The daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats in the occupied Palestinian territory, the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

Brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army

- The IOA also raided Abu Sirriya building in Al Zahra neighborhood in Jenin city and stormed the house of the released Prisoner, Sahreef Tahayna, searched it and messed with its contents. Wafa (April 30, 2012)
• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) raided Beir Al Basha village south of Jenin city, toured its military jeeps in the streets and alleys, no arrests were reported. Wafa (April 30, 2012).

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) obstructed the entry and exit of Palestinian citizens into and out of Kafr Qaddum village east of Qalqilyah city by setting up a sudden checkpoint at the village’s western and only entrance. This procedure led to long queues of Palestinian cars in both ways where in the meantime, the road witnesses traffic jams as the IAO deliberately stop Palestinian cars and Pedestrians under the pretext of 'security check'. Wafa (April 30, 2012). Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded he villages of Deir Al-Ghsoun, Bal’a and Shewika, near the northern West Bank city of Tulkarem, installed several roadblocks and inspected the ID cards of dozens of residents. Five armored Israeli military vehicles invaded Shewika area and installed a roadblock on its main road before stopping dozens of vehicles, and inspecting the ID cards of the drivers and passengers. In addition, four armored military vehicles invaded Bal’a town, east of Tulkarem, and installed a roadblock at its main junction that leads to Nablus and Tulkarem, before stopping vehicles and inspecting the ID cards of the residents. The army also invaded Dir Al-Ghsoun town, and drove around in its streets, before stopping and searching a number of vehicles. The army is still heavily deployed around the invaded villages, and around several nearby villages. IMEMC (April 30, 2012).

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) attacked and beat a ten years old child, Mahran Abu Hayya (10 Years) and Shadi Seder (28 years) in Al Shuhada street in the city of Hebron. Wafa (April 30, 2012).

• The Israeli Occupation Navy fired at Palestinian fishing boats in As Sudaniya area near Gaza Shores. No injuries were reported. Wafa (April 30, 2012).

• Eight Israeli military tanks and four Israeli bulldozers invaded east of Al Bureij refugee camp in the Gaza Strip and razed agricultural lands. The Israeli bulldozers also razed agricultural lands east and north of Beit Hanoun city north of the Gaza trip. Wafa (April 30, 2012).

**Israeli Arrests**

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Citizen Ashraf Jameel Al Aqhash (22 years) after raiding his parent's house in the eastern neighborhood in Jenin city and messing with its contents. Wafa (April 30, 2012).

• The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested the Palestinian citizen Abdullah ‘Arsan Bani Odeh (20years) from Tammun city in Tubas.
Governorate after raiding his family house and messing with its contents. Wafa (April 30, 2012).

- The Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Majdi Ahmad Hamed Al Ja’bari (28 years) from Beit ‘Einun village east of Hebron city and Bassam Jaber (20 years) from the old city of Jerusalem. Wafa (April 30, 2012).

**Home Demolition & Demolition threats**

- The Israeli Civil Administration (ICA) handed over a number Of Palestinians in Kafr Qaddum village east of Qalqilyah city order to halt the construction at their properties located in the southwestern part of the village. The notified owners are: Shaker Radwan, Basem Barham, Musa Barham, Ahmad Barham and Subhi Barham. The ICA also gave an order to resident Omar Barham to demolish and agricultural brux. Wafa (April 30, 2012).

**Others**

- Meir Margalit, a Jerusalem municipal council member, was questioned on Sunday under warning, about his part in rebuilding a house demolished by the municipality in the East Jerusalem neighborhood of A-Tur. This is the first time an Israeli activist has been questioned about helping to rebuild demolished houses. An Interior Ministry spokesperson reported that "following a request by the state prosecutor's Land Laws Enforcement Unit, Mr. Meir Margalit was summoned for questioning on suspicion of building without a permit, which is a criminal act. Haaretz (April 30, 2012).
- The government will fund two temporary housing solutions for the residents of the illegal outpost of Migron, each of which will cost at least NIS 25 million. The unanimous cabinet decision came in the wake of last month's rejection by the High Court of Justice of the state's request that the evacuation of Migron be delayed, and the court's reaffirmation of its order that Migron must be evacuated by August 1, 2012. One of the temporary sites, known as the Yekev compound, is about two kilometers from Migron, next door to the permanent site selected for the Migron settlers. The Yekev site had originally been zoned as a tourist site, but GOC Central Command Nitzan Alon is
expected to sign an order expediting the rezoning of the site for housing. According to the cabinet decision, the cost of the NIS 25 million move will be shared by the Finance Ministry, which will immediately give NIS 4.62 million for the planning of infrastructure in the temporary site and for the placement of temporary dwellings there. If planning is completed by June 17, another NIS 7 million will be paid out for development; NIS 13 million will then be used to purchase prefabricated houses, which will be government property and will be rented to the Migron settlers at market prices. However, due to several complications involving the Yekev site, the state has prepared a backup plan to settle the Migron evacuees at the settlement of Adam - where they were to have moved four years ago. As part of that plan, the cabinet decided to immediately transfer NIS 28.5 million to the Housing and Construction Ministry to develop infrastructure for residential housing. Even if Adam does not become the temporary site for the Migron evacuees, the NIS 28 million will have gone for infrastructure for housing there. Effectively, this means that two new neighborhoods could go up instead of Migron: one in Adam and the other in the Yekev compound. The target date for completion of the temporary site is July 15, 2012. Haaretz (April 30, 2012)