Khirbet Tell al Himma and Al Farisiya to demolish their residential structures in 3 days.

**Others**

• The Hebron Rehabilitation Committee succeeded to implement a decision issued by the Israeli High court to evacuate settlers from the stores of Abd Jawad Al‘awiwi and Abd Al-Razeq Al‘awiwi near Abraham Avino settlement in the old city of Hebron.

• The Yedi‘ot Ahranot Israeli daily newspaper reported on its website that the Jerusalem Municipality has been decreasingly addressing illegal construction in east Jerusalem. Only 10 illegal structures have been razed over the course of 2011, a drastic decline from 23 in 2010 and 65 in 2009. An opposite trend has been registered in the capital's western region, where the incidence of illegal construction is much lower compared to its eastern counterpart. In 2011, 67 illegal buildings were demolished there, compared to 58 in 2010 and 57 in 2009. As per the document, the reason behind the changes is unrelated to the municipality’s licensing and inspection department, which conducts 3,000 inspections in east Jerusalem and files 1,200 indictments on average each year. "The decline in the execution of the demolition warrants (in east Jerusalem) was instigated by the lack of State and security authorization," the document said. European and US leaders have leveled harsh criticism at Israel over the destruction of homes in east Jerusalem in recent months.

• At the fifth and last session of the Amman talks with the Palestinians, Netanyahu’s representative Isaac Molho presented the following principles: Borders would be drawn to so that (1) Israel retained the greatest number of Israelis and the smallest number of Palestinians; (2)
Israel would annex the major settlement blocs, although these blocs were not defined; only after borders were defined would the more complex issue of Jerusalem be discussed; and (3) Israel would maintain an unspecified presence in the Jordan Valley for an unspecified period. The principles were presented on January 25, a day before the deadline on which the Palestinians threatened to call a halt to the talks if they did not receive Israel’s position on borders.