

ARIJ Daily Report

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Israeli Violations' Activities in the oPt

3 March 2012

The daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats in the occupied Palestinian territory, the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

The Violations are based on reports provided by field workers and \or news sources.

The text is not quoted directly from the sources but is edited for clarity.

The daily report does not necessarily reflect ARIJ's opinion.

Brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army

The Israeli Occupation Army detained 6 Palestinian youths from Ya'bad town south west of Jenin city at a military checkpoint. The detainees are: Mohamd Ghailb Abu Baker, Bah'a Samih Abu Bake, Ahmad Talib Abu Baker and Ahmad Farouq Abu Baker. In addition to that, the IOA raided Zububa village west of the city under the cover of intense shooting; clashes broke between the Army and the residents. Also the Army set up military checkpoint at the entrance of the village, stopped Palestinian cars, searched and checked their ID cards.

Israeli Settlers Violence

• The Israeli settlers of Gilad settlement established on lands of Far'ata village west of Nablus city attacked Palestinian residents in the village and destroyed 22 olive trees owned by Amin Abd Al-Rahim Tawil.

Others

- As a result of the Israeli ongoing excavations under the streets to construct tunnels heading towards to Al Aqsa mosque; a landslide occurred in the main street in Wadi Hilwa neighborhood extending from the western side of Al Aqsa mosque to Al Bustan neighborhood in Silwan town. The collapse was near Al 'Ein mosque and Al Muslim kindergarten.
- The Israeli Civil Administration took the unprecedented step of rejecting a government plan to normalize the status of the Sinsaneh settlement in the South Hebron Hills. The Israeli Civil Administration decision that "there is no justification for a new settlement, as [new homes] can be constructed within an existing settlement" comes 12 years after Sansana was established. In 1997 a Nahal outpost was established at Sansana, but the first homes were not built until 1999. In 2000, the first families moved to Sansana, which currently has 60 families. In 2009 the Israeli Defense Minister Ehud Barak approved a plan to built 440 housing units at the Sansana site, including retroactively approving some that already existed. However, to avoid violating a promise to Washington not to build "new settlements", the plan was presented as "an extension of nearby Eshkolot." The Israeli Civil Administration planning committee chairman Moskowitz wrote "There is no need to 'expand' Eshkolot," arguing there was "plenty of room" for new housing within the community's existing boundaries. He noted Eshkalot is slated for 347 housing units, of which only 70 have been built. He also argued that Sansana is 7km from Eshkolot and that there was "no justification" not to build in Eshkolot itself.